"All the News That's Fit to Print."

The New York Times.

THE WEATHER.
Cloudy to-day; unsettled to-morrow; moderate south to southwest winds.

VOL. LX...NO. 19,295. * * * * NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 22, 1910.—TWENTY PAGES. ONE CENT In Greater New York Jersey City, and Newark. Elsewhere. TWO CENTS.

POSTAL RAIDS SHOW VAST STOCK FRAUDS

Officers of Burr Bros. and Continental Wireless Co. Arrested in War on Swindling Concerns.

FOUR MEN GO TO THE TOMBS

Postmaster General Says He Has Closed Concerns That Have Robbed the Public of $100,000,000.

Post Office Inspectors and city detectives raided the offices of two of the largest sales agencies of unlisted stock in this city yesterday, arresting four men whose names are prominently identified with the distribution of stock in oil companies, wireless concerns, mining and other enterprises in which investors throughout the country have placed many millions of dollars in the last few years.

When the two raids were over and the four prisoners were safely in the Tombs for lack of $10,000 bail each, Postmaster General Hitchcock announced that the arrests were only incidental in a crusade which has been started by the Post Office Department, with the approval of President Taft and Attorney General Wickersham, to wipe out swindling operations through the mails, which in the last five years, says Mr. Hitchcock, have filched from the public more than $100,000,000.

Since the crusade began, says the Postmaster General, seventy-eight cases in which the postal authorities have uncovered fraud in the sale of fake or worthless stock have been unearthed by the Government's investigators. The arrests yesterday only herald others of a similar nature which are to be made here and elsewhere in the next few days, Federal warrants having already been issued for a large number of men whose names have appeared on the prospectuses of questionable stock concerns.

Three Arrests Made.

The first of yesterday's raids was on the offices of Burr Brothers, on the second floor of the Flatiron Building. Three members of the firm were arrested, charged with using the mails for fraudulent purposes. They were Sheldon C. Burr, President; Eugene H. Burr, Secretary and Treasurer, and Frank H. Tobey, Vice President. The Post Office authorities allege that Burr Brothers, in the three years since their incorporation, have disposed of nearly $50,000,000 in stock, selling it far below par in many instances, and taking in anywhere from $13,000,000 to $15,000,00 actual cash. The prisoners were arraigned before Commissioner Shields and held under $10,000 bail each. Their case is now before the Grand Jury, and action from that body is expected to-day.

The second raid was made late in the afternoon at the offices of the Continental Wireless and Telegraph Company, a $5,000,000 holding concern, and several of its kindred companies, at 56 Pine Street, Charles L. Vaughan, Treasurer of the wireless concern and of the Columbia Finance Corporation, the fiscal agent of the Continental and several other wireless enterprises consolidated with the Continental, was arrested, charged with using the mails to defraud. He, too, was arraigned before Commissioner Shields, held under $10,000 bail, and hustled off to the Tombs.

Not long after the four prisoners were safely out of the way Mr. Hitchcock, who came on from Washington several days ago to supervise the raids and others in prospect, made the announcement which gave an idea of the vast scope of the transactions carried on by the men under arrest.

Hitchcock's Statement.

"The arrest by Post Office Inspectors of the principals in two important companies, Burr Brothers, with offices in the Flatiron Building, and the Continental Wireless Company, with headquarters at 56 Pine Street, constitute two more cases in the series of investigations that the postal authorities have been making in their crusade against the fraudulent use of the United States mails," said the Postmaster General. "With the work accomplished to-day, seventy-eight such cases have been brought to a head during the year. It is estimated that the swindling operations of these seventy-eight cases have filched from the American people in a period of five years more than $100,000,000.

"The crusade now in progress is the result of a carefully laid plan of some months ago, the first step in which was a thorough reorganization of the Inspection Service, with the selection of a new Chief Post Office Inspector and certain changes and reassignments in the force of Inspectors in charge of the fifteen inspection divisions.

"As the work of investigation proceeded, it became apparent that the fraudulent use of mails was far more extensive than had been realized by the department. A vast system of fraud as far reaching in its ramifications as the postal service itself had been developed by unscrupulous men who, through the grossest forms of misrepresentation, were stealing from the people millions of dollars annually. These fraudulent operations have not only swindled thousands of innocent investors, but have created a lack of confidence in legitimate business enterprises. It is therefore as important to the business community to have these frauds stopped as it is to the people whose losses are directly traceable to them.

"Formerly the procedure in such fraud cases was to issue a fraud order against the guilty concern. This method proved to be ineffective; while it deprived the offending concern of the use of the mails, it was a simple matter for its promoters to reorganize under a new name and thus evade the law."

Ready for a Raid.

Accompanied by Robert S. Sharp, Chief of the Postal Inspectors, Mr. Hitchcock came to New York last Friday and at once went into conference with Warren W. Dixon, Chief Inspector of the New York District. The three officials outlined their campaign, and the details had all been arranged yesterday morning. Inspectors Elmer Kincaid, T. M. Reddy, and E. C. Booth, accompanied by Detectives McMillan, Murphy, and John H. Flood of Third Deputy Police Commissioner Flynn's staff, reached the offices of Burr Brothers in the Flatiron Building about 10:30 A. M. They found there a luxurious suite of offices, in which some thirty or more stenographers, clerks, and others were at work.

Several dozen customers, among them a few women, were in the suite, some of them discussing investment matters with E. H. Burr and Vice President Tobey. Inspector Kincaid told Burr that they were there to see all the members of the firm, and asked where he could find S. C. Burr, the President.

"Oh, he's down in the barber shop," replied Treasurer Burr.

Kincaid and McMillan started for the door, leaving the two other Inspectors and the two detectives to guard Burr and Tobey. Just as Kincaid opened the door Burr called to him.

"See here, you will find my brother, I guess, at the Christian Science parlor around the corner."

He explained that he meant the office

Continued on Page 2.

THE NATIONAL SURETY COMPANY bonds more people than any other surety company in the world. 115 Broadway.—Adv.

TO SEGREGATE NEGRO HOMES

Baltimore Council for Barring Them from White Residential Section.

Special to The New York Times.

BALTIMORE, Md., Nov. 21.—The Democrats in the First Branch of the City Council to-night passed, for second reading, a favorably reported ordinance for the segregation of negroes in this city. The Democratic majority will likely adopt the ordinance, which is the result of the depreciating effect on property values in the residential section by the blacks becoming tenants therein. On several avenues the presence of negro residents has lowered values from 30 to 50 per cent. The committee in its report says that "unless some early and effective solution is found more friction and disorder between the races will result," and "that public policy demands preventive legislation."

The report further says: "No fault is found with the negroes' ambitions, but the committee feels that Baltimoreans will be criminally negligent as to their future happiness if they suffer the negroes' ambitions to go unchecked. The existence of such an ambition is a constant menace to the social quietude and property values of every white neighborhood in Baltimore."

The ordinance forbids white persons moving into an obviously negro residential block and lays a restraining hand on negroes who would locate in white residential sections.

If the ordinance is passed the negroes will at once appeal to the United States courts.

MRS. LEEDS ORDERS EVICTION

All Her Stepsister's Belongings Put Out of the Stewart House.

Special to The New York Times.

MONTCLAIR, N. J., Nov. 21.—Mrs. Nannie Leeds, widow of William B. Leeds, who is supposed to have left her $30,000,000, was behind the scenes in dispossessing her stepsister at the big Stewart house on South Mountain Avenue here today. All the peronal belongings of Miss Ferne Parkhurst were forcibly removed from the house. The eviction was not as exciting as that of September last, when Mrs. Stewart, the stepmother of Mrs. Leeds and Miss Parkhurst, who is Mrs. Stewart's daughter, were carried bodily from the same house.

Storage men simply drove up to-day and an agent of Warren, Thompson & Pelgram of New York, Mrs. Leeds's lawyers, pointed to Miss Parkhurst's belongings and they were carted away.

The proceeding to-day disclosed that Mrs. Leeds had quietly arrived in America last Saturday and has again taken up her residence at her New York house, 957 Fifth Avenue. Apparently her first orders to her lawyers upon arriving in this country, after her return from Paris, where she has resided for some time past, was to complete the eviction of Mrs. Steward and her daughter.

Mrs. Stewart and Miss Parkhurst are now living in comparatively poor circumstances in two rooms in a modest hotel in Clinton Street, East Orange. They are practically without resources.

TENER HAS PASTOR ARRESTED

Quaker State Governor-Elect Charges Criminal Libel in a Sermon.

INDIANA, Penn., Nov. 21.—The Rev. William L. Barrett, pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Blairsville, was arrested on a charge of criminal libel at his home to-day on information made by Walter M. Gaither, private secretary to Governor-elect John K. Tener. Mr. Barrett waived a hearing, and was held in bonds of $500, furnished by himself for appearance at the December term of court

The information charges that in a sermon on or about Oct. 24 Mr. Barrett maliciously wrote and published the following defamatory words, referring to John K. Tener, and thereby exposed him to public contempt and ridicule:

"One of the most prominent ministers of the Presbytery, a pastor of a church of nearly 600 members, saw this man assisted to his room in a hotel in a state of intoxication, and the next morning it took two men to assist him to the railroad."

The Blairsville Courier, which published the statement, withdrew it, with an explanation that the statement was false, but the minister declined to retract.

HUGH INMAN LEFT $5,500,000

Georgia Capitalist's Widow and Children Share Estate—$100,000 to Charity

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 21.—The will of Hugh T. Inman, the Atlanta capitalist, who died in New York recently, was today filed for probate. The will disposes of an estate valued at $5,500,000, and bequeaths about $100,000 for benevolent purposes. The city of Atlanta gets $50,000, the interest on which is to be used in municipal charitable work.

The $100,000 brings the total of Mr. Inman's public gifts within the last few years to $1,000,000. Most of his benefactions were made unknown to the public. One of the most notable was $100,000 given to Southern Presbyterian Church for Missions. Not even members of his family knew of this donation until after his death.

Hugh Inman was the wealthiest man in Georgia. He was a brother of the late John H. Inman of New York and of Samuel Inman, a Director of the Southern Railway.

The bulk of his estate is equally divided between his widow and three children.

VERMONT DIVORCE GOOD HERE

Supreme Court Justice Tompkins Departs from Previous Rulings.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, Nov. 21.—A decision was handed down to-day by Justice A. S. Tompkins in the Supreme Court here, in which he holds that a decree of divorce granted in Vermont is legal in this State if the domicile of the plaintiff was in Vermont. In many decisions it has been held that a judgment of divorce granted in other States was not binding in New York, and for that reason the decision of Judge Tompkins may establish a precedent.

The decision is on the demurrer of Mrs. Susan Van Wyck Benham to the answer of the Rev. Wesley Hamilton Benham in her action for an absolute divorce. The Rev. Mr. Benham was rector of St. Luke's Church, St. Albans, Vt. On June 15, 1904, Mrs. Benham abandoned her husband and went to her home in Fishkill. The minister was granted a divorce in Vermont from his wife by default and married another woman in New York State and is now living with her in Buffalo.

The last action is brought by Mrs. Benham the first, alleging that the clergyman has violated the law, and seeks her decree because of his second wife. This divorce action involved the validity of the Vermont divorce decree which Justice Tompkins upholds.

"ST. LOUIS LIMITED" QUICKENED.

Beginning November 27, the "St. Louis Limited" of the Pennsylvania Railroad will leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, 11:04 A. M. and arrive St. Louis 12:55 P. M. next day.—Adv.

GREAT BEAR SPRING WATER. "Its Purity has made it famous."—Adv.

LANSDOWNE OFFERS LORDS REFORM PLAN

To Introduce in House To-morrow Resolutions Suggesting Way Out of Deadlock.

THE DELAY IS ACCEPTED

But Government Peers Protest—Rosebery Says the Ministry Has No Right to Gag the Upper House.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The House of Lords to-day began an apparently fruitless discussion of the Veto bill in the second reading stage, the Earl of Crewe introducing the measure before a crowded House.

The Government leader reviewed the controversy between the two Houses, which began with the rejection by the Upper Chamber of the Government's Education bill in 1906 and reached an acute state when the Lords threw out the budget in 1909. He said that the Veto bill constituted a request by the Government that the country restore a reasonable measure of freedom to its chosen representatives.

The Marquis of Lansdowne, the Opposition leader in the House, criticised the bill, but said it contained points that might have formed the basis of a useful discussion. The plan as submitted was full of danger; but if an opportunity had been allowed to the Upper House of amending the proposed legislation and of sending the amendments to the House of Commons he would have advised the Opposition to give it a second reading.

Lord Lansdowne moved an adjournment until Wednesday, at which time, he said, he would introduce resolutions suggesting a manner in which the deadlock between the two Houses might be dealt with.

In speaking against the bill Lord Lansdowne said that under its provisions measures nominally of a financial character, but not such in reality, could be forced through without any control by the House of Lords, and in other ways the bill endangered the Constitution of the country, particularly as regards home rule.

Lord Rosebery supported the motion for an adjournment, saying that the Upper House had a right to present its case to the country without being "gagged" by the Government.

Lord Crewe and other Government supporters protested against delay, Lord Crewe characterizing the Opposition's present activity as a "deathbed repentance."

The resolutions which Lord Lansdowne gave notice that he would introduced on Wednesday follow:

It is desirable that provision be made for settling differences that may arise between the House of Commons and this House as reconstituted and reduced in numbers in accordance with the recent resolutions of this House.

That as to bills other than money bills such provision should be made on the following lines:

If a difference arises between the Houses in regard to any bill other than a money bill in two successive sessions and during an interval of not less than one year, and such difference is unable to be adjusted by other means, it shall be settled at a joint sitting composed of the members of the two Houses, provided that if the measure relates to a matter of great gravity and has not been adequately submitted to the judgment of the people it shall not be referred to a joint sitting, but submitted for decision to the electors by a referendum.

That as to money bills, the provision should be on the following lines:

The Lords are prepared to forego their Constitutional right to reject and amend money bills which are of a purely financial character, provided effectual provision is made against "tacking," and provided that if any question arises as to whether a bill or any of the provisions thereof are of a purely financial character, that question shall be referred to a joint committee of both Houses, with the Speaker of the House of Commons as Chairman, and who shall have a casting vote only. If the committee holds that the bill or the provisions in question are not of a financial character, they shall be dealt with forthwith at a joint sitting of the Houses.

The motion for adjournment was adopted without division.

It is understood that the resolutions which Lord Lansdowne is to introduce on Wednesday represent the attitude taken by the Unionist side in the Veto Conference and the rock on which the conference foundered. The Liberals contend that the adoption of these resolutions would render future Liberal Governments as powerless as ever against the House of Lords. The present situation appears to be that the House of Lords will discuss these resolutions instead of passing the second reading of the Veto bill.

Chancellor of the Exchequer Lloyd-George in a speech in the East End of London to-night ridiculed the "American dollar" cry. He asked since when had the British aristocracy started despising dollars. Many noble houses' tottering foundations had been restored by American dollars, he remarked, and he added that in twenty years $80,000,000 had been paid by the children of Irish peasants across the sea in cruel rack rents to aristocratic Irish landlords. He denounced Lord Rosebery's and Lord Lansdowne's reform proposals as "useless shams."

The meeting at which the Chancellor spoke was disturbed by suffragettes, some of whom were ejected.

The Lords' case, as to-day presented in the debate in the upper house, was characterized by John Redmond, leader of the Nationalists, in a speech at Islington to-night, as "metaphorically committing suicide as fast as possible."

WOMAN SHOT AND KILLED.

Police Think She Was the Victim of a Bullet Meant for Another.

Lucy Chavenet, a young Frenchwoman, was shot to death by an unknown man late last night as she was sitting on the stoop of the house at 189 West Twenty-eighth Street. There were few on the street at the time.

At first the police believed that the woman had been deliberately murdered, but later the theory was advanced that she had been the victim of a stray shot intended for another. A negro was found by the detectives, who said that two men had quarreled in the street opposite the stoop where the woman was sitting. One of them drew a revolver and fired.

The dead woman's home was at Richfield Park, N. J. A letter, postmarked from that place, and addressed to her at 155 West Twenty-eighth Street, was found in her clothes.

Edmund Johnson, a negro employed at the Douglass Club, at 147 West Twenty-eighth Street, who said he had seen the murderer running away, described him as 5 feet 10 inches in height, and weighing about 160 pounds. He had dark hair, was smooth shaven, and wore dark clothes, and a derby hat.

One Cholera Case in the St. Lawrence.

QUEBEC, Quebec, Nov. 21.—Dr. J. G. Adami of McGill University reported today to the Government Immigration Department that the case of Peter Spencer, a passenger on the steamer Royal George, which arrived here last week, is undoubtedly cholera. Spencer and the other steerage passengers are detained at Grosse Isle quarantine station, thirty miles below Quebec.

SPEND THANKSGIVING AT VIRGINIA HOT SPRINGS. Special train leaves N. Y., Penna. R. R., 4:55 P. M. Wed., Nov. 23rd. Returning lve. Hot Springs Sunday night, ar. N. Y. 8 A.M. Monday. —Adv.

MOTTOES.

Some men have working mottoes that helped them in their careers. They are unusually interesting. Read about them in

NEXT SUNDAY'S TIMES.

OUST FIVE DOCTORS OF WRIGHT HOSPITAL

Resignation of Four, After the Other's Suspension, Is Refused by the Superintendent.

DUE TO DISPUTE WITH NURSE

Only One of the Staff Remained on Duty—Others Locked Out on the Hospital Steps.

Five of the six physicians comprising the staff of the J. Hood Wright Hospital, 131st Street and Amsterdam Avenue, were dismissed at midnight last night on charges of insubordination. At midnight they were standing on the stoop of the hospital, unable to get in, but later they were admitted to permit them to pack their belongings.

The five doctors who were removed were: John A. Darrow, Charles Rosenbaum, D. A. Meisalas, D. M. Wardner, and J. H. Goldberger. They have served in the hospital for periods varying from one to four years, as ambulance surgeons and internes.

Dr. Goldberger, who spoke for the others assembled on the hospital stoop, said that all went smoothly at the hospital until Saturday night, when Dr. Wardner had a dispute with the head nurse. The nature of the dispute none of the physicians would tell, but Dr. Goldberger said that after it was over the nurse went to Supt. Martinis and made accusations against Dr. Wardner, who was suspended yesterday.

Dr. Goldberger said the first Dr. Wardner knew of his suspension was at breakfast yesterday morning and was told he'd have to go elsewhere for it.

When Dr. Wardner called upon Supt. Martinis for an explanation he said he was told again he was suspended for an indefinite period. All the other physicians, except Dr. Breglia, on learning of Dr. Wardner's suspension, called at noon upon Supt. Martinis.

To their questions, they said, he announced that their comrade was suspended, and when they petitioned him to reinstate Dr. Wardner they were met with a point-blank refusal. Thereupon they announced that they, too, would quit the hospital, and handed in their resignations at once.

Superintendent Martinis notified the Board of Directors of the trouble, and last night the board, which numbers five, met at the hospital in extraordinary session to consider the matter.

The board remained in session until midnight, when President Foster, through Secretary E. D. Jones, announced that the Directors had decided not to accept the resignation of the physicians, but to dismiss them forthwith for insubordination. Only Dr. Breglia, the senior physician, who took no part in the dispute and in the petition, was retained.

Dr. Breglia, however, according to the other physicians, refused to accept his own reinstatement in the hospital without seeking the consent of his colleagues. He appealed to them on the hospital steps, they said, telling them he was willing to leave the institution with them if they thought that his duty. They informed him, however, that they saw no reason why he should not stay.

After the departure of the five physicians, there remained in the hospital only Dr. Breglia and a few medical students. The others said that only Dr. Breglia was accustomed to answer ambulance calls and give medical treatment. The hospital, they said, has no staff of house physicians besides the ambulance surgeons and internes, the operations being performed by them or by visiting physicians.

When questioned about the trouble that had led to the dismissal of the five physicians, Supt. Martinis refused to make any statement. Secretary Jones merely said the Directors had found it necessary to dismiss the five for insubordination. He would not specify what constituted the insubordination.

The J. Hood Wright Hospital ambulance service covers from West Seventy-sixth Street to 145th Street, and from St. Nicholas Avenue to North River, including the Twenty-eighth, Thirty-second, and Thirty-sixth Precincts.

It was opened under its present name in 1884, to give free medical and surgical treatment to the worthy sick poor. It has a capacity of forty beds. Last year 1,033 patients were cared for. The institution is supported by charitable contributions.

DE BEAUFORT MAKES DEBUT.

Count Cast Off by Kilgallens Does His Turn in Vaudeville.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—Count Jacques Albert Alexander von Mourik de Beaufort has gone to work. The man made famous by his domestic troubles and his casting off by his rich father-in-law, M. H. Kilgallen, appeared this afternoon at the American Music Hall.

He sang a couple of songs, "Girl of My Dreams" and "Little Maid of Old Chicago," and also a little monologue that seemed to please the audience.

He had plenty of police protection, but there was no opportunity for the officials to display their bravery. The Count's sudden departure from the stage, before the end of his turn seemed to be at hand, caused some surprise.

Judgment by default for $257 was entered against de Beaufort in the Municipal Court in behalf of the National City Bank to-day. This is only one of several suits filed against the Count since his falling out with his father-in-law.

MORSE TO SEEK PAROLE.

Hopes That Prison Board Will Make Exception in His Case.

Special to The New York Times.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 21.—Mrs. Charles W. Morse arrived here to-day, and will have conference to-morrow with her husband, the ex-banker, who is serving a fifteen-year sentence in the Federal prison. Though Morse is not eligible for parole under the recently enacted law, not having served one-third of his sentence, it is said that he will apply for one, and that the application will be considered by the board, which is due to meet this week.

In all there will be about 225 applications for parole presented to the board. It is said that Gaynor and Greene, the New York contractors, who were convicted of complicity with Capt. Oberlin M. Carter in the Savannah Harbor frauds, will be paroled. Gaynor and Greene were sentenced for four years.

No Thanksgiving table should be without a bottle of ANGOSTURA BITTERS, the world-renowned appetizer and invigorator of exquisite flavor. Refuse substitutes.—Adv.

MR. A. HARRIS, formerly of Jacobs & Harris, is now located at 61 Nassau St., where he will make the best tailored $20 suit in New York.—Adv.

ST. PAUL AND FRISCO FORMING AN ALLIANCE

Earling's Trip Over Frisco Lines with Yoakum and Percy Rockefeller Is Thus Regarded.

CLOSE UNION PROPOSED

Would Give St. Paul Entry Into St. Louis and Direct Touch with Birmingham, Ala., and the Gulf.

Special to The New York Times.

ST. LOUIS, Nov. 21.—A party consisting of B. F. Yoakum, Percy A. Rockefeller, President A. J. Earling of the Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Railroad, and President B. L. Winchell of the 'Frisco lines, arrived here to-day over the Chicago & Eastern Illinois. They spent the afternoon looking over the terminal situation here, and will leave to-morrow morning for a trip through the Southwest over the 'Frisco lines. None of the party would say more than that they are making a trip over the country.

Much significance was attached in railroad circles yesterday to the trip of inspection which President Earling of the St. Paul, and Mr. Rockefeller, who is a Director of that road, are making over the Frisco Lines, in company with President Winchell and Mr. Yoakum. The understanding in the financial district is that the purpose of this trip is nothing less than the establishment of a close alliance between the St. Paul system, whose importance has been greatly increased by its recent construction of its line to the Pacific, and the 'Frisco lines, which extend to the Gulf of Mexico, and reach points in eleven of the cotton States of the South and Southwest.

One after another of the Northwestern lines has sought an outlet to the Gulf, and the St. Paul has several times been reported to have plans for the acquisition of a line to one of the Gulf ports. The move the St. Paul is now making, however, does not contemplate the purchase of a line of its own, but the establishment of an alliance with an important system, with which the St. Paul will be able to work in close harmony, and through which, without the purchase of another road and without constructing a new line, it can obtain access to the points which it desires to reach.

This is an extension of the "community of interest" idea, to which railroad men, notably Mr. Yoakum, have pointed as the solution, in some part at least, of the problem of the expansion of the country's railroad systems, for which capital has lately been obtained with some difficulty. Much is hoped for, in some railroad circles, from co-operation of existing lines as a substitute for the construction of new lines. The proposed alliance between the St. Paul and the St Louis & San Francisco and its allied lines, is a move in this direction, and its successful conclusion will be regarded as a notable achievement in the direction of railroad co-operation.

The importance of such an alliance between these two systems extends beyond the establishment for the St. Paul of a through connection to the Gulf. It will also give that road an entrance to St. Louis, and will bring it into direct touch with Birmingham, which is called the Pittsburg of the South. On the other hand, the 'Frisco will establish a community of interest with a system traversing all the Northwest, and reaching out to the Pacific Coast, over which cotton and other products of the Southwest can be carried for export to the Orient.

The St. Paul system, extending from Chicago and St. Paul to Seattle, and having lines to Omaha and Kansas City, connects with the 'Frisco at the latter point as well as at Chicago, whence the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, which is part of the 'Frisco system, runs to St. Louis. From Kansas City and St. Louis the 'Frisco runs to Dallas, Texas, and to Birmingham, Ala., and it also has a line from Galveston, along the Gulf, to Brownsville on the Mexican border, where connection is to be made with the National Railways of Mexico. The 'Frisco, moreover, has a network of railways in several States through which it passes, giving it an important hold on the traffic originating in these districts. The 'Frisco's position was recently strengthened by the traffic contract entered into between the 'Frisco and the Southern Pacific lines in Texas and Louisiana, which, among other things, supplies to the 'Frisco a connection from Dallas to its Galveston-Brownsville line.

The Harriman lines were the first of the Northwest roads to seek a line to the Gulf, which they obtained by acquiring a dominant position in the Illinois Central. Later the Harriman lines, through the traffic alliance formed with the Kansas City Southern, further strengthened their position. The Hill lines, through the Burlington, obtained control of the Colorado & Southern, and more recently the Hawley lines obtained an outlet to the coast and access to the Southwestern States through the purchase of a large block of Missouri, Kansas & Texas stock. The step which the St. Paul and 'Frisco systems now propose is another move along this same line.

The St. Paul has about 7,300 miles of railway, and in addition, controls the Puget Sound line to the Pacific Coast, which is about 1,500 miles long, exclusive of several branches. Its gross earnings the past year amounted to about $65,000,000.

The 'Frisco system, including the 965 miles of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, operates a total of 6,037 miles of line, reaching the States of Alabama, Arkansas, Illinois, Indiana, Kansas, Missouri, Mississippi, Oklahoma, Tennessee, and Texas. Its greatset mileage is in the States of Missouri and Oklahoma. The gross earnings of the road last year, exclusive of the business of the Chicago & Eastern Illinois, amounted to over $41,000,000. Control of the 'Frisco and its allied lines, until last year held by the Rock Island Company, is now in the hands of B. F. Yoakum and his associates, including several capitalists of St. Louis.

The St. Paul is one of the so-called Standard Oil roads, the Rockefellers being prominent among its Directors.

DISMISS THREE INSPECTORS

Two Were at Belmont Park When They Should Have Been in City.

Three building Inspectors were dismissed and another resigned yesterday from the Department of Buildings. Charles Sweeney and James H. Flynn were charged with being at the Belmont Aviation meet on Oct. 28, when they were supposed to be at work. Supt. of Buildings Miller saw the men at the meet. James A. Garvey, who was charged with being at the meet on the same day, was fined thirty days' pay, but resigned rather than submit.

The other Inspector, Timothy E. Deegan, was charged with accepting a bribe during the Hudson-Fulton celebration. It was charged that he "held up" those having a stand erected.

SPECIAL TRAIN FROM ATLANTIC CITY Pennsylvania Railroad, Sunday, November 27, to accommodate returning Thanksgiving visitors. Leaves Atlantic City 4:00 P. M., arrives New York (Pennsylvania Station) 7:10 P. M. Parlor Cars, Dining Car and Coaches, all steel. —Adv.

THANKSGIVING DINNER WINES. Champagne, Sherry, Madeira, or Grape Juice. H. T. DEWEY & SONS CO., 138 Fulton St., N. Y —Adv.

J. P. MORGAN IN WASHINGTON.

Report That Visit May Have Connection with Mexican Situation.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—J. Pierpont Morgan arrived in Washington to-night. Mr. Morgan described his visit as a social one.

It is thought possible that the revolution in Mexico may have some connection with his presence at the capital. He will remain over to-morrow.

KANSAS GAINS 15 PER CENT.

State's Population Now 1,690,949, or 220,454 More Than in 1900.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The population of the State of Kansas is 1,690,949, according to the statistics of the thirteenth census, made public to-day by Director Durand. This is an increase of 220,454, or 15 per cent., over 1,470,495 in 1900.

The increase during the previous decade from 1890 to 1900 was 41,373, or 2.9 per cent.

AUTO TRUCK KILLS WOMAN.

She Stumbles and Falls in Front of the Heavy Vehicle.

In alighting from a northbound Madison Avenue car at Ninety-seventh Street last night a woman of about 35 years tripped and fell to the street, directly in the path of an auto truck of the Adams Express Company. Before the driver, Charles Novy of 2,443 Clay Avenue, could stop the truck it had passed over her head and shoulders, killing her.

The woman was later identified as Miss Mary Mahone of 1,226 Tinton Avenue. Mrs. Healy, wife of a restaurateur, said she had advertised for a servant, and the woman may have been on her way to answer the advertisement.

Novy, the driver, was arrested on a charge of homicide.

MAY SETTLE $3,000,000 SUIT.

$100,000 Offered to Walsh Bank Stockholders Who Sued C. K. G. Billings.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—A proposal to settle for $100,000 a $3,000,000 suit by stockholders of the defunct Chicago National Bank against C. K. G. Billings of New York and Chicago, will be considered by the stockholders at a meeting here to-morrow.

When the bank collapsed in the crash of the John R. Walsh properties five years ago, Mr. Billings was a Director. Certain stockholders, alleging that Mr. Billings's non-attendance at Directors' meetings was partly responsible for the failure of the bank, brought suit against him for $3,000,000.

The offer to compromise the case for $100,000 is said to have come from Mr. Billings.

EDITOR TO SERVE JAIL TERM.

And Pay Fine for Defaming Kentucky ex-Governor in the Appeal to Reason.

ST. PAUL, Minn., Nov. 21.—F. D. Warren of Girard, Kan., editor of a paper called the Appeal to Reason, must serve a term of six months in the Federal prison at Leavenworth, Kan., and pay a fine of $1,000 imposed by a jury in the United States court in Kansas. The sentence of that court was affirmed by an order of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals filed to-day.

Warren was accused of mailing envelopes, on the outside of which was printed "$1,000 reward will be paid to any person who kidnaps ex-Governor Taylor and returns him to the Kentucky authorities."

The indictment charged that the words were defamatory and threatening and intended to reflect injuriously on the character of William S. Taylor, a former Governor of Kentucky.

USE APPLES TO BUY VOTES.

$5 Bills Were Stuffed Inside Them, According to Indictments Just Found.

ATLANTA, Ga., Nov. 21.—In indictments published to-day it is charged that votes were purchased in the recent election in Fannin County, Ga., by various ingenious methods.

This county is on the Tennessee border, and after twenty-five years of Democracy it went Republican. One of the main issues was the Ducktown (Tenn.) Copper Company. The effect of fumes from its plant, spreading into Fannin County, are alleged to have damaged crops and forests. The Republicans were "pro-copper company," while the Democrats were against it.

Two indictments, not connected with the election, charge officials of the company, Frederick Lewissohn and C. W. Renwick of New York, with maintaining a nuisance. The other indictments charge vote-buying, and allege that a favorite method was to hide a five-dollar bill in an apple which was handed to the voter.

SOCIETY GAMBLING CASES UP

Charges Following Narragansett Club Raid Come Before Grand Jury.

Special to The New York Times.

PROVIDENCE, R. I., Nov. 21.—The gambling cases following the raid on the Narragansett Club at Narragansett Pier last August to-day came before the Washington County Grand Jury, which met at the West Kingston Court House. The defendant is Dr. William E. Arnold of New York, Vice President, and said to be the proprietor of the club.

Several prominent cottagers have been summoned as witnesses before the jury, including James S. Y. Ivins and William M. Ivins of New York, who assisted in the midnight raid; Dr. Charles Hitchcock of New York, and John G. Cross, a lawyer, who for several years has conducted a campaign against gambling at the Pier and who led the raiders.

The case attracted wide attention at the time, and a writ of arrest was issued against a prominent Philadelphian, who ignored a summons to appear when the case came to trial.

$8,000 a Year for Miss Ladenburg.

MINEOLA, L. I., Nov. 21.—Mrs. Adolf Ladenburg of Westbury, L. I., who applied to the Surrogate of Nassau County a week ago for a yearly allowance between $10,000 and $17,000 for the education of her daughter, Eugenia Marie, will receive $5,000 up to the first of the year. Then she will get $8,000 a year after that. Miss Ladenburg is now 16. The income for which Mrs. Ladenburg applies is out of the estate to be inherited by the child when she becomes of age.

Latest Shipping News.

SS Kronprinz Wilhelm, incoming from Bremerhaven, was reported 193 miles east of Sandy Hook at 10:45 P. M. yesterday; due at her pier, if not delayed, this forenoon.

CHANGING THE "IRON CITY EXPRESS." On and after November 27 the "Iron City Express" to Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Railroad, will leave Pennsylvania Station, New York, 11:34 P. M. and arrive Pittsburgh 10:10 A. M. —Adv.

Furs and Ostrich Feathers. Great Auction Sale, This Day, 1:30, Old Galleries, 42 Liberty St.—Adv.

MEXICAN REBELS CAPTURE A TOWN

Take Gomez Palacio, Where 300 Federal Troops Go Over to Their Side.

MADERO LEADS THE REVOLT

Enters Mexico at Head of 600 Men—Diaz Sends a Strong Force to Check Him.

OUR TROOPS GO TO BORDER

Fierce Fighting in Four Towns Reported—Capital Is Cut Off from the North.

MEXICO CITY, Tuesday, Nov. 22.—It was reported here early this morning that Francisco I. Madero, the revolutionist leader, entered Mexico yesterday with 600 followers at some place between Eagle Pass and Laredo, Texas.

Gen. Geronimo Trevino, commander of the military zone in which Monterey is situated, has gone north at the head of a strong body of troops to meet him.

Late reports say that there has been much looting and that many were killed and wounded at Gomez Palacio, which was captured by the rebels yesterday.

Insurrection In Chihuahua.

EL PASO, Uov. 22.—A train load of infantry left Chihuahua last night for Parral to quell an insurrection which started this morning. The miners at Parral have confiscated all the dynamite from the mines and are awaiting the soldiers.

Rebels Take Gomez Polocio.

MEXICO CITY, Nov. 21.—Fierce fighting occurred to-day at Durango, Torreon, Parral, and Gomez Palacio, the last-named town falling into the hands of the rebels.

Three hundred of the Federal troops at Gomez Palacio are said to have gone over to the insurgents, who have now turned their attention to attacking the loyal forces at Torreon.

The fighting began at Durango at 4 o'clock this afternoon, and an hour later all the wires were cut.

It is reported on good authority that twenty-five persons have been killed at Zacatecas. The Government troops, it is also reported, quelled the uprising there and are in control to-night.

The wires north of Monterey have been cut and no reports are obtainable from beyond that point. It is believed that the insurgents are responsible for the cutting off of communications.

At the American Embassy it was stated At the American Embassy it was stated that no telegrams came to-day from Consuls in the north, and the newspapers here have also been unable to obtain anything.

The War Minister to-night, explaining why troops were hurriedly sent to Orizaba, in the State of Vera Cruz, said it was feared that the rebels might dynamite the railroad bridges. The net results of the fighting there, according to the Minister, was one soldier killed and several persons wounded when a mob attacked and pillaged the market. The rioters were eventually chased to the mountains.

The Secret Service has been extremely active. In the last few days, it is said, 200 arrests of agitators have been made here.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Private cipher dispatches received here to-night by persons in touch with the operations of Francisco I. Madero, the revolutionist leader in Mexico, state that Torreon and Gomez Palacios, two important railroad points, are in the hands of the revolutionists, and that the fall of Chihuahua, capital of the State of that name, and Puebla is expected to-morrow, hard fighting having occurred at both those places to-day.

Agents of the Madero forces are said to be on their way to Washington to look after revolutionist interests here.

Telegraph Commandeered.

LAREDO, Texas, Nov. 21.—The situation in Mexico appears to be serious to-night. For the first time in the fifteen years of its operation the leased wire of The Associated Press from Laredo to Monterey and Mexico City was to-night commandeered by the Mexican Government on the plea of military need.

The Federal telegraph circuit manager in Nuevo Laredo was ordered to cut off the Laredo office of The Associated Press, in order to prevent the gleaning of information from messages moving over the wire. These instructions emanated from the headquarters of the Federal Telegraphs in Mexico City, where it was explained that the Government would require the full capacity of all its telegraph facilities throughout the night.

Coming, as it does, after what was officially reported to have been a perfectly tranquil Sunday throughout the greater part of Mexico, broken only by a few almost insignificant disorders in the smaller places, this action on the part of the Government would appear to lend substance to the rumors of bloody riots at Zacatecas, Gomez Palacio, and Torreon, the authenticity of which had been in doubt.

These three important cities are situated in a region which has been disaffected for years. Gomez Palacio and Torreon are cities of about 15,000 and 25,000 inhabitants respectively, and are four miles apart in the Laguna district of Coah

charge of insulting the Government by his statement that he could not get justice in the courts. He was held in prison until several weeks after election day, when the existing Government was overwhelmingly returned to power. After that he was released on bail.

Madero made his way to San Antonio, Texas, disguised as a peon. At San Antonio he is alleged to have secretly prepared his partisans for a widespread revolt which was planned to begin yesterday.

On Nov. 18 Madero slipped out of San Antonio and made his way on a train to Cotulla, Texas, where he was met by four companions with horses and a guide. They departed in a westerly direction. It was then said that Madero was going to the family estate in Coahuila to take personal command of the anti-Government forces in the field. No further word has been obtainable regarding his movements, and it is believed that he is in Mexico to-night.

Reports to-night from what is considered a reliable source are to the effect that rioting was renewed in Puebla to-day and that thirty persons were killed in the fighting.

It is said in Laredo that the Mexican military authorities are pressing large numbers of the residents of Nuevo Laredo into the army for emergency service.

Every precaution is taken by American officers to prevent the violation of neutrality laws on United States soil. Gov. Campbell of Texas is reported to have ordered the entire force of Texas Rangers to the Rio Grande.

The commanding officer of Fort McIntosh has placed a double guard over the gun racks in each barracks of the four companies of infantry stationed here, as a precaution against theft or seizure by Mexican revolutionists.

EL PASO, Nov. 21.—At least one hundred and possibly five hundred persons were killed in rioting at Zacatecas in the interior of Mexico on Saturday night, according to reports received here this morning. Soldiers fired into the struggling body of rioters with disastrous effect.

The American Consul telegraphed the first news of the riots to the Mexican Consul at San Antonio, stating that the town was in a state of terror, and that the loss of life was not less than one hundred. No details were given other than that a company of soldiers was ordered to fire upon a vast crowd of rioters which thronged the streets.

Zacatecas is the capital of the State of Zacatecas in Central Mexico, about five hundred miles south of the United States line.

News of the riot did not reach the outside world until late yesterday, although the battle occurred on Saturday night.

It is stated that quiet has now been restored by placing the city under rigid military rule. The latest reports are that the slain are still lying in the streets where they fell.

A report reached here from Cananea, Mexico, to-night that revolutionists are enlisting the hostile Yaqui Indians for service against the Mexican Government. It is said that 1,000 Yaqui warriors will take the field if actual war begins.

A dispatch from Del Rio, Texas, on the Mexican border, 250 miles east of here, states that rumors are current of a fight near there early last night between Americans and Mexicans.

Reports that bands of Mexicans have crossed the river at different points cannot be verified. County officers and United States river guards state that they have no positive information of trouble, but have heard rumors of invasion and attack at different points.

It is reported that riots have occurred at Allieze, Mexico, seventy miles south of this town, and that several persons have been killed there. The report is as yet unconfirmed.

Wholesale smuggling of arms and ammunition across the border near Naco Ariz., is said to be in progress. All travelers are carefully searched, and many are turned back. Both American and Mexican border officers have received instructions from their Governments to take extra precautions against smuggling.

A report from Marathon, Texas, to-day is that rifles and ammunition were shipped into Mexico fom that place yesterday, and three men in charge of the shipment stated openly that it was for the use of revolutionists. The message further says that revolutionists are gathering in Chihuahua State, south of Marafa, and are preparing to attack Chihuahua City. The regions thereabout are sparsely settled.

According to American train crews arriving here to-day John Alarcon, an American railroad engineer at Chihuahua City, and his family are in jail because dynamite was found in their home. Alarcon's brother-in-law is a miner and the dynamite, it is said, was his. The explosive was found when the police searched the house for arms. Alarcon and his children were immediately placed in jail. Americans are trying to obtain their release.

Government officers at Chihuahua are searching the city for ammunition and are dealing rigorously with persons found with explosives in their possession.

All American women have been ordered to keep off the streets of Chihuahua, the police stating that they cannot guarantee to protect them from insult. A strong guard is maintained over the Banco Minero, and business is partly suspended.

Americans arriving here assert that the situation in Chihuahua is grave, and is constantly becoming more strained. Many families are coming to the border to await the return of settled conditions.

EAGLE PASS, Texas, Nov. 21.—"Gen. Bernardo Reyes is coming."

This is the whisper which has gone with telegraphic swiftness up and down the Rio Grande. If it be true, and many Mexicans assert that it is, it means that the revolutionists have at their head a man superior in military training to any other man in Mexico, not excepting President Diaz himself.

Gen. Reyes, once a business friend of Diaz, is now said to be an exile from his country. He was sent many months ago to Paris on a "military mission." Since then no word had come from him until to-day, when the cautious words were sent from Matamoras to Las Vacas. It was reported among the Mexicans that Reyes had already taken passage for New York, and would reach Eagle Pass within ten days.

Advices received here to-day are that an outbreak by revolutionists occurred last night at Hermanez, about 100 miles south of this place. Four citizens and two policemen are reported to have been wounded. The demonstration was of short duration. The street was quickly filled with soldiers and the crowd dispersed, shouting, "Down with Diaz!" The town is now quiet.

500 Slain at Zacatecas?

SAN ANTONIO, Nov. 21.—Troop K, Third United States Cavalry, Capt. Arthur Thayer in command, left here to-night in a special train for Del Rio. The troop is equipped for a stay of a month in the field.

Troop L of the Third Cavalry is to-night preparing to start for Eagle Pass.

It is said that other troops will be sent from Fort Sam Houston within a day or two for duty along the Mexican border.

It is reliably reported here that Francisco I. Madero, the revolutionary leader, crossed the Mexican border yesterday morning sixteen miles below Eagle Pass. He is said to be now mobilizing a force on land owned by his father near Allende. The Mexican officials have sent strong detachments of cavalry to effect his capture.

It is reported, but not confirmed, that the rebels have captured the town of Guerrero, forty miles below Ciudad Porfirio Diaz, and that a regiment of Government troops has been sent from Monclova to surround the town.

OUR SYMPATHIES WITH DIAZ.

Private Information in Washington Indicates Serious Situation.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—The full power of the United States Government has been turned in the past twenty-four hours to enforce the neutrality laws along the Mexican frontier. In the matter of policing Texas territory perhaps the full power of the United States does not amount to much, as police authority is necessarily reserved to the States; but the international aspects of the case are such that already the military and the Department of Justice through its agents are prepared actively to suppress further filibustering attempts across the border.

The Chief of Staff, Major Gen. Leonard Wood, to-day wired Gen. Hoyt, Commander of the Department of Texas, orders to hold all troops at his disposal in readiness for active service along the frontier in an effort to head off expeditions of Mexicans which, after organizing in Texas, are trying to cross into their own country in an assault upon the power of President Diaz. No request for assistance in keeping order has come from Gov. Campbell of Texas, but it is expected that Gen. Hoyt will co-operate with the State militia and police in keeping the border clear of combatants.

Available for immediate service under Gen. Hoyt's command are the following troops:

Fort Sam Houston, ten troops of the Third Cavalry, the entire regiment of the Twenty-second Infantry, and three batteries of the Third Field Artillery.

A battalion of the Third Infantry is stationed at each of the following posts along the border: Forts McIntosh, Clark, and Bliss. There are also two troops of cavalry at Fort Huachuca, Ariz., which can be called upon by Gen. Hoyt in case of necessity.

At Whipple Barracks, Ariz., there is one battalion of the Eighteenth Infantry, which can quickly be rushed to the scene of any trouble that may start in Texas or anywhere along the border.

At the same time the Department of Justice has sent out directions to Federal District Attorneys, Federal Marshals, and Secret Service men in Texas and Arizona—both States being important seats of Mexican revolutionary activity—to do their utmost to apprehend all persons fomenting trouble wherever their efforts are so obvious as to constitute a violation of our neutrality laws. The hope of the Department of Justice is by these means to nip filibustering expeditions in the bud and so avoid all claims for damages Mexico might prefer on account of injury wrought by expeditions fitted out in the United States.

In taking these active steps, while the Government here is insistent that it is taking no sides in the struggle that seems breaking out in many parts of the Republic to the south, it is beyond question on what side our sympathies lie. President Diaz has ever stood as the friend of American interests. This has been strikingly evidenced by his support to American capital in the development of his country and has found corroborating evidence in the general course of his diplomacy, with perhaps the single exception of his Nicaraguan policy.

The mere fact that many of the outbursts against Diaz have also been at the same time demonstrations against the Americans is enough to clinch our friendship for the existing Government, while the fact that the reports received from our diplomatic and consular agents in Mexico all agree that the Mexican Government is in safe control, makes friendliness the part of diplomacy for us.

At the same time, however, private dispatches received here to-day of which no mention is made at the State Department, indicate a more serious condition in Mexico than has yet appeared. The revolutionary leader Madero evidently recognizes the need of squaring himself with this Government if he ever expects to get very far in his assault on Diaz, and it is now known that he has repeatedly cautioned his followers not to molest the lives or property of "foreigners." To a Mexican the word "foreigner" means "American."

Madero himself is a man of wealth, and is apparently far from being out of touch with men of influence in the Diaz Government. It is suggested that the presence of Diaz's Minister of Finance, Limantour, in Paris indicates knowledge on his part that trouble is coming for the old régime. However that may be, the more pertinent report that ex-Minister of War Reyes is back in Mexico to aid the insurgents against his old chief indicates, if true, the importance of the present movement.

The real significance of these dispatches is that what is happening in Mexico today is an organized movement—not a series of sporadic demonstrations partly against the "Gringoes" and partly against Diaz. It is an unquestioned fact that while the Government seems still to hold the reins the revolt has started in many places remote from each other, yet all with the same general plan.

Much has been made of the troubles in the State of Puebla and along the Texan frontier at Chihuahua, but at the same time similar manifestations of armed discontent have broken out in Yucatan, at the other end of the country, and intermediate points have not been free from disorder.

The army of Mexico numbers but 25,600 men, and with these widely scattered points of rebellion it is evident that every man has been put to the test.

A report by way of El Paso indicates expectation that most of Mexico may be put under martial law to-morrow, though this report is not borne out by the rather belated dispatches received at the State Department.

Consul Ellsworth of Ciudad Porfirio Diaz crossed the Rio Grande to reach an American telegraph office yesterday, and wired to the State Department that there was considerable unrest along the border but that the situation on the American side of the line was under control.

CITY CLUB ELECTS TRUSTEES

Holds Annual Meeting and Hears from Mayor Gaynor and Justice Hughes.

The annual meeting of the City Club was held at the clubhouse, on Forty-fourth Street, near Sixth Avenue, last night. Charles H. Strong, President of the club, read the annual report, which showed that the club had run at a substantial profit the past year, and that it has been widely active in municipal affairs. George Haven Putnam, Robert S. Binkerd, and Borough President George McAneny, who was President of the club up to the time of his election to the borough Presidency, were among the speakers. Mr. McAneny said that the city officials were all united in furthering the subway plans, but would not be led into hasty action.

A letter was read from Mayor Gaynor, in which he thanked the club for a letter of congratulation sent him on his recovery. The Mayor referred to the work of the club in municipal affairs, and closed by saying that "almost all good things in Government originate on the outside."

A letter was also read from Associate Justice Charles E. Hughes of the United States Supreme Court, who wrote accepting the honorary membership voted him, he being the first man to be so honored by the club. The ex-Governor said he was in cordial sympathy with the purposes of the club.

Trustees elected were Clement A. Griscom, Jr., Carl L. Schurz, Joseph G. Deane, Nelson S. Spencer, Charles H. Strong, Henry L. Eggert, Lincoln Cromwell, James Cowden Meyers, Abraham L. Gutman, Edward R. Finch, Homer Folks, Edward H. Prentice, and Isaac N. Seligman.

Among those at the dinner which preceded the annual meeting were John J. Murphy, Joseph M. Price, William G. McAdoo, Edward R. Finch, G. V. S. Michaelis, John Harsen Rhoades, C. G. Kidder, Herman A. Metz, T. A. Matthews, Rastus S. Ransom, James B. Reynolds, Wallace Reid, A. S. Frissell, Fred W. Hinrichs, Homer Folks, Joseph M. Proskauer, Julius Henry Cohen, Austen H. Fox, E. B. Wilson, Rabbi Samuel Schulman, Mark Sullivan, Edwin A. Watson, Lucius N. Manley, Albert Lewisohn, Harvey E. Fisk, Edward K. Baird, Miles M. Dawson, Walter I. Willis, Samuel Murtland, Alfred A. Whitman, Isidor Straus, James H. Trowbridge, Abraham L. Gutman, and C. W. McCandless.

EIGHT HOUSES DESTROYED.

Fire Wipes Them Out and Fifteen Families Are Homeless.

Eight two-story frame houses at 1,464 to 1,478 Southern Boulevard, the Bronx, were destroyed in a fire early yesterday morning. The fifteen families living there, scantily clad and in panic, were driven into the street.

The fire was discovered by Policeman John Conlon, who had just returned from his station to his home at 1,468 Southern Boulevard. With a neighbor, Jay Gorman, he woke all the neighbors in the other houses and got them safely to the street before the firemen arrived. Owing to a brisk southerly breeze that fanned the fire from house to house, three alarms were turned in, bringing Chief Croker, who raced with Deputy Police Commissioner Driscoll to the fire, beating the latter's auto by only a few minutes.

Although all the houses and most of the effects therein were destroyed, there were no fatalities, except the loss of one life, that of Judy, pet kitten of Mrs. Mary Keller of 1,466 Southern Boulevard, which perished after Mrs. Keller had run back into the burning house and safely carried out Punch, twin brother and sparring partner of the less fortunate pet.

The fire did a damage of about $15,000. The cause could not be discovered.

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Interest Paid on Daily Balances.

FLAMES THAT WRECK FACTORY LIGHT SKY

Hardman, Peck & Co. Piano Works Damaged $200,000 by Midnight Blaze.

EXPLOSIONS SHAKE WALLS

Turpentine, Polishes, and Varnishes Make Fuel for a Fire Which Attracts Hundreds of Broadway Watchers.

The six-story factory building facing on Twelfth Avenue and extending through from Forty-ninth Street to Fiftieth Street, in which are the piano factories of Hardman, Peck & Co., R. S. Howard & Co., and E. G. Harrington & Co., was damaged badly by fire last night, the damage being greatest in that part of the building tenanted by Hardman, Peck & Co. The eastern end of the building was damaged most badly and several hundred pianos are said to have been burned.

The origin of the first is not known, but it is believed to have started on the second story of that part of the building occupied by Hardman, Peck & Co., and it was there that most of the $200,000 damage was done. It was about 11:15 o'clock when the fire was discovered by a passer by, who, seeing smoke pouring from the windows on the second floor, ran to the corner of Eleventh Avenue and Forty-ninth Street and turned in an alarm.

The Battalion Chief who answered the alarm promptly turned in a second alarm, which brought Chief Croker, who immediately on his arrival sent in a third, summoning all the apparatus in this part of the city, as well as the fireboats McClellan, New Yorker, and Duane.

The fire spread so fast that within half an hour the eastern section of the factory was ablaze cellar to roof, as was also the top floor of the Howard section of the building. The blaze was an unusually stubborn one and at midnight it seemed inevitable that all three factories would be destroyed. Flames shot hundreds of feet into the air, sometimes in a great sheet, and again in long tongues.

That part of the city where the building was located was lit up as bright as day, while the glare in the sky could be seen for miles in all directions. On the fourth floor of the Hardman, Peck & Co. section was stored a quantity of varnish, turpentine, and other inflammable material used in finishing pianos.

These materials, which were in barrels and casks, exploded every few minutes between 11:30 and 12:50 o'clock, and after each explosion the flames shot high into the air. So great was the force of the explosions at times that it seemed impossible for the walls in Forty-ninth Street to remain standing. After each explosion the fire burned with greater fury, and it was due to the impossibility of extinguishing the fire on the polishing floor that the firemen were so long in getting the blaze under control.

Crowds from the restaurants in Broadway and the theatre crowds just leaving the playhouses as the engines passed hurried westward to view the high-leaping flames.

It was seen early that it would be impossible to save the eastern part of the factory building, and the firemen concentrated their efforts to save the Twelfth Avenue side and the property to the east of the factory in Eleventh Avenue. This property was the Gibson lumber yards, and it was only by keeping a dozen streams playing on lumber stored there that it was saved.

It was reported that the watchman of the piano factory was missing, and for a while it was feared that he had been caught in the building and burned to death. A policeman, however, remembered seeing him after the fire started, and it is believed he is safe.

Despite a drizzling rain that fell during the fire a crowd of about 5,000 people gathered at the scene of the fire. They were kept in order by the reserves from the West Forty-seventh and the West Sixty-eighth Street Stations.

FLEE FLAMES IN SCANTY GARB

Tenants of Harlem Apartment Driven Out by a Cellar Blaze.

Twenty-four families living in the Aberdeen six-story apartment houses at 540 and 542 West 146th Street fled in scanty attire to the streets last night from a fire which started in the trunk room in the basement. Detective James Brennan in passing the houses detected smoke, and going to the basement found the janitor trying to extinguish a dozen blazing trunks.

The smoke filled the house, arousing most of the tenants, who took to the fire escapes. A. J. Wish, who lives on the ground floor, climbed to the third floor, and awakening Charles Stern, his wife and three-year-old son, carried the boy downstairs. H. B. Kallisher carried his wife from the third floor down the rear fire escape, as did Edward Laudy, who lives in the adjoining apartment.

The cause of the fire could not be discovered. It started in 540 West 146th Street and spread to the next house, though it was confined to the basement. The damage was about $1,000.

FIREBUG'S THREAT MADE GOOD

Mrs. Heitz's Home Burned When She Ignored Order to Leave Town.

Fire Marshal Thomas Brophy of Brooklyn will search the plant of the Singer Sewing Machine Company to-day to find a note which may be a clue to the person who set fire yesterday to the home of Mrs. Mary Heitz, in Meyer Avenue, near Rockaway Road, Jamaica. The note threatened that the house would be burned if Mrs. Heitz did not leave Jamaica. She placed the missive in a drawer of her sewing machine and several days later sent the machine to the salesrooms, forgetting to take it out.

Four months ago Mrs. Heitz had her husband, Charles, a blacksmith, arrested for stealing carpenters' tools from a neighbor. Heitz proved that the tools were his own and was dismissed. Since then, it is said, he has not lived with his wife, and she rented the lower floor of her home to Alfred Shaw. The neighbors, it is understood, sided with the husband.

Two weeks ago Mrs. Heitz returned home one day to find her home ablaze. She extinguished the flames without assistance, and did not regard the fire as suspicious until a week ago, when a note was slipped under her front door telling her that if she did not move out of Jamaica her home would be burned.

While Mrs. Heitz was away yesterday flames burst through the windows of the house. Before the firemen obtained control the building was demolished. Although the police cannot tell how the fire started, they are satisfied it was of incendiary origin.

CHURCH AND CHAPEL GO IN BROOKLYN FIRE

The Throop Avenue Presbyterian Church Is Destroyed in an Early Morning Blaze.

A HOUSE ALSO IS BURNED

Flames, Believed Caused by an Overheated Furnace, Had Great Headway When the Firemen Arrived.

Fire, which destroyed the Throop Avenue Presbyterian Church, Willoughby and Throop Avenues, Brooklyn, early yesterday, also wiped out the chapel, which adjoined it on the Willoughby Avenue side, and a frame house in the rear of the church on the Throop Avenue side. An overheated furnace in the basement of the chapel probably caused the blaze.

Samuel Krafitz, a night watchman, discovered the fire in the chapel at 4 A. M. He rushed to a fire box in front of the church, but his key wouldn't open it. Neither would it fit another box two blocks away, at Myrtle and Throop Avenues. Then he rushed back to the church, and on the way he blew a whistle.

Fully twenty minutes elapsed from the time he discovered the blaze until he was heard by Traffic Policeman Hochmeister, who turned in an alarm. By that time the fire had spread to the church. Both buildings were burning fiercely when the firemen arrived. A strong wind drove the flames toward the Hebrew temple of the Congregation Tiphereth Israel opposite, on the Throop Avenue side, and toward a row of stone apartment houses on the Willoughby Avenue side.

Two additional alarms were sent in, and although the firemen tried to keep the blaze confined to the church and chapel it reached a two-story frame dwelling at 302 Throop Avenue, occupied by two families. The occupants barely had time to save their lives.

An hour after the firemen arrived the church roof and part of the rear walls fell. Deputy Fire Chief Lally said that the heavy fire beams in the interior of the church made the fire more than usually destructive. The damage, it is thought, will reach $100,000.

A report that the Hebrew congregation had offered $100,000 for the property a week ago was denied by the Rev. Mr. Carlisle. The church society was organized in 1852, and the chapel was the first house of worship. At one time the church had a membership of nearly 1,000 and 1,300 Sunday school children.

Until they rebuild the churchless congregation will worship in the Puritan Congregational Church.

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LADIES' ENTRANCE, 160 West 126th Str., near 7th av., 9-11 A. M.
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The latest medical discovery for the immediate relief and positive ultimate cure of all diseases of the breathing organs, as ASTHMA, BRONCHITIS, CATARRH, HAY FEVER, etc. The apparatus demonstrated here is in operation at European Clinics, and is endorsed by the highest medical authorities.

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$5.50

Their supremacy is due to a proper blending of correct style, good taste and absolute comfort.

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Broadway, corner 31st St. Near New Pennsylvania Station	1095 B'way, near 23d St.
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Smoking Mixture
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For Health---Warmth---Comfort

Dr. Kahn's Sanitary Wool Underwear

It neither shrinks nor itches.
Clean—Sanitary—Absorbent.
At all good Haberdashers.

FRANK BROS. & CO.
580-582 Broadway - - - New York
Wholesale Distributors.

POSTAL RAIDS SHOW VAST STOCK FRAUDS

Continued from Page 1.

of Mrs. Mary K. Farnsworth in the Mohawk Building at 160 Fifth Avenue. Kincaid and McMillan hastened there. Mrs. Farnsworth met them at the door and admitted that Burr was inside. He had just been reading one of the Christian Science textbooks with her, explained Mrs. Farnsworth.

Into her office went Kincaid and McMillan. There sat Burr with a copy of the Christian Science textbook in his hands. He was arrested and taken back to the Flatiron Building. There Treasurer Burr and Vice President Tobey were arrested. Immediately there was an uproar in the place. The employes, most of them women, crowded around, and two of the stenographers began to scream. Several of the firm's customers hastened away.

The Burr brothers and Tobey were taken to Police Headquarters and later to the Federal Building, where, after a preliminary arraignment before Commissioner Shields, they were locked up in Marshal Henkel's detention room. Not long after this Moses H. Grossman, a lawyer, appeared and said that he had been called in by the law firm of Wilbur, Norman & Kahn of 299 Broadway to represent the Burr brothers and Tobey. At 4 o'clock in the afternoon he and his three clients appeared again before Commissioner Shields, and at that time the bail was fixed.

A lot of cameras were trained on the three men and several flash lights were made before Commissioner Shields objected and ordered the camera squad out of the room.

Shortly before the Burr brothers and Tobey started for the Tombs a dozen men and twenty women, all employes of Burr Brothers, went before the Grand Jury.

The company started as a co-partnership concern in 1907 under the laws of Connecticut, with a capital of $100,000. This capital in the last year was increased to $300,000, and a large amount of the stock was sold to the public. The company has been paying a dividend of 1 per cent. monthly.

According to the Postal authorities Burr Brothers have recently been advertising the stock of the Buick Oil Company, a $5,000,000 corporation. The Burrs and their associates have also organized these oil companies: The Coalinga Consolidated, capitalized at $1,000,000; Coalinga Aladdin, $1,000,000; Kern-Western, $750,000; New York-Coalinga, $500,0; Coalinga Crude Oil, $4,000,000, and People's Associated Oil Company, $1,000,000. The inspectors say that the stock of these companies has been sold, with the exception of a portion of the first two named. They say that most of the money has gone into the hands of Burr Brothers.

In a statement given out from the office of the Chief Post Office Inspector yesterday it appears that Burr Brothers have also organized, promoted, and sold stock in the following mining companies: Rawhide Tarantula, capitalized at $1,000,000; Montezuma Mining and Smelting, $1,000,000; Montezuma Extension Gold Mining, $1,000,000, and the Golden Fleece Mining, Milling and Refining Company, $500,000.

"Practically the entire stock in these companies has been sold to the public, and at the present time all these companies have gone out of business," says the statement.

Some of the other companies organized and promoted and of which stock has been sold by Burr Brothers are the Ellsmere Farm of Michigan, the California Eucalyptus Timber Company, capitalized at $1,000,000, and the New Amsterdam Securities Company, capitalized at $100,000, and later merged with Burr Brothers, Inc.

According to the Post Office authorities the following companies, of which Burr Brothers sold large amounts of stock, and which are now out of existence, are:

The Red Top Mining and Leasing Company, capitalized at $1,000,000; Long Beach, Mexico, and Arizona Mining Company, capitalized at $1,500,000; Nevada Goldfield Mining, Milling, and Smelting Company capitalized at $5,000,000; United Standard Lead and Zinc, capitalized at $1,000,000; Florence Consolidated Mining and Leasing Company, capitalized at $1,000,000; Round Mountain Central Mining Company, capitalized at $1,000,000; Cobalt-Portage Mine Company, capitalized at $1,000,000; British-American Copper Mines and Smelter Company, capitalized at $5,000,000; Arizona Copper Gold Mines Company, capitalized at $1,500,000; Searchlight Canina Gold Mining Company, capitalized at $1,000,000; Holcomb Automatic Engine Company, capitalized at $500,000, and the Cotton Wood Copper Company, capitalized at $1,000,000.

Still other companies in which they have sold stock are the Happy Jack Copper Mining and Developing Company, capitalized at $500,000; Yukon Basin Gold Dredging Company, capitalized at $1,000,000; Toledo, Wabash & St. Louis Railroad, capitalized at $6,000,000, and the Chicago-New York Electric Air Line Railroad, capitalized at $2,000,000, in connection with the Co-operative Construction Company, capitalized at $1,000,000.

One other company, the Vitak Company, a million-dollar corporation now in the hands of a receiver, also disposed of its stock through Burr Brothers, who have also been selling lots at Lincoln, N. J.

"It can safely be said," continues the statement from the Post Office Department, "that they sold stock at par value of from $40,000,000 to $50,000,000 in the various companies. During the past Summer they were driven out of California by the State authorities. In every instance they have promised large dividends on the stock sold, in addition to an increase in the value of the stock, but in not a single case have any of the companies paid any dividends, and practically all have been complete failures. The department has received hundreds of complaints from people who have bought this stock and lost their money."

The complaint on which the warrants were issued for the arrest of the Burr Brothers and Tobey was made by Inspector Klucald, and states that on March 30, 1910, Burr Brothers "devised a scheme to defraud Joseph Lovelace of Charlestown, Mass., and others, whose names and addresses are at present unknown."

The stock purchased by Lovelace, according to the complaint, was of the Coalinga-Aladdin Oil Company. It is stated that Burr Brothers represented that the oil company was an assured success and that its oil well was producing 5,000 barrels a month. It further states that Lovelace, from his own information and from official investigation, believes the statements contained in letters mailed by Burr Brothers were false and fraudulent.

It was also announced that two other men are connected with Burr Brothers. They are E. Wesley Preston and C. H. Tobey, both of whom are said to be in the West. Representatives of the Post Office Department were trying to find them last night.

All the books and other documents of Burr Brothers were seized by the Post Office authorities and will be removed to the Federal Building, Wednesday afternoon while Inspector Reddy was in the office of Burr Brothers, there came a long-distance call on the telephone for S. C. Burr. The man at the other end announced that he was David Buick, head of the Buick Oil Company and that he was at Flint, Mich.

"What's all this I hear about Burr Brothers getting into trouble?" he asked. Inspector Reddy told him. Mr. Buick asked that a telegram be sent to him at once telling what had happened and stating whether the Buick Oil Company had been drawn into the matter in any way.

"I'm not here to send you any telegrams," said Inspector Reddy. "If you want information you had better come here and get it."

A little later another long-distance message came from Ben Leven, in Chicago. He was one of the incorporators of the Buick Oil Company, and wanted to know what had happened. He said he would be in New York to-day.

The investigation of the Continental Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Company went further than that of Burr Brothers and the companies whose stock Burr Brothers had been selling. Owing to the large number of companies, wireless and otherwise, involved, eight Post Office Inspectors from districts other than New York were assigned to the case, and their investigations led them as far west as the Pacific Coast. They worked in conjunction with the New York Inspectors. The out-of-town Inspectors were Birdseye of the Cincinnati Division, Enterman of the Philadelphia Division, Greenway of Chattanooga, Gregory of Atlanta, Keene of Washington, Robinson of Boston, Simmons of St. Paul, and Wayland of Spokane.

Several of the Inspectors, accompanied by Headquarters detectives, arrived at the Pine Street offices of the Continental just before dusk. There they found Treasurer Vaughan. No other officials were in sight. The Inspectors learned that Vaughan was the only official who had been there for several weeks, the main business of selling stock having been taken over by the Columbia Finance Corporation.

Forty mail sacks full of letters, books, and other documents were seized by the Inspectors, who also learned that 100,000 circulars had recently been sent out in one day's mail.

It was after dark when Vaughan and the Inspectors reached Commissioner Shields's office. It was there learned that the warrant had been issued on complaint of Walter N. Altman of Topeka, Kan. It was charged that on June 4, 1910, Vaughan "devised a scheme or artifice to defraud" Altman and others "by falsely representing" that the Continental Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Company was organized to operate, develop, and control various wireless concerns in this country and of having made statements concerning the earning capacity of these concerns which were considered false.

Vaughan was not represented by counsel. His bail was fixed at $10,000 and he was hustled away.

The Continental Wireless Telephone and Telegraph Company is an Arizona concern, incorporated in October, 1909, said Inspector Keene. It was practically dormant until about May of the present year, however. But in May last an ornate circular of eighty pages was sent out announcing that the Continental had arranged for the controlling interest in the Collins Wireless Telephone Company, the Pacific Wireless, the Clark Wireless, and the Massie Wireless Company. The Collins concern was organized in the District of Columbia and capitalized at $1,000,000. The Clark company has an authorized capital of $2,500,000, the Pacific Wireless is capitalized at $10,000,000, and the Massie Company at $300,000.

"The announced purpose of this consolidation," said Inspector Keene, "was to give the Continental an immediate and wide field of operation and to give investors the opportunity to be associated with a 'conservatively capitalized concern.' The announcement was made that 'the public is assured that the capitalization is most conservative and reasonable.'

"The Collins company made its headquarters at 54 Clinton Street, Newark. There was a Frederick Collins, a wireless inventor, who had a small laboratory there. The chief selling agents of the Collins concern also made their headquarters there. The Clark company was organized and controlled by Thomas E. Clark, an electrical engineer at Detroit, Mich. The Pacific company formerly had headquarters at Los Angeles, and the Massie company was organized by Walter W. Massie of Providence, R. I., an electrician.

"One of the most enticing things in the announcement after the consolidation was that the Continental was to take the wireless stations of the amalgamated companies, and by organizing new stations at Pittsburg, St. Louis, Omaha, Denver, Salt Lake City, and Reno, Nev., to establish a transcontinental service.

"After the first circular was sent out in May there came another very large one. It gave the officers of the Consolidated as F. T. Davis, President; Charles L. Vaughan, Vice President, and Treasurer; Walter W. Massie, Vice President and Director of the Operating Department; C. B. Walter, Secretary; Thomas E. Clark, General Manager; A. Fred Collins, Technical Director and consulting engineer, and Samuel D. Bradford, Manager of the Pacific Coast Department. Others on the board were Frank Ford, a banker of Detroit; N. A. Hawkins, business manager of a motor company in Detroit; A. C. Jessup, a steel and iron manufacturer, New York; A. J. Lauer, Secretary of a brewing company of Auburn, N. Y.; Frederick H. Shoemaker of Seattle, Wash.; Gen. Joseph L. Stoppebein of Atlanta; Max Loenthal, an electrical engineer of New York; Henry W. Lee, a publisher of Chicago; George M. Davis of Wilmington, Del.; Isaac Gans of Washington, D. C.; Judge Edwin R. Cochran, Jr., of Wilmington, Del.

The first definite proposal to the investing public originated from the office of the Collins Company in Newark, where C. L. Vaughan, Assistant Treasurer of the company, arranged for the consolidation and explained its purposes and arranged for the exchange of stock of the Collins for the Continental. The basis of this exchange was that for every dollar spent by investors for the Collins stock just so much stock would be issued by the Continental Company. But the stockholders were not to get possession of their new stock until the expiration of two years.

"The stockholder got a certificate saying that his stock would be held by two trustees for two years. This served the purpose of appeasing the Collins investors, who were restive about dividends. Their stock had been advanced from $1 to $10 a share and still no dividends had been declared. This consolidation tied up their stock so they could not flood the market with it. Repeated efforts were made to get the Collins stockholders to exchange their stock for the Continental certificates. The Continental also sent out circulars offering its stock to the public and pointing out great alleged earning powers.

"The Continental has sold $116,000 in shares in the last few months. The stock started out at $1 a share, and is now $1.10. In May last the Continental, the Collins, and the Columbia Finance Corporation all took offices at 56 Pine Street. The Columbia Finance Corporation is the fiscal agent for the Continental, and was organized by the same men who are identified with the Continental.

"There have been several changes in the Continental Company since its organization. F. T. Davis of Phoenixville, Penn., resigned as President recently, and S. D. Bradford was elected in his place. Max Loenthal also took Vaughan's place as Treasurer. Among the Directors who have resigned are A. J. Lauer, Mr. Shoemaker, Judge Cochran, and both Massie and Clark of the Massie and Clark companies.

"The Collins company had an arrangement by which it contracted to let the fiscal agents have its stock at 20 cents a share. The fiscal agents raised the price of the stock at various times to $10, making a profit of $9.80 on each share sold. The Continental arranged with the selling agents to sell them their stock for 40 cents a share. But besides the stock sold by Exchanges the Consolidated has sold outright $100,000 of its capital stock, yet it has no bank account. The Columbia Finance Corporation says that the Continental owes it $40,000 in money advanced.

"The pretensions of the Continental Company, as contained in its circular, were so exaggerated that both Massie and Clark have repudiated them. They have told the Inspectors that many of the claims of the Columbia were so impossible that they were obliged to withdraw from the concern.

"In spite of the original announcement to investors that the Continental would issue no bonds, the company has recently made a bond issue of $270,000, of which $10,000

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South Poland, Maine.
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$25 puts it there—Call! Telephone!

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Caramels, unique (12 flavors). "Smart Set" Italian Nut Chocolates, Chocolate Bonbons, and Everything pure and wholesome known to Confectioner's Art.

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Carbolic Tooth Powder
17 cents at your druggists. Sample and booklet free from
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The Telephone—
Everybody uses it. The world depends on it. Have you telephones enough?
New York Telephone Co.

John Jameson
THREE ★★★ STAR
Whiskey

MORE FOLK FOUND WHO KNEW LEWIS

But None Have Heard of Him Since His Disappearance on His Wedding Day.

AN ARREST EXPECTED

Miss Ellen Enright, Lewis's Fiancee, Is Certain That the Body In the Trunk Was His.

Several persons were found yesterday who had known William Lewis, the missing waiter whose trunk in the cellar of 450 West Fifty-fourth Street was found to contain the body of a man. Among these persons were Thomas Critchly and his wife, who conduct a bakery at 15 Catharine Street.

For three years before his disappearance Lewis boarded with Mrs. Critchly's mother, Mrs. William Hyslop, who is dead now, at 464 Second Avenue. Last night in their flat above the bakery, Mr. and Mrs. William G. Critchly of 106 Vanderbilt Avenue, Brooklyn, and Miss Florence Hyslop, a granddaughter of Mrs. William Hyslop, told what they knew about Lewis.

"We easily recognized him from the published photograph of him," said Mrs. Critchly. "He was a man of good family, well educated, and refined. His father, who, I believe, is now dead, was a retired Captain of Police in Roscrea, County Tipperary, Ireland. He had a brother who is a Catholic priest and another brother who is a school teacher. He came to board with my mother, I should judge, about three years before he disappeared, and we are all of the opinion that the body in the trunk is that of Lewis. It seems to fit his description perfectly."

Mr. Critchly says that Lewis wore false teeth, and that the teeth were made by a brother of his wife, William R. Hyslop, a dentist, who is now dead. Lewis, he said, was sensitive about his false teeth and had Dr. Hyslop make him a gold crown which he wore on his lower jaw The crown was intended to conceal the fact that he wore false teeth.

The Critchlys knew Lewis as a waiter in better class restaurants, but they said that while he boarded with Mrs. Hyslop he was engaged most of the time in other occupations. He was at various times an insurance solicitor and a collector for an installment house. At one time he left them to take care of a boy in a wealthy family named Cutting in Garden City, L. I. Whether he was engaged in this family in the capacity of a tutor they could not say, but they thought it more likely he was a companion to the boy. They said he never spoke of the Meaghers to them.

The Critchlys confirmed the story of the Cloudslys that Lewis was engaged to Miss Ellen Enright. He frequently spoke to them of his fiancée and of his prospective marriage. They said that previous to his engagement to Miss Enright he was engaged to another girl, but that this engagement had been broken. He had the engagement ring which the young lady returned to him. He offered it, they said, to Miss Enright, but she refused to accept it. He was to be married to Miss Enright, they understood, on Jan. 18, 1905.

John Murphy, a bartender in a saloon on the northwest corner of Lenox Avenue and 125th Street, is another person who recollected Lewis. He said that Lewis used to patronize a saloon where he tended bar at the time. He was impressed with Lewis because of the scrupulous attention he gave tl his appearance. Lewis, he said, was a quiet, uncommunicative man. He was not what he would call a drinking man he said. He seldom drank anything stronger than beer, and never more than a few glasses at a time. He seldom came to the saloon in company with any one, and he never mixed with strangers.

Second Deputy Commissioner Flynn, who is taking charge of the case himself, refused yesterday to comment on the report that somebody was under suspicion, but he admitted that he was positive the body in the trunk was not that of Lewis. He drove to the Morgue yesterday in his automobile and requested to be permitted to examine the contents of the trunk and view the body, but Assistant Morgue Keeper Goldie informed him that the trunk was locked and that Coroner's Physician Lehane had given orders that nobody be permitted to view the body without an order from the Coroner. The Deputy Commissioner was obliged to content himself with an examination of the outside of the trunk. He left the Morgue disappointed.

Charles R. Cloudsley, a clerk in the Custom House, who lives with his wife at 244 West 124th Street, has identified the photograph of Lewis sent out by the police as that of a man who boarded at his home in January, 1905. Cloudsley said that their boarder told him that he came from Roscrea, County Tipperary, Ireland. The Meaghers, with whom Lewis boarded on leaving the Cloudsley home, stated to the District Attorney's office that Lewis told them he came from that part of Ireland.

Lewis vanished suddenly from the Cloudsleys' after he had received a letter which seemed to upset him. He disappeared on the day he was to marry Miss Ellen Enright, a trained nurse, who waited for him in vain with the wedding guests in a Brooklyn church. Up to 1908 Miss Enright conducted a registry for trained nurses at 241 West 137th Street. She was prostrated by Lewis's desertion of her, and moved to Brooklyn, where until a few months ago she was a nurse in St. Catharine's Hospital. She lives in Ridgefield, Conn., with her family now.

Cloudsley describes Lewis as a man of almost "painful" neatness. Lewis, he said, was the most scrupulous man about his appearance he had ever seen. He always looked as if he had stepped out of a fashion plate. He said that Lewis was educated and refined, and told him he was employed by a firm where he had a great deal of correspondence to do. He scouted the idea that Lewis was a waiter.

He said Lewis did not keep the hours that waiters keep. He returned home from work between 4 and 5 in the afternoon and seldom remained out very late at night. He often saw him go out at night wearing a frock coat and high hat. He had never heard Lewis speak of the Meaghers.

Mrs. Meagher said yesterday she had been married fifteen years, and became acquainted with Lewis while she was keeping company with her husband. Lewis, she said, at that time came to call on them quite frequently. She said it was true that Lewis wore false teeth.

There was a story circulated yesterday that Lewis had a friend named Collier, an artist. The two men, the story had it, quarreled frequently, and Collier disappeared in the Summer of 1902.

Lewis, the story went on, lived in the Spring of 1889 in an uptown apartment house, in which Policeman John H. Cook of the Health Department and his wife lived. Lewis took his meals frequently with Cook, and Collier came often to the house to see Lewis.

Policeman Cook and his wife were seen by a TIMES reporter last night at 140 West Sixty-third Street. They denied the story that they had ever seen Lewis or his friend Collier, the artist.

Special to The New York Times.

BRANCHVILLE, Conn., Nov. 21.—In the opinion of Ellen Enright, who was to have married William Lewis on Jan. 11, 1905, the day on which he dropped out of sight, it is the body of her former fiancé which was found in the trunk in the cellar of 450 West Fifty-fourth Street.

To-night she gave many new facts about the life of William Lewis. There is no doubt that the man she was to have married is the same William Lewis who is mentioned in yesterday's papers as having lived with Mr. and Mrs. Charles R. Cloudsley at 244 West 124th Street up to Jan. 10, 1905, but at that point her knowledge of Lewis's subsequent career ends.

But the picture the Meagher family draw of the lodger does not fit Miss Enright's recollection of her fiancé. She says he could hardly have passed for a waiter, as he was refined, studious, and of a mild disposition.

A new name was injected into the case to-night when Miss Enright mentioned Michael O'Conner, who had known Lewis fourteen years, as having introduced Lewis to her. At that time O'Conner, she said, kept a liquor store in Broadway in the Seventies. O'Conner had married one of the nurses in St. Catharine's Hospital, Brooklyn, several years ago, when she was Superintendent of Nurses there, said Miss Enright, and when he introduced Lewis to her she was running the Harlem registry of nurses at 8 West 125th Street. O'Conner told her his friend was a salesman for a cut-glass concern, and she never questioned the statement.

She said that money matters were never discussed between them and she did not know anything of Lewis's fortune except that he seemed always well supplied with money. She is sure that when she knew him at least he could not have served as a waiter, for he always called in the evening at 8 o'clock and spent several hours, and they generally were together Sunday afternoons, often dining in company.

All this time she was living with the Cloudsleys in West 124th Street. Their wedding was arranged finally for Jan. 11, 1905, at a Catholic church in Brooklyn, near Chauncey Street and Stuyvesant Avenue.

She spent several days previous at a sister's home in that city and on the night before the wedding she says Lewis called on her for half an hour, leaving between 9 and half-past. That is the last time she ever saw Lewis. He appeared perfectly normal and said he would leave early because he had a slight cold and there were some things he wanted to do at home. They were to be married at 7 in the evening and Lewis was to be at her sister's home shortly before.

He did not put in an appearance, and after waiting some time two brothers-in-law went to the church and dismissed the guests. Then they hurried to the Cloudsley home to find out why Lewis had not appeared. The best man, whose name Miss Enwright does not remember, had come to Brooklyn, saying he had found a note in Lewis's room, which read: "The wedding is postponed."

Her brothers made a quiet search of hospitals, morgues, and police stations, but the prospective bridegroom had disappeared, and no trace of him was ever obtained.

Her account of what the Cloudsleys told her brothers to aid in the search differs considerably from that given by them to the police yesterday. She says they never mentioned any letter received by Lewis in the morning which made him extremely nervous, but says on the contrary they told of his being very jolly and saying: "I'm the happiest man in New York." told her brothers that Lewis went to the bank about 9 o'clock and later shipped two trunks of clothing to her home in West 125th Street, and about 4 in the afternoon left fully dressed, saying he was going to be shaved. That is the last they saw of him.

Miss Enright does not remember whether they told of Lewis carrying a suitcase when he left with the two trunks which she found at her house several days later. They were filled with clothes and books, and contained a packet of letters from Lewis's father in Ireland.

She left them in the cellar, and when, nearly a year later, she moved to West 137th Street, she said she preferred not to take them, but left them, with most of their contents, in the cellar. She does not know what became of them.

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Some Day You Will Want a Grand Piano

For there is no piano that can be compared with a grand. It is the only natural piano, on account of its shape, and the tone is of greater purity and the action possible of greater repetition than the upright. To those who play well the

Pease Petite Grand

is indispensable, for it combines all that is best in a grand with the greatest economy of space (only 5 feet 3 inches long); it contains the non-shifting keyboard, which gives a durability to the piano that is possible in no other way.

Price $600; easy monthly payments if desired. Other pianos taken in trade at a liberal valuation. Write for Grand Booklet.

PEASE PIANO CO.,
128 West 42d St., near Broadway, N. Y.
Brooklyn Branch: 24 Flatbush Av. | Newark Branch: 10 New St.

DIES SEEKING DEATH OF GIRL HE LOVED

Miss Schultheis and Her Father Say Lynch Killed Himself After Attacking Them.

STRUCK THEM WITH AN AXE

Part of Battle on Barge Witnessed by Guests on New Charities Boat—Girl and Her Father Held by Police.

The new boat, Riker's Island, of the Department of Charities made its trial trip around Manhattan late yesterday afternoon with Commissioner Patrick A. Whitney, Deputy Commissioner William J. Wright, their wives, and a party of guests aboard. As the boat passed the coal barge Sea Gull, moored at 137th Street, in the Harlem River, they were startled to hear cries and to see a young girl run wildly on the deck of the barge with blood streaming from her head and shoulders. A man's form, likewise covered with blood, lay prostrate on the deck.

The Riker's Island put alongside the barge instantly, and Deputy Commissioner Wright boarded it. As he did so he saw a man rush out of the cabin onto the deck and then dodge back again. Wright entered the cabin and found the second man lying with his head under a couch there, and blood streaming from his throat. A mongrel stood over him, barking at Commissioner Wright and barring his entrance, until a kick sent it through the door and overboard. Then Mr. Wright spoke to the injured man, but he could make no reply and died a few moments later.

The two other injured were taken aboard the Riker's Island and thence transferred to the Harlem Hospital. There they said they were Capt. John Schultheis of the Sea Gull and his eighteen-year-old daughter, Catherine. They said the second man was Bernard Lynch, Captain of a coal barge of the Delaware, Lackawanna & Western Railroad, moored two blocks further upstream.

Lynch, they said, worked on the Sea Gull a year ago, and fell in love with the Captain's daughter, but both she and her father repulsed him because he was much older than the girl. A little later, according to Schultheis, she became engaged to James Mack of 206 Ninth Street, Jersey City. About two months ago, they said, Lynch, who had obtained the captaincy of the railroad barge, followed them to South Amboy, and there asked the girl to elope with him, but she refused, and her father threw him out of the cabin. Since then, Schultheis said, he had heard that Lynch had told several boatmen he would "get even."

Last night Mack was to call at the barge to take the girl to the theatre. As she was dressing down stairs, Schultheis says, Lynch suddenly rushed into the cabin and assaulted him, striking him three times on the head with an axe. At his cries his daughter rushed up, only to be struck on the head, shoulder, and hand with the axe and driven out upon deck with her father.

"I saw my father fall as if he were dead," said the girl. "Then I ran screaming around the cabin. As I passed the window I saw Lynch within slash his throat again and again with a razor. He fell, and I rushed to the edge of the barge and called for help."

A search of the cabin revealed a blood-stained hunting knife on the dresser and a razor under Lynch's body. There was a bowl of water near by, reddened. There was no trace of an axe. Both the razor and the knife, according to the police, Schultheis admitted to be his own, saying Lynch must have taken them from the dresser. Schultheis said that before slashing his own throt, Lynch must have thrown the axe overboard.

The injuries of Schultheis and his daughter were not very serious, and both were removed later to the East 125th Street Police Station and questioned there by Coroner Heilenstein, Capt. Walsh, and Detectives Conroy, Enright, and Hart. Thereafter they were held as suspicious persons. Two boatmen, Harry Nelson, captain of the lighter Dykerman, moored off the foot of 138th Street, and his first mate, Stephen Anderson, who reached the Sea Gull soon after the trouble there, and said they saw Lynch slash his throat inside the cabin, were held as material witnesses. Mack, the girl's fiancé, who called for her two hours after the trouble, could add nothing to Schultheis's testimony.

The bridegroom's clothes get no "notices" in the society column

or, for that matter, the "best man's" either. Yet both are "under fire" from every pair of eyes at every wedding ceremony.

What the bride and her attendants wear is a news item that sometimes overshadows her family history. But the male contingent—is "passed up."

In spite of this seeming slight, let no prospective bridegroom, best man or usher delude himself with the idea that he can escape criticism if his attire falls short of the perfection mark.

Our garments for formal and semi-formal wear are designed by past-masters in the art, men whose talents are centred upon this one special branch of clothes-craftsmanship.

We follow the accepted conventionalities where we must—but there are many distinguishing features observable in our productions, notably their exquisite modeling and finish.

Formal dress for evening wear

Evening Dress Coats	$22 to $38
Dinner Jackets	$17 to $32
Trousers	$7 to $11.50
Black Evening Waistcoats	$4 to $6.50
A variety of plain white or fancy effects in silk or wash materials	$3.50 to $12

Semi-formal dress for afternoon wear

Cutaway Coats and Waistcoats	$18 to $38
Frock Coats and Waistcoats	$20 to $45
Separate Trousers	$5 to $12

Evening Footwear for Men at $3.50 to $7.
Patent leather or Satin Pumps, button or lace Boots in the very latest lasts and models.

Saks & Company
Broadway at 34th Street.

Are You Interested in Children?

The Five Points House of Industry

for the Care and Education of Homeless Children is an honored institution with a history of sixty years' service. 489 little waifs were cared for temporarily last year, the children of poor widows or parents helpless from sickness or misfortune.

These children, formerly housed in the city, are now maintained in small groups in the country under family conditions which make for their health and happiness.

FUNDS ARE SOLICITED to meet the greater cost of this plan over the old conditions and also for the CHILDREN'S THANKSGIVING and to provide them with warm clothing and shoes for the winter. We urgently ask for contributions to be sent to the Treasurer at the office, 442 West 23d Street.

WM. CHURCH OSBORN, Pres't. ARCH. D. RUSSELL, Vice Pres't.
WM. H. WHEELOCK, Treasurer. HUGH N. CAMP, Secretary.
C. B. BOOROM, Superintendent.

TYPHOID WORRIES CADETS.

Annapolis May Have Fresh Cases Till Nov. 30—Football Team Is Nervous.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 21.—Experts, who have been investigating the typhoid outbreak at the Naval Academy, say that new cases may be looked for till about Nov. 30, if they are right in ascribing the typhoid to a temporary supply of milk used between Oct. 19 and Nov. 9.

Every other article of diet used by the midshipmen has been exhaustively examined, and the typhoid made its appearance at exactly the usual time after the use of this milk began. The milk amounted daily to twenty quarts of the 205 used by the midshipmen, and was purchased because the regular dairyman was temporarily unable to supply the whole quantity.

Many of the midshipmen are nervous over the illness of their comrades, and a large number of them are suffering with disorders, which, however, point in the opposite direction to typhoid. They ascribe their ailments to various sources, and are cutting out different articles of diet.

The condition of Starr King, Captain of the football team, is improved. Other members of the team have mild attacks of the prevalent form of stomach trouble, though no one else is incapacitated as yet.

The contact with the typhoid, particularly in the case of King, has had a depressing effect upon the team, and there is talk of sending it to Philadelphia about Wednesday, two days ahead of the programme. This will serve the double purpose of removing the midshipmen from any possible source of illness, and of taking their minds off the subject.

Gives 2,000 Family Dinners.

William J. Wollman of 42 Broadway has distributed 2,000 books which are orders for provisions among 2,000 families under the care of the United Hebrew Charities and the Charity Organization Society. When presented at one of a number of stores next Wednesday or Thursday the holder will receive groceries and meats to the value of $1. They are given in order to insure to these families a happy Thanksgiving Day. Last year Mr. Wollman distributed 1,000 dinner baskets.

Barton & Guestier
Established 1725
OLIVE OIL
GUARANTEED ABSOLUTELY PURE.

(Facsimile of Label.)
IMPORTED IN BOTTLES ONLY.
For Sale by all Leading Grocers in the United States.
E. LA MONTAGNE'S SONS, AGENTS,
45 Beaver St., New York.

Bass's Ale
FOR THANKSGIVING
Order a special Pin-Cask (5 gals.) for Family Use on Draught at Home, from any department store, dealer or jobber.
'Twill Add a Keen Zest to the Feast
BASS & CO., 90 Warren St., New York.

USED CARS FOR SALE.—Franklin Landaulet, in perfect condition. Details on page 13.—Adv.

Smith Gray & Co.
Foremost Clothiers Since 1845.

That months are necessary to perfect the many models of Winter overcoats we display—that the markets of the world and the world's cleverest fabric designers are called upon to produce their finest fabrics and newest designs—that the 65 years of tailoring experience are all necessary in the production of these splendid Smith Gray overcoats—all are but incidental to the one vital consideration in the construction of Smith Gray overcoats—that they shall first of all in every detail that makes for excellence, for general superiority please you.

That the present demand for Smith Gray & Co. overcoats is the greatest in all our history is your assurance that the present display is worthy to succeed those which for more than three score years have earned the approval and patronage of New York's best dressed men.

Smith Gray & Co. overcoats in over 30 distinctive models, for every service, are consistently priced **$18.00 to $75.00**

There are also to be had
SPECIAL VALUES
from various sources, which will induce you to better know Smith Gray & Co. stores.

$15.50 and **$18.50** for Winter overcoats that are $20 to $30 values; all models and colors—made possible only by the fact that there are but 3, 4 and 5 of a kind.

$37.50 for fine vicuna, melton and kersey silk-lined dress overcoats; values are $45, $50 and $55.

$3.75 for $5 and $6 pure worsted trousers.

$15.50 and **$18.50** for men's and young men's Winter suits; regular values $20 to $25.

$22.50 and **$27.50** for very special value handsome overcoats, in every model and fabric—semi-box, full box and convertible collar models.

$13.50 for boys' long trousers suits, sizes 32 to 36, regular $18 values.

There are also some 200 of those convertible collar 52 in. overcoats that are so very popular right now, new grays and browns—
special $15.50

Motor Clothes for Owners and Chauffeurs.
Auto Clothes Book on Request.

Smith Gray & Co.

Two Brooklyn Stores: Fulton St. at Flatbush Av. Broadway at Bedford Av.
Two New York Stores: Broadway at Warren St. Across from City Hall. 5th Av., Bet. 27th & 28th Sts.

Shoes for Holidaying AT ALEXANDER'S

Going home for Thanksgiving? Better take some shoes for the folks. Pretty slippers for the girls, storm or hunting or skating shoes for the boys, cosy house shoes or slippers for the old people—things they want but forget to buy. No such stock as ours to choose from in all New York.

ANDREW ALEXANDER
SIXTH AVE. AT 19TH ST., NEW YORK

Old Chinese Porcelains

An EXHIBITION of RARE and HIGHLY VALUABLE EXAMPLES, INCLUDING the MOST IMPORTANT PIECES from the COLLECTION of SIR WILLIAM BENNETT, K. C. V. O.,
Is Now on View at
THE WALDORF-ASTORIA HOTEL
(ASSEMBLY ROOM—FIRST FLOOR)
BY
GORER
of 170 New Bond Street, London, England
Admission on presentation of personal card

No-Stropping Means Bad Shaving

Stropping is the only means of getting the head barber's edge. But, few can strop.

If you don't believe that AutoStrop stropping will get the head barber's edge, try the AutoStrop Safety Razor, and you will believe.

Renews edge by expert *automatic* stropping—only razor that does. No taking apart to sharpen or clean.

Get one. If you do not get head barber shaves with it, dealer will refund your money. He has contract with us (or can get one) authorizing this.

Parks are full of people who've put things off. You're not a "parker," so get an AutoStrop Razor today at lunch time.

AutoStrop SAFETY RAZOR

Gives Head Barber Shaves

Go to our demonstrating shop, 327 Fifth Avenue—near 33rd Street—and try it. No charge. Private shaving booths.

36

242 FIFTH AVENUE

THE KNAPP-FELT SHOP

Hats for Men

DOBBS & CO show today a new brown Derby, the "Dobbs Brown 1910." The color harmonizes with the suitings which have the approval of well-dressed men.

The Dobbs Brown 1910 is shown also in soft hats of unusual textures and novel surface treatment.

Derbies and soft hats are made by The Crofut & Knapp Company in two grades of Knapp-Felt, Six Dollars and Four Dollars.

Dobbs Hats for Women in exclusive imported models as well as smart trimmed and tailored hats of Dobbs & Co's Fifth Avenue make.

Imported hunting hats and caps. Silk hats, Opera hats, Caps, Canes and Umbrellas.

Dobbs & Co
242 FIFTH AVENUE
between 27th and 28th Streets

At Fountains & Elsewhere Ask for

"HORLICK'S"

The Original and Genuine

MALTED MILK

The Food-drink for All Ages.

At restaurants, hotels, and fountains. Delicious, invigorating and sustaining. Keep it on your sideboard at home. Don't travel without it.

A quick lunch prepared in a minute. Take no imitation. Just say "HORLICK'S."

In No Combine or Trust

SANITOL TOOTH POWDER

Protects your teeth, mouth and gums against impurities. Cleans your teeth and makes them white.

25c everywhere

MAILS HANDLED FAST AT THE NEW STATION

Government Is Ready to Hook Up Mechanically with the Pennsylvania Station Here.

SUBWAYS AND RAPID CHUTES

Steel Cars Running to the Post Office and Special Elevators and Platforms for the Service.

When the Pennsylvania Railroad begins to run trains under the Hudson on Nov. 27 there will be an immediate change in the system of handling the United States mails which are now received at the Jersey City depot of the United States Railway Mail Service. Work has been hastened on a portion of the partly completed new Post Office Building just west of the Pennsylvania Station here in order to have the change in the mail service take place simultaneously with that of the Pennsylvania's new tube service.

A system of mechanical appliances for loading and unloading mail trains which is original in its applications to United States mails has been installed. Between 250 and 300 tons of mail will be handled daily in the partly completed Post Office Building. The great bulk of the mail tonnage will arrive and depart in special mail cars. The cars for the outgoing trains will be placed in position several hours in advance of departing time. Four platforms and six tracks under the western part of the Post Office structure have been set apart wholly or in part for these cars, thus making provision for twenty-six mail cars at one time.

In addition to the heavy mails handled on these tracks there will be other mail matter, light but frequent, for dispatch by trains on other tracks. These will be sent down to a trucking subway, running beneath Track 8, to be carried by motor trucks about 250 feet to another transverse subway, from which elevators ascend to each of the passenger track platforms.

The mail carried through the trucking subway from the chute landing to a postal or baggage car at the head of a train alongside Track 9 will travel 1,050 feet. The mails to and from Long Island Railroad trains, which are now operating from the northeast section of the railroad station, will also pass through these subways. An outgoing mail for Long Island will be carried through the subways and then on the upper platform, a distance of 1,330 feet.

The railway mails will be handled on four different levels—the mailing level, which is two feet above the street level driveway; the basement floor, which is eighteen feet below the driveway; the track platform, which is fifty feet below the driveway, and the trucking platform, seventy-two feet below the driveway.

The original plan provided one elevator from each of the four track platforms. But it was found that the elevators from the island platforms could not be extended higher than the basement floor. It was also decided that a single elevator would not provide for the expeditious handling of both outgoing and incoming mails, so it was arranged with the railroad company to install special mail-handling machinery.

For the outgoing mail spiral chutes have been provided for each of the four-track platforms. Two of the chutes are double spirals. They commence at the basement floor and extend downward to a point midway between the basement and the track platform. At this point each of the chutes discharges upon two traveling belt-conveyors—one of these belts running eastward and the other westward. These moving belts, operated by electric motors, will carry the mail bags to an adjustable canvas slide, which will guide the bags into the doorways of the postal and storage cars. By using both chutes and both belts at once, four cars can be loaded simultaneously on these two tracks. The adjustable slide can be shifted from car to car according to signals interchanged between the basement and the railroad employe operating the slide.

In the event that the belt-conveyors are not running it is expected that a temporary chute can be installed to guide the bags of mail to the track platform, where they can be placed on trucks and wheeled to the car doors. The elevator can be used for lowering all mails in emergencies, but its regular use will be for lowering registered mails and for lifting incoming mails.

When the bucket lift is completed and in operation postal cars, after arriving at the platform, will throw out their mail into trap-doors located in the track platform at six different loading stations. These mails will land on belt conveyors running beneath the track platform and discharging into the bucket lift, which will be operated continuously. This will raise the mails to the mailing platform.

Supt. V. J. Bradley of the Railway Mail Service says that in fulfillment of the announcement that only steel car equipment would be used in and out of the new terminal station, there are at present a sufficient number of steel mail cars in actual use to equip all of the mail trains. There are now in use eighty-one all-steel mail storage cars.

"There should be in use on Nov. 27, or very soon thereafter," says Supt. Bradley, "a total of 91 steel cars, 70 feet in length, 44 all-steel mail storage cars, and 25 all-steel apartment cars, 8 having 30-foot apartments and 17 having 25-foot apartments."

KAISER URGES TEMPERANCE.

Says the Nation That Uses the Least Alcohol Will Lead the World.

ELMSBURG, Prussia, Nov. 21.—In opening the new naval academy at Muerwick to-day Emperor William read an Order in Council laying stress upon the qualifications necessary to naval officers. Later, speaking extemporaneously, the Emperor made a plea for temperance on the part of the cadets.

The times, the Emperor said, required iron-hearted men. Character was the first essential, and character was founded upon strong moral and religious convictions.

His Majesty cautioned the cadets against excessive drinking, which, he said, undermined the nerves, and the strenuous naval service of to-day required strong nerves. He counseled total abstinence, suggested that the young men join the Good Templars, and added that the nation which in the future used the smallest amount of alcohol would march at the head of the column in the fields of art and war.

Belgian Queen's Condition Serious.

BRUSSELS, Nov. 21.—The condition to-day of Queen Elizabeth, who is ill with bronchitis, is serious.

Notes of Foreign Affairs.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—The American Consul at Manchester, Church Howe, who represented the Department of State at the Cotton Convention at Atlanta in 1907, was the guest of the Committee of the International Federation of Cotton Spinners to-day. He joined the members of the committee in a visit to the President of the Board of Trade, Mr. Buxton, and at a luncheon given by Lewis Harcourt, Secretary for the Colonies, at the House of Commons.

ROME, Nov. 21.—Six new cases of cholera and one death were officially reported in the past twenty-four hours in the infected districts.

Quite An Easy Job

Leaving off coffee, with its harmful, nerve-racking effects.

Use well-made

POSTUM

"There's a Reason"

CRIPPEN TO DIE TO-MORROW.

Home Secretary Refuses a Reprieve—Report of Confession Untrue.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Dr. Hawley H. Crippen's petition for a reprieve was denied to-day, the Home Secretary, the Right Hon. Winston Churchill, announcing that he declined to interfere with the sentence of the court.

Crippen will be executed on Wednesday morning.

Officials of Scotland Yard to-day denied the report circulated in the United States that Dr. Crippen had made a confession of the murder of his wife.

A similar report that Crippen had confessed was sent from Quebec while the accused was there. The courts here subsequently imposed a fine of $1,000 each on papers printing the report.

SHEPARD LEADS FOR SENATOR

His Latest Sponsor Is the Southern Democratic Association.

Edward M. Shepard is now by far the strongest candidate in the field for the place in the United States Senate, which is to be filled by the Democratic Legislature, which comes into power on Jan. 1.

The Southern Democratic Association of this city adopted these resolutions favoring Mr. Shepard yesterday:

Resolved, That whereas the people of the State of New York at the last election have selected Democratic candidates to serve in the State Government for the ensuing term, and whereas it will be the duty of the Legislature to elect a successor to United States Senator Chauncey M. Depew, it becomes our privilege to recommend for the high office of United States Senator the Hon. Edward M. Shepard, the most brilliant mind in the Democratic ranks in this State, a loyal supporter, and one who is without reserve the best equipped to serve the people of this State and Nation.

It is, therefore, requested that the members of the Legislature present the name of Edward M. Shepard for United States Senator and that they cast their votes for his election.

Gov.-elect Dix, when asked yesterday whom he favored for the Senatorship, said:

"It is of the utmost importance that the best possible man should be selected. But it will be purely a function for the Legislature to perform. The Legislature and the Governor are co-ordinate branches of the State Government, I believe, and I intend to be Governor, and nothing more."

TO DINE GOVERNORS-ELECT.

Dix, Foss, Harmon, Baldwin, Wilson, and Plaisted to be Democratic Club Guests.

At a meeting of its Board of Governors yesterday the National Democratic Club decided to give a complimentary dinner at the Waldorf-Astoria on Dec. 15 to the six Democratic Governors-elect. John A. Dix of this State and Eugene N. Foss of Massachusetts already have signified their acceptance of the invitations to be sent out. Judson Harmon of Ohio, who was re-elected Governor, also has practically accepted the invitation. Governors-elect Baldwin of Connecticut, Wilson of New Jersey, and Plaisted of Maine remain to be heard from.

The dinner will be given in the big banquet hall at the Waldorf, which accommodates nearly 650 diners, and it is expected that the demand for seats from club members will far exceed the supply.

Ex-Senator John Fox, President of the National Democratic Club, will be toastmaster. All the talking will be done by the six guests.

URGE SMITH FOR SENATOR.

Assemblymen-Elect of Essex County Pledge Themselves to His Support.

While ex-United States Senator Smith of Newark was saying to a reporter on Sunday night that the people ought to have a little respite from politics, his brother-in-law, James R. Nugent, Chairman of the Democratic State Convention, was planning, with the eleven Assemblymen from the county, to launch his candidacy for the seat in the United States Senate which John Kean is to vacate next March.

The Essex County Assembly delegation sent out a plea last night to Mr. Smith, urging him to be a candidate for the place and pledging their support.

Mr. Nugent told the Assemblymen-elect that with the eleven votes from Essex Mr. Smith had enough assured to him to make the forty-one needed for election.

CZAR HOPES TOLSTOY WILL OBTAIN MERCY

Trusts God Will Judge Him Leniently—Speaks of Golden Age of His Talent.

BODY TAKEN FROM ASTAPOVA

Hut in Which Author Died to be Removed to Yasnaya Polyana, and to be Part of Museum.

ST. PETERSBURG, Nov. 21.—The Emperor has written the following note on the margin of the report which Premier Stolypin sent to his Majesty of Count Leo Tolstoy's death.

"I heartily deplore the death of the great writer, who embodied in the golden age of his talent creations of types of the fatherland, characterizing one of the most glorious periods of Russian life. May he find in God a merciful judge."

The Duma adjourned to-day's session out of respect for the memory of Count Tolstoy, though the decision to do so was reached only after a wrangle, the members of the Extreme Right contending that to honor the memory of the reformer and novelist would be to challenge the Church. It was asserted that the Duma was a State institution, to which the Count was especially opposed.

In proposing the adjournment, the President eulogized Tolstoy, whom he described as "the pride of Russia and the glory of mankind," adding: "May the merciful God open to him the Kingdom of Heaven."

Many societies and organizations are preparing to send deputations to the funeral.

ASTAPOVA, Nov. 21.—A special train bearing the body of Count Tolstoy to Yasnaya Polyana, the family estate in the Government of Tulo, left here at 3:05 o'clock this afternoon.

The Countess and the other members of the family and friends who were here when the Count died, accompanied the body, and the newspaper correspondents are also on the train.

A halt for the night will be made at the railway junction at Gorbatchevo, and the train is due at Zaseika, the station near Yasnaya Polyana, early to-morrow morning. The distance from the station to the Tolstoy home is not great, and the coffin will, according to Russian custom, probably be borne to the house on the shoulders of the mourners.

Since early morning the Countess had sat in the stationmaster's hut in which her husband died, weeping, with her head bowed upon the casket. She appeared not to notice the peasants admitted in single file to the death chamber, and left her position only when M. Gunsberg, the sculptor, came to take a death-mask.

Leonid O. Pasternak, the portrait painter, sketched the scene. This was as simple as Tolstoy could have wished. The body reposed in a plain oak coffin, at the foot of which a few wreaths of fir, emblematic of immortality, had been placed. The platform of the railway station was covered with fir boughs, spread by the peasants of the neighborhood.

The stationmaster has consented to the transfer of his humble home in which the Count died to Yasnaya Polyana, where, together with its furniture, it will become a part of the proposed Tolstoy Museum.

Genee Loses a La Vallierre.

Miss Adeline Genée, the dancer, lost a four-stone diamond La Vallirre last Thursday night between the Globe Theatre and the Knickerbocker Hotel, in Times Square. She advertised her loss in the Lost and Found column of THE NEW YORK TIMES, offering a liberal reward for its return.

CONSTITUTION NOW FRAMED.

New Mexico Convention Closes After Preparing Document of 20,000 Words.

SANTA FE, N. M., Nov. 21.—The constitution for the State of New Mexico, framed by the convention which closed to-day, contains 20,000 words, or 130 sections, grouped into twenty-two articles.

Some 135,000 inhabitants of Spanish-American descent demanded protection of their equality before the law, and retention of their ancient rights and privileges. They were suspicious of the Federal enabling act, which requires that all State officers and legislators must speak English.

As a result, a constitution following the older models was adopted, with these new features:

An elective corporation commission, with no judicial powers, but having the right to regulate rates for transportation and transmission, to grant charters and to supervise corporations. An automatic arrangement immediately takes the decisions of the commission to the State Supreme Court, which must pass on them without delay.

The initiative was rejected, but a referendum clause was included. It enables 25 per cent. of the voters, on petition, to suspend a law within ninety days of a legislative session, and 10 per cent. of the voters, on petition, to submit a law passed by the last Legislature to a popular vote at the next election, while a majority of the Legislature may submit constitutional amendments to the people.

Prohibition and local option were excluded, but the way was left open to the Legislature to deal with these questions. A stringent anti-pass section was adopted.

The constitution also abolishes the fee system. It prohibits separate schools for Anglo-Saxons and Spanish-Americans. It provides for the payment by the State of the railroad bond indebtedness of $1,000,000 through the sale of a million acres of land granted by Congress.

No distinction is to be made in the franchise, in jury duty, or in holding office, other than that of State and Legislature, on account of inability to speak English.

COLLIER'S SUES POSTUM CO.

Magazine Seeks $250,000 from Food Concern for Libel.

A $250,000 libel suit, brought by Robert J. Collier of Collier's Weekly, against the Postum Cereal Company, was placed on trial yesterday before Supreme Court Justice Brady, with James W. Osborne for the plaintiff, and Eugene Philbin, his former chief in the District Attorney's office, as counsel for the defendant. It took the entire day to get the jury.

Collier charges that the Postum Company in the Fall of 1907 published a statement that his magazine had run "false and malicious articles of and concerning the defendent and the defandant's business, because the defendant had refused to advertise in Collier's Weekly, and to pay money for such advertising," which, Mr. Osborne explained yesterday to the talesmen, was an attack on the integrity of his client as an editor.

In answer the defendant points to an editorial that appeared in the weekly in the preceding Summer, and contends that the company's statements complained of were published without malice, in the belief of their truth, and that they were "wholly provoked by the said libelous attack of said Collier's Weekly, and were published in self-defense and to repulse and reprove such attacks." Mr. Philbin explained to the talesmen yesterday that the publication complained of was "an answer in the nature of self-defense and in the defense of our business interests."

In the examination of talesmen, Mr. Philbin wanted to know if they were acquainted with Edward M. Shepard, Norman Hapgood, Mark Sullivan, and Samuel Hopkins Adams. Mr. Osborne asked if they attended the Christian Science Church, to which question the man who took the twelfth seat in the box responded heartily, "Not guilty."

Taft to be Pennsylvania Society Guest.

At a meeting of the Council of the Pennsylvania Society of New York James M. Beck, its President, announced that President Taft would be the guest of honor at the society's annual dinner on Jan. 21 in the Hotel Astor.

CITY BREVITY.

Lawson Purdy, President of the Department of Taxes and Assessments, will give a lecture on "Taxation" at the Young Men's Hebrew Association, Ninety-second Street and Lexington Avenue, to-morrow.

ANOTHER ATTACK BY NATHAN

He Says Clericals and American Hotel Keepers Aid Cholera Scare.

ROME, Nov. 21.—In a speech opening the session of the Municipal Council to-day Mayor Nathan complained that interested hotel keepers abroad, especially in America and Switzerland, had given currency to exaggerated reports of the cholera epidemic in Italy, thus serving "the lower, interested motives of the Clericals, who wish to detract from the success of the festivities in 1911 in celebration of the proclamation of Rome as the capital of United Italy."

Considering the influx from the provinces to the capital, it was impossible, the Mayor said, to avoid sporadic cases of cholera in Rome, but measures had been adopted to isolate the sick and prevent contagion, with the result that in four months there had been but twenty-three cases, with eleven deaths, in the city, a lesser number than in Berlin, Vienna, and Budapest.

Mayor Nathan referred once more, but briefly, to his controversy with the Vatican and hinted at a possible connection between the "artifically spread fears of cholera" and "the fears trumpeted in the name of the health of the soul, which mean war against Rome and the patriotic manifestations of 1911."

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AT MUCH BELOW THE USUAL PRICES

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CROCHET BEDSPREADS	EACH,	$1.25
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MUSLIN SHEETS	EACH,	72c. TO $1.10
MUSLIN SHEETS, HEMSTITCHED	EACH,	$1.10 & 1.25
MUSLIN PILLOW CASES	EACH,	19c. TO 28c.
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AT EXCEPTIONALLY LOW PRICES

MEN'S HANDKERCHIEFS,

INITIALED	AT $2.25 PER DOZEN
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HEMSTITCHED	AT 1.50 & 1.90 PER DOZEN
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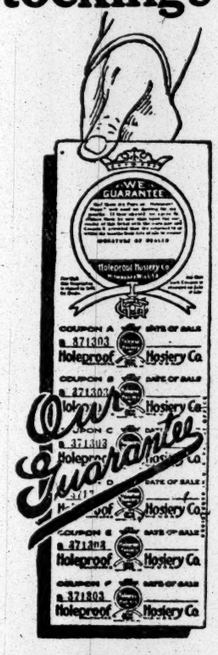
Thousands of women no longer have it to do. Their families wear genuine "Holeproof," the original guaranteed hose. Don't judge "Holeproof" by other makes. There's a vast difference. Others are heavy, cumbersome, coarse, while "Holeproof" are light in weight, soft and attractive.



No hose ever made were more stylish or better fitting. They look just the same as unguaranteed kinds, but they wear six times as long as the best of them.

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Six pairs wear six months, or you get new hose free, and six pairs cost but $1.50 up to $3.00, according to finish and weight. So, for from three to six dollars a year, one can banish darning *forever*.

Think what that means, not only to darner but wearer.

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Ask in some store for "Holeproof"—TODAY. Let the family see what they're like. Then ask each member to buy six pairs and try them for your sake as well as their own.

Write for free book, "How to Make Your Feet Happy."

Holeproof TRADE MARK Hosiery

Reg. U. S. Pat. Office, 1906

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which has for its object a better understanding, on the part of the people of the United States, of Japan and the Japanese, recommends to the public the following books:

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"Japan an Interpretation," Hearn's..	2.00 "
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"Japanese Life in Town and Country," Knox	1.20 "
"The Awakening of Japan," Okakura.	
"The Heart of Japan," Brownell	1.50 "
"History of Japan," Murray	1.20 "
"Human Bullets," Sakurai	1.25 "
"Handbook of Modern Japan," Clement	1.40 "
"Japan and China," Brinkley	48.00 "

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THE MAYOR APPEARS AS A SPEAKER AGAIN

First Public Address Since He Was Shot Made Before the Collegiate Club.

GREETED WITH LONG CHEERS

Ministers Should Not Expect Wrongs Righted in a Day, He Says, and Things Done in a Hurry Are Badly Done.

Mayor Gaynor, for the first time since the attempt was made upon his life last August, spoke in public last night. It was at the sixteenth annual dinner of the Collegiate Club of New York, observing the two hundred and fiftieth anniversay of the Collegiate Reformed Church of Harlem. The dinner was in the grand ballroom of the Waldorf. The women present far outnumbered the men, it being the first time that women have been invited to the dinner. The Mayor's voice was husky, but he had no trouble in making himself heard. He spoke for about fifteen minutes. He was cheered for several minutes before and after his speech.

Speaking of the slow growth of things worth while, the Mayor had some criticism to make of clergymen and newspapers who expected him to reform New York all at once. He said some people expected him to be able to close up all gambling places and stop wrongdoing within twenty-four hours, and when he didn't do it there was complaint. George H. Taylor, President of the Collegiate Club, introduced the Mayor and referred to the attempt that was made upon his life.

When the Mayor arose there was a dead stillness. He began in a low voice, but in a few moments he had gained power and his every word was distinctly heard.

"When I accepted your invitation to come here," he said, "I expected to be able to do my share of talking as I generally do when I attend a banquet, but I may have trouble in making myself heard in so large a room. If I am not altogether mistaken the Dutch Reformed Church was the first to be established in this past of the world. The first church was established here, it is set forth on the programme, in 1686, which shows that this country is growing quite old. Your denomination has grown during that time to be a large one, not only here but all over the country. It flourishes in sections where a few years ago no one ever saw a Dutchman."

The Mayor went on to tell of the civilizing force of the churches and what they had accomplished for good. It was slow grewth, he said, but everything good in the world had to grow the same way.

"Things that are done in a hurry are generally badly done," said the Mayor. "Everything good comes to maturity by slow degrees. We must'nt be discouraged if we can't do everything at once. Some few ministers in New York and few others want everything good done in one day. Although these ministers and yellow papers make more noise than all the others put together, they are of little account. They are always calling upon me to right wrongs. They want all gamblers put out of business and all other wrongs righted immediately, although they suggest neither ways nor means to accomplish this end. Some of them call upon me to act if a man spits on the Brooklyn Bridge, or if another throws papers at the foot of the elevated stairs.

"These ministers who attack me in this way ought to know better. It is not so easy to accomplish reforms and make people act and live right. Though they have been trying since the time of Christ they have not yet got people to observe the Ten Commandments. They have not patience or the conception of the meaning of patience.

"I have said more now than I expected to say, and, perhaps, you hear me because this room is not filled with tobacco smoke. I often have spoken at banquets where my eyes have smarted by tobacco smoke and something else."

The Mayor's reference to the absence of any liquid stronger than lithia water made every one laugh.

"If there was a banquet held when this church was dedicated, 250 years ago," he went on, "there would have been a bottle of schnapps at every place. The Dutch in New York at that time drank gin, and plenty of it. Even if you are descendants of these people, you have changed considerably. You have done your share toward the development of the country. Wherever the Dutch went they brought civilization, and they were distributed all over the world."

Among the other speakers were the Rev. David James Burrell of the Marble Collegiate Church, A. T. Clearwater, President of the Holland Society; the Rev. S. Parkes Cadman of the Central Congregatitonal Church, Brooklyn; J. R. Planten, Consul General of the Netherlands; the Rev. James S. Kittell of the First Reformed Church, Albany; William A. Marble, President-General of the Sons of the American Revolution; the Rev. William S. Demarest, President of Rutgers College; the Rev. Oscar M. Voorhees, President of the Classis of New York; the Rev. Benjamin E. Dickhaut of the First Presbyterian Church of Jamaica, L. I., and the Rev. Edward S. Ralston of the Second Reformed Church, Poughkeepsie.

WARNS POLICE LIEUTENANTS.

Promotion Depends Only on Ability, He Tells Those at Examination.

Mayor Gaynor addressed the Police Lieutenants yesterday at the annual civil service examination to renew the eligible list for Captain, in the rooms of the Municipal Civil Service Commission, 299 Broadway. He complimented the force in general and the work of Commissioner Cropsey in particular. He told the men that the day had passed when political influence will assist them in obtaining promotion, and warned them against paying anything for preferment. The Mayor concluded by stating that he did not believe that he could answer himself all the questions that had been submitted. This was his speech:

I fear that you cannot all hear my voice, but I will try to say a few words. The reason why I come here is my great anxiety to elevate the men of the Police Department, and make them intelligent and polite and gentlemanly.

Nine-tenths of the force is made up of splendid men. Every police Captain and every man on the force should know that he has no right to lay his hand on any one except as is permitted by law. That is the one thing that you men who are now seeking to be made Captains should know. The law gives you ample powers without going outside of the law, and no one in a public office under a free Government like ours can go outside of the law to exercise any power.

I have appointed a Police Commissioner at your head who knows the law well and knows this, and upon him you can always rely for justice and good advice.

The recent express strike which was taken care of under his supervision shows how the police should conduct themselves. Notwithstanding that they had troublesome things to deal with, and were much aggravated, no instance has been reported to me of a policeman using unlawful violence or doing any unlawful thing during the whole strike. And they managed things much better than if they had acted themselves in an unlawful manner.

I trust this examination will produce ten good men to be promoted to the position of Captain. I want to impress upon you the fact that no politician, however high or low, can help you in any way. Do not put up a dollar to anybody for an appointment. If you do you will lose it. The day when money can help you to promotion has gone by, and I hope forever.

I have looked over the questions submitted to you and I may as well say that I fear I could not answer some of them myself, and I am not sure that I see the point of some of them. However, you will be rated according to the intelligence of your answers. If you do not see the exact point, still you may make an answer which shows your intelligence and fitness.

And then, again, you all have to be looked at personally. But we cannot always tell a man by simply looking at him. As I said last Winter, a singed cat is often better than a better looking cat. But when you look at a man and talk with him you can generally tell what there is in him.

Before he went to the hall where the men were assembled he went over the questions in his office with the Civil Service Commission and Commissioner Cropsey.

MAYOR IS PLEASED WITH M'ADOO'S OFFER

Subway Proposal Put Before Him Before It Went to the Public Service Board.

LOOKS FOR OTHER BIDS

Shonts Says Willcox Didn't Quote Him Fully In Their Recent Controversy.

Mayor Gaynor added an expression of his satisfaction over the receipt of the McAdoo subway offer yesterday to those made by the other public officials who have to do with the question of rapid transit on Saturday, the day after the McAdoo proposal was received by the Public Service Commission.

It developed in this connection that Mr. McAdoo, before submitting his offer to the Public Service Commission, had gone over the entire matter with him, and the Mayor expressed the belief that the public should suspend judgment until the entire subway matter was presented. He said he assumed that there would be still other offers.

President McAneny of the Borough of Manhattan, who, on Saturday, declared that the receipt of the McAdoo proposal pleased him because it gave evidence of a healthful element of competition, said yesterday that he understood the Public Service Commission was now comparing the bids received on the portions of the triborough recently advertised with the sections of that route covered by the McAdoo proposals, with a view to ascertaining which of the contracts could be approved at this time without putting the city in a position where it would be unable to accept the McAdoo proposal later if that were deemed the wise course.

Chairman William R. Willcox of the Public Service Commission said he did not know just when the contracts for such parts of the triborough route as the commission may decide to award on the bids already received, would go to the Board of Estimate. He was asked whether a further delay in the submission of these contracts was due to the receipt of the offer of Mr. McAdoo on behalf of the Hudson & Manhattan Railway to operate with certain modifications the triborough route, and explained:

"We are considering all matters bearing on the situation, and I don't think any one will deny that Mr. McAdoo's offer does bear on it."

President Shonts of the Interborough Rapid Transit Company declared yesterday that Chairman Willcox of the Public Service Commission did not give him the benefit of the entire record in the interview with which Mr. Willcox closed the exchange of opinions between them last Thursday. The controversy arose over the question of what interpretation should be placed on the letter of President Shonts to Mr. Willcox on July 5 last, setting forth the Interborough's idea of subway extension.

In an interview in THE TIMES last Thursday morning, Mr. Shonts referred to this letter, and the correspondence that grew out of it as a "definite positive, and reasonable proposal." Chairman Willcox replied that he had considered the statements of the Interborough's position contained in that correspondence as suggestions and not as definite proposals, whereupon Mr. Shonts wrote to the commission to correct such a view. The Chairman then gave out an interview in the course of which he quoted a letter received from Mr. Shonts on July 12, saying:

"I know of no proposition which the Interborough has ever made to your commission regarding subway extensions except the proposition of March 10, 1909, and the one of June 30, 1900, both of which were declined by your commission."

What Mr. Shonts pointed out yesterday was that this quotation from the letter of July 12 related only to the proposals of the Interborough made the previous year to construct subway extensions on its own credit, and did not refer to the more recent letters exchanged between July 5 and July 12, 1910, and their statements of the attitude of the Interborough in the matter of operating subway extensions which the city might build for it on its own credit. In the letter of July 12, after recounting the course of the negotiations, Mr. Shonts said:

"The situation remained in this condition until I received a request from both you and his Honor the Mayor asking for our general views on the subway situation, which views were embodied in our letters to you, both of July 5, 1910. These letters merely presented our views, private capital being eliminated, on what we regard as the fundamental problem which it is the duty of the city authorities to solve—namely, how can the city use its funds applicable to subway construction so as to give the citizens the greatest amount of transportation for the least money in the shortest time, and what can the Interborough afford to do if you desire it to do anything which would be helpful in this situation?

"The substance of our opinion, as you are aware, is that nothing can be provided for probably twice the cost which will approach in extent the facilities given by the investment of $70,000,000 of city money in the construction of the logical extensions to the present subway, which extensions will provide superior facilities for the four boroughs on a five-cent fare."

NO VICE MAYOR FOR GAYNOR.

He Denies That He Will Urge Such a Post in Revised Charter.

Mayor Gaynor denied yesterday the report in a morning newspaper that he would assist any movement for the creation in the revised city Charter this year of the position of "Vice Mayor," to be clothed with all the powers of the present President of the Board of Aldermen, with the exception of the function of presiding over the meetings of that body.

He stated that he thought the suggestion very unjust, in view of the present cordial relations between himself and President Mitchel, and said that no such idea had occurred to him.

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French Cluny Tea Cloths
45 inches in diameter; very beautiful designs, that are sure to be popular. Our special price is $5.00

Fine Damask Napkins
of superior quality, designs of exceptional attractiveness; size 24x24½ inches; special price per dozen $5.00

$46 Beautiful Quartered Oak Sideboards at $35.00,
a very fine piece of furniture—an admirable acquisition for any dining room, made of polished quartered oak, elaborately carved; has a 48-inch swell front base and is fitted with a 20x40 inch bevel mirror, over which is a canopy top.

Massive Dining Chairs,
polished golden oak frame, with elaborate, deep carved top; upholstered back, and full spring seat, covered with genuine leather, at $7.50

Velvet Kimona Waists,
trimmed with loops and buttons of taffeta, in black and navy blue. Yoke, collar and cuffs are of dainty lace. Special price. $5.98

Women's Correct Heavy Weight Coats,
every fashionable model of the season, made of seal plush, broadcloth, or kersey, full length semi-fitting models, many are lined throughout; coats for outdoor wear, automobiling, walking or evening dress up wear. Special price $14.75

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Our 34c No. 1 cans at	18c
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IMPORTED.	12 Bottles.	Bottle.
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Austrian china, neatly decorated. Imported direct. We include 12 engraved glass water tumblers; for $9.39

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Poultry Shears, $1.13, $1.68 & $2.24.	Noodle Cutting Machines, $4.98.
Chafing Dishes, $3.74, $4.68 & $8.94.	Casseroles, $4.19 & $4.42.
Brown Bread Moulds, 32c, 42c & 56c.	
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Our Paris Bureau has contributed charming novelties to which we invite your especial attention. A few are:—

Black Velvet Grecian Scarf, the liberty satin lining turned back and embroidered with white china beads, pouch tassels to match, with pillow muff similarly bead-embroidered and tasselled.. $48.89

Embossed Velvet Rainbow Scarf very wide, in blue and red tones; chiffon-ribboned border, white liberty lining $33.48

Black Ribboned Chiffon Scarf, alternate strips closely jetted with gun metal, white, gold, silver or iridescent beads; rope border and heavy fringe to match $29.89

White Chiffon Scarf, worked in filet floral design with minute silver beads $24.48

Rose d'Or Tissue Scarf, small gold paillettes spangling all but the black border.. $19.89

Old Blue Brussels Net Scarf, the ends worked in floral design with white china beads; similar border and fringe $18.49

White Radium Crepe de Chine Scarf, very wide and long, bordered with block printed Empire design in white and delicate tints; fringed ends $16.89

Parisian Neck Ruff, black panne velvet bordered at edges with narrow white fur $12.89

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It is our constant aim to give to every production of this house a character and distinctiveness which shall be permanent as the piece itself. In every case the beauty of jewels and precious metals is augmented by the best thought and skill of the very highest type of Artist craftsmen.

Fifth Avenue & Thirty-ninth Street New York

Franko and Orchestra, Restaurant, Daily.

32 Years Leaders of Fashion
Simpson Crawford Co.
SIXTH AVE. 19TH TO 20TH STREET. NEW YORK

450 CARPET SIZE
IMPERIAL PERSIAN SERAPPI RUGS
IN A VERY SPECIAL SALE TO-DAY.

SIMPSON CRAWFORD COMPANY desire to call very special attention to this Sale, for it is an event of unusual interest and more than ordinarily attractive from the view point of economy.

450 Carpet Size Imperial Serappi Rugs.
The design in this rug gives it a bold geometrical effect. The colors which prevail are ivorys, dull reds, tans, combined with a peculiar opaline shade of blue. A combination which would please a collector or anyone who might desire a beautiful floor covering. We have made 3 prices:

Lot No. 1, sizes approximating 10x8	$95.00
Lot No. 2, sizes approximating 9x12	$150.00
Sizes approximating 10x13 and 14	$175.00
Larger sizes up to	$700.00

SIMPSON CRAWFORD CO., 6th AVE., 19th to 20th ST.

Olive Oil Drinkers

Have Firm Flesh, Perfect Digestion and Clear Complexions.

Take a tablespoon of pure olive oil each day before meals. You will soon realize that you are deriving great benefit. But be sure you take

CHIRIS

(pronounced SHERIS)

Olive Oil

Not only is it the most delicious of all olive oils, but it is the purest and richest in pure food values. It is the first pressing of selected French olives, bottled in France.

Send 10c. for a trial bottle and our pamphlet. "The Medicinal Value of Olive Oil."

C. G. EULER, United States Agent for Antoine Chiris, Grasse, France.
Dept. E, 18 Platt Street, New York.

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Stamped on a Shoe means Standard of Merit

6TH Ave. & 20TH St.

America's Largest Shoe Store.

MEN'S SHOES

We show the greatest variety of Men's Shoes in the newest models at $3.50.

They contain the most wear and comfort of any shoes at this price Because

They are Hand Lasted and have oak Tanned outer soles.

"Cammeyer" Style Book mailed free upon request.

Every customer receives the individual attention of a competent clerk.

Jaeger

Sanitary Goods.

Overheard in the cars:

"I have not worn an overcoat in eleven years."

"How's that?"

"Well, if you've got the right underwear, that's enough."

It turned out that the speaker wore Jaeger Underwear.

That's as it should be. More warmth in a suit of "Jaeger" than in two suits of any other brand.

Recommended by Physicians Everywhere

NEW YORK STORES
306 Fifth Ave.
22 Maiden Lane.
Brooklyn Store: 504 Fulton Street.

Thanks Be For Stetson Hats

Mighty good thing we don't have to go down in our pockets to pay a debt of thanks.

That would bankrupt a lot of us on Thanksgiving Day.

For, when it comes to the blessings of life, most of us run a charge account 364 days in the year.

Just think of the thousand thanks a man who wears Stetson hats owes for that alone.

Not only because of the aristocratic appearance of these hats.

But because they stand the hard knocks—you can dent them or cave them in a good many times before they'll look any the worse for wear.

While we're about it, here's another thing to be thankful for—that here's one place in this town where you can get any style of Stetson Hat you want—every shape and shade of hat Stetson makes is here at my store in the Metropolitan Life Building.

Soft Hats, $3.50 to $12. Stiff Hats, $3.50 to $10.

ACKERMAN
The Stetson Hat Man
9 East 23d St., Metropolitan Life Building, Also at 3d Ave., Cor. 23d St.

HIGH CLASS PIANO BARGAINS

The accompanying list of high-class pianos will give some idea of the unusual values offered at the Big Wissner Sale of Used Pianos. Some of them are as good as new. They were rebuilt or overhauled at our factories, where every facility and appliance is at hand to do the work properly and should not be compared with those that are simply tuned and polished. These instruments are worthy your investigation.

Original Price.	Sale Price
$450 Sohmer	$205
450 Bradbury	210
500 Kroeger	215
400 Leckerling	220
300 Reinhard	225
400 Leckerling	230
600 Kroeger	235
500 Chickering	240
500 Chickering	245
550 Steinway	250
500 Wissner	255
550 Wissner	265

OPEN EVENINGS
WISSNER WAREROOMS
96 5th Av., Cor. 15th St., New York.
538-540 Fulton St., Brooklyn.

ROADS COULD SAVE $1,000,000 A DAY

Brandeis Says Scientific Management Would Do It—Calls Rate Increases Unnecessary.

MANUFACTURERS ON STAND

Describe to the Commerce Commission Methods by Which They Increased Their Profits 30 Per Cent.

Special to The New York Times.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Louis D. Brandeis of Boston, representing a traffic committee of the Eastern shippers, told the Inter-State Commerce Commission today that not only are the railroads of the country not justified in making the sweeping increases of rates which have been in controversy since early Summer and which they are now seeking to have the commission authorize, but that they are actually managing their business so unscientifically that more than $1,000,000 a day could be saved by improved methods. The aggregate of the proposed rate increases has been estimated at about $75,000,000 a year.

Mr. Brandeis's Speech.

Mr. Brandeis spoke, in part, as follows:

"Although the burden of proof is upon the railroads to show that the proposed increases in rates are just and reasonable, their counsel have, throughout these hearings, refrained from stating the grounds upon which they rest such contention. But the testimony introduced on behalf of the railroads, particularly that of President McCrea of the Pennsylvania, President Willard of the Baltimore & Ohio, President Brown of the New York Central, and Vice President Stuart of the Erie, shows that the contention of the railroads is substantially this:

"1. That a greater net income is necessary in order that present dividends may be maintained, or be properly increased, and that certain additions and improvements be made from surplus income, to the end that the new capital which is required for making improvements and for increasing transportation facilities may be secured.

"2. That this need of greater income arises from the fact that the ratio of operating expenses to gross operating revenues has risen monthly by reason mainly of the recent advances in the rate of wages, and burdens imposed through acts of Congress, such as the laws providing for safety appliances, the laws limiting the hours of labor, and the laws under which this commission has standardized railroad accounting and required fuller reports.

"3. That this greater net income cannot be secured otherwise than through increases in freight rates, as the possibility of economies in operation have (at least for the leading railroads) been practically exhausted.

"4. That the proposed increases in freight rates, which are confined practically to horizontal increases of long-distance class rates, are the proper means of raising such additional net income.

The Shippers' Side of It.

"The shippers and consumers of the Atlantic seaboard take issue with the railroads on substantially all of these propositions.

"In the first place we submit that even if the railroads do need additional net income, no evidence has been adduced to show that the particular increases in freight rates now under consideration are just and reasonable; and we shall offer evidence to show that the contrary is true; that the horizontal increase in class rates, as proposed, would cast new burdens, particularly upon the small producer and consumer; that it makes arbitrarily a sweeping change of long distance rates which have to a large extent been in effect for nearly a generation; changes made without evidence whether the existing rates are or are not amply compensatory; changes affecting more than 4,000 different articles made without adequate investigation into the effect upon the particular industries to which they apply; changes involving grave injustice, among other reasons, because the rates discriminate unreasonably in favor of articles to which commodity rates apply and also because they discriminate to some extent in favor of local traffic.

"We shall therefore contend that even if the railroads need additional net income, and some raise in freight rates were a proper means of securing such additional income, the commission should not approve the particular tariffs now under consideration, because the particular increases in question are not shown to be just and reasonable.

"In the second place, we shall offer evidence tending to show that even if the railroads need additional net income, it should be secured through greater efficiency and economy of operation instead of resorting to the dangerous expedient of raising freight rates.

Limit of Economies.

"The eminent railroad Presidents who testified before your commission have declared that further economies are practically unobtainable. Thus President McCrea of the Pennsylvania said:

> So far as concerns economies which will result from reduction in grades, increased hauling capacity of locomotives, and increased capacity of cars, the companies are to-day already practically deriving the full benefit from those which are possible in this direction due to expenditures heretofore made that have practically completed our great reductions and have probably reached the maximum size for our cars and engines.

"Again, when I asked him: 'You stated that you thought the limit of increase in efficiency and resultant economy was practically reached,' Mr. McCrea answered, 'I did, Sir.' And he added also: 'There is no reason in my judgment for expecting that further increase of gross earnings will tend materially to reduce this operating ratio except to the extent to which increased rates of freight will tend to do this.'

"To these declarations of despair involving a vicious circle of ever-increasing freight rates and ever-increasing cost of living, we oppose the gospel of hope. As an alternative to the practice of combining to raise rates and hence to increase prices, we offer co-operation to reduce costs and hence to lower prices. This can be done through the introduction of scientific management, resulting in greater efficiency and greater economy in operation. In so saying, we offer a constructive policy of management, not personal criticism of those to whom the management of railroads is now entrusted.

Scientific Management Demanded.

"Undoubtedly there exists among railroad men the same difference in the degree of competency as in men engaged in other lines of business. Their competency and ability is no less, and is perhaps no greater than that existing in the private industries; and it is no doubt true that railroad managers have been subjected to certain strains upon competency, from which managers of most private businesses are ordinarily free.

"For in railroading the stimulus of competition has been largely removed, in many of the railroad systems the increase in size has created burdens greater than human capacity can carry, and frequently erratic interference with the management by the financial interests of 'Wall Street,' as it is commonly expressed, has greatly increased the difficulty of those charged with the operation of the properties, and has often prevented effective and economic operation.

"We shall show you how scientific management, when applied to the simple operation of loading a railroad car with pig iron, increased the performance of the individual worker from 12½ to 47 tons; how, when applied to shoveling coal it doubled or trebled the performance of the shoveler; how, when applied to the operations of a machine shop, it developed, in certain operations, increases ranging from 400 to 1,800 per cent.; how, when applied to brick laying, the day's accomplishment rose from 1,000 to 2,700 brick.

"We shall show that the principles of scientific management are general in their application; that they can be introduced into practically all businesses and all departments of any business; that they have been successfully applied in private competitive businesses like machine shops and factories, steel works and paper mills, cotton mills and shoes shops, in bleacheries and dye works, in printing and in bookbinding, in lithographic establishments, in the manufacture of typewriters and optical instruments, in construction and engineering work and in activities not commonly classed as business; and that recently, to some extent, they have been introduced by the United States Government into the manufacturing department of the army.

"We shall show also that, to a very slight extent, these principles of scientific management have been applied in railroading, and that, insofar as they have been so applied, they have obtained valuable results similar to those obtained in private competitive businesses.

"And finally, we propose to show the huge field for the application of scientific management in American railroad operation and the rich fruit in economies and improved service which may be expected to result, economies which have been estimated as aggregating in amount more than a million dollars a day.

"Besides economies from the introduction of scientific management, there are, as we shall show you, other economies possible in railroad operation attainable under the present system of management by the introduction of new devices, like the substitution of machines for hand labor. For instance, for comparatively small capital expenditure large economies are believed to be possible through the use of appropriate machinery in the handling of freight in loading and unloading, warehousing and accounting, thus not only reducing the terminal expense, but overcoming the congestion of the terminals, a condition constituting one of the most serious transportation problems."

System Saved 30 Per Cent.

The first witness called by Mr. Brandeis was H. K. Hathaway of the Tabor Manufacturing Company of Philadelphia. Mr. Hathaway, a young man, clean cut in his ideas and incisively direct in his answers, said he had served his time in the Williamson Trade School, and a two years' apprenticeship in the Midvale Steel Works. Then for a time he was with the Link Belt Company, and in 1904 he went to the Tabor Company to introduce the system of scientific management of their shop.

This concern was said to be classed among the smaller manufacturing concerns of the country employing originally 150 men and having an output of about $400,000 worth of machinery yearly. The business was not profitable in 1904, and following the introduction of the new system there was no increase the first year. The second year the concern broke even, and the third year there was a marked improvement, and now the business is very profitable. This change was brought about by a 30 per cent. reduction of the cost of production.

In 1904 the company paid the prevailing wages. With the introduction of the new system the prevailing wages were paid and a bonus of 35 per cent. if the workman accomplished his work satisfactorily according to the standard of requirements set for him. Under the old way of running the shop they had about 115 employes at the machines. Under the new system they have twenty functional employes and 75 men at the machines. The foreman and assistant foreman of the old system were gone and in their place there were various employes such as the gang boss, the speed boss, and the Inspector. All the machines and tools had been standardized, the belting was all looked after to secure the fullest power, a plentiful supply of small cutting tools was secured, and complete system of arrangement and planning the work was established.

"Our men earn from 25 to 30 per cent. more than the same class of workmen in other shops doing the same sort of work. The company is selling its output, which is mainly molding machines for foundries and saws at 15 per cent. less than it was six years ago, and yet we are doing between two and three times the amount of work. The shop was making all it could do in 1904, and without addition to its buildings and with but $6,000 increase of cost in getting new machinery in place of the old, and investment of about $3,000 in tools, is making very considerably more money now with lower prices and ten competitors against it where six years ago were but two or three.

"Certain employes are provided who move all tools and all parts of material, so that the man at the machine has nothing of this sort to do. All orders are posted up on the bulletin, so that the entire shop knows what it is doing all the time. There is an order-of-work man on the staff who sees that every part of a job is being done and that every machine has its work in hand. The sum total of it all is that the machinist works all the time and the company gets the benefit of his constant labor.

How the System Works.

"The gang boss is the teacher. The speed boss sees that the machines are run properly, and the Inspector continually keeps his eye on the quality of the work. Every machine thus is doing all the time three or four times as much work as it formerly did. The workman does not work any harder now than he formerly did, but he works to better advantage.

"Of the functional men four are paid as much as the old general foreman received, but by the reduction of the number of men at the machines the total cost of labor is about the same as it was under the old system. The four functional men are expert in charge of plan or method by which the work is to be done, the man in charge of the instruction cards, the man who looks after the order of work, and the one who keeps track of cost. The other men on the functional staff are for the most part clerks necessary to keep the entire system in good running order. The time for the performance of a job was computed by putting together the time allowed for the performance of the various units of operation, and these were determined by holding stop watches over men at work on the machines until a general safe working average could be ascertained. We figure the speed of machines with slide rules or tables.

"In the strike last Spring but one of our men joined the sympathetic strike. Ours is an open shop. I do not know how many men are union men. Most of them probably are non-union men. We have no collective bargaining with them. They work fifty-four hours a week. We pay a day rate of wages as high as that of any of the shops around us. The same system is in operation in one other shop in Philadelphia, and also in the Midvale Steel Company's shops. I think it tends to make the working force more stable.

Use for Unskilled Labor.

Under cross-examination conducted for the carriers by Mr. O. E. Butterfield, counsel for the New York Central, Mr. Hathaway disclaimed for himself any originality in the new system, and named several mechanical engineers who have been engaged in Philadelphia and elsewhere in introducing it in different factories. He said that they were able now to make use of a class of unskilled labor that before they could not. Young men were set to grinding saws and drilling, these being occupations that they could be taught to perform in a few hours. The average pay per week for these hands was from $12 to 014, and for the skilled men $25 to $27. Mr. Frank Lyon, counsel for the commission, asked if the same thing could not be introduced in railroad shops, and Mr. Hathaway said he could see no good reason why it should not be.

The next witness called by Mr. Brandeis was James Mapes Dodge, President of the Link Belt Company, which has large shops in Philadelphia, Indianapolis, and Chicago, and makes many kinds of machinery and employs from 1,800 to 3,500 men. The company has been in existence since 1874, and Mr. Dodge, who has been with it since 1878, said he was a machinist by trade and had been President of the American Society of Mechanical Engineers. He declared that the Link Belt Company had adopted a system identical with that already described by Mr. Hathaway.

"On the whole," said Mr. Dodge, "the shops became twice as efficient as they had been under the old system. We pay the prevailing wages and a bonus of from 25 to 30 per cent. The saving to the company in cost of production is about 15 per cent. We do not make this as a profit, as we have been selling on a falling market the last few years, and probably prices are fully 15 per cent. lower than they were six years ago. Our contracts are always based on the cost of production, and we have given our patrons the benefit of the cost reduction and added our profit."

Commissioner Lane at this point asked why it was that the Link Belt Company, being the only large concern in its line of manufacturing that has adopted the scientific system of managing, has not run its competitors out of the market. To this Mr. Dodge said that they had simply divided their savings in production among their workmen, their patrons, and the company.

Railway Shops Wasteful.

"Railroad shops," said Mr. Dodge, in response to questions from Commissioner Lane, "could reduce cost if they would. But they do not. When a man or a concern is making a thing for himself or for the company the work is not done as well as it would be if it were done to be sold in the market in competition with other concerns. We all know that."

He added that under the scientific system the attitude of the men toward his company had always been cordial and friendly. In the recent strike in Philadelphia not a man had gone out of their shops.

It was announced at the adjournment for the day that the commission had decided to extend the time in which the carriers may answer questions 1, 2, 3, and 4 in the schedules submitted to them to Dec. 5, and questions 5, 6, and 7 to Jan. 5. Carriers were urged to give their reasons for not giving the information sought if they do not furnish it. The first four questions relate to mileage revenues, equipment and transportation matters and general expenses, different classes of equipment, &c. The other questions on which the time limit was extended to Jan. 5 relate to authorizations, contracts, property descriptions, liens, securities, earnings and profits and their respective application to equipment, additions and betterments, sinking funds, and other purposes.

Marble Company Attached.

Deputy Sheriff Goss has received an attachment for $15,613 against the Colorado-Yule Marble Company of Colorado in favor of J. Frank Kerwin, on a note which was assigned to him by the National Reserve Bank. The note was dated Oct. 11, 1909, to the order of the C. F. Meek Marble Company of Colorado, and has passed through several concerns. The Sheriff served the attachment on the Colonial Trust Company. The company is capitalized at $5,000,000, it is said.

SHE LOST HER CASE.

Mrs. Hamilton Couldn't Afford a Lawyer and Must Pay a Judgment.

Mrs. Ada Hamilton, defendant in a suit for $400, after explaining to Supreme Court Justice Gerard that she could not afford to hire a lawyer, insisted yesterday upon conducting her own case, and seemed vastly put out when she lost it.

"Judgment in favor of the plaintiff for $475," was the decision.

"Does that mean that he wins?" asked Mrs. Hamilton.

She was told that it meant just that.

"Well, Judge, I am surprised at you," she commented gloomily.

The plaintiff was Robert W. Amick, assignee of a claim of William C. Adams, who has a New Jersey sanitarium where, it was said, Mrs. Hamilton sent her son, running up a bill of some $400, including the expenses of her occasional visits to him there. Mrs. Hamilton and Adams differed, it was shown, as to whether she and her son were "paying guests" or just "guests."

A Connoisseur will tell you that the delicious flavor and boquet of

Frisbie Collars

No tie-fussing or collar-mussing with Frisbie Collars. Plenty of slide-room and knot-space. Every shape and height that Fashion says "Yes!" to.

25 cents for Two

AT MOST GOOD SHOPS

MADE BY FRISBIE, COON & Co. TROY, N.Y.

Evening Dress Garments for Men

With your work-a-day clothes, you may be indifferent or even careless, but by their very function, Evening Garments demand a faithful adherence to established forms, even unto the minor details.

Such, then, are Hackett-Carhart Evening Dress Garments.

They are as nearly perfect in every essential as head-and-hand can make a garment.

Evening Dress Suits, $35, $45, $55.
Dinner Suits, $33, $43, $45.
Silk Waistcoats, $5.00 and $7.00.

Hackett Carhart & Co

841 Broadway, at 13th St. 265 Broadway, near Chambers St.

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OPERA GLASSES

LEMAIRE

FIELD GLASSES

BEST IN THE WORLD

TRADE MARK

On Under Side of Middle Bar

Used in the Army and Navy

The Provident Loan Society OF NEW YORK

Loans from $1 to $1000 upon pledge of personal property.

INTEREST RATES

One per cent. (1%) per month or fraction thereof.

One-half per cent. (½%) charged upon loans repaid within two weeks from date of making.

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Graham Avenue cor. Debevoise St.
Pitkin Avenue cor Rockaway Avenue

NEW OFFICE NOW OPEN 148th St. & Courtlandt Av. THE BRONX

THE WAY TO PEACE

A Book to Read and to Give

By Margaret Deland

Not for a gift alone, but to read and embrace, is this new book by Mrs. Deland. The pictures by Alice Barber Stephens are in perfect accord with the sweetness of the story—an episode in the life of a husband and wife, told with simple strength and deep understanding. Its theme is an unusual one—the danger of following an impulse, even when that impulse is apparently for good, unless one is prepared to take all the consequences. The background is a quiet Shaker community.

HARPER & BROTHERS

"I Propose

to show that the leaders of the Mormon Church have broken their covenant with the nation, that they have abused the confidence of the Gentiles of Utah and betrayed the trust of the people under their power."—Ex-U. S. Senator Frank J. Cannon in the December Everybody's Magazine.

The Mormon King

SENATOR Cannon writes the truth about the Mormons. He writes the story of the establishment of an absolute throne and dynasty by one American citizen over half a million others.—He writes the story of the absolute rule of this one man, Joseph F. Smith, the Mormon Prophet, a religious fanatic of small and bitter mind, giving commandments of perfidy as the divinely ordained "mouthpiece of the Lord," living, like the Grand Turk, with five wives, openly, against the temporal law of the State, against the spiritual law of his "Kingdom of God." The story begins in the December Everybody's.

How It Feels To Fly

HOW it really feels—"hurtling aimlessly through a vast nowhere—in front a cyclonic wind—and far, far below, the earth flying by, flying by, flying by, smoothly, rapidly, incessantly, diaphanous and pale yellow, like the inundation of a river." You'll feel yourself flying, as James Hopper describes his flight—in the December Everybody's.

What Is "It"?

WHEN Wm. C. Whitney died, he had no Metropolitan Street Railway stocks—but he "owned" the road. When H. O. Havemeyer died, he owned just enough Sugar Trust stock to qualify as a director—but he *was* sugar. What did these men have? What does Morgan have in banks and railroads and insurance companies where he has not invested a cent of money? What is "It"? Lincoln Steffens points the way to the right answer. His story is in the December Everybody's.

Women Wasters

A WASTER, according to William Hard, is a nice girl—the kind that "trades a sweet disposition or an intelligent appreciation of opera for three meals a day," the kind that drops "a sentimental, non-negotiable, plugged nickel into the slot machine of life and draws out a motor car and a country place—and is innocently pleased." You know the kind. Her story is in the December Everybody's.

Everybody's Magazine

The December Number At All News-stands

15 Cents a Copy—$1.50 a Year
The Ridgway Co.—New York

SHERLOCK HOLMES IN NEW ADVENTURE

And a Melodrama by Sir Arthur Conan Doyle Which Has Some Effective Scenes.

ALSO MUCH THAT IS TIRESOME

Difficulty of Trying to Reincorporate a Figure Long Identified with an Individual Personality.

THE SPECKLED BAND; AN ADVENTURE OF SHERLOCK HOLMES. A Play in Three Acts and Five Scenes. By Sir Arthur Conan Doyle. Garrick Theatre.

Dr. Grimesby Rylott	Edwin Stevens
Enid Stonor	Irene Fenwick
Mrs. Staunton	Katherine Brook
Rollgers	John Findlay
Ali, an Indian	H. H. McCollum
Mr. Scott Wilson	Cyril Chadwick
Mr. Armitage	Ben Field
Mr. Longbrace	Alexander Frank
Mr. Brewer	Ivan F. Simpson
Inspector Downing	W. Coats Hush
Coroner's Officer	John M. Troughton
Mr. Holt Loaming	Frank Shannon
Mr. James B. Montague	W. Soderling
Billy	Kenneth Meinken
Dr. Watson	Ivo Dawson
Peters	C. Later
Mr. Sherlock Holmes	Charles Millward

Persons who saw that sensational classic "Nellie, the Beautiful Cloak Model," will probably recall some of the various direful deeds attempted upon the heroine by the villain of the piece. At one place, for instance, he bound Nellie to a railroad track at a moment when the lightning express was due; at another Nellie, by his orders, was tied hand and foot and thrown from a bridge into the East River, whence she was luckily rescued by the hero, and so on from one direful experience to another. Finally, in the last act the villainous person quite naïvely remarked: "Nellie, why are you afraid of me?"

Somehow or other we were reminded more than once of Nellie and her villainous friend at the Garrick Theatre last evening, where Dr. Grimesby Rylott, an Anglo-Indian (something very dreadful you may be sure from the way Mr. Sherlock Holmes dwelt upon it,) after compassing the death of one sister, abusing the other, and lastly planning for her death, repeatedly inquired why she was "suspicious" of him.

Being a normal sort of young person with a sweetheart of her own, the only wonder seemed to be that Miss Enid Stoner, the Anglo-Indian surgeon's stepdaughter, tarried as long as she did. For there were enough goings on in the house to upset even stronger nerves.

To begin with, the mysterious death of Miss Enid's sister at night time, with sounds of strange music in the air, and the subsequent discovery that there was no apparent cause for death, no chance for any one to have entered her room, no signs of suicide or murder, no physical lesion—might have been regarded as suspicious, to say the least. Again, the strange surgeon's peculiar mode of life, his secretiveness, his sudden fits of temper, and, worse still, his obviously insincere attempts at subsequent conciliation, might all have been supposed to create some doubt in the young lady's mind.

However, no one should blame her, considering that a specially summoned Coroner's jury, and not without knowledge of the common gossip about the surgeon's peculiar ways, was willing to go away satisfied after bringing in the verdict, "cause of death unknown." All but one of them, that is, a Mr. Armitage, the village grocer, who was born a Methodist, and expected to die one, and who, in the meantime, had his suspicions, and was the one to eventually bring the case before the celebrated Sherlock Holmes. Which in a way is a pity, for "The Speckled Band," without its somewhat too labored effort at dragging in the celebrated detective, is not such very uninteresting melodramatic stuff. Where it suffers most is in a second act taking place mostly in Holmes's room, introducing the detective and some very uninteresting clients, and retarding the development of the main story, which is strange enough to have some holding power of its own.

There is always danger in attempting the reincarnation of a figure so strongly identified as Sherlock Holmes. Mr. Gillette has made him so peculiarly his own that the actor and man are more or less identical in the imagination. And so no other actor, unless he was a very wonderful mimic, could hope to create a complete sense of illusion in the rôle. This difficulty is in itself enough to put a heavy handicap on the play even had Sir Arthur Conan Doyle written as interestingly as heretofore. But except for the first act of the Coroner's inquest, which is rather amusing, and the final scene where, after considerable delay, the writhing snake is seen making its way through a hole in the wall, and with a properly gruesome effect, the play is largely tedious with talk. There is too much preparation—too much fuse and too little explosion after.

Holmes used to strike us as being quite a witty person in his way. But he isn't here. And except for the fact that he does arrive in time to discover the fact that the doctor person has a snake ally in his deviltry, which has been taught to climb down a bell rope into the sleeping apartment upon hearing the Indian servant play on the pipes, he does not appear to be so very remarkable a person as we had imagined. As it is, Dr. Watson—or is it Sherlock Holmes himself—gives the snake a good beating with a rattan cane, whereupon the beastie crawls back into his hole and promptly winds himself about the doctors neck, who appears writhing in agony and falls dead in time for the final curtain.

In the original Sherlock Holmes there was vastly more of suspense, more of action, and more of surprise than in this sequel. Again, too, in the original play the character of the detective, as outlined by the playwright and as developed by Mr. Gillette, was full of interesting details, which, to be sure, are unnecessary here, now that we know the figure so well, and yet which, being absent, rob it of most of its color.

Charles Milward is a good actor and gives a good straightforward performance of the detective, with an amusingly played scene, in which he disguises himself, but there can be no doubt that in this instance a far more effective performance for the purpose would have resulted if he had succeeded in imitating the mannerisms and slow, drawling method of Mr. Gillette. Here, at least, is one case where imitation, besides being the sincerest flattery, would have created the best sort of an illusion possible under the circumstances. Obviously, however, Mr. Holmes has regarded the doctor as the more important rôle in this play, and Edwin Stevens assuredly succeeds in conveying the impression of a most unpleasant and dangerous sort of person. Of the others Ivan Simpson doubles two small parts nicely, and John Findlay, Benjamin Field, Cyril Chadwick, and Ivo Dawson do small parts very well.

Miss Irene Fenwick, the unhappy heroine in this play, is so very lovely and dresses so charmingly that she is at once appealing. She plays neatly, too, until something of depth or passion must be sounded, and here lack of training and proper direction are evident. For one thing, Miss Fenwick must learn to use deeper tones of voice in scenes which need to be colored with emotion.

Flights at Mobile.

MOBILE, Ala., Nov. 21.—Many persons to-day witnessed four aeroplane flights by J. A. McCurdy and Augustus Post. The aviators did not begin their exhibition until nearly sundown. McCurdy made three flights, the last time executing a spiral dip. The flights will continue daily this week.

JAMES J. HILL SEES A POOR YEAR AHEAD

But Business Is Within the Speed Limit, So There'll Be No Broken Axles and No Broken Necks.

LESS EMPLOYMENT, PERHAPS

And Not Enough Railway Development, but All Will Be Right After We Have Reaped Our Little Whirlwind.

James J. Hill, to whom the financial district frequently looks for forecasts of the general business outlook, upon his return from the West yesterday expressed the belief that there would almost inevitably be a want of employment this coming year, but that trouble would be avoided because the business men of the country have lessened their commitments and exercised a good deal of prudence. Mr. Hill feels that the year ahead is one which will bring the natural results of tendencies which have shown themselves in the last two or three years.

"We have sown to the wind," said Mr. Hill yesterday, "and must expect to reap the whirlwind. This will mean loss of employment for many men." Mr. Hill has no misgivings of the final outcome.

"The business of the country," he said, "is all right, for it is proceeding under caution. It is not exceeding the speed limit, and there will be no broken axles and no broken necks. In the Northwest general business is good with the exception of the grain situation, and in the Middle West business is good as a whole. Take the case of my own road. While last year our gross earnings showed an increase of about $10,000,000, it looked for a time as if this fiscal year they would show a decrease of from $2,000,000 to $3,000,000, but the indications now are that they will be up to last year's and the net will be better.

"The railroad situation as a whole, however, is not good. They are handling a good deal of business and they will handle a good deal, but the trouble is that there has been no new work done by the railroads, and when traffic expands more (it has grown the past ten years at an average of about 15 per cent. a year) there will be congestion, and that in the centres of heaviest traffic will mean added expense."

Mr. Hill would not discuss the rate situation yesterday. It is understood among his friends, however, that he does not attach much importance to the argument advanced in behalf of the shippers that what the railroads need is not an advance in rates but more economic operation. Mr. Hill on his own lines has attained some remarkable results in the way of economical operation, and his belief is understood to be that not enough can be accomplished in the way of further increased efficiency to meet increased expenses.

Mr. Hill would not say to what extent his lines and other railroads are likely to place orders this year for rails and equipment. None of the Hill lines has yet decided on the amount of its rail orders.

President Darius Miller of the Chicago, Burlington & Quincy, one of the Hill roads, also talked yesterday of conditions.

His branch of the Hill system runs through the corn belt, which has never before had so prosperous a harvest. "We have had a mighty good October," said President Miller, "and anticipate a continuance of the present volume of business. Where the Northern Pacific and Great Northern have been handicapped by the shrinkage in the wheat crop compared with last year's, our corn belt business has been swelled by a bumper crop."

President Miller explained that the Burlington had not yet placed its order for 1911 rails because it had not yet been definitely decided what the requirements would be. He said, however, that the tonnage ordered would not run above 40,000. He anticipates no trouble with the locomotive engineers, although it will not be known until after their meeting on Dec. 12 what their demands will be. There will be no differences, he said, which cannot be arbitrated.

Arnold Daly Heads American's Bill.

Another long bill was given at the American Music Hall yesterday, headed by Arnold Daly in the comedy sketch, "The Van Dyck," by Cosmo Gordon Lennox. Mr. Daly presented this at the Berkeley Lyceum a few years ago, and has given it in vaudeville several times. Other numbers of the bill were the Boston Fadette Orchestra, John C. Rice and Sally Cohen in "The Path of the Primroses," the Carpatt brothers, George Primrose, Willa Holt Wakefield, Clarice Vance, Taylor Granville and company in "The Star Bout," Harry Jolson, Charles Bartholomew, Bertossi and Archangeli, Garcia, Johnson and Wells, and Adams and Mack.

WEEK'S BILLS AT THE THEATRES

At the City Theatre the attraction is Bessie McCoy and her Globe Theatre company in "The Echo."

H. B. Warner in "Alias Jimmy Valentine" is at the West End Theatre this week for a final visit before starting on tour.

The attraction at the Circle Theatre is Thomas A. Wise in "A Gentleman from Mississippi," the comedy of Washington political life that had a run at the Bijou Theatre two seasons ago.

At the Grand Opera House the Thanksgiving Week attraction is "The Arcadians," played by the company recently seen at the New York Theatre.

"The Arcadians" is also the attraction at the Montauk Theatre, Brooklyn, this week, presented by the company headed by Julia Sanderson and Percival Knight.

Odiva, with feats of swimming and diving, heads the bill at Hammerstein's Victoria Theatre this week. Among the others appearing are Pat Rooney and Marion Bent, Harry Tate's "Motoring," James and Sadie Leonard, Bixley and Fink, the Arlington Four, Schichtler's Manikins, Ringe and Farrell, and Chester B. Johnson.

Maclyn Arbuckle and company in "The Welcher" is the headliner at Keith & Proctor's Fifth Avenue Theatre, and among the other numbers on the programme are Sam Chip and Mary Marble, the Charles Ahern Troupe, Nonette, Patsy Doyle, Barry and Wolford, the Dagwell sisters, the Onetti sisters, and Wentworth and Vesta.

The bill at the Colonial Theatre is headed by Christy Mathewson and Chief Meyers in "Curves," Marshall P. Wilder appears in a monologue, and others on the bill are the Pianophiend Minstrels, Eddie Leonard and Maggie Russell, Rebledillo, the Gasch Sisters, Roland and West, and Catherine Hayes and Sabel Johnson.

At the Alhambra the bill is headed by the Russian dancers with Baldina and Kosloff. George M. Cohan's musical sketch, "The Governor's Son," is another important number, and the rest of the programme includes Frank Fogarty, Jones and Deeley, Luciana Lucca, and the Pederson brothers.

Julius Steger, in "The Way to the Heart," is the headliner at the Bronx Theatre, and others who appear are Homer B. Mason and Marguerite Keeler, Morton and Moore, Connelly and Wenrich, Ruby Raymond, Carlotta, Ben Welch, Leo Carillo, and Lancton Lucia.

The Orpheum Theatre, Brooklyn, has for its Thanksgiving Week programme Lillian Shaw, "The Man from the Sea," Marcel's Art Studies, Yorke and Adams, Bothwell Browne, Henry Clive and Mae Sturges Walker, and the Seven Belfords.

The bill at the Plaza Music Hall includes Maud Hall Macy, the Musical Stoddards, Josie and Willie Barrow, Powell and company, Delanley and Waldman, and Dotson and Lucas.

The attraction at the Columbia Theatre is "The Bon Tons" company, presenting a two-act burlesque called "Mrs. Backbay's College." The vaudeville numbers between the acts include the Dunedin Troupe, the Donegan sisters, and Feeley and Kelly.

AMUSEMENT NOTES.

Lizzie Hudson Collier has been engaged to play the role of Mrs. Hofer in "The Great Name," in which Henry Kolker is to be starred by Henry W. Savage.

Rehearsals of "The Boss," by Edward Sheldon, author of "Salvation Nell," will begin this week. Holbrook Blinn will be starred in this piece by William A. Brady.

Charles Frohman received notice yesterday that a copyright performance of "The Impostor" had been given in London in the Globe Theatre. This is the play by Leonard Merrick and Michael Morton, in which Annie Russell will begin her tour next month.

The children of "The Blue Bird" company visited the Hippodrome yesterday afternoon under the chaperonage of Margaret Wycherly, who plays Light in the Maeterlinck fairy play. Through the courtesy of R. H. Burnside, the stage director, the "Unborn Souls" and others from the Majestic Theatre took part in the audience portion of the circus scene and witnessed the rest of the show from the boxes.

Furs and Motor Wear at our New Store, Broadway, at 49th St.

BRILL CLOTHES
WELL-MADE

Munsingwear Best Union Underwear $1 to $3.50

Good dressing tops off the man as well as the turkey

Winter Overcoats and Suits

$25 $30 $35 $40

TO wear a Brill Overcoat or a Brill Suit is good dressing. To buy one is true economy. The workmanship is of the highest grade, ensuring perfect fit, permanent shapeliness and long wear. A great variety of models in rough and smooth fabrics.

SUITS and overcoats, in young men's and conservative models, all wool fabrics, newest colorings, styled and tailored up to the generally accepted $20 standard, the greatest values ever offered, at **$15**

Full Dress and Tuxedo Suits, $25 to $50

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BROADWAY, At 49th Street.
279 BROADWAY, Near Chambers St.
125TH STREET, At Third Ave.
47 CORTLANDT ST., Near Greenwich.
UNION SQUARE, 14th St., Near B'way.

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THE HOUSE OF BETTER VALUES

R. H. Macy & Co.'s Attractions Are Their Low Prices.

Macy's

B'way at 6th Av. 34th to 35th Sts.

REMEMBER!

OUR REGULAR TUESDAY SPECIALS

Advertised in Yesterday's Papers.

OUR BULLETIN SPECIALS

Announced on Bulletins Throughout the Store.

THANKSGIVING DINNER AT 59c.

Wednesday at 11.30 A. M. to 2 P. M.
IN OUR RESTAURANT—8th Floor.
Blue Points or Little Neck Clams
Olives, Radishes, Celery
Cream of Chicken, Princess; or **Consomme,** Nordica
Filet of Salmon, Joinville; or **Eggs Florentine**
Stuffed Lamb Chops, Nelson; or **Roast Turkey** with Cranberry Sauce
June Peas, Pommes Rissole
Salad a la Russe
Biscuit Tortoni, Mince or Pumpkin Pie
Coffee, Tea or Cider

ANNUAL APRON SALE 2d Floor, 34th st.

A well known Macy sale that needs no further introduction. We simply need announce more complete preparedness than ever before—and greater values.

Parlor Aprons

Lawn Aprons, round, fitted band, trimmed with dainty eyelet embroidery straps, also trimmed and joined with embroidery beading 64c

Princess Aprons, sheer lawn, belt trimmed with wide embroidery edge, Dutch bib, trimmed with embroidered straps 99c

Round Apron, fine lawn, fine tucks, edged with dainty Swiss embroidery, embroidered bib and strap $1.39

Square Apron, trimmed with scalloped embroidery, two pockets, strap trimmed with embroidery $1.39

Square Apron, all-over embroidery insertion, embroidered straps joined with veining, collar and cuffs to match, wide strings $1.69

Holiday Aprons

Maids' Small Square Aprons, fine lawn fitted band, trimmed with embroidery 29c

Square Apron, small tucks above hem, two pockets trimmed with tucks, wide hem 24c

Small Round Apron, dotted crossbar lawn, trimmed with wide embroidery ruffle and pocket 49c

Small Round Aprons, dotted Swiss, with dainty dotted embroidery pocket, ribbon bow 74c

Small Round Aprons, dotted crossbar lawn, princess pointed effect, trimmed with embroidery 74c

Waitress Aprons

Princess Aprons, lawn, trimmed with two rows of dainty embroidery. Bib and bretelle also trimmed $1.49

Crossbar Aprons, hemstitched tucked strap and hem 79c

Small Square Aprons, lawn trimmed all around with pretty embroidery insertion 49c

Band Aprons, lawn, trimmed with large and small hemstitched tucks 24c

Maids' Aprons, fine lawn, hemstitched strap and wide hem 39c

Princess Aprons, fine lawn, hemstitched tucked strap and pocket 49c

Princess Aprons, dainty tucked strap, deep hem and pocket 49c

Heavy Lawn Apron, extra wide hem, plain lawn strap 69c

Princess Aprons, pocket and straps trimmed with dainty dotted embroidery insertion 69c

Fine Lawn Aprons, bib and bretelle trimmed with sheer Swiss embroidery, wide hem and strings 99c

Kitchen Aprons

Gingham Aprons, with pocket; special at 24c

Aprons, Extra Large, blue or brown gingham, with pocket 34c

Overall Aprons, gingham; bias bands in neck, arms and pocket 39c

Fitted Aprons, gingham, strap over shoulder, two pockets 49c

Overall Aprons, dress effect imported linen, in Dutch blue and tan, trimmed with embroidery 79c

Linen Dept. **ASBESTOS TABLE PADS** Rear 1st Fl.

Are non-conductors of heat, and absolutely necessary to protect a fine table top from the blisters produced by hot dishes. These Pads have a flannel slip-cover and fold compactly. We make special sizes to order. Don't you need some for Thanksgiving?

Table Pads

Sizes 42, 44 and 45 inches $3.13
Size 48 inches $3.69
Sizes 50, 52 and 54 inches $4.06
Size 60 inches $4.96

Extension Leaves

Sizes 42 to 48 inches 99c
Sizes 50 to 54 inches $1.06
Size 60 inches $1.24

Round Asbestos Mats
(Heat Proof.)
5-inch dia., 4c; 5½-inch dia., 7c.
7½-inch dia., 10c; 8½-inch dia., 12c
10-inch diameter, 13c

Scalloped Mat Slips

Eyeletted and plain, on all linen, with slip back and scalloped edge, fifteen shapes and sizes; from 15c each to 44c

PHOTOGRAPHIC SUPPLIES 5th Fl.

As well as anything else, can be purchased at lowest prices at Macy's—for Thanksgiving Day snapshots as well as any other time—for example:

8x10 Enlargements, mounted on 11x14 cardboard; elsewhere in town from 35c to 55c; our price as advertised.. 15c

GIMBELS

Travel Centre of New York

Men's and Young Men's Winter Suits and Overcoats From $25 to $32 Groups, $18

We cannot duplicate the winter patterns and so have no way of filling in sizes and rounding out pattern-range.

We have, therefore, re-grouped these suits and overcoats under a price that is effecting their quick disposal.

Patterns are those which have sold most readily—indicating them to be among the best we have presented.

All sizes in the aggregate are offered—regular, stout, slim and short from 33 to 46.

These Suits are of standard blues and blacks and new mixtures in wide variety—business sacks and business cutaway frock suits.

Overcoats are of plain black Oxford grays and novelty overcoatings—box coats, smart raglans of English mixtures and many convertible collar overcoats.

Slip-ons—some of English creation, especially made for misty days.

The wide variety of patterns and the better-than-ordinary tailoring are notable features of this collection of suits and overcoats, which we have re-priced from our $25, $28, $30 and $32 collections at $18. Fourth Floor

Warm Jackets and Sweaters for the Man Out-of-doors

Thanksgiving Day golf—the Army-Navy game—and all the winter open-air pastimes to come, will test the resources of the Gimbel Men's Furnishing Store in all the comfortable garments for out-of-door sport. And they will find it ready.

We have the exclusive sale in New York of fine knitted garments from a leading Scotch maker. We offer them, by special arrangement, in London shapes, at hardly more than their cost in London specialty shops. Among them are:

Scotch fleeced jackets, of soft and warm Shetland and lama wool, in plain colors, attractive Lovett and heather mixtures, and neat striped effects. Various weights, many light enough to be worn comfortably under the coat, and all perfectly knitted, $6, $7, $8 and $9.

Scotch Spencers—the lightest-weight jackets made; may be used for protection with evening clothes as well as for day wear, $3.50.

Long knitted motor scarfs, good width, in Scotch heather mixtures, $3.50 and $3.75.

French knitted coats, in two weights, of finest camels-hair and Vicuna yarns—fine and silky, $4 and $6.

Domestic Sweater Coats, in many styles, at $2.35, $3.75, $4.50 and up to $10. Main Floor.

Famed Blue Fabrics in the Gimbel Dress Goods Store

Paris says, "Blue is very good." Therefore, you will find Gimbels prepared with Blue Goods of many weaves and at many prices.

The woman who wants a blue gown or suit for dress occasions or for knock-about will find here the appropriate cloth, the preferred shade and the fairest price.

The following list will reveal the comprehensive variety of our Blue Goods:

Imperial and Storm Serge, 75c a yard.
Basket weaves, Panama, Storm and French Serge, plain and shadow-stripe Cheviot and Diagonals, $1 yard.
Heavy Coating Serge, Imperial Serge, Basket weaves, shadow-stripe Suitings, at $1.50 a yard.
Fine imported Serge, Basket weaves, plain and shadow-stripe Serge, at $2 a yard.
Imported Serge and fancy Diagonals, at $2.50 a yard.
Priestley Cravenette, 46 to 62 inches wide, at $1.25 to $2.50 a yard.
Broadcloth at $1 to $3 a yard.
Kerseys, $2 and $2.50 a yard.
Silk-and-wool Poplins, at 95 to $2 a yard.
Brocaded Poplin, at $1.50 and $2 a yard.
Ottoman Cloth, at $1 a yard.
All-wool Henrietta, 50c to $1 a yard.

Three Special Offerings

Each priced a third to a half less than usual.

Wide-wale, all-wool Blue Diagonal, 50 inches wide at 75c a yard.
Fine Blue French Serge, 42 inches wide, at 65c a yard.
Blue Basket Cloth, all-wool, 54 inches wide, $1 a yard.
Second Floor.

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BROADWAY SIXTH AVENUE NEW YORK THIRTY-SECOND ST. THIRTY-THIRD ST.

BROKAW BROTHERS

ASTOR PLACE AND FOURTH AVENUE

Men's Sack Suits at $18 to $25.

You have your choice from sixty patterns at these prices in our Store.

Other Sack Suits up to..... $50
Overcoats.....$16 to $75

ESTAB OVER HALF A CENTURY

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NUMBER THIRTEEN

The step between dressing in taste and "over dressing" is sometimes taken by a woman unwittingly, and through over-zealousness on the part of the salesman, who insists that a garment is suitable for her when it is not.

None of our fur garments or sets are "ultra" or clumsy. They are the approved styles of fashion authorities, made up in the peltries that are now in vogue. Workmanship and fit, in the hands of experienced experts, is guaranteed. More than this, our facilities for importing and manufacturing make a saving to you of from 25 to 30 per cent. possible.

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"SCOPE BETTER MADE"
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e have just received from our aris factory a number of Graduatec Ropes of Frederic's Famous Fish Skin Pearls with Clasp ot previously sold for less than $15 SPECIAL. Mail Dept. 23A East 20th St.
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Frederic's
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WRITE FOR PARTICULARS.
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A reward of $100 is offered by The New York Times for information leading to the arrest and conviction of any one who may have obtained money under false pretenses through the medium of a misleading or fraudulent advertisement appearing in The New York Times.

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Natural Laxative Water
Recommended by Physicians.
Refuse Substitutes.
If you have never used it before, try it NOW for
CONSTIPATION

COTTON UP $2 A BALE ON GINNING REPORT

Figures Up to Nov. 14 Are 8,764,153 Bales, or 250,000 Bales Below Expectations.

EXCITEMENT IN NEW ORLEANS

Local Market Also Stirred and Prices Soar—Estimates of the Full Crop Vary Greatly.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Cotton of the growth of 1910 ginned to Nov. 14, according to the Census Bureau's report, issued this morning, amounts to 8,764,153 bales counting round as half bales. Last year to Nov. 14 there was ginned 8,112,199 bales, or 80.5 per cent. of the total crop of 10,072,731 bales, and in 1908 the ginning was 9,505,809 bales, or 73.3 per cent. of the total crop of 13,086,005 bales.

By States the number of bales ginned to Nov. 14 is:

State.	Bales.
Alabama	891,681
Arkansas	474,422
Florida	46,765
Georgia	1,434,606
Louisiana	184,055
Mississippi	755,145
North Carolina	494,723
Oklahoma	727,287
South Carolina	888,309
Tennessee	192,213
Texas	2,636,944
All other States	38,370

Round bales included this year are 91,-639, compared with 123,757 in 1909 and 178,908 in 1908.

Sea Island cotton included is 52,585 bales, compared with 68,495 in 1909 and 56,701 in 1908. The distribution of Sea Island cotton for 1910 by States is: Florida, 19,669 bales; Georgia, 28,082, and South Carolina, 4,884.

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 21.—The census report on the ginning of cotton up to Nov. 14 was received with great excitement in the cotton market. The figures—8,764,153 bales—were about a quarter of a million bales lower than expected, and caused an immediate rise as soon as trading began.

The report was issued five minutes before the market opened. First prices of futures were 34 to 41 points over Saturday's close. Both bulls and bears bought, although probably on the first call frightened shorts were the heaviest purchasers. After the call commission houses began to receive large numbers of buying orders from outside traders, who were going long. The market was well sustained in the early trading, in the face of heavy profit taking by satisfied longs.

W. P. Brown was on the floor of the Cotton Exchange after a long absence in New York. Although he expressed very bullish opinions on cotton, he took no open part in the trading.

Although trade estimates of the amount of cotton ginned up to Nov. 14 differed widely, as is usual, the figures were substantially lower than the general expectation. The bears had looked for about 9,000,000 bales. The result, coupled with crop estimates received yesterday from private observers, gave traders for the rise an opportunity, and the market promptly soared, with transactions in larger volume than the Cotton Exchange has seen in some months. Although there were momentary reactions, the course of the market was pretty steadily upward, and the close was at the high levels.

Gains over Saturday's close ranged from 10 to 43 points, or from 50 cents to $2.15 a bale. At the high levels the May option sold at 14.58 cents per pound, 34 points over Saturday's last price. December sold at 14.62 cents, 31 points up; January at 14.60 cents, or 34 points up, and May at 14.98 cents, a gain of 43 points, or $2.15 a bale.

The Lyle estimate of a 10,945,000-bale crop, and the Clement, Curtis & Co. estimate of a 10,600,000-bale crop had much to do with the upward movement. The ginning figures themselves may be used for estimates which vary from 10,887,000 bales to 12,270,000 bales. The percentage of the crop ginned to the date of the report has varied from 80.5 per cent., last year's figure, to 65.9 per cent. in 1906, the average percentage during the past five years being 71.4. If the average were applied to this year's ginning the crop would figure 12,270,000 bales. If last year's percentage be applied the figure is reduced to 10,887,000 bales.

TAFT IN A STORM.

The Tennessee Runs Into a Forty-Mile Gale—President Enjoys It.

AT SEA ON BOARD THE U. S. S. MONTANA, via Wireless, Nov. 21.—President Taft, en route home from Panama and Guantanamo, experienced very rough weather yesterday, when the cruiser Tennessee and her convoy, the Montana, were tossed about by a northwestern storm off the northern coast of Florida.

For hours the vessels bearing the Presidential party battled against a 40-mile gale and were tumbled in the turbulent sea. The President showed that he is a good sailor, and he thoroughly enjoyed the blow.

When the storm began the speed of both vessels was reduced from 17 to 15 knots. Early to-day the gale cleared, and in a fresh breeze the vessels steamed with renewed speed toward the Canes. It is expected that Cape Hatteras will be reached early to-morrow morning and that the President will disembark at Norfolk at noon.

HOME-GROWN ANARCHY.

Member of a Brooklyn Group Complains of His Son's Conduct In Court.

A midle-aged man with a worried look on his face applied to Clerk Le Mon in the Children's Court yesterday for advice regarding his 16-year-old son, whom he charged with being ungovernable and incorrigible.

"I am a teacher in a Brooklyn school—a Ferrer Sunday school," he explained.

"And you teach anarchy?" asked the clerk.

"Well, something like that. That is what most people call it," answered the man with the worried look.

"But what can you expect?" exclaimed Le Mon. "Here you are teaching revolt against law and order, and yet you expect your offspring to obey you."

"I've tried every conceivable method of correction, admonishment, and suasion," said the Anarchist. "Slippers and bamboo canes are no use, and he positively laughs at hair brushes when applied with the business side down."

"It is a case of learning not wisely but too well," Mr. Le Mon told him. "He drank at the fount of anarchism and swallowed everything in sight. But we'll see what we can do with him. If you tell the Judge about your predicament he will have the boy sent to an institution."

"One of my own choosing, I hope," said the father.

"No, indeed; the court decides that for itself," said Mr. Le Mon.

"That is nothing but tyranny," replied the Anarchist, with considerable heat. "Only in a society like ours, where laws are regarded as more important than men, could such a thing be possible. I refuse to have the case conducted in such an arbitrary manner." He left the court hurriedly.

Vessel Too Long for Her Pier.

The big British freighter Irak, which arrived a few days ago with 8,000 tons of Java sugar, it was found yesterday is too large to go alongside of the piers of the sugar refinery company in Brooklyn. The steamer is 500 feet long, with a beam of 59 feet. It will be necessary to berth the vessel at another pier in South Brooklyn and take her 24,000 bags of sugar off and lighter it to the sugar refinery pier.

LOST $250,000 IN WALL ST.

And Now His Wife Wants Irving W. Childs Put Under Bond.

To insure the future payment of $700 a month alimony from her husband counsel for Mrs. Gertrude E. Childs, who was legally separated from Irving W. Childs a year and a half ago, asked Supreme Court Justice Blackmar of Brooklyn yesterday to compel him to give a bond of $250,000. The proceedings instituted by Mrs. Childs yesterday brough to light astonishing speculations of Childs in the last four years with a fortune inherited from his father. He is not yet twenty-five years old, and he is said to have squandered nearly $250,000. Justice Blackmar was amazed at this assertion of counsel, and said that if it were true, it was waste of the worst sort.

Former Judge Hurd, arguing for Mrs. Childs, said the defendant would be twenty-five years old next Spring, when he will receive an additional fortune of $700,-000. He admitted that the $700 a month had been paid regularly, but declared that $430,000 which Childs had received in first-class securities is all gone.

"We fear that the $700,000, now a trust fund for his benefit, which he will receive when he is twenty-five years old next Spring, will also be squandered," said Judge Hurd. "That is why we are asking that the plaintiff and her child shall be protected from his extravagance."

Lawyer Leavitt, counsel for Childs, insisted that his client should not be compelled to be put under any bond as long as the stipulated alimony was being paid regularly.

"But, is it true that he has squandered $430,000?" asked Justice Blackmar.

"Not exactly," replied counsel. "He lost it in Wall Street."

Justice Blackmar thought a bond of $250,000 too high. He was told that a bond of that amount would cost $1,500. He agreed, however that Mrs. Childs was entitled to protection, and said he was in favor of an adequate bond amounting to, say $175,000. He was not sure if he had the power to compel the defendant to give a bond of this nature, and reserved decision on the point.

POLICING NEW YORK'S WILDS.

Rubber Boots Needed to Cover the New Flatbush Precinct's Beats.

Some of the patrolmen assigned from Manhattan to duty in the newly created One Hundred and Seventy-fourth Police Precinct, in the Flatbush section of Brooklyn, put in several hours of strenuous detective work yesterday finding their posts on the creeks and coves of Jamaica Bay. One policeman, who, with a native acting as guide, succeeded in locating his "beat," had to send back to the station for his rubber boots, in order to cover it. He found that at high tide much of his post was under water. Thrilling tales of adventure on the wild, windswept meadows of Flatbush and Flatlands were told when the first platoon reported back from duty.

The new police station is at Avenue J and Flatbush Avenue. It consists of three adjoining cottages in the heart of an "own-your-own-home" district. T houses were built for the occupancy of families, and the policemen assigned to the new precinct are finding all the comforts of home in the station.

The new station was formally opened early yesterday morning by Commissioner Cropsey, Deputy Commissioner Driscoll, Borough Inspector Holahan, and District Inspector Harkins. Never before had Flatbush so many heads of police.

Acting Captain John T. Reith is in command. After some speechmaking, the patrolmen were ordered to go out and find their posts and patrol them. One man, who was fresh from an east side precinct in Manhattan, was staggered when informed that his "beat" included Irish Creek, Dead Horse Inlet, and Old Swale Marsh.

"Holy Smoke!" he exclaimed, in dismay, "I'll need a diving suit and an aeroplane to get away with this job."

JOIN METAL WORKERS' STRIKE

Other Building Trades Quitting, and a General Lockout Is Threatened.

Julius Gerber, Secretary of the Advisory Board of the locked-out Amalgamated Sheet Metal Workers, announced yesterday that the first sympathetic strike of the other trades against the employment of strikebreakers to fill the places of striking sheet metal workers was ordered yesterday at the Whitehall Building. This strike brings out the steamfitters, plasterers, painters, electrical workers, tile layers and helpers, plumbers, and the trades in the marble industry to-day.

A general lockout of all the trades involved is now threatened by the Building Trades Employers' Association, whose Board of Governors will meet to-day. Meantime the employers will go on working in other buildings with strikebreakers. The Germania Life Building, Seventeenth Street and Fourth Avenue, and an office building in Jersey City, where the sheet metals workers have struck, were supplied with strikebreakers yesterday.

A committee of the New York Building Trades Council, representing the unions in the building trades, called on the Board of Governors of the employers' association before the sympathetic strike was ordered and proposed a conference to settle the trouble. The reply of the board was that there could be no conference until the strike of the sheet metal workers against the carpenters is declared off.

AGED BICYCLIST HURT.

Seventy-nine Year Old Albert Freygang Crashed Into Railroad Gates.

Seventy-nine-year-old Albert Freygang of 25 White Street, Far Rockaway, is in St. Joseph's Hospital there with his left ear cut off and severe cuts over his left eye as the result of his collision with a railroad crossing gate while he was riding his bicycle yesterday.

Freygang was pedaling along Atlantic Avenue, and was about to cross the Long Island Railroad tracks, when the safety gates at the crossing were lowered suddenly. Before he could turn aside he crashed into them.

Owing to his advanced age and the shock of his injury the surgeons at St. Joseph's Hospital do not believe that Freygang will recover.

AID ENGLISH SUFFRAGETTES.

New York Women Appealing for Funds for Campaign Abroad.

The woman suffragists of New York are circulating a request to all women interested in votes for women, asking help for the cause in England. This appeal has been sent out:

To the Woman Suffragists of New York:
Subscriptions are solicited for a fund to be forwarded immediately to Mrs. Pankhurst's organization in London as an expression of our sympathy for the Englishwomen in this new crisis of their struggle for the vote.
Checks and money should be sent to Mrs. Henry Wise Miller, 62 East Fifty-third Street.

This is the first time the suffragists of America have made a public effort to show in a practical way their belief in the work the English Suffragettes are doing.

Miss McLean to Wed E. A. Gill Wylie.

Mr. and Mrs. Donald McLean announce the engagement of their daughter, Miss Emily Nelson Ritchie McLean, to Edward A. Gill Wylie, son of Dr. and Mrs. W. Gill Wylie of 28 West Fortieth Street. The wedding will take place in about six months. Mr. Gill Wylie is a graduate of Sheffield Scientific School, Yale, 1908.

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Take LAXATIVE BROMO Quinine Tablets. Druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S signature is on each box. 25c. —Adv.

HE WARNS WOMEN AGAINST COCKTAILS

In Fact, Capt. Hobson Trembles for the Nation if It Doesn't Stop Drinking.

FEARS THE YELLOW PERIL

Thinks Indulgence in Alcoholic Stimulants Will Bring Chinese and Japanese Down on Us.

No more cocktails for luncheon, no more champagne for dinner for the members of the National Society of Patriotic Women of America. Capt. Richmond Pearson Hobson of Merrimac fame talked to the members at their meeting at the Waldorf-Astoria yesterday afternoon. One-half of his discourse was a temperance lecture, with astounding figures in battle array and denunciatory elocution against the demon alcohol.

The women listened breathlessly. Capt. Hobson talked for two hours, and then they were not content, and Mrs. Gabrielle Stewart Mulliner proposed that the address be printed and circulated among the members, and the women voted yea as one woman.

The Captain was not directing his armed forces (his similes were most of them military) against the audience to which he was speaking. The Patriotic Society, like all other New York women's clubs, is an abstemious organization, and would be horrified to think of taking anything stronger than black coffee, but the individual women present who had occasionally looked upon the cocktail cherry when it was red and heard the pop of the champagne cork gazed at each other with expressions of unveiled penitence.

The Patriotic Society is forming children's classes in citizenship in the poorer districts of the city, and it was in commending this work and making suggestions for its continuance and the need of sound citizenship that Capt. Hobson fired his statistics concerning alcohol at the women.

"Alcoholic poison is degenerating the Nation," he said. He then gave the statistics gathered by the British Government after the Boer war showing that alcohol was the cause of the soldiers not measuring up to requirements.

"Alcohol is a fundamental fallacy," he went on. "Alcohol makes the white blood corpuscles drunk, they cannot fight disease germs, and in time they themselves prey upon the gray matter of the brain. There are five times as many killed in one year by alcohol as there have been killed by war in 2,300 years. Alcohol is ten thousand times as destructive as war, and not only destructive, but it is degenerating. It is a blight not only on the posterity of the drunkard, but of the temperate drinker."

The women shuddered when Capt. Hobson told them that the hoof of the horse of the yellow man would soon be heard in the land.

"We have got to stop it" (the effect of alcohol) "here, or the Nation will not survive. The Chinese and Japanese want to come to this country. They are not degenerates. Don't despise the yellow man. The Romans despised the barbarian. Nature will not have a family of degenerates. If we are not careful before our grandchildren have left the scene they will hear the hoof of the yellow man's horse.

"In a sense we are making the fight of the race. If America falls, the race will follow until the Almighty wipes this cursed thing out. Each saloon on an average last year killed four men. It's an assassin. Absolute strict total abstinence is necessary. Destroy this destroyer or the whole human race will be wiped out. The law can't do it; it must be done individually. Take the vital truth to human beings and they'll believe it."

The fight against alcohol is only one large part of the work of making citizens that the Captain wishes the women to take up in working among the emigrants. He wants them to see incidentally that they are well fed, to get them away from cities into the country, where they can lead healthful lives, and a primer is to be placed in the home of each emigrant in city and country. These Capt. Hobson suggests should be printed in all languages. There should be first a page to welcome the emigrant to the new land of great possibilities, and the following pages will instruct him how to be a citizen first and a Republican or Democrat after.

"The Romans taught that it was better to be a Roman than a King," said Capt. Hobson. "I would teach that it is better to be an American than an Emperor." The women applauded enthusiastically.

Old English Play for Charity.

The managers of the Union Settlement are arranging an Elizabethan Christmas performance of John Lyly's "Endymion," to be given at the Plaza on the evening of Dec. 19. The entertainment is supposed to take place in the Hall of Hate of one of Elizabeth's palaces on Christmas night about 1580, and represents as nearly as possible the kind of amusement which followed the banquet on great holiday nights of the period.

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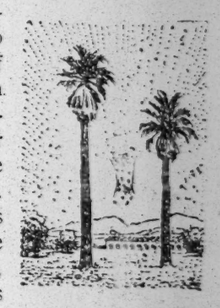
"His own illustrations from black charcoal cypress Gardens, or sepia-washed Santa Barbara Mission, to pencilled outline of Greek Theatre, seem from prosaic present-day New York rather 3,000 miles to the east than to the west.

"The author guides his readers, with the aid of pen and pencil, through the missions and the remains of the Spanish occupancy, to picturesque points within reach of San Francisco, to the Farallones and Pescadero Point and the Sierras. He takes them among the Italian vine growers, to the Bohemian Club entertainment under the giant trees and in the track of Bret Harte's heroes. It is a delightful book, an effective counterblast to the commercial and material spirit of prospering California."—New York *Sun*.



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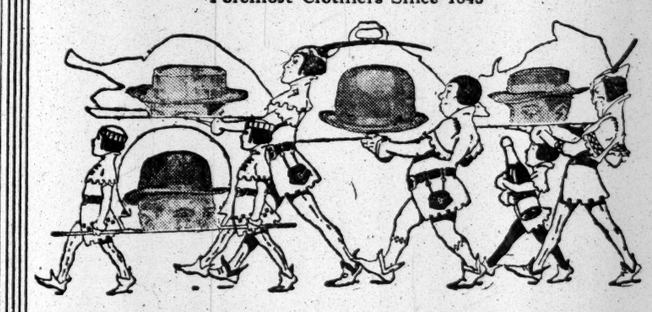

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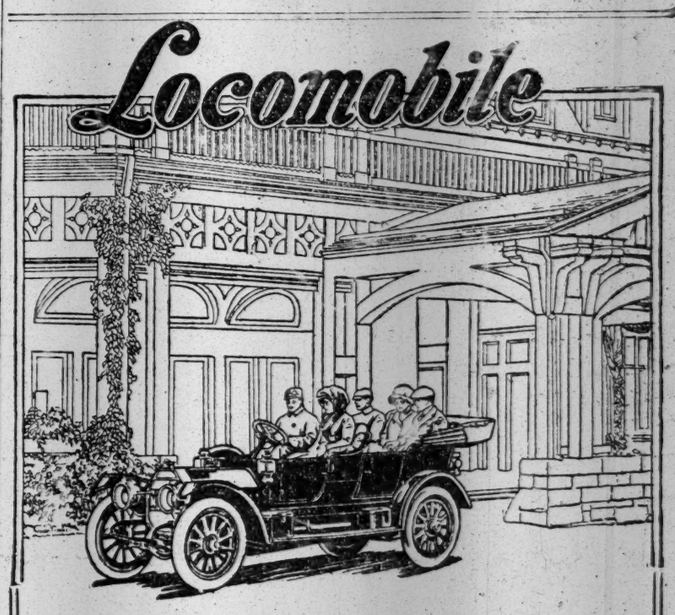

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tor Lieutenant Governor When he appeared on the platform at 8:45 o'clock the crowd rose and yelled for five minutes. Mr Hearst smiled for awhile and then tried to get the meeting down to business. He wasn't very successful, for Chairman Conkley was not altogether with him, and his gestures to the crowd to stop seemed only to encourage them.

When order was obtained and Mr. Hearst finally began his speech one of the first things he said cast some serious doubts on elt alliance. "Roosevelt annou he was going to come to New d clean out the bosses," he said. te him to come ahead and h him. He went to Colorado. ered in Wisconsin listening ing sound of applause. Later reporters gathered around him t word of the great movem was to purify politics, he said ll I get the dust off my clothes, n d.' And he was two days gettin cloth and into the eyes o

"I will not r then at his to which are tock, Conn. Root as leade o each oth- rich as wheel H. Silver how he will e and Moses on the wr w Haven Rail- Albany. dge Holt first, Corporal action was taken that way Woodstock. In the will have ll the interests Judge him to t er as receiver for abolish bond of $1,000 and Murph Cohen was to be Sherra find could more

manoeuvres. an ornament. my business t Black Horse Ca Buckley Infantry Army which minis fund."

Mr. Hearst also r nvention tion at which the tic lected.

"I have been told, nd you have been told that of the Independence State and the impression has been somehow I am dissatisfied wi has been done. I want it unde t I am thoroughly satisfied, in t place, and that I was a dele he con- vention and not a bots. to have lost control I must hav trol or must have wanted to control. Neither of these things When any one man can control n of this party it is time for us out of it and form another Independence League."

Mr. Hearst's speech took well with his auditors, and when he had finished, a big crowd started out of the house with him off for Brooklyn. The h was most crowded when he left, and John Temple Graves and other addressed a hall full.

Besides John J. Hopper, Mr. Hearst, and Mr. Graves, the speakers were Rob-

FOR A RECEIVERSHIP.

h Lawyers Agreed to Divide —Upset by the Court.

sets of creditors on Sept. 28 United States District Court petitions in bankruptcy rris Oschowitz and Annie Feld- s at 63 West Fifteenth Street, & Co. there was great rival- lawyers to obtain the ver who would they represent-

then at his tock, Conn., o each oth- H. Silver e and Moses w Haven Rail- dge Holt first, action was taken Woodstock. In the ll the interests Judge er as receiver for bond of $1,000 and Cohen was to be

liver, failing to make cements with Cohen on of the fees, sup- another lawyer named his change led to an eiver Silver's plans Cohen obtaining an or- he why he should not attorney in the bank-

ame before Judge Holt, summarily removed Sil- nd appointed H. L. John- e, on the ground that agreeing to divide the arts and sharing equally nd another attorney, did nprofessional act.

SEEKS JUDGMENT.

Decision In Her Suit to Recover $35,000 from Promoters.

Supreme Court Justice Bischoff reserved decision yesterday on the application made in behalf of Nevins widow for judgment on pleadings in her $50 suit against John A. Qualey and his associates in the

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NEW YORK, TUESDAY, NOV. 22, 1910.

THE BRITISH SECOND CHAMBER.

It is a curious fact in the pending political crisis in England—which was clearly brought out in the paper by Mr. LAWSON, M. P., in Sunday's TIMES—that the fight against the House of Lords is not so much against the alleged defects and evils of the actual second chamber as against any efficient and authoritative second chamber at all. This is obvious to any one who has followed the course of the Ministry in their treatment of the question the outcome of which is the absolute refusal to listen, or let the country listen, to any plan for the reform of the House of Lords and in the defiant insistence that the will of the House of Commons shall prevail within the lifetime of a single Parliament.

No one denies that the House of Lords as at present made up is logically absurd and in theory utterly incongruous with the political system of the United Kingdom. The root of this incongruity is the hereditary right to legislate. But on the one hand it is to be noted that the Lords have for a long time past forborne to use that right in opposition to the popular sentiment when that sentiment has been at all clear, and, on the other hand, that the Lords themselves have declared their willingness to give up the hereditary right to take part in legislation and to change their membership so that the party in power in the Commons can attain a much greater influence than it now possesses in the upper house. But the Ministry will have none of this. They demand complete surrender, and they profess themselves confident enough of the popular support to go to the people immediately, if not on that issue alone, on that among others.

This they are prepared, or compelled, to do by the peculiar composition of their majority in the Commons. It is possible that the compulsion is more influential in deciding their course than confidence in the result. Singular as it may seem, the issue, so far as it has been raised by the Lords, has already been passed on once, and adversely to the Ministry. The Lords threw out the budget and the Government went to the people. The result of the election was a majority of Liberals and their allies, but a minority of members who had supported the budget. The Irish Nationalists had all voted against the budget, and in the new House were willing to vote for it only as the price of an attack on the Lords. Even then the Lords were conciliatory and accepted the budget when it was sent up to them as the outcome of this bargain. The Ministry were not to be disarmed by this surrender. They had to carry out their bargain, and, as soon as the conference failed, they proceeded to do so, and determined on the elections that will take place early next month.

For Americans there is a peculiar interest in the present contest because the opposition to the House of Lords, apart from the intervention of the Irish, is much of the same sort as our own Senate has aroused. It is especially noteworthy that at this moment the British and the American Upper Chambers are both the citadels of protection in its worst form, the promotion of special interests strongly represented among the members. Protection in Great Britain is largely based on the demands of the landowners, who are dominant among the Peers. In the United States protection has become a system of favoritism for the big industrial combinations which are very influential, and have been controlling, in the Senate. But the opponents of this system have never gone to the length of demanding a reconstitution of the Senate. In England the Lords have in the past invited that kind of destructive opposition. They are conscious of the fact and are ready to yield much to save themselves. But they are still the bulwark of the protection party, and the fact may doom them.

CONSULS AND MAYORS.

Mayors in Canada ought to be willing to treat the Consuls of foreign countries as strangers within their gates, with every possible courtesy and consideration. They ought to be proud that foreign countries send Consuls to the Dominion, which has no Consuls or diplomatic representatives of its own anywhere, only commercial agents of no rank at all. The Mayor of Ottawa, however, insists upon precedence of the Consuls at the state receptions of the Governor General, while the Consuls assert that as diplomatic officers they should have precedence of any person of merely local and magisterial influence like a Mayor.

We do not know about the contention of the Consuls that they are diplomatic officers. We have a Diplomatic Service and a Consular Service, and they are separate. But of course we have no Ambassador or Minister Plenipotentiary in a colonial country like Canada, so that the Consuls sometimes have duties to perform similar to the lesser duties of diplomats. They do not have an opportunity to flutter the Chancelleries of Europe or to swap stories with permanent Foreign Secretaries, or to dine with Princes, but once in a while their work is something more ennobling than certifying to invoices and saying a good word for a stranded fellow-citizen. That is why our Consuls in Canada take themselves so seriously.

But what a little matter it is to squabble about! Whether Mayor or Consuls first salute the Viceroy and his wife, the balance of power is maintained, the planet keeps in its orbit. How much better it would be not to dispute over trifles! Why can't the Mayor line up with the Consuls and all go in together? Or, what would be still better, toss up or match for the first shy at the honor, with the understanding that it shall be held thereafter by each in turn? Then we should have the Mayor in the van sometimes, and one of the Consuls another, with the Mayor second or third or last, as the chances might determine. Then everybody's sense of dignity would be satisfied, and the friendly relations of Canada and the Powers would not be disturbed.

THE BEAST.

We love Col. ROOSEVELT out in the section of the country from which I come, and we look upon him as a great and forceful man. I was exceedingly surprised on my recent arrival in this city to hear all the adverse comment about him, and I at once concluded that he had been engaged in a disastrous fight with the "Beast."—Judge BEN B. LINDSEY of Denver.

The beast here alluded to, which has sometimes been called the "many-headed, monster thing," is the people—the people of the State of New York and of other States, the people of the Union, who on Nov. 8 registered with notable emphasis an expression of their political will. This beast exhibited his animal nature in New Jersey by electing to the Governorship a man of the stature, intellectual grasp, and the ideas of a statesman, a former President of Princeton University. The beast gave a command that Mr. DIX should be Governor of the State of New York; Judge BALDWIN Governor of Connecticut; Mr. FOSS Governor of Massachusetts, and he roared out in a very terrible voice his decision that JUDSON HARMON should serve another term in Ohio. As an exhibition of the propensities of a beast, of a really beastly beast, such as Judge BEN B. LINDSEY of Denver, Col., has in mind, these results are singular.

For, since Judge BEN B. LINDSEY of Denver, Col., became a contributor to the muckraking magazines he has broadened his definition of beast. It used to mean the little local beast with whom he fought in Denver. Now, when he says beast, he means the people who differ with THEODORE ROOSEVELT, whom Mr. ROOSEVELT describes as the "ticker crowd." The people who put the stamp of their disapproval upon the radicalism of Mr. ROOSEVELT and upon the tariff of the Republican Party on Nov. 8, the people who elected many Democratic Governors to take the place of Republican Governors now sitting, the people who elected a Democratic majority in the House of Representatives, will not be very much troubled by Judge LINDSEY's description of them as the beast. If it suits Judge LINDSEY so to describe them, they won't mind. In fact, the people turned their backs upon the muckrakers on Nov. 8.

THE BIBLE TERCENTENARY.

There is no doubt that the three hundredth anniversary of the publication of the King James or authorized version of the Bible will be celebrated with due solemnity and form in English-speaking countries next year. There will be fresh discussions, new proclamations of the great literary beauty of this translation of the Bible. If we could hope that the reading of it among all conditions of men would be largely increased, the celebration of the tercentenary would seem, indeed, a boon to mankind. The King James version is still for English-speaking people the Bible. The prediction has been made that its vogue will soon diminish after this three hundredth birthday. The Revised Version of the last quarter of the nineteenth century is approved by the scholars and has its place on the book shelves. But by the scholars only is it read.

The literary quality of the Bible we all know is unique. Its language is not precisely the English of the poets of the era of ELIZABETH and JAMES, and it is not that of any other book. As a transliteration of the old texts this is an outgrowth of many translations. The versions of TYNDALE, MATTHEW, COVERDALE, and WHITCHURCH are all more or less represented in its pages. Its history harks back to the first English Bible manuscripts of the seventh century. It was directly founded on the Bishops' Bible of 1568, which was, it its turn, a revision of HENRY VIII.'s authorised version. The forty-seven prelates and scholars who, with King JAMES himself, made our Bible, were enjoined to alter the Bishops' text as little as possible, to retain the names of the prophets and holy writers as they were "vulgarly used," and above all not to substitute the word congregation for the word church. Under such restraint they produced a literary monument of unexampled dignity and beauty. Every verbal modification of the old text was an improvement. And it should be borne in mind that the disputed passages they had no power to classify or reconstruct, even if they had the will to do so, which is not likely. We must be ever grateful to them for the majestic quality of Job, xix., 25, and the melodic charm of Isaiah, vii., 14, and acquit them of any intentional stretching of the meaning of words. To all of them the meaning of the words seemed beyond dispute.

Presumably we shall have much learned discussion of these and other texts, much criticism and commentary in popular form next year. It is too early yet to speculate upon the manner of the celebration. But it was a great event, and we have no doubt that it will be celebrated worthily.

TROUBLE ON THE CURB.

The humors and uncertainties of the law are well illustrated in the decision just rendered to the effect that the curb brokers are not above the law. They thought they had sheltered themselves securely from the operation of the statute regulating bankers when they secured from Justice BIJUR an injunction forbidding a long list of officials to execute the law because it was unconstitutional. Justice CLARKE now rules that it is unnecessary to consider whether or not the law is unconstitutional because that is not the way to try whether or not breakers of the law are guilty. It would be right to argue the question of constitutionality when the persons affected by the law are on trial, and the defenders of the law also have their day in court. But it is improper to issue an injunction to prevent officials from executing a statute.

If it was irritating to the draughtsman of the law to have it declared unconstitutional, it must now be soothing to his feelings to have the Justice who made the decision overruled by the higher court on a point of law. The brokers on the curb are a thankless lot not to appreciate the compliment of classification with real bankers. It ought to be worth the trifling tax to have themselves thus tagged and certified, and there is incidental gain to the public from having greater security in a quarter where official investigators have declared it to be desirable. Their champion who sought an injunction against the application of a criminal statute seems to have come pretty close to admitting criminality on the part of those who otherwise would come under the law.

The agent of the curb brokers now says that the law is inapplicable to the curb business because it is not of the sort contemplated in the statute. It is safe to say that he will set this up in a trial on the merits, rather than in an attempt to annul the entire statute, whose intent is admirable, and thus deprive all of its benefits because of hardships to a class not included in its effect. To declare the curb brokers exempt from the law is a different proposition from depriving a large class from protection under the law. To protect these humble patrons of private banks against others than curb brokers—if they establish their exemption—would not be the same as licensing the curb brokers to despoil their customers. They may not like this way of putting it, but for that they have to thank those who put the case that way and got Justice BIJUR to sustain it.

TOPICS OF THE TIMES.

A Warning to the Scientists.

Prof. CATTELL of Columbia University, as was disclosed by an equally interesting and important article printed in last Sunday's TIMES, has discovered, after careful investigation, that though the population of this country is increasing so rapidly it has fewer men of eminence in science than it had seven years ago, and the number seems to be steadily decreasing, absolutely as well as positively.

When one remembers how dependent upon science has become, not only the advancement of nations, both economically and sociologically, but the maintenance of the relative positions which each has reached among other nations, Prof. CATTELL's statements are truly alarming—so alarming that one's first impulse is to seek excuses for questioning the adequacy of his data and the accuracy of his conclusions. In other words, it is to be hoped that he is wrong, for if the United States is not at least holding its own in science, it certainly will not do so in the other world-wide competitions.

Thus to hope is not easy, for Prof. CATTELL's work has been well done, but, admitting his statistics, one can still suggest that his inferences from them would lose a good deal of their terror if like investigations abroad should show that the phenomenon to which he calls attention is not peculiar to this country. And such seems to be the case, for in Germany, France, and England nobody is winning as much distinction, or at least not quite the same kind of distinction, as that which gave international fame to the giants who lived during and just after DARWIN's day. It was not the extent of their knowledge, but that they knew more than other people, and the difficulty of attaining eminence in that way increases every year.

Again, Prof. CATTELL includes among his eminent scientists only those whose superiority is recognized by their fellow-scientists. There is a chance of error in that method. If applied to the Darwinian group, recognition of their eminence would have been delayed for more than a few decades. Of course, no scientist is now denounced and derided as savagely as they were, but, now as then, men of established reputations dislike to have their views overturned, and claimants for their places, though no longer openly persecuted, are sometimes ignored as long as possible.

Union and Non-Union Cab Drivers.

Of the not very many public carriages now to be seen on the New York streets, something like a majority carry a large placard announcing that its driver is a union man. To make that proclamation is, of course, well within the driver's right, as it would be well within that of another driver to proclaim himself a non-unionist. To take the latter course, however, would be to invite attack and to scare away business, and, naturally, it is not done.

As for the sign, "This is a union cab," the thoughtful observer cannot help suspecting that, complete as is its abstract propriety, the man who hangs it out not only means to say to all and sundry, "Ride with me and you will be safe from showers of bricks and other inconveniences of the same kind," but he also has the intention of saying by strong implication, "Effective measures have been taken to make it dangerous to ride in any cab not thus decorated." The danger undoubtedly exists, and the energies of a good many policemen have as yet been able to do no more than diminish it.

This fact deprives the theoretically inoffensive sign of its innocence for all who see it in the light of its implication, and many do so who on general principles are not opposed to unionism. As a mere appeal to the public to patronize union instead of non-union cabs the sign would be beyond any fair or reasonable criticism, and it could be heeded or not according to whether experience had shown that union drivers were apt to be more intelligent, more competent, and more honest than their rivals, and their vehicles better equipped, cleaner, and more comfortable. That would be legitimate competition, and it should be the business of the unions—and probably could be—to make it successful competition.

But the threat of violence, even though veiled and oblique, changes the whole situation and excites not a little resentment. Probably this resentment is not strong enough to make anybody invite trouble for himself by taking a non-union cab when he can get one of the other kind, but it does cause not a few people to walk or ride in a street car who would otherwise take a cab. It also increases, by justifying, such antagonism to unionism as exists, and therefore decreases the efficiency of the union in giving protection and advantage to labor by organizing it.

Tolstoy as a Peasant.

It was, of course, in an effort to make his practice consistent with his preaching that TOLSTOY ate the food and wore the dress of peasants, but, as Mr. HOWELLS pointed out in the remarks we printed yesterday, these things did not make TOLSTOY a peasant. Probably they interfered with the success of his efforts to understand the poor, whom he so earnestly desired to serve, for in so far as he was able to illusionize himself into the belief that he thus became "one of the people," by just so much he blinded himself to the realities of their life.

To go hungry voluntarily is quite another thing from enforced starvation; it produces wholly different emotions, if not very widely different sensations, and asceticism is in essentials more unlike poverty than luxury.

The most remarkable achievement of TOLSTOY's life was probably that of making the Russian Government afraid of him, or at least afraid to punish him for acts and utterances that would have sent any other man to Siberia, if not to the gallows. He owed his impunity and his immunity, almost beyond question, to the books which in his later years he regretted writing—which he condemned as worthless or harmful. The world's judgment contradicted his, and the preacher of heresies had to be spared because of the novelist's fame.

The Church, bolder than the autocracy, excommunicated him.

JURORS AND NON-VOTERS.

The Code Provides for Both Registered and Unregistered Citizens.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In your issue of the 18th inst. "District Captain" suggests that concerted measures be taken by both political parties to place in the possession of the Commissioner of Jurors the names of such citizens as do not register and vote, so that their names shall be incorporated in the balloting for assignment for jury service. For his information, and particularly those who abstain from registration with the design of evasion of jury service, I extract from the law as follows:

Code of Civil Procedure, 1903, Amending Chapter 145, Sections 1,094, 1,097, and 1,108.

The Commissioner of Jurors must prepare two lists; one to contain the names of persons eligible as trial jurors, who have not registered in the last preceding election for city, county, and State officers; said list shall be marked non-voting list. The other list to contain the names of others who have registered, and to be marked "voters' list, [Section 1,094.] The Commissioner of Jurors shall provide two boxes instead of one, as heretofore. In one of these boxes he shall deposit the ballots containing the names of those who have not registered, and in the other the names of those who have registered. The non-voters' box shall be first dealt with, and the ballots drawn therefrom before any of the ballots of the voters shall be drawn. After all the ballots shall be drawn from the non-voters' box, then the ballots may be drawn from the voters' box.

From the above it will be seen that the suggestion of "District Captain" has been anticipated. I have an acquaintance who has not voted in a dozen years, has changed his apartments several times, but each year has been summoned for jury duty. In his case the jury service suffers; in that of two other non-voters, who are never summoned, it gains, because all three have bloodshot and watery opinions on all earthly subjects and future promises.

As the late Dr. Roosevelt would say, "It's a mighty poor citizen" who uniformly refrains from voting. Perhaps "mitey" might appear better, because when a man has no concern in the government of the people, he has no self-control, possessing as he does an anarchistic complexion of mind, and is not only unfit for jury service, but any other subject inviting rational consideration.

RELUCTANT JURYMAN.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

Farms and Immigrants.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I have followed your articles on the Americanization of the foreigners with the greatest interest. You are engaged in a most commendable movement. Your articles educating the people to the necessity of absorbing these foreigners, by satisfying their "land-hunger" and making them settle down here are to the point, and are bound to do a great deal of good.

The high cost of living of which we have heard so much and felt lately, is partly due to the fact that farming land—the real backbone of the Nation—is not cultivated as extensively and intensively as it ought to be and could be.

To emphasize the importance and necessity of systematizing the distribution among the immigrants of a knowledge of farming conditions and possibilities in the several States, may I point out, as an example, that I have received a letter from Mr. John Frajtak of Fare, Col., a typical Hungarian farmer, I suppose, who is willing to invest about $2,000 in a farm if he could be shown where to get it.

I don't know how to direct him, my time being taken up along different lines, but surely you are right that these Frajtaks all over the country should be intelligently directed "back to the farm," as you so aptly say, "to the great and lasting benefit of the Nation and the immigrants as well."

Please keep up the good work. As our old Roman friends used to say: "Gutta cavat lapidem, non vi, sed saepe cadendo."

ERNEST L. MANDEL,
American Correspondent, Budapest News.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

THE SMUGGLER DEFIANT.

Suffragist Still Insists on Her Right to Evade the Tariff.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I am much interested and a little surprised by your comment this morning upon my inquiry as to whether I would not be justified in smuggling as a protest against that taxation without representation which I would suffer in the payment of customs duties. Since when has it become "silly" to be willing to go to jail rather than give up or come to the established order. And since smug prosperity and self-satisfaction, of course, it is always silly to do anything opposed to the established order. And, since smug prosperity and self-satisfaction always dominate public sentiment and the law-making power, it has been necessary, throughout the history of civilization, for those who saw injustice and evil working principles in the established order to resort to extreme measures in order to compass any reform.

There are two ways of overcoming the evils of an unjust law. One is by means of the ballot and persuasion of the sentiment behind the ballot. The other is by battling against the unjust law by every means in one's power—throwing obstacles in its way, defeating its intentions, making it ridiculous, nullifying it whenever possible. To me and to every woman the former method is impossible, because we have not the suffrage. Of what use would it be for us to attempt to influence public sentiment by writing or speaking when we are supposed not to have sufficient intelligence to express our own sentiments through the ballot? Therefore, if we have sense and spirit enough to care anything about it, the only thing we can do is to resort to the other kind of methods.

It was methods of such a sort that were used in the days before the civil war by great numbers of people in the North who were opposed to the fugitive slave law. Much obloquy was poured upon their unregarding heads by those who disapproved of their ideas and methods, but they were never, I believe, considered "silly." And they did finally considerably leaven public sentiment in the North on the slavery question.

I fail to see how a deed can be "furtive" when one publicly announces one's intention of doing it. Moreover, is not one justified in doing "furtive" things when unjust laws make it impossible to right one's wrongs in any other way?

It seems to me that a league of women binding themselves to smuggle whenever they can and to go to jail when they get caught would be an efficient protest against the tyrannous imposition of taxation without representation under which they now live. And, in the light of history, why would it not be justifiable?

New York, Nov. 18, 1910. MELISSA.

UNIFORMS FOR INSPECTORS.

Says Efficiency Would Be Lessened by Their Adoption.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I must respectfully but emphatically take issue with the conclusion reached by you in the editorial article of to-day's TIMES that the order recently promulgated by Commissioner Thompson of the Department of Water Supply, Gas and Electricity, requiring the electrical Inspectors to be uniformed, is for the best interests of the public or of the service. Motion papers will be served on Commissioner Thompson to-morrow giving notice, under legal procedure, of application to the Supreme Court for an injunction order during pendency of the action restraining the Commissioner from carrying the order into effect. The action itself is for a permanent injunction.

The order, in brief, requires the electrical Inspectors to purchase, maintain, and wear when on duty a prescribed and distinctive uniform and cap. The affidavit accompanying the notice of motion will recite in full the reasons for the Inspectors' contention, and these may be grouped into three main divisions—namely, (1) That the Commissioner is without authority to issue and effectuate the order, for jurisdiction in matters of the kind rests exclusively in the Board of Aldermen; (2) that the efficiency of the service, which is largely detective in character, would be materially lessened, and (3) that the order works a hardship upon the Inspectors, whether pecuniarily or sentimentally considered, and that it will be difficult in future for the city to procure professional men of the required technical education and skill should the service be uniformed.

Space forbids a discussion of the foregoing grounds of objection, which will be elaborated on the argument in court, but I desire to correct your manifest impression as to the nature of the Inspectors' duties. Your allusion to the protection of citizens from invasion of their houses by impostors and thieves is scarcely to the point. The argument might apply to gas Inspectors, but the bulk of the duties of electrical Inspectors relates to the construction of new buildings, or, more rarely, to improvements of old structures, which negatives the theory of habitation. As a matter of fact, also, the Inspectors are required to wear a distinctive badge, and any private person would be guilty of a penal offense for doing so without authority. HARLAN MOORE.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

The Conviction of Crippen.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

In the conviction of Dr. Crippen for the murder of his wife, the administration of justice in England is again brought under review. It seems incredible that any set of men on earth would assume the responsibility of taking another man's life on such slim evidence of guilt as was adduced in this case. It is impossible, of course, to review the evidence or lack of evidence, which was before the jury, but it is necessary only to read it to see that the whole record is not only compatible with Crippen's innocence, but with his wife's present existence.

Whether remains were found in his cellar or whether this was a clever police "plant" formulated in deference to the criticism of the police after Crippen's disappearance, certain it is that the remains were not identified as those of his wife, nor "beyond reasonable doubt," even as those of a woman.

The charge of the Judge to the jury practically demanded a conviction at their hands, and any lawyer knows how little of real deliberation would be given by the average jury in the face of such a charge. It cannot be said that while the Judge is allowed to charge the guilt of a prisoner, an Englishman or any one on trial in an English court has the boasted right of "trial by a jury of his peers."

WILLIAM WOODWARD BALDWIN.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

Economics of Ticket Speculation.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

I would like to call the attention of your readers to the menace of theatre ticket speculating viewed from an economic standpoint.

It is a well-established economic law that prices, however much monopolized, cannot exceed a certain maximum limit fixed by supply and demand. The fact that the public will pay the profit demanded by speculators in any community clearly shows that the regular prices for theatre tickets in that community are less than the public is willing to pay. If this condition did not exist it is obvious that the ticket-speculating nuisance could not thrive, for we may rest assured that the speculators are now getting all the public will pay for the seats.

If, therefore, speculating in seats must continue, would not the average theatre or opera patron prefer to pay this extra amount into the box office in the form of higher-priced seats, making possible thereby more elaborate productions and encouraging dramatic art, than to pay these human vultures money they do not earn and allow them to fatten on an unadjusted price condition?

ROBERT N. PERINER.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

DOOMED WITH TUBERCULOSIS

Lack of Facilities, Says Physician, Leaves 20,000 Patients to Their Fate.

The Congestion of Population Commission took further evidence yesterday of the lack of facilities in the city for the care of tuberculosis patients. Dr. William H. Park, Chief Bacteriologist of the Research Laboratory of the Health Department, stated that the 2,000 tuberculosis beds in the city hospitals are not anywhere near adequate. "One-half of the cases of consumption in the city," said he, "have resulted from the care of children by persons suffering from the disease. Three-fourths of all the cases in the city are incurable. There are undoubtedly 20,000 doomed patients, mostly adults. The majority of the fatal cases are among children under one year of age and persons who have reached an adult age."

Dr. Park estimated that the cost of establishing a tuberculosis bed is $500, with $1 a day for maintenance.

Dr. Woods Hutchinson of 14 East Twenty-eighth Street, who has attracted a great deal of attention of late by his articles in the magazines on medical subjects, declared that the principal cause of the great mortality from tuberculosis in the city is congestion. "Proper living conditions," said he, "would give 600 cubic feet of air to an adult and 400 to a minor. The Health Department should have power to close all dark, airless, and poorly lighted rooms. No room should be used for living purposes in the centre of which one cannot read in the middle of the day.

"It would cost from $7,000,000 to $9,000,000 to establish satisfactory facilities for the treatment of tuberculosis in this city, with $5,000,000 for the first year's maintenance. Of course this would be reduced year by year."

QUEENS INDICTMENTS TO-DAY

Grand Jury Expected to Hand Down Between 50 and 60 Graft Findings.

Between fifty and sixty indictments charging grand larceny, petty larceny, perjury, and forgery, it was said yesterday, will be handed down to-day by the Queens County Grand Jury in the graft investigation which has been going on in the borough for months. It was learned last night that the persons involved include present office holders under Borough President Gresser and many former employes of his office, several of whom already have been indicted.

For the last few weeks the investigation, which was started by Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick after complaint against the borough government had been made by a committee of Queens citizens to Gov. Hughes has been conducted by Arthur C. Train as a Special Deputy Attorney General. The indictments will be handed to Justice Kapper, who will hold a special session in the Queens County Court House to-day to receive the findings of the jury. It was he who charged the present Grand Jury. Mr. Train and District Attorney De Witt will also ask him to continue the jury for another month.

It is expected that many of the owners of the "tin horse and cart" brigade of 1909 will figure largely in the indictments.

In his investigation Deputy Train brought to light the building of a sewer for a well-known church in Queens, which seems to have been presented by certain politicians as a sort of conscience offering.

CITY TO SHOE ITS HORSES.

Fire Commissioner Means to Shut Out the Horseshoers' Association.

Fire Commissioner Waldo advertised for bids yesterday for the building of ten portable blacksmith shops for use in the Fire Department, to be constructed and put in operation in the five boroughs by Jan. 1. The plan is the result, according to the Commissioner, of a controversy the department has been having with the Brooklyn and Queens Blacksmiths' Association for the last year, and it is expected that the innovation will save the city at least $65,000 annually.

Commissioner Waldo said that one year ago the Fire Department was paying $8 to the Brooklyn blacksmiths for every horse shod in Brooklyn and Queens. The department protested that the price was high, and, according to the Commissioner, the Brooklyn organization, to show its strength, instead of lowering the price made an advance of 50 cents on each horse.

This figure was later raised to $7 after the Commissioner and Controller Prendergast had protested. It was pointed out that the Department in Manhattan as well as the Park Department, was only paying $5.50 for each horse shod, while the department stores were only charged $4.50 per horse. Mr. Waldo says he means to shut the organization out of all work for his department.

GIRL FROM INDIA ALONE.

Only 12, but Not Afraid, as Her Doll Kept Her Company.

One of the youngest travelers to make such a journey alone, arrived yesterday on the Anchor Liner California. Gladys Amy Graham, 12 years old, came all the way from Calcutta, India, unattended, to join her father, James Graham, formerly an officer in the British army, and now stationed in McCloud, Alberta, Canada. She was easily the most popular passenger on the big liner. When she landed she proudly exhibited her doll to the Customs officials as her most treasured possession. The little girl came from India to England on a passenger steamer, landing at Southampton. From there she traveled alone to Glasgow, Scotland, and took the California.

"I was not one bit afraid during the trip," she said. "My doll and I had a most interesting journey."

Gladys Amy passed the customs examination with flying colors and received more than the usual consideration.

Mr. Barry and the Suffragists.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Your correspondent, Stanton Leads, says that Mr. Richard Barry, in his article in Pearson's Magazine, "was reporting facts." His article professed to report facts, but he got his facts badly twisted. He referred to Mrs. Matilda Joslyn Gage as a "determined spinster." He said that Mrs. Harriot Stanton Blatch "put both her two daughters through Cornell University. One took a course in civil engineering, the other a course in blacksmithing." Mrs. Blatch has only one daughter. Mr. Barry further said that "eighteen months" before, the National Suffrage Association had moved its headquarters to New York City—he should have said five months—and made Mrs. O. H. P. Belmont its Honorary President. The association has no Honorary President, and at the time of Mr. Barry's writing Mrs. Belmont held no office in it whatever. She has since become a member of its Advisory Committee.

ALICE STONE BLACKWELL.

Dorchester, Mass., Nov. 20, 1910.

Partyism and Patriotism.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

The President is being strongly urged from certain quarters to call an extra session of Congress. Not that one is needed, but it is argued that some temporary party advantage may possibly be gained. The welfare of the country and the needs of the Government are not considered—only party issues.

It is to be regretted that just at this period partyism should be allowed to dominate. And President Taft's hands should be held up if he regards the public interests rather than party demands.

No doubt the Republicans fear further annihilation, but equally also the Democrats look with serious concern to the future. Broad-minded statesmanship will have regard for the country and let party issues and necessities take care of themselves. E. T. W.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

The Slippery Streets.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

Kindly do what you can in calling attention to the unnecessary sprinkling of downtown streets, asphalt and wood, especially streets with a grade, at this season. The pitiful endeavors of horses to retain their footing is cruel. C. V. S.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

Jane Austen and Schools.

To the Editor of The New York Times:

If I were asked to recommend an author for study in a girls' school I would select Jane Austen. I am curious to know if my choice would be indorsed by women. E. E. A.

New York, Nov. 21, 1910.

BACK FROM PANAMA, TELLS OF THE CANAL

Robert P. Porter, ex-Census Commissioner, Says the Work Is Nearly Completed.

CALLS JAPAN OUR FRIEND

But Declares There Was a Feeling That the United States Wanted to Interfere in Manchurian Railway Situation.

Robert P. Porter, former Census Commissioner and now a member of the editorial staff of The London Times, arrived in this city yesterday from the Far East via South America and Panama, where he spent several days examining the canal works by courtesy of Col. Goethals.

"Two-thirds of the excavations, 50 per cent. of the Gatun Dam, 40 per cent. of the Atlantic Locks, and 20 per cent. of the Pacific Lock of the Panama Canal are finished," said Mr. Porter. "The great canal is nearing completion rapidly. Much of the success of the canal work has been due to the Sanitary Department. People now live in the Canal Zone as they do at home, with no more dread of disease.

"I had an interesting experience on Culebra Island in the Bay of Panama, where we were detained for four days on landing from the Pacific steamship Guatemala to satisfy the port health officer that we were not carrying germs of bubonic plague.

"The day after the steamer left Callao the fourth engineer, a young Scotsman, fell down the ladder and strained his side, causing a swelling to which he applied a lotion and went on with his duties. Later it became so painful that he went to the surgeon of the ship, a young Peruvian, who diagnosed it as a symptom of bubonic plague.

"When we arrived at Payti, the last port before Panama, the American surgeon stationed there by the United States Government to examine all ships going to Panama was away, and his duties were being performed also by a Peruvian surgeon. When the ship's doctor reported that there was a case of bubonic plague on board the port authorities got scared and were going to put us in Quarantine there for an indefinite period, as they had lost 50 per cent. of the inhabitants from the scourge eight years ago.

"After considerable discussion it was decided to land the unfortunate engineer, who had no more got the plague than I had, and put him in an isolated house outside the town. In the meantime the news spread rapidly through the city that a case of plague was to be landed and that we were to be allowed to land and walk about the streets. By means of handbills hastily printed and circulated by a local printer the people of Payti were aroused, and when the boat with the sick man attempted to land they repelled the attempt with rocks.

"The trunk containing the engineer's clothing had already been landed, and it was rescued from the wharf with great difficulty under a heavy fusillade of rocks, which bowled over several of the crew of the Guatemala, which had two of her boats ashore. After taking the man back to the ship a delegation came off from the city, and local doctors saw the patient. They decided that if it was bubonic plague it was a very mild case, and the engineer was allowed to land at night and to go to the isolation hut for observation. We were allowed to proceed to Panama with a bill of health stating that we had landed a bubonic plague suspect at Payti, which meant that, as we would be four days at sea, we should have to do four days quarantine in Panama to make the eight days required by the port health authorities to allow for the development of the germs of the disease, if there were any among the passengers of the steamer or the crew. What annoyed the Captain most at Payti was that when the ship was ready to sail, at 9 A. M., the Peruvian surgeon on shore did not come down to clear the ship and sign the bill of health until 5 P. M. He had been breakfasting with friends he said."

Of his trip through China and Japan Mr. Porter said that he found both countries very much changed since his last visit, fifteen years ago. Of late years China had been making more progress than Japan, he said, but the latter had done good work for the commerce of the world at large by developing and improving railroad transportation in Southern Manchuria. There was a printed tariff of rates, and goods were shipped promptly. He did not believe that the Japanese Government gave any preferential rates to Japanese merchants.

"The representatives of the Japanese Government," said Mr. Porter, "expressed the greatest friendship for the United States, declaring a misunderstanding with the American Republic unthinkable. The sore spot, however, is Manchuria, and some Japanese have got it into their heads, I think, through Mr. Knox's proposal for an international arbitration of the South Manchurian Railway, that the United States wants to interfere with Japanese interests in Manchuria, an idea which the Chinese emphasize whenever opportunity occurs. I am glad to hear that financiers of America and Europe have decided to help China in an efficient and orderly development of her resources and in the extension of her railway system. I believe that these enterprises will be profitable and aid in the general economic progress of the Far East."

Mr. Porter added that he had traveled through South America and was fascinated with the west coast, which would be opened up by the completion of the new world's waterway at Panama in 1913. On his trip he interviewed eight Presidents in South America and two Presidents-elect. He said that without exception they were all men of education and ability and in favor of the settlement of international disputes by arbitration.

A VERONESE FOR ART MUSEUM

"Mars and Venus Bound by Cupid" Coming to Metropolitan.

The Metropolitan Museum of Art has just purchased in London a painting by Paul Veronese, "Mars and Venus Bound by Cupid." Venus stands at the left, resting her left arm upon the shoulder of Mars, who is seated at her side, while Cupid is in the foreground. In the background a second Cupid is pressing back the charger of Mars with his sword. The figures are life size, and the canvas measures 81x63½ inches.

The picture was purchased by Mr. Wertheimer at Christie's in 1903, previous to which time it had been in the possession of Lord Winbourne. It was one of the masterpieces which were brought to England from the famous collection of the Duke of Orleans in 1798, and had been in that collection since 1720. It was at one time in the collection of Queen Christina of Sweden, who inherited it from her father, Gustavus Adolphus, by whom it is believed to have been taken from Prague in 1631.

In writing about the exhibition of 1905 in the London Daily Telegraph, Claude Phillips said:

"The great sensation of the exhibition is or should be the magnificent painting "Mars and Venus" (Lord Wimbourne) signed Paulus Veronensis. It may be questioned whether any Veronese of the mature time exist in such unimpaired freshness or of a color so radiant, and yet so discreet, so moderate in splendor. The picture is of the quality of the exquisite "Rape of Europa" * * * but infinitely better preserved. Here we see at a glance the radical difference between Veronese and Tintoretto. The former is by far the greater technician, the greater master of the brush. * * * Yet surely no mortal has painted more wonderfully than has Veronese here in the blonde head and the dazzling body of the Queen of Love, or the stalwart tender Mars, with his classical cuirass and his superb draperies of crimson and purple and pale grayish amber.

A replica or copy of the picture was formerly exhibited in the Hermitage at St. Petersburg, but does not appear in the latest catalogue of that collection published last year.

THRONG AT WEDDING OF MISS ALEXANDER

Only Daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Alexander Is Married to Allen G. Wellman.

RECEPTION AT THE GOTHAM

Bridal Couple Receive Congratulations in a Bower of White and Green—Col. Roosevelt Among Guests.

The wedding was celebrated at 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the Church of the Heavenly Rest, Fifth Avenue and Forty-fifth Street, of Allen Gouverneur Wellman, a son of Mr and Mrs. Francis L. Wellman, and Miss Frances Gordon Alexander, the only daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Alexander.

The church, which was decorated with white chrysanthemums and palms, was crowded to the doors, for it was one of the largest weddings of the year.

The ushers who seated the guests and headed the bridal party were William Rhinelander Stewart, Jr., Frederick T. Frelinghuysen, T. Chesley Richardson, Jr., Alfred Macy, Theodore P. Dixon, Julian May Wright, and Gurnee Munn of Washington.

Following the ushers came the maid of honor, Miss Harriet Alexander, a cousin of the bride, and after her the six bridesmaids, who were the Misses Helen Coster, Dorothy Tuckerman, Eleanor Mortimer, Ethel de Koven, Evelyn Rives Smith, and Helen Rives. Just before the bride came Mrs. Harold Aymar Sands, formerly Miss Katherine McFadden, of Philadelphia.

These attendants were all attired alike in light lemon colored chiffon over lemon-colored satin slips trimmed with gold lace, but the bridesmaids' hats were of gold lace bound with sable and having gold lace bows edged with sable, and they carried sheaf bouquets of yellow chrysanthemums and ferns. Mrs. Sands's hat was of brown beaver with brown and lemon ostrich plumes at the back, and her sash was brown. Instead of yellow chrysanthemums she carried a large cluster of dark red chrysanthemums.

The Bride's Costume.

The bride, who walked up the nave on the arm of her father, was in white satin, partly covered with tulle, and having long, narrow satin trains, also covered with tulle, quite separate from the bridal robe, which had a band of diamante trimming a few inches from its hem. The Dutch neck was partially filled with tulle and bands of the diamante trimming sparkled over her shoulders. The tulle veil was banded close to her full, high black coiffure by a single trail of orange blossoms that went quite around it. She wore a large diamond horseshoe, the gift of Mr. and Mrs. Wellman, and a diamond plaque, the gift of the bridegroom. Her bouquet was made up of jasmine, orange blossoms, and gardenias.

The church ceremony was followed by a large reception at the Hotel Gotham, where Mr. and Mrs. Wellman have taken apartments. The bride and bridegroom received congratulations in a bower of white and green in the Gotham ballroom, which was decorated with palms and white chrysanthemums.

Mrs. Alexander, the bride's mother, wore a black chiffon velvet draped with blue steel-beaded chiffon, with touches of ermine, topped by a black picture hat massed with blue and white ostrich plumes. Mrs. Wellman, the mother of the bridegroom, was in blue embroidered chiffon over satin of the same color, and wore sable and pearls, and her large silver lace hat was trimmed with aigrettes and sable.

The bride, before throwing her bouquet, mounted the little balcony of the ballroom, but, curiously enough, instead of the flowers being caught by one of her attendants, as is the custom, some one else, a stranger to most of the guests, was the lucky catcher.

Mrs. Wellman's going-away gown was one of the new blue cloths, a coat and skirt with chiffon and lace blouse, topped by a high black velvet hat with a touch of bright blue and some small flowers. She also wore a wide stole of moleskin and ermine and carried a huge flat muff to match.

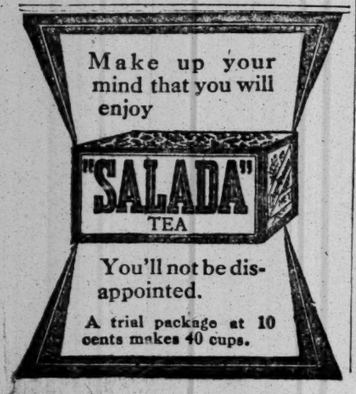
On their return from their bridal trip Mr. and Mrs. Wellman will occupy an apartment in East Fifty-eighth Street that they have taken for the Winter.

The Guests.

Among those asked to the wedding, and also among those seen at the church, were Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander, Miss Janetta Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Louis J. Pooler, Mr. and Mrs. James W. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Frederick B. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. John W. Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. H. M. Alexander, Mrs. Caroline Alexander, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Stevens, Mr. and Mrs. Ogden Hammond, Mr. and Mrs. Alston Cabell of Virginia, Miss Harriet McCook, Mr. and Mrs. Francis L. Wellman, Miss Edith Wellman, Mr. and Mrs. Walter Stokes, Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Stokes, Miss Edith Stokes, Miss Maud Allen, Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Williston, Mr. and Mrs. J. Borden Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Oliver Harriman, Mr. and Mrs. Edmund L. Baylies, Mr. and Mrs. Anthony J. Drexel, Jr.

Mr. and Mrs. G. G. Haven, Miss Lelia Haven, Miss Lucy Frelinghuysen, Mr. and Mrs. Paul Morton, Mr. and Mrs. Moses Taylor Pyne, Mr. and Mrs. James Speyer, Mr. and Mrs. Watts Sherman, Miss Sherman, Mr. and Mrs. L. L. Gillespie, Mr. and Mrs. J. Pierpont Morgan, Mr. and Mrs. Richard Mortimer, Mr. and Mrs. T. J. O. Rhinelander, Mr. and Mrs. August Belmont, Jr., Mr. and Mrs. G. W. McClellan, Mrs. Sidney Dillon Ripley, Mr. and Mrs. E. J. Berwind, Mr. and Mrs. J. Nelson Borland, Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Sr., Mr. and Mrs. Orme Wilson, Jr., Miss Gwendolyn Burden, Mrs. C. H. Coster, Mr. and Mrs. R. Fulton Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. W. Bayard Cutting, Mr. and Mrs. Newbold Le Roy Edgar, Mr. and Mrs. Gordon Douglas, Mr. and Mrs. R. L. Gerry, Mr. and Mrs. Robert Goelet, Mr. and Mrs. Albert Z. Gray, Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Hamilton, and Miss Carol Harriman.

Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Hastings, Mrs. De Lancey Kane Jay, Mrs. Joseph Pulitzer and Miss Pulitzer, Mrs. Kernochan, Mrs. Charles H. Marshall and Miss Marshall, Col. Theodore Roosevelt and Mrs. Roosevelt, Miss Ethel Roosevelt, Miss Emily Sloane, Mrs. Herbert Shipman, the Misses Kane, Mrs. Grenville Kane, Mrs. James Bliss Townsend, Miss Mildred Gibert Townsend, Mr. and Mrs. W. E. Roosevelt, Miss Roosevelt, Lispenard Stewart, W. Rhinelander Stewart, Mr. and Mrs. P. Egerton Webb, Mr. and Mrs. Norman de R. Whitehouse, Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Pell, John Bigelow and Miss Grace Bigelow, Lady Maxwell of England, Vicomte de Perigney, the Prince and Princess Cantecszuene, Prince Troubetzkoy, Mr. Mr. and Mrs. George Gould, Miss Gould, Mr. and Mrs. Lewis Gouverneur Morris, Miss Alexandre Stevens, Mrs. Cuyler, Mr. and Mrs. Reginald Rives, Mr. and Mrs. Archibald Rogers, and Frederick Townsend Martin.



SOCIAL NOTES.

Mrs. Ensign B. Pardee has returned from the Adirondacks, where she has been with her son, Dr. Harold E. B. Pardee, who has been ill all Summer with typhoid fever.

Mr. and Mrs. John Innes Kane, who have been at Lenox, will return to town to-morrow for the Winter.

Miss Viola Townsend will give a luncheon to-day for this year's débutantes at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Allen Townsend, 237 Madison Avenue.

Mr. and Mrs. Frederick W. Vanderbilt are at their house in Fifth Avenue for the season. On Thursday Mrs. Vanderbilt will give her annual Thanksgiving dinner to the newsboys of Newport.

Mrs. Taft, who has been in town since last Thursday, the guest of Mrs. Henry W. Taft, attended the opera last night.

Mrs. John Claflin will give a luncheon for débutanes on Dec. 15 at Sherry's.

Mr. and Mrs. Adolph Lewisohn of 9 West Fifty-seventh Street are passing the week-ends of November at their place at Ardsley.

Mrs. Charles Henry, wife of Charles Henry, M. P., is due to arrive here from Europe on Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. E. Rollins Morse of Newport have taken apartments at the Hotel Gotham for the Winter.

Lord Algernon Gordon Lennox has joined his wife here, and they are staying at the Wolcott. Mr. and Mrs. J. Searle Barclay, Jr., of Wheatley, L. I., are also at the Wolcott.

Mrs. George Law, who was seen several times at the Horse Show, is at the Manhattan Hotel.

Mrs. Frederick T. Busk and her daughter, Miss Mary L. Busk, will be at home on Thursdays in January. Mrs. Busk will give a dinner before each of the Junior Cotillions, and afterward take her guests to the dances.

Mr. and Mrs. F. Bailey Vanderhoef, (Miss Young,) who were married a few weeks ago in Albany, have returned from their honeymoon trip and have taken an apartment at 130 East Sixty-seventh Street for the Winter.

Mrs. E. Lyman Short will give a dinner on Dec. 8 at the Gotham.

Mr. and Mrs. Lawrence L. Gillespie have taken the house of Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brooks, 108 East Seventieth Street, for the Winter.

Mr. and Mrs. Walter Brooks and Miss Edith Brooks, who sailed last Spring, are in England. Their London address is the Hyde Park Hotel. They have recently been at the Grand Hotel, New Forest.

Mr. and Mrs. Ledyard Stevens and their son-in-law and daughter, Mr. and Mrs. John de Koven Bowen, are due here Thursday. Mrs. Stevens will go to the Hotel Belmont. Mr. and Mrs. Bowen are going on to Chicago, where Mr. Bowen will have an operation performed. He was ill for seven weeks in Switzerland with appendicitis.

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Alexander and the Misses Alexander have opened their house, 4 West Fifty-eighth Street, for the Winter.

The Daughters of Holland Dames, descendants of the ancient and honorable families of New Netherland, will give a luncheon, in celebration of the fifteenth anniversary of the organization of the society, at the Gotham on Dec. 9. The Presidents of other Colonial societies have been invited.

Frederick Townsend Martin is giving a bridge party at the Plaza this afternoon for charity. Mrs. Vanderbilt, Mrs. Frederick Vanderbilt, Mrs. E. H. Gary, Mrs. Stuyvesant Fish, Mrs. Hermann Oelrichs, Mrs. Edward Breitung, and others have contributed prizes for the tournament.

Mr. and Mrs. Grant B. Schley will give a hunt breakfast at their place at Far Hills, N. J., on Thanksgiving Day.

S. H. Armstrong, who is to marry Miss Catherine M. Le Boutillier, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Charles Le Boutillier of 140 East Thirty-sixth Street, on Wednesday, gave his bachelor dinner last night at Delmonico's.

Oscar S. Straus has accepted an invitation to visit Theodore Roosevelt at Oyster Bay to-day.

John Saltonstall of Boston, who is to marry Miss Durant Rice, daughter of Dr. Clarence C. Rice and Mrs. Rice of 81 Irving Place, this city, has leased the Thayer house, 181 Commonwealth Avenue, Boston.

Mrs. T. De Witt Talmage, who has been staying at the Virginia Hot Springs, has arrived in town and is at the Plaza.

Miss Ethel Maxwell Robeson, only child of the late George Maxwell Robeson, who was Secretary of the Navy under President Grant, will be married in London to-day to William Sterling, son of Major Gen. John Barton Sterling. The wedding will take place at Christ Church, in Mayfair. The couple will probably visit this country later in the season.

A notable wedding in Philadelphia to-day is that of Miss Jane Morgan, daughter of Randal Morgan, to the Hon. Cecil Vavasseur Fisher of England. The ceremony will take place in St. Paul's Church, Chestnut Hill. Vice Admiral Sir Frederick Fisher, who arrived here on Saturday with Lord Fisher, the bridegroom's father, will act as best man. The couple will live in England, at the Fisher ancestral home.

Mrs. Elsie French Vanderbilt and her son, Master William Vanderbilt, arrived at the St. Regis yesterday and will remain here for a few days.

WEDDED IN PARIS.

James C. Parrish, Jr., Married Miss Charlotte K. Palmer on Nov. 17.

Announcement was made yesterday of the marriage of Miss Charlotte K. Palmer, only daughter of Mrs. Florence V. King of Norfolk, Va., to James C. Parrish, Jr., of this city in Paris on Nov. 17. The ceremony was performed in St. Luke's Chapel in Paris by the Rev. Dr. J. Van Winkle. A notice to this effect appears in to-day's TIMES.

Mr. Parrish, Jr., who is a graduate of Harvard and was admitted to the bar this year, comes of an old New York family. According to the bride's mother, who is now living in Brooklyn, Mr. Parrish first saw her daughter while she was substituting for a friend in a Broadway musical comedy. They met later, she said, at the home of a mutual friend, and when Miss Palmer went abroad last May with a friend, a Mrs. Wallace, Mr. Parrish followed on the next steamer.

Mrs. King received a cablegram last Wednesday from her daughter in Paris, announcing the marriage, and also that they would leave Paris for New York on the 20th. The bride is 22 years old, and was reared and educated in Norfolk. She speaks several languages fluently, and has been abroad several times. Her stage experience was very brief.

Mr. Parrish, Jr., is 26 years old. He finished at Groton before entering Harvard. The Parrish country place is at Southampton.

HOT SPRINGS ACTIVITIES.

Special to The New York Times.

HOT SPRINGS, Va., Nov. 21.—In compliment to Mrs. Grover Cleveland, J. W. Wood gave a luncheon at Fassifern. His other guests were Mr. and Mrs. William F. Morgan, Mrs. Esther Gardner, Mrs. James Morgan, Mrs. Natalie Wood, George Gardner, and Paul Snelling.

Col. and Mrs. Robert M. Thompson and party, including Rear Admiral Brownson, left for Washington in a special train yesterday afternoon. The Thompsons will take a house there for December and January, when they will leave for a Southern tour.

Robert W. Waller, accompanied by Walter Trimble, rode their saddle horses over the mountain trail to Fassifern this afternoon, and stopped at the farm for tea. At Fassifern Farm E. T. Hickey gave a luncheon party for Miss Margaret Lemerne, Miss Sally Dunlop, and F. W. Hanewinckle.

Mrs. L. E. B. Durstine entertained at a dinner party in the Daniel Boone log cabin. Her guests were Mr. and Mrs. H. A. Gardner, Miss Jean Hinsdale, Miss Florence Durstine, Dr. Lawrence D. Bragg, and Roy S. Durstine.

Miss Cadmus Weds John C. Moore.

Miss Laura Cadmus, daugther of Mrs. Edwin Cadmus, was married last evening at the home of her mother, 538 Broadway, Bayonne, to John C. Moore, a United States marine engineer in the construction of the Panama Canal. The Rev. Theodore F. Bayles, pastor of the First Reformed Church, officiated. The bride was attended by a matron of honor, Mrs. Charles L. Blair, her sister, and the best man was Edward Moore, brother of the bridegroom. The couple sail for Panama this afternoon.

"LA BOHEME" GIVEN WITH FINE SPIRIT

Mr. Toscanini Conducts Puccini's Opera for First Time Here —Composer Present.

MISS FARRAR AS MIMI

Sings Role Delightfully, with Charm of Voice and Expression—Mr. Jadlowker New and Attractive Rodolfo.

Rodolfo	Hermann Jadlowker
Schaunard	Adamo Didur
Benoit	Antonio Pini-Corsi
Mimi	Geraldine Farrar
Parpignol	Angelo Bada
Marcello	Antonio Scotti
Colline	Andrea De Segurola
Alcindoro	Antonio Pini-Corsi
Musetta	Bella Alten
Sergente	Edoardo Missiano
Doganiere	Pietro Audisio

Conductor, Arturo Toscanini.

The first performance of Puccini's "La Bohème," which was given last evening at the Metropolitan Opera House, had a number of features of exceptional interest and excellence. It was the first performance of the brilliant little work that Mr. Toscanini has conducted since he has held sway at the Metropolitan Opera House. It was also the occasion of Miss Geraldine Farrar's return to the part of Mimi, which she has not sung here for a matter of two seasons. And there was a new Rodolfo, in Mr. Jadlowker, who had not been heard in this part before in New York.

It was a performance of great vivacity and spirit, and this notwithstanding the fact that Mr. Toscanini takes some of the tempi, especially in the boisterous scenes of the first two acts, somewhat slower than other conductors have taken them here. Mr. Toscanini, it may be assumed, is correct in so doing, for he conducted the opera when it was first produced in Italy, and he did it under the composer's own direction and advice. The composer was present at last night's performance also, and was enthusiastically greeted by an audience that has derived much enjoyment from this work.

Mr. Toscanini's reading, it must be confessed, sometimes tends to give the voices a good deal to fight against occasionally in the superabundance of orchestral tone. But he produces wonderfully rich effects with Puccini's glittering orchestration; with the long-drawn melodies with which this score teems, as does no other of Puccini's scores, and with the quick outbursts of ebullient feeling.

Miss Farrar has many distinguished qualifications to enact Mimi, and her Mimi has a charm and sympathetic quality that is peculiarly her own. It is beautiful to look at and it is irresistibly winsome in its fresh youthfulness, its tender naïveté and touching pathos. She sings it, too, delightfully, with much charm of voice and characteristic expression.

In Mr. Jadlowker there was a Rodolfo also of great youthful attractiveness, both in his appearance upon the stage and the quality of his voice. His voice, indeed, has never sounded better than it did last evening, even in the earlier days of his membership in the company before it began to show evidence of strain and weariness. Mr. Jadlowker sang with much buoyancy, enthusiasm, and with splendid and swelling passion. There was now and again a certain forcing of his tones that hardly augured well for his voice in later weeks of the season. It is a pity that he has not a greater regard for some of the artistic elements of singing, notably of phrasing; for he treated some of the broad melodies that fall to his part rather cavalierly. But his singing and his whole impersonation were on the whole of striking excellence and were much appreciated.

The other members of the gay Bohemian fraternity were represented by Messrs. Didur, Scotti, and de Segurola, with admirable competency. Miss Alten's Musetta is a familiar and amusing impersonation. The bustling scene before the Café Momus in the second act was carried off with great animation.

MME. OLLY IN MUSICAL PLAY.

German Actress to Replace Grace La Rue in "Madame Troubadour."

Marietta Olly, the German actress who was seen here last year in "The Whirlwind," the English version of Bernstein's "Baccarat," will replace Grace La Rue in the principal rôle of "Madame Troubadour" at the Lyric Theatre Friday night. Miss La Rue will take a rest of three weeks, and will then begin rehearsals on "The Barefoot Dancers," which is to be produced after the holidays.

This will be Mme. Olly's first American appearance in a musical play, though she has appeared in operetta in Germany before she was known in this country. She will continue in "Madame Troubadour" when the piece is transferred to Nazimova's Thirty-ninth Street Theatre next week.

Sothern and Marlowe's Engagement.

Carrying out a promise that they made at the Academy of Music last Spring, Sothern and Marlowe will appear at the Broadway Theatre for a four weeks' engagement next Monday at the same prices they were accustomed to charge during their off-Broadway seasons. Mr. Sothern telegraphed to the Shuberts to that effect yesterday, saying that he and Miss Marlowe insisted on adhering to the promise in the belief that their patrons would appreciate it. They will inaugurate their season with "Macbeth," in which neither has been seen in New York before and which they have produced for the first time this season. On the opening night the curtain will rise at 7:45 o'clock, on account of the length of the performance. "Macbeth" will be continued throughout the week.

New Vaudeville Theatre in Bronx.

The Prospect Theatre, at Prospect Avenue and 160th Street, in the Bronx, was opened last Saturday under the direction of Frank Gersten, with a vaudeville bill. The house will be devoted to vaudeville and motion pictures. The structure has a seating capacity of 1,600, and is built in accordance with the fire and police regulations.

Swift & Company's sales of Fresh Beef in New York City for the week ending Saturday, Nov. 19, averaged 8.19 cents per pound.—Adv.

WELLMAN TALKS IN BOSTON.

Still Confident Atlantic Can Be Crossed in a Dirigible Balloon.

BOSTON, Nov. 21.—Walter Wellman and Melvin Vaniman, of the dirigible balloon America, related their experience in attempting to cross the Atlantic Ocean to Europe by airship at the annual banquet of the Aero Club of New England to-night at the Hotel Somerset. Mr. Wellman declared himself confident that the trip could be made to Europe by dirigible and said he would use the same type of ship, with some slight structural changes which the haste of the first trip made it impossible to remedy.

Charles J. Glidden, President of the club, presided at the dinner. A. Helm Clayton was elected President to succeed Mr. Glidden at the business meeting.

Charlotte Winterburn Found Dead.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 21.—On her death bed last night, Charlotte Winterburn told Dr. William Cowles, who was treating her for pneumonia, that she was the divorced wife of a New York physician, and had once been a noted opera singer. When Dr. Cowles went to her room in Howe Street this morning she was dead in bed. Her body is lying in the Morgue here unclaimed. The woman was about 70 years old.

Winfield S. Robbins.

Winfield S. Robbins, a long-time resident of Brooklyn, died recently in Nice, France, and will be buried from St. Ann's Church in Brooklyn to-morrow. Mr. Robbins was 69 years old and was born in this city. He had retired from business for many years and devoted his life to travel. When his aunt, Mrs. Ezil Robbins, died some years ago she gave a magnificent library to Arlington, Mass Mr. Robbins was then her secretary and adviser. He gave his attention to the library work, and continued his travels in the interest of his aunt's enterprise. He was probably the greatest collector of portrait prints in America. In many lands he gathered over 100,000 such prints. For twenty-five years he had been a traveler. He was a member of the Brooklyn Club.

Gen. George M. Harmon.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 21.—Gen. George M. Harmon, a prominent figure in the industrial and political life of the State prior to his retirement, several years ago, died at his home here to-day, in his seventy-third year, of heart affection, complicated with kidney trouble. He served in the civil war, emerging as a Captain, and in 1881 was made Adjutant General of the State by Gov. Bigelow.

Col. Alfred J. Casse.

Col. Alfred J. Casse, a civil war veteran and a former Lieutenant Colonel of the Thirty-fifth Regiment, N. G. N. Y., died in the Nyack Hospital Sunday afternoon after an operation. He had been the owner of Alvirthorpe Farm, at West Nyack, since his retirement from business ten years ago. Col. Casse at the outbreak of the war enlisted as a private in Company C, First Light Artillery, which was largely recruited at Evans Mills, N. Y., his native town. After serving through the Second Bull Run, Antietam, and Fredericksburg, he was discharged for disability, and returned home to recuperate. He went back into active service as Second Lieutenant of the Twentieth New York Volunteer Cavalry, and was successively brevetted First Lieutenant and Captain. In the cavalry he was assigned to patrol duty along the Virginia and North Carolina Coasts, and assisted Lieut. Cushing in his expedition for the destruction of the Confederate ram, Albemarle. Later he served as Provost of Norfolk, and on the staff of Gen. Mackenzie, and joined Sheridan's army in the Shenandoah campaign. He was a charter member of Lafayette Post, No. 140, G. A. R. He is survived by a widow and one son.

Obituary Notes.

WILLIAM H. GILFILLAN, an insurance agent, died Sunday at his home, 2,067 Valentine Avenue, the Bronx. He was a member of the Veterans' Association of the Twenty-second Regiment, N. G. N. Y.

Dr. WILLIAM ROBERT BROSS, medical director of the Equitable Life Assurance Society, died yesterday at his home in Babylon, L. I., of an attack of apoplexy, in his 57th year. He was born in New York, and graduated from the College of Physicians and Surgeons in 1881. Going to Central America, he served several years as Port Health Officer at Port Limon, Costa Rica, and later acted as consulting commissioner on yellow fever in South America. Dr. Bross joined the staff of the Equitable Life as assistant to Dr. Edward W. Lambert, the medical director, in 1889, and at the latter's death he was appointed senior medical director.

GEORGE MILTON HINE, former Mayor of Poughkeepsie, N. Y., died there yesterday after an operation for appendicitis performed three days ago. He was 50 years old and born in Appleton, Wis. Mr. Hine went to Poughkeepsie when a young man to work as a shoemaker in a local factory, where he rose rapidly to the position of superintendent. Later he engaged in the manufacture of shoes. Mr. Hine was Mayor of Poughkeepsie for three terms, 1901 to 1906, inclusive. His leaves a widow, one son, and one daughter.

HIRAM VREELAND WANDELL, a well-known mining operator in Colorado Springs, died there on last Saturday night of tuberculosis. He was a member of the Vreeland family of this city.

SAMUEL W. WEISS, a lawyer, with offices at 45 Wall Street, died on Sunday at his home, 180th Street and Riverside Drive, in his fifty-ninth year. He was born in Honesdale, Penn., and received his early education there. Mr. Weiss was graduated from Yale University in the class of '72 and from Columbia Law School in 1874. He was admitted to the Bar in the same year, and had been in practice in this city ever since. A widow, two sons, and two daughters survive him.

MORRIS JACOBY, founder of the firm of Morris Jacoby & Sons, cigar manufacturers, died on Sunday at his home, 109 West 129th Street, in his seventy-first year.

BROTHER LOUIS of the Franciscan Order, whose monastery is in Butler Street, Brooklyn, died there on Saturday night after a three years' illness, in his fortieth year. He was a teacher and was born in Ireland, and had been a member of the Franciscan Order in this country for nineteen years. A brother, Thomas Johnston, who lives in Union Street, Brooklyn, and his mother, Anne McManus Johnston, who lives in Ireland, survive him.

GEORGE POST BRITTON, who for several years was Secretary and Treasurer of the Leavy & Britton Brewing Company, died on Sunday of pneumonia at his home, 202 New York Avenue, Brooklyn, in his forty-fifth year.

JACOB BENJAMIN WOOLEY, a well-known dealer in and collector of Chinese and Japanese art objects, died on Saturday night at his home, 106 East Thirty-eighth Street, of pneumonia in his seventieth year. For more than forty years he had conducted a salesroom for Oriental art goods at Fortieth Street and Fifth Avenue. A year ago he removed to Fifth Avenue and Thirty-fourth Street. He was a descendant of Benjamin Wooley, who came to Pennsylvania with William Penn.

ARTHUR E. CABBLE, Sr., nephew of William Cabble, founder of the Excelsior Wire Manufacturing Company of Brooklyn, is dead at his home, 383 Bainbridge Street, that borough, from a complication of diseases. He was a Director of the company. He was 50 years old, and is survived by a wife, two daughters, and a son.

HENRY GRANT THOMPSON, Secretary and Treasurer of the Henry G. Thompson & Sons Company of New Haven, Conn., is dead in Paris, France. Death followed an operation for appendicitis. He was 57 years old and leaves a widow and two children.

SARAH CORNELL HIGGINS, wife of Andrew Foster Higgins of New York and Greenwich, Conn., and daughter of the late John Henry Cornell of New York City, died at her Greenwich home yesterday, in the seventy-sixth year of her age. She was noted for her charity in Episcopal circles in Greenwich. Death was due to pneumonia.

Marriage and death notices intended for insertion in The New York Times may be telephoned to 1000 Bryant.

Born.

KALISKI.—Nov. 19, 1910, to Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Kaliski, (nee Dorothy Levy,) 956 Stebbins Av., Bronx, a son.

BUCHANNAN.—Nov. 18, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Edward Buchannan, a son.

FULLER.—Nov. 16, Danbury, Conn., to Mr. and Mrs. Granville Fuller, a daughter.

Engaged.

STEAINS—FETTEL.—Mr. and Mrs. H. Fettel of Linden Av., Flatbush, announce the engagement of their daughter Cecelia R. to Mr. Claud J. Steains, also of Flatbush.

Married.

MACFARLAN—PEARSON.—On Saturday, Nov. 19 1910, at the residence of her parents, 242 Roseville Av., Newark, N. J., by the Rev. Stephen M. Cranberry, Georgiana, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William H. Pearson, and Mr. Frederick Marks Macfarlan of New York City.

PARRISH—PALMER.—On Nov. 17, 1910, in Paris, at Saint Luke's Chapel, by the Rev. J. Van Winkle, Charlotte K. Palmer, daughter of Mrs. Florence V. King of Norfolk, Virginia, to James C. Parrish, Jr.

WILSON—DOWS.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, at the residence of the bride's parents, 540 West 150th St., by the Rev. H. A. Dows, father of the bride, assisted by the Rev. C. M. Conant of Pittsburg, uncle of the bride, Linda Dows to Thomas Anthony Wilson.

McCALLION—ROLLISON.—Nov. 19, Edith Rollison to James McCallion.

Brooklyn.

GRETE—BECKER.—Nov. 16, Lillian Becker to William Grete.

Connecticut.

MEAD—ROCKWELL.—Nov. 18, Danbury, Ruby E. Rockwell to Francis W. Mead.

New Jersey.

CONNOLLY—KRELLWITZ.—Nov. 17, West New York, Dorothy Krellwitz to William P. Connolly.

THOMPSON—ROSE.—Nov. 18, Newark, Lily Rose to Alfred Thompson.

Died.

BRITTON.—After a brief illness, at his late residence, 202 New York Av., Brooklyn, on Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, George Post Britton, beloved husband of Anne P. Cornell and son of Eugene and Caroline Britton. Funeral services Tuesday, Nov. 22, at 8 P. M. Members of Kedron Lodge No. 803, F. and A. M.; Flatbush Chapter No. 298, R. A. M.; Damascus Commandery No. 58, K. T., and Kismet Temple, A. A. O. N. M. S., are invited to attend.

COCHRANE.—At Hackensack, N. J., on Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Ella Brinkerhoff Cochrane. Funeral services at the residence of her daughter, Mrs. Leverit H. Sage, North River Street, Hackensack, N. J., on Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 3:30 P. M. Interment at Auburn, N. Y. Train on New York, Susquehanna & Western Railroad leaves foot of 23d St. 2:10; Hudson Terminal, 2:25. Trolley leaves 130th St. ferry 2:20.

CONSTANTINE.—At West Farms, New York City, on Saturday, Nov. 19, John Constantine, in his 62d year. Funeral services Tuesday, Nov. 22, 10 A. M., from his late residence, 1,906 Vyse Av. Interment Greenwood. Kindly omit flowers.

DOBSON.—Thomas Dobson. Funeral service THE FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.

FANTOZZI.—John, Nov. 21, 1910. Funeral Friday, Nov. 25, at 10 A. M., from 101 West 56th St. Interment Calvary Cemetery.

FOSTER.—At 29 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, N. Y., Nov. 21, Mrs. Mary Beardsley Foster, in the 67th year of her age. Funeral services Tuesday evening, Nov. 22, 8 P. M., at 29 Lafayette Av. Interment at Watertown, N. Y. Utica Herald please copy.

GILFILLAN.—After a short illness, in his 43d year, William H. Gilfillan, husband of Mae Hooker Gilfillan. Funeral services at his late residence, 2,067 Valentine Av., Tuesday, Nov. 22, 1910, at 8 P. M. Members of the Veteran Association, 22d Regiment, N. G. S. N. Y., are invited to attend. Interment private.

GREENE.—On Nov. 19, Gertrude Van Schaick, widow of the late William D. Greene, and daughter of the late James W. Auten, at the residence of her son-in-law, George N. Janes, Rutherford, N. J. Funeral services at the Rutherford M. E. Church on Tuesday, Nov. 22d, at 2:30 P. M. Train leaves Erie depot, Jersey City, at 1:45 P. M.

HALL.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Marie Louise, widow of Thomas Henry Hall. Services private at her late residence, 59 East 75th St.

HAMILTON.—On Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Lewis Hamilton, aged 69 years. Funeral from his late residence, 267 West 140th St., Tuesday, Nov. 22, at 8 P. M.

HEAD.—William Head. Funeral at "THE FUNERAL CHURCH," 241 West 23d St. (FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.)

HIGGINS.—At Greenwich, Conn., Monday A. M., Sarah Hamilton Cornell, wife of A. Foster Higgins. Funeral services at Christ Church Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 3 P. M. at 2 P. M. Charleston (S. C.) papers please copy.

HUNT.—William Hunt. Services at the FUNERAL CHURCH, 241 West 23d St., FRANK E. CAMPBELL BUILDING.

JAMES.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, at Highwood, N. J., Edith Colbourne, wife of Thomas L. James and daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Gardner Colbourne of Stratford-on-Avon, England. Funeral services on Friday afternoon, Nov. 25, from St. Paul's Church, Englewood, N. J.

LAWRENCE.—On Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Josiah B. Lawrence. Funeral from his late residence, Garden City, L. I., 10:30 A. M., Tuesday, Nov. 22. Interment private.

McCORD.—Suddenly, at Greenwich, Conn., Nov. 19, 1910, Isabel Park, wife of William H. McCord, aged 68 years. Funeral services at her late residence Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 11:30 A. M. Carriages will meet train leaving Lexington Av. Terminal at 10:05 A. M. Interment at convenience of family.

MERRITT.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, at the residence of his sister, Mrs. Francis B. Aspinwall, Nyack-on-Hudson, Edward, son of the late Edward and Mary Crocheron Merritt. Funeral services on Tuesday, Nov. 22, from Grace Church, Nyack-on-Hudson, upon arrival of 1:34 P. M. train from Jersey City. Carriages in waiting.

MESIER.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, Judith, infant daughter of the Rev. Henry and Judith Teleki Mesier of Kingston, N. Y.

ROBBINS.—At Nice, France, Nov. 5, Winfield Robbins. Funeral services at St. Ann's Church, Brooklyn Heights, Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 2 o'clock. Burial private.

SCRIBNER.—On Monday, Nov. 21, at Plainfield, N. J., in her 68th year, Julia Sayre, wife of the late Rev. William Scribner. Funeral services at her residence, 508 East Front St., on Wednesday, Nov. 23, at 2:15 P. M.

SEIDENBERG.—On Sunday, Nov. 20, 1910, Elka Seidenberg, in her 72d year. Funeral service at her late residence, 235 Bainbridge St., Brooklyn, on Tuesday, Nov. 22, 2 P. M.

SMITH.—On Saturday, Nov. 19, 1910, Henry A. Smith, aged 82 years. Funeral services at his late residence, 578 East 168th St., near Fulton Av., Bronx, on Tuesday, at 8 P. M.

TAYLOR.—On Sunday, Nov. 20, at her residence, Ashland, Penn., Amanda, wife of the late Jeremiah Taylor of New York City. Interment Woodlawn Cemetery, on Wednesday.

THOMPSON.—In Paris, France, Nov. 21, 1910, Harry Grant Thompson, son of the late Louisa Barnard and Henry Graham Thompson. Notice of funeral hereafter.

WEAVER.—Marcus Weaver, aged 70 years. Refer to FRANK E. CAMPBELL, 241-243 West 23d St.

WEED.—At Darien, Conn., on the 19th inst., Louise Lane Colyer, wife of Edward F. Weed. Funeral will take place at Kensett Lodge, Contentment Island, Tuesday, at 3 P. M. Carriages will be in waiting at Rowayton Station on arrival of the train leaving New York 1:10 P. M. Interment at convenience of the family.

WEISS.—Samuel W. Weiss, on Sunday afternoon, at his residence, 180th St. and Riverside Drive, after a brief illness. Funeral at convenience of the family.

Died.

WILLARD.—Sunday, Nov. 20, Emma J., widow of Samuel L. Willard. Funeral from her late residence, 824 Lafayette Av., Brooklyn, Tuesday, Nov. 22, at 1:30 P. M.

WOLF.—Suddenly, on Sunday, Nov. 20, Elsa T. Wolf, (nee Schall,) wife of August T. Wolf. Services private.

BIEGEN.—Peter M., 820 East 150th St., Nov. 19.

COORR.—Theresa C., 736 Magenta St., Bronx, Nov. 20. Funeral to-day, 1 P. M.

DE NYSE.—George, 500 West 213th St., Nov. 20. Funeral to-morrow, 10 A. M.

JANSEN.—Agnes, 1,823 Anthony Av., Bronx, Nov. 19, aged 73. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

KELLY.—Mary E., 211 West 117th St., Nov. 20. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

KILBANE.—Bridget, 154 Perry St., Nov. 20. Funeral to-day.

LANCER.—Mary J., 75 Madison St., Nov. 20. Funeral notice later.

McCARTHY.—Denis, 60 King St., Nov. 20. Funeral to-day, 10 A. M.

MULLIGAN.—John E., 2,444 7th Av., Nov. 20, aged 28. Funeral to-morrow, 9:30 A. M.

O'CONNOR.—Margaret, 362 8d Av., Nov. 19. Funeral to-day, 9:30 A. M.

O'MEARA.—Cornelius F., 1,637 Park Av., Nov. 19.

POPPER.—Lena, 565 East 178th

CLEVELAND WANTS 1916 OLYMPIC MEET

Everett C. Brown Re-elected President of A. A. U. at Its Annual Meeting.

Legislators on athletic doings representing the Amateur Athletic Union from all over the United States met yesterday in annual session at the Hotel Astor, and, aside from reviewing the work of the past year, provided plans for the betterment of track and field sports generally, as well as those pastimes over which they have dominion.

Everything which transpired, however, if the enthusiasm of the delegates is any criterion, ran second to the proposition that the Olympic games for 1916 be held in Cleveland, Ohio. Every one in attendance was strictly attentive when Secretary Sullivan read the communication touching upon this all-important matter, which resolved itself into the following resolution being adopted:

"The Amateur Athletic Union in annual meeting assembled has received with great interest and pleasure a patriotic and public-spirited proffer by the City of Cleveland, through its Mayor and other delegates, of an unexcelled location and facilities within the city limits of Cleveland for holding the international Olympic games of 1916, and it is hereby resolved that the offer be referred to the International Committee of the Amateur Athletic Union with the hearty indorsement of this body."

In view of the fact that the committee to whom this petition is to be referred is composed of Harlow S. Weeks, Gustavus T. Kirby, Joseph B. Maccabe, James E. Sullivan, and Everett C. Brown, all of whom were at the meeting, it almost goes without saying that the International Olympic Committee, which meets next June in Berlin, will be asked to grant the sanction.

One of the men prominently identified with the workings of the foreign committee, in response to a request as to the possible acceptance of the Cleveland offer by the committee in question, said:

"While no disparagement is to be cast upon the patriotic desire of Cleveland's citizens, the most patent fact which presents itself to my mind is that when we have held Olympic games here, as was the case in 1904 at St. Louis, there was almost a total lack of British and Continental competition, probably caused by the unwillingness of the foreigners to spend the money incidental to the proper accomplishment of such a series, and I see very little chance of our getting the games, not alone from that standpoint, but because of the bitterness engendered by American success at the last games in London."

Those delegates who passed upon the foregoing resolution, as well as the rest of the business transacted, were, with the associations they represented, as follows:

Bartow S. Weeks, James E. Sullivan, E. T. Hart, P. W. Rubien, F. J. V. Delaney, J. W. Stumpf, Metropolitan Association; John J. O'Connor, Western Association; M. F. Winston, T. F. Riley, A. J. Lill, Jr., E. E. Babb, New England Association; J. V. Mulligan, J. McNamara, W. Burdick, G. W. Pawling, Herman Meyer, Capt. J. K. Nickols, Middle Atlantic Association; Dr. George K. Herman, W. H. Lilginger, Central Association; Robert Dodd, Pacific Association; Dr. B. Merrill Hopkinson, Theodore E. Strous, Henry G. Penniman, South Atlantic Association; Major W. M. Inglis, Pacific Northwest Association; John Stell, North American Gymnastic Association; Gustavus T. Kirby, Intercollegiate Association A. A. A.; A. G. Mills, Dr. Luther H. Gulick, Charles H. Carter, delegates at large; Joseph B. Maccabe, former President, and Major J. Dixon, former Secretary; Dr. George W. Fisher, Y. M. C. A.; W. Scott, O'Connor, American Fencers' League of America; Major W. H. Turpin, Military Athletic League.

Everett C. Brown of the Chicago Athletic Association was re-elected President without a dissenting voice after the withdrawal of Henry C. Penniman of Baltimore, who was nominated by Dr. D. E. Wiber of Washington, D. C. James E. Sullivan of New York had no opposition for Secretary-Treasurer, and the following were elected Vice Presidents: A. J. Lill, Jr., Boston; J. J. O'Connor, St. Louis; T. Morris Dunne, Portland, Ore., and George F. Pawling, Philadelphia.

Questions of suspensions and reinstatements were among the first things brought to the attention of the conclave, the principal of these being disposed of as follows:

Harold C. Cox, Brooklyn; Gabriel H. Todes, Baltimore, and Pasquale Alvite were declared amateurs. Charles Derosier, who competed in a professional footrace, application for reinstatement denied. The case of Charles Edwards was referred back to the New England Association.

There were many amendments to the constitution proposed. The second sentence of General Rule 4, Section 10, was so amended as to read:

When any money is paid to an athlete for traveling expenses, the organization or committee making such payment shall be required to take a receipt therfor in duplicate, containing an itemized statement of such expenses, and forward immediately a copy thereof to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the association in which the athlete is registered, and one copy thereof to the Chairman of the Registration Committee of the association in whose district the meeting is held, such receipts and statements to be kept on file by said Chairmen respectively.

Admission as an allied body was granted to the Hawaiian Amateur Athletic Association, composed of ten minor organizations in and about Honolulu, primarily brought about by Sidney S. Peixoto, President of the Pacific Association, A. A. U.

The financial report showed a deficit of $1,496.10, brought about mainly by losses on the indoor championships of 1909-10; ten-mile run of 1909-10; gymnastic, cross-country, junior and senior, and all-around championships of 1909, and the basket ball championship of 1910.

In the matter of athletes registered in the eleven allied associations and the Y. M. C. A. and Catholic A. A. L., the number reported was 22,052. Of this number 6,303 are in the metropolitan district, where 311 sanctions were given for games, among those being seven National championship meets, the chief honors in which were carried off by the New York A. C.

The gist of the report of the Committee on the Investigation of Athletic Conditions was that the control of amateur athletics should be vested in a body composed of representatives from all the interests concerned, and that such representation should be on the basis of the number of competitors registered in each group.

President Brown appointed members of the following committees to serve for the ensuing year: National Registration, Record, Athletic Championship, Legislation, Finance, Basket Ball, Playgrounds, Athletic Parks and Baths.

Although there was no request from any of the associations for the championship meeting for next year all indications point to the ultimate success of Philadelphia when the various requests reach the Athletic Championship Committee, which selects the place for holding these events.

The following records were accepted by the delegates after being recommended by the Record Committee:

RUNNING RECORDS.

60 yards, indoor, 06 2-5; W. J. Keating, Albany, N. Y., Feb. 8, 1910.
60 yards indoor, 06 2-5; R. Cloughen, New York City, Jan 28, 1910.
? 90 yards indoor, 09 2-5; E. A. Frey, New York City, May 2, 1910.
? 125 yards, 12 2-5; F. Ramsdell, Celtic Park, New York, May 30, 1910.
110 yards, 10 4-5; R. Cloughen, Celtic Park, New York, Sept. 5, 1910.
70 yards indoor, 07 1-5; J. J. Archer, New York City, Feb 5, 1910; R. Cloughen, New York City, Feb. 5, 1910.
220 yards, 21 1-5; R. C. Craig, Philadelphia, Penn., May 28, 1910.
500 yards, 57 3-5; M. W. Sheppard, Aug. 14, 1910.
550 yards, 1:04; M. W. Sheppard, Aug. 14, 1910.
550 yards, 1:05; M. W. Sheppard, June 27, 1910.
600 yards, 1:10 4-5; M. W. Sheppard, Aug. 14, 1910.
660 yards, 1:21 2-5; M. W. Sheppard, May 30, 1910.
700 yards, 1:26 4-5; M. W. Sheppard, May 30, 1910, all made at Celtic Park.
800 yards, 1:43 3-5; M. W. Sheppard, Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Aug. 23, 1910. Race track.
900 yards, 1:57 1-5; M. W. Sheppard, Aug. 7, 1910.
Two-thirds mile, 2:45 2-5; M. W. Sheppard, July 31, 1910.
1,000 yards, 2:12 2-5; M. W. Sheppard, July 17, 1910, all made at Celtic Park.
Two-thirds mile, 2:44 2-5; M. W. Sheppard, race track, Newark, N. J., Aug. 20, 1910.
2½ miles in door, 12:08 1-5; Jan. 29, 1910.
3 miles indoor, 14 29 2-5; Jan. 29, 1910.
1¾ miles indoor, 8:10 3-5; Feb. 26, 1910.
2 miles indoor, 9:14 1-5; George V. Bonhag, Feb. 26, 1910, all made at Buffalo.
2 Miles, 9:26 3-5, T. S. Berna, Ithaca, N. Y., May 7, 1910.
4 Miles Indoor—19:39 4-5, George V. Bonhag, New York City, Feb. 5, 1910.
4 miles, 20:11; 4½ miles, 22:43 1-5; 5 miles, 25:09 1-5, George V. Bonhag; all made at Travers Island, Sept. 10, 1910.
10½ miles, 58:02; 11 miles, 1:00:56 1-5; 11½ miles, 1:02:53; 12 miles, 1:00:50 3-5; 12½ miles, 1:09:48 4-5; 13 miles, 1:12;49 3-5; 13½ miles, 1:15:51 4-5; 14 miles, 1:18:56 3-5; 14½ miles, 1:22:05 4-5; 15 miles, 1:25:15; 15½ miles, 1:28:33; 16 miles, 1:31:49; 16½ miles, 1:35:12 3-5; 17 miles, 1:38:37 1-5; all made by J. F. Crowley, Celtic Park, Nov. 14, 1909.
17½ miles, 1:42:03; 18 miles, 1:45:11 4-5; 18½ miles, 1:48:22 2-5; 18 miles, 1:51:41 4-5; 19½ miles, 1:55:03; 20 miles, 1:58:27 3-5; all made by James Clark, Celtic Park, Nov. 14, 1909.

HURDLE RACING RECORDS.

40 yards low, 0:05, T N Richards, Lafayette Ind., Feb. 19, 1910.
40 yards low, 0:05, T. N. Richards, Lafayette fayette, Ind., Feb. 19, 1910.
60 yards low, 0:07 3-5, J. J. Eller, New York City, Feb. 26, 1910.
70 yards low, 0:08 2-5, J. J. Eller, New York City, Feb. 5, 1910.
75 yards low, 0:09 2-5, Roger Bacon, New York City, Sept. 17, 1910.
Equaled same day by Bob Eller, New York City, Sept. 17, 1910; J. J. Eller, New York City, Sept. 17, 1910.
*440 Yards, 29 Low Hurdles—1:00, C. J. Bacon, Brooklyn, N. Y., July 3, 1910.
1-5 Mile Low—0:43 3-5, C. J. Bacon, Celtic Park, N. Y., June 25, 1910.

JUMPING RECORDS.

Running Hop, Step, and Jump—49 ft. 7 3-8 in., D. F. Ahearne, Celtic Park, N. Y., May 30, 1910.
*Standing Hop, Step, and Jump, Indoor—32 ft. 8 in., Platt Adams, Newark, N. J., Nov. 25, 1909.

VAULTING RECORDS.

Pole Vault for Height.—12 feet 10⅞ inches, Leland S. Scott, Stanford, Cal., May 27, 1910.
Pole Vault for Distance, Indoor.—28 feet 2 inches. Platt Adams, Madison Square Garden, New York City, Oct. 31, 1910.

SHOT PUTTING RECORD.

42-Pound Stone With Follow.—27 feet ½ inch, M. J. Sheridan, Celtic Park, N. Y., Nov. 28, 1909.

THROWING WEIGHTS RECORDS.

*56-Pound Weight for Height.—16 feet 6¼ inches, M. J. McGrath, Chicago, Ill., Aug. 28, 1910.
56-Pound Weight for Height.—16 feet 6 3-16 inches, Con. Walsh, Travers Island, N. Y., Sept. 24, 1910.
56-Pound Weight from Stand.—33 feet 1 inch, M. J. McGrath, Travers Island, N. Y., Sept. 24, 1910.

WALKING RECORD.

*One-Mile.—6:29 1-5. (Indoor.) G. H. Goulding, Buffalo, N. Y., Feb. 26, 1910.

RELAY RACING RECORDS.

2,400-Yard Relay, (Indoor.)—5:06 1-5. Irish-American A. C. team, (J. Bromilow, W. C. Robbins, A. R. Kiviat, H. Schaaf,) New York City, Feb. 5, 1910.
Two-Mile Relay.—7:53. Irish-American A. C. team, (Riley, J. Bromilow, M. W. Sheppard, A. R. Kiviat,) Celtic Park, N. Y., Sept. 5, 1910.

THREE-LEGGED RECORD.

90 Yards, Indoor.—0:10 1-5. W. J. Keating and W. Slade, New York City, May 2, 1910.

DUMBBELLS.

*Pushing up one dumbbell weighing 104 pounds 18 times, with one hand, from shoulder to full arm length above the shoulder, George Tsambiras, New York City, March 19, 1910.

WALL SCALING RECORD.

100 Yards, Wall Scaling.—0:35 4-5. Second Division, Naval Militia, C. N. G. team, (A. L. Perkins, W. C. Roberts, H. L. Treat, F. Loveland Jr., W. E. House, E. V. Hedlund, W. J. Goltra, J. C. Comstock.) 25 yards run to 10-foot wall, 20 yards and return, 25 yards to and over wall, then 25 yards to finish. Hartford, Conn., Feb. 21, 1910.

JAVELIN RECORD.

Throwing the Javelin.—163 feet 1 inch. B. Brodd, New Orleans, La., Oct. 15, 1910.
Hose Carriage Race, Ten-Men Team.—Run 200 Yards from standing start, lay 100 feet hose, break coupling, affix nozzle, and show water; 0:44. Uniontown Hose Company, No. 2 team, Hastings-on-Hudson, N. Y., Aug. 27, 1910.
*Medley Relay Race, (Indoor)—7:41 2-5. All Toronto team, (C. L. Watson, 220 yards, M. J. Folinshee, 440 yards; G. M. Brock, 880 yards; J. L. Tait, 1 mile;) Buffalo, N. Y., Nov. 14, 1910.
*All records marked thus are sugject to further investigation.

SWIMMING RECORDS.

50 Yards, Bath, Two Turns—0:24 2-5. C. M. Daniels, Chicago, Ill., April 6, 1910.
100 Yards, Bath, Four Turns—0:54 4-5. C. M. Daniels, Chicago, Ill., April 7, 1910.
100 Meters, Bath, Four Turns—1:02 4-5. C. M. Daniels, New York City, April 15, 1910.
200 Yards, Bath, Seven Turns—2:14. C. M. Daniels, New York City, March 5, 1910.
250 yards, bath, 9 turns, 2:55 3-5; 300 yards, bath, 11 turns, 3:35 4-5; 500 meters, bath, 13 turns, 3:57 3-5; 350 yards, bath, 13 turns, 4:17, C. M. Daniels, New York City; all made March 4, 1910.

BACK STROKE.

100 yards, bath, 3 turns, 1:12; 150 yards, bath, 5 turns, 1:56 2-5. H. J. Hebner, St. Louis, Mo.; both made April 9, 1910.

RELAY RACING.

200 yards, 4 men, 50 yards each, (25 yards bath)—1:45, New York Athletic Club, (George South, 0:26 2-5; C. D. Trubenbach, 0:27; N. Nerich, 0:26 2-5, and C. M. Daniels, 0:25 1-5,) New York City, April 15.
200 Yards, 6 men, 50 yards each, 25 yards bath; 2:42 1-5. New York Athletic Club, (above and L. B. Goodwin, 0:28 3-5, and J. A. Ruddy, 0:28 3-5,) New York City, April 15.
400 Yards, 4 men, 100 yards each, (20 yards bath)—4:00 2-5. New York Athletic Club, (George South, 1:01 3-5; C. D. Trubenbach, 1:03 3-5; N. Nerich, 1:00, and C. M. Daniels, 0:55 1-5,) New York City, April 11, 1910.
500 Yards, 5 men, 100 yards each, (20 yards bath)—5:04 3-5. New York Athletic Club, (above and L. B. Goodwin, 1:02 1-5,) New York City, April 11.

Swedes In Marathon Race.

Gusta Ljungstrom and John Svanberg, the game little Swedish runners, have sent in their entry for the Marathon team race which will take place at Madison Square Garden next Tuesday night, Nov. 29. This team makes three combinations now entered for the big race, including Holmer and Quesl, the winners of the twenty-mile contest, and Alfred Shrubb and A. E. Wood, who will represent England. The Shrubb-Wood combination will be a dangerous pair, as Al has regained all of his old-time speed and Wood has brought a record of all sorts of phenomenal performances from England. The entries for the race will close to-morrow.

News of the Athletes.

First in the field with a scheduled swimming meet is the New York Athletic Club, which announces the following series for Dec. 14 in the natatorium in Central Park South: Fifty-yard, for novices; 100-yard, sealed handicap, for the Bratton Cup, and a 200-yard invitation, limited handicap. On Jan. 14, 1911, the same organization has carded the 220-yard metropolitan championship 100-yard handicap, 100-yard novice, and fancy high diving, handicap.

On Saturday evening, Dec. 3, the Harlem Young Men's Christian Association will hold a wrestling tournament open to all registered athletes. A good entry has been assured, including the championship lightweight Pederson and most of the best amateurs in the vicinity.

HORSES BRING SMALL PRICES AT OLD GLORY

Belle Bingen, with Rich Racing Engagements, Reaches Highest Mark, $1,400.

The sixteenth annual Old Glory sale of light-harness horses by the Fasig-Tipton Company opened yesterday morning at Madison Square Garden. The elaborate decorations of the Horse Show had disappeared before the doors were opened yesterday, and the Garden took on the appearance of a race track, with horses exercising on the course and all kinds of racing paraphernalia on exhibition within the ring. Around the auction stand the same old scenes were re-enacted as Driver Al Thomas drove the steppers around the saucer track. In the crowd, which came up to those on the opening day in previous years, might be seen the same old faces so prominent in light-harness racing circles that are always seen at Old Glory sales.

Nearly all the stock sold up to the evening session yesterday was from Ardmaer Farm, owned by William Bradley and located at Raritan, N. J. This is the first crop of any size produced at Ardmaer. A large part of the eighty-three consigned by the Adrmaer Farm consisted of promising yearlings, and these brought the best prices of the day, but the figures for the opening day did not ascend very high.

The top price reached during the day's selling was $1,400, for Belle Bingen, a bay filly out of Otway Belle, 2:18¾; sire, Bingen, 2:06¼. This yearling created a mild sensation in her try-out yesterday, and the bidding was quite spirited. She was bred and consigned by the Ardmaer Farm and has been named for the Horse Review Purse, the American Horse Breeder Futurity, and the Matron Stakes. She is also eligible to the Kentucky Futurity. Alfred Todd, a two-year-old from the Ardmaer Farm, by Todd and Little Todd, brought $800, but the majority went much below this figure.

Among the well-known horsemen in attendance at the opening of the sale were Lon McDonald, James Benyon, Roy Miller, Fred Hyde, James Snell, George Starr, A. M. Jones, Robert Grady, James Healy, J. W. Gatcomb, J. S. Murray, A. T. Miller, John Spillane, Charles Tanner, Dr. J. B. Bristol, George G. Moore, James A. Murphy, Dr. George B. McCoy, and Palmer L. Clark.

Of the 145 horses named for auction yesterday 24 were withdrawn. The 121 horses which were sold netted a total of $20,045, or an average of $240 per head. The sale was not quite up to the average first day's sale in recent years, due no doubt to the absence of any horses of unusual worth. Thursday is looked upon as a big day of the sale, as Belvasia and other noted horses are due for auction on that day. Next to Belle Bingen, the bay filly which drew $1,400, Alfred Todd, a bay colt, by Todd and Little Todd, drew the highest price, $800. No other horse went past the $700 mark.

The Ardmaer Farm consignment, which originally consisted of 83 head, was reduced to 63 by withdrawals, and these netted a total of $16,000, an average of $236.50 per head. The three big sales of the opening day were from this consignment. The lowest price paid for any horse during the day was $85, but a large number sold at prices not far from $100.

Some of the best sales yesterday were:

ARDMAER FARM CONSIGNMENT.

Belle Bingen, trotter, b. f., yearling; to J. S. Murray, Goshen, N. Y.	$1,400
Alfred Todd, trotter, b. c., 1 year; to Fiss, Doerr & Carroll, New York	800
Allie Bingen, trotter, b. f.; to H. H. Stambaugh, Youngstown, Ohio	600
Cora Moko, trotter, b. f., 1 year; to J. S. Murray, Goshen, N. Y.	575
Harry Bingen, trotter, b. c., 1 year; to Matt Dwyer, New York	550
Baron Bingen, trotter, br. s., 8 years; to Mossneck Farm, Virginia	625
Dreamy Bingen, trotter, blk. f., 1 year; to Woodford & Brooks, Oshawa, Ontario	575

Attell Has Plenty of Trainers.

If Abe Attell is not in perfect condition when he faces Pal Moore at the Fairmont Athletic Club on Wednesday, Nov. 30, it will be due to a lack of sparring partners. When Attell opened his training quarters at Johnson's roadhouse he ran into a veritable beehive of clever boxers. He brought Danny Goodman with him, but any time Goodman needs a rest Attell will have Jimmy Carroll or Lew Powell to box with. And if these fellows are not big enough Frank Mantell will be employed. The most significant thing about this coming battle is that for once in his career Attell talks seriously about the prowess of an opponent. He has seen Moore in action and knows that he is a dangerous lad. Then again he places a lot of significance in the fact that Moore beat Jem Driscoll. On this bout alone the experts can get a good line on how hard a battle Attell is going to have on Nov. 30.

Wrestling Tournament Dec. 2.

A wrestling show under the direction of Joe Humphries will be the attraction at Grand Central Palace on Dec. 2. The programme is now being arranged and several bouts have been decided upon. Zybszko, the giant Pole, will meet two men, Tom Jenkins and Andrew Kindrat, the giant. Kindrat has already wrestled with the Pole for twenty-nine minutes without being floored. Jenkins has never met Zybszko. Will Bingham and Niflott, the Columbia wrestling coach, has also been matched. Another match is announced between a mysterious grappler called the "Human Eel" and a wrestler who is to be selected by Tom Sharkey. The management may also add the Finnish Lion, Pilakoff, to the programme if it can find a worthy foe for him.

NO STADIUM FOR YALE.

Athletic Committee Wants $500,000 Gift Before One Can Be Assured.

Special to The New York Times.

NEW HAVEN, Conn., Nov. 21.—Yale alumni will strive to arouse the Athletic Committee to act on the question of building a stadium, but a canvass of the members to-day disclosed the fact that all insist that unless they receive a gift of from $500,000 to $700,000 they will not attempt to build one. The fact that there was a possibility of a panic at the Yale-Harvard game Saturday, when two fires were discovered in the wooden stands, which escaped destruction only by prompt attention by the chemical engines, has led to a demand by the New Haven press that a stadium be built.

The Yale Daily News is ablaze with adjectives in eulogizing Capt. Fred Daly's football team. It says editorially:

"Dealing in superlatives is apt to be presumptuous or idle; and yet it would seem on a hasty view that the achievement of the Yale team during the past season stands unparalleled in the history of the game. Crushed by one of the most disastrous preliminary seasons in many years, exhausted by the recent strain of the remarkable victory over Princeton, opposed by one of the finest teams Harvard has ever produced, the eleven, nevertheless, put up such a fight as to avert an apparently unavoidable and overwhelming defeat.

"Yale owes this year's football team something more than is to be measured by newspaper notoriety and acclaim. The eleven has shown what boundless powers live in those qualities which all men possess in a less degree—qualities of enthusiasm, of determination, and of courage.

"In the pressure and routine of everyday life, the recollections of such an achievement comes to us as an electric touch, and fires us anew to a fury of performance."

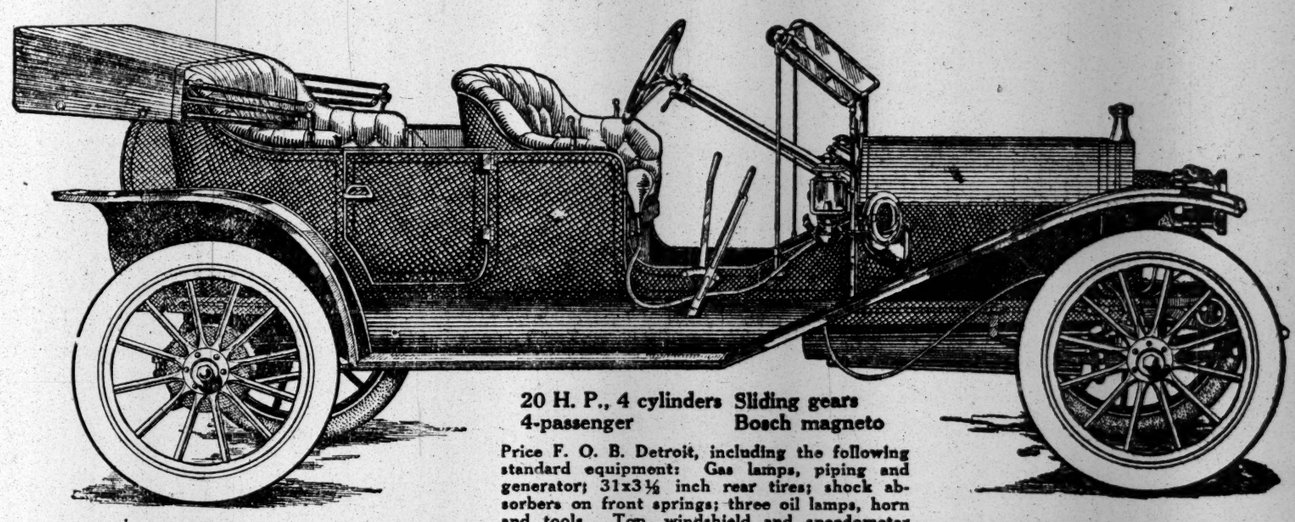
Jack O'Brien, Old Ball Player, Dead.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—"Jack" O'Brien, who was one of the catchers of the Athletic baseball team when it won the championship of the American Association in 1883, died yesterday in a hospital in this city and will be buried from the Elks Home on Wednesday. After playing as a battery partner of the famous "Bobby" Matthews, pitching star of 1883, O'Brien played with Brooklyn, Baltimore, and other clubs.

Yonkers Marathon on Thursday.

A real sporting feature on Thanksgiving Day will be the Yonkers Marathon, which has become an annual fixture in the list of big athletic events. The start of the race will be made at noon, from Getty Square, Yonkers. The course has been changed for this year's race so that the last nine miles will be run on the Empire City race track. This arrangement will give the big crowd that annually watches the Yonkers Marathon a fine chance to see the race from the seventeenth mile to the finish. It is in this stage that nearly every Marathon is lost and won. Heretofore the spectators at Empire City have seen but the last three miles of the race. A feature will be the presence of Jimmy George, the phenomenal Indian runner, who has won the Hamilton Herald road race two years in succession. George is rated in Canada as a second Tom Longboat. Clinton of Muncie, Ind., who is reputed to have done some fast time in the Middle West, is among the entrants.

It's here—in first cost and after cost, the most economical car in the world



20 H. P., 4 cylinders Sliding gears
4-passenger Bosch magneto

Price F. O. B. Detroit, including the following standard equipment: Gas lamps, piping and generator; 31x3½ inch rear tires; shock absorbers on front springs; three oil lamps, horn and tools. Top, windshield and speedometer extra.

$900 Touring Car — **Hupmobile** — **$900 Touring Car**

GUARANTEED FOR LIFE

Are you one of those who have felt that a touring car was beyond their means? Hundreds like you now find themselves eligible to ownership of the new $900 Hupmobile. In first cost and in assured economy of operation it makes a touring car possible to scores who have not dared consider one before.

The Hupmobile Philosophy:

"Let the other fellow have the long profit on the high-priced car.
"Give us the small profit on a generous volume.
"The automobile business cannot grow to real greatness on the patronage of the few—it must deserve the support of the many.
"There aren't enough rich men to go around.
"We will build cars for the average man—for the modest pocketbook.
"We will send the Hupmobile out into every nook and corner of the world.
"We will link the city to the farm; and the farm to the city.
"Anybody can sell luxuries to the rich—let us bring health, and sunshine; and pleasure; to men and women of modest means.
"Let us resolve to build a car so good that it will shame the cars of higher price.
"Let us make it so light and yet so strong that it will cost less to keep than any other car on earth.
"Last, and most important of all, let us resolve that all the money on earth shall not tempt us to turn out a poor product."

This policy was formulated three years ago. Now thousands of people swear by the Hupmobile and vouch for its soundness and its value.

The new Hupmobile banishes three bugaboos which have always confronted the touring car buyer:—

1) The fear that a low price meant poor construction.
2) The fear of excessive cost of repair.
3) The fear of a high cost of upkeep.

Fear No. 1 is driven away by the life-long guarantee—and the magnificent record of thousands of Hupmobiles already in use.

Fear No. 2 is left without a leg to stand on by this same life-long guarantee.

Fear No. 3 meets its Waterloo in the proof presented by hundreds of owners that a Hupmobile, cared for at home, costs from 20 to 25c a day.

So you will be confronted, when you see this new car, to-morrow, by an entirely new economic proposition.

If a touring car would mean anything to you—

If it would make life brighter and healthier and happier for you and your friends—

And you can afford to pay for that inestimable boon a first cost of $900, and an after-cost about equal to the average daily street-car expense—then buy a Hupmobile, with implicit confidence in its rock-ribbed, life-long guarantee.

Buy it, too, with this thought in mind:—

That the first poor Hupmobile has yet to be built.

That there isn't a crippled Hupmobile in America, unless it was crushed in an accident.

That Hupmobiles used for a year or more have always commanded almost full list price.

That the Hupmobile policy has always been to carry out every promise to the letter.

THE LIFE-LONG GUARANTEE

The Hupp Motor Car Company guarantees the Hupmobile free from defects in material or workmanship, during the life of the car, and will replace, free of charge, any such defective material when returned to its factory for inspection, transportation prepaid. This guarantee does not cover tires.

HUPP MOTOR CAR COMPANY

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

RUNABOUT

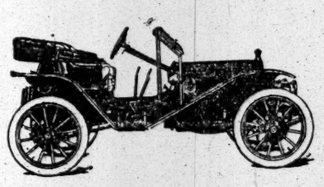
Unit power plant. Four cylinder, 20 H. P. motor; 3¼-inch bore, 3½-inch stroke; offset crank shaft; valves on left side.
Selective sliding gear transmission, two speeds forward and reverse. Lubricated from crank case.
Multiple disc clutch, enclosed in gear case and running in oil.
Hyatt roller bearings on outer ends of rear axle. 2 foot and 2 emergency brakes, internal expanding, on rear wheels.
Drop forged front axle, I-beam section, integral spring seats.
Frame of pressed steel channel section. Semi-elliptic front springs, patented cross spring in rear.
Float feed, automatic carbureter, accelerator pedal; hand throttle under steering wheel.
Bosch high tension magneto. No battery, coil or complicated wiring.
Thermo-syphon system of water circulation for cooling.
Front and rear tires, 30 x 3 inches. Wheelbase, 80 inches. Tread, 56 inches.
Body Hupp blue, white striping. Wheels gray.
Oil lamps for dash and rear, horn and tools regular equipment. Top, windshield, gas lamps, tank or generator extra. Weight, regular equipment, 1200 lbs.
Price, $750 F. O. B. Detroit

TOURING CAR

Same as Runabout, except:
Wheel-base 110 inches, heavier frame, vanadium steel rear spring.
Metal body, seating four. Tufted upholstery, Hupp blue on body, white striping; gray wheels.
Regular equipment, gas headlights and generator, shock absorbers on front springs, oil dash and tail lamps, horn and tools. Top, windshield and speedometer extra.
Tires 30 x 3 inches front, 31 x 3½ inches rear.
Weight, regular equipment, 1600 pounds.
Price, $900 F. O. B. Detroit

What You Get In This New $900 Hupmobile Touring Car

You get enough power to carry four people up any hill or grade the Hupmobile may encounter.
You get more speed, several times over, than the law allows or a wise driver cares to use.
You get a system of springs, supplemented by shock absorbers in the front, which makes driving a delight in ease and smoothness.
You get a longer wheelbase than has ever been offered before for less than $1000.
You get a Bosch magneto and sliding gear transmission—offered for the first time in a touring car for less than $1000.
You get the same superb construction that won for the Hupmobile Runabout the honor of being the only moderate-priced car that employed the same fine materials and methods utilized on larger and costlier cars.
You get the first life-long guarantee ever given with any automobile in the world—a guarantee which will be carried out to the letter, no matter how many people may, in time, own the car you buy, nor how many years hence it may be called into action.

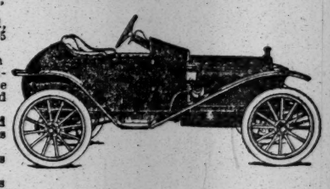


Runabout, $750

COUPE specifications
Same as Runabout, except:
Body of metal, fully enclosed and storm proof. Hupp blue, white striper; gray wheels and gray panels on doors. Doors open forward.
Standard equipment includes electric headlights, combination oil and electric side and tail lamps, dome light, folding dash seat for a third person, shock absorbers in front.
Front tires, 30x3 inches; rear, 31x3½ inches.
Weight, 1600 pounds.
Price, $1100 F. O. B. Detroit

Coupe, $1100

TORPEDO specifications
Same as Runabout, except:
Gear ratio 3¼ to 1, giving speed of 55 miles an hour.
Metal body, with gasoline tank enclosed. Absolute protection from mud and dust.
Standard colors and equipment same as runabout.
Tires 30x3 inches front and rear.
Weight 1300 pounds with standard equipment.
Price, $850 F. O. B. Detroit



Torpedo, $850

H. J. KOEHLER S. G. Co.

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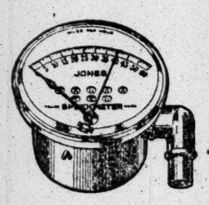
See Hupmobile Agent in Your City

Hupp Motor Car Co.
Detroit, Michigan
(Licensed under Selden Patent)

STANDARD EQUIPMENT

NEW YORK, MON
AUTO'S 18-FOOT DROP KILLS GIRL; 3 HURT
Marion Morgan Dead, Mary Mullen and Two Men Injured After Plunge at Hastings.
WRECKAGE BURIES VICTIMS
Chauffeur and Friend Had Car Out Without Permission, and Took Girls to Ride—Injured May Recover.
WEED CHAINS
PREVENT THIS

WEED CHAINS are motor-car insurance — safety insurance. They **prevent accidents** due to skidding. Isn't it worth your while to equip with Weed Chains—don't take chances—buy **WEED CHAINS** to-day.



JONES SPEEDOMETER

The JONES was tested for 30 days by 14 scientific men in the greatest trials ever held for speed indicators. JONES won **Highest Award**—the R. A. C. Gold Medal.

Motoring Madness:—The best car for one's money and then any old grease for one's car. **Surely,** *your* car is worth the discrimination of insisting on

NON-FLUID OIL

Remember the trade mark and the orange colored can

7

UNITED MANUFACTURERS 250 W. 54th ST. N.Y.

YOUNG OTTO QUITS IN SEVENTH ROUND

Italian Boy Has a Lead in Bout, but Lays Down to Lew Powell at the Olympic A. C.

After seven tame rounds, in which Young Otto had a fairly good lead, he showed his usual quitting powers and laid down to Lew Powell of San Francisco in the last three rounds and allowed the Californian to earn a clean decision over him in the star bout of ten rounds at the Olympic A. C.

Powell was slow in getting started last night, just the same as he was when he fought Johnny Marto, but after the necessary warming up he slammed away at will and almost had the local man out. If Otto had continued the work in the last few rounds as he did in the early ones he would have won an easy victory, but he gave way and stalled all through the later rounds, while Powell tried hard to put him away.

Otto is credited with having a hard blow in both hands, and it was evidenced by the way in which Powell acted, but when Otto refused to take advantage of many chances that fell his way the Californian gained confidence and started out to win. The real work did not start until the seventh round, when Powell got over a series of left jabs that took the confidence out of his man, and from this time on Powell was the aggressor, while Otto just managed to last each round with the expectation of staying the limit, if possible. After Powell got over a few hard jabs Otto covered up his face with both hands, and Powell pounded away at the body and head, sending Otto back on the ropes, and continued to follow up his lead until the end of the round, when it looked serious for the local man.

After this time it was evident that Otto was willing to quit at any moment, and despite the fact that he was willing he could not get the chance. Otto was out of the running in the last three rounds, and all the work was done by Powell, who tried at all times to end the affair, but when the men would come to a clinch Otto would hold on to his opponent's glove long enough to get the necessary rest and last the round out.

Had the fight gone three rounds more Powell would have surely knocked Otto out, as he had him at his mercy, and it was only the clang of the final bell that saved Otto from a long slumber. Powell went after his man in the final round hammer and tongs and pounded him all over the ring, and all that Otto offered was to hold on, when the bell rang, ending the fight.

Even a philosopher laughs more sincerely inside a good warm overcoat.

One of our long loose coats of fuzzy Scotch cheviots, for instance.

Serviceable coats—warm, comfortable, and very light.

Some double breasted, some belted, some with raglan shoulders.

More conservative coats—but that's another story.

Winter overcoats, $18 to $70.

"Stetson Special" Derbies are sold by but one hatter in a city—

In New York—we're it.

ROGERS PEET & COMPANY.

Three Broadway Stores

at	at	at
Warren st.	13th st.	34th st.

BOXING AT CONEY ISLAND.

Brighton Beach A. C. Holds Amateur Bouts in Johnstown Flood Building.

The initial boxing series of the Brighton Beach A. C. was held last night at Coney Island in the old Johnstown Flood building before a fair crowd of followers of the game. The preliminaries of three classes were decided, the finals of which will take place to-morrow night. Probably the best go of the session was seen when Joe Morrison of the Glencoes met J. C. Cioffy, New Polo A. C., in a special match. The judges could not pick a winner at the end of three rounds and the referee ordered an extra period of two minutes, at the expiration of which he awarded his verdict to Morrison.

All the rest of the bouts went the limit of three rounds in the classes at 110 pounds, 130 pounds, and 145 pounds. Ed Levy, Brooklyn Athletic Club, defeated J. Ryan, Brighton Beach Athletic Club, in the opening tryout of the 110-pound class, and Frank Neely, St. Bartholomew's, beat W. L. McGinity, Taft Athletic Club, at the same weight. In the 130-pound division J. Peterson, unattached, got the verdict over J. J. Kenny, Brighton Beach Athletic Club, and Thomas Burns, St. Brenhan's Lyceum, beat W. Seaworth, Lawrence Athletic Club.

In the welterweight division W. S. Sorenson, Trinity Athletic Club, was given the decision over L. S. Woodruff, Brighton Beach Athletic Club, and Joe Williams, Falcon Athletic Club, defeated J. Gissell, National Athletic Club.

Howard Falls, but Wins Bout.

ALBANY, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Jim Howard fought ten rounds with Kid Henry of Troy before the Knickerbocker Athletic Club here to-night. It was one of the gamest battles ever staged here. In the first round Howard fell and struck his head on the floor with force enough to make him groggy the rest of the round. He came back strong throughout the rest of the battle, and gets credit for all the aggressiveness. Henry refused to lead at any time.

Metropolitan A. C. Boxing.

Joe Wagner and Johnny Moran will be the principals in the star bout of the Metropolitan Athletic Club on Thursday night. Harlem Tommy Hopkins and Fighting Kid Thomas are to be the semi-finalists at six rounds. Four other bouts are on the card.

Battling Nelson in Shape.

SYRACUSE, N. Y., Nov. 21.—"I'm in great shape," wired Battling Nelson to Tommy Ryan to-day in asking the retired middleweight champion to be his chief second against Owen Mornn in San Francisco next Saturday. Ryan declined, as he has charge of a club which holds bouts here next Monday night.

Match Automobile Race.

Arrangements were completed last night for a three-cornered automobile sweepstakes of $1,000 with Ralph De Palma, Alfred Chevrolet, and R. Burman as the principals, to take place Thursday morning at the Guttenberg race track. De Palma will drive his Fiat, while his opponents will pilot Marquette-Buick cars. The distances will be fifteen and twenty-five miles, with the Fiat driver making a special effort after the fifteen-mile record. Six races are scheduled for the racing meet. The management already numbers a number of entries, among which are a Marmon, Pope-Hartford, Pullman, two Maxwells, and a Marquette-Buick. The programme includes five, ten, fifteen, and twenty mile events for professionals, and a ten-mile race for amateur drivers.

COAST TO COAST AUTO RUN.

Four Tourists in One Car to Reach San Francisco on Christmas.

A party of four automobilists will leave the City Hall this morning on a transcontinental tour to San Francisco over a route of 5,000 miles through the Southern and Southwestern States. The party expects to arrive in San Francisco on Christmas Day to deliver to Mayor McCarthy Christmas greetings from Mayor Gaynor. To do this the auto will have to make 150 miles a day.

The trip will be made in an Ohio car, driven by Harry Mathews, who drove the official car in the Munsey tour. Ernest L. Ferguson will represent the A. A. A. on the trip and will be the official observer. G. W. Finney of the Ohio Motor Car Company and a mechanician will be the other passengers. The car is called the Mud Hen.

Auto Tire Test Trip Postponed.

Edmund L. Haas of 40 West Seventy-fourth Street was to have started on an automobile trip to Chicago yesterday to test the efficiency of a new airless puncture-proof tire. At the last moment Mr. Haas was forced to abandon the plan for the present on account of business engagements. The trip will be made soon after the Christmas holidays.

The experiment will be interesting to automobilists. The new tire is the invention of Col. William F. Beasley, a Confederate veteran, of North Carolina. The tire is described as airless and puncturless, and the construction is a patented truss system of rubber cells. It is stated that the tire has practically as much resiliency as a pneumatic tire. The trip to Chicago is to be made to test its durability.

Two Days' Auto Endurance Run.

The New York Automobile Trade Association will hold a two days' endurance run around New York, New Jersey, and Connecticut on Nov. 29 and 30. It will be conducted under the A. A. A. sanction, and is restricted to stock cars, Class A. There will be three divisions, according to price. More than thirty firms will have cars in the run. The first day's run into Connecticut and return will be 136 miles. The second day's run will be over 139 miles of New Jersey roads.

Bridwell and Gowdy Sign with Giants.

The New York National League Club yesterday received the signed contracts of Shortstop Albert Bridwell, who has been with the Giants for the last three years, and Harry Gowdy, substitute first baseman, who joined the team last Fall.

Detroit Club in Tie Game.

HAVANA, Nov. 21.—The Detroit and Almendares baseball teams played a ten-inning game to-day to a tie, the score at the end standing 2 to 2.

Fencing at Seventh Regiment.

There was the usual large assemblage of interested spectators at the exhibitions of the Seventh Regiment Fencers' Club, held in the new gymnasium of the armory last night. Military men as well as fencing experts assert that the exhibitions given within the last few days were the best of their kind seen in this city. The bayonet-sabre bout between Profs. Capdevielle and Murray, Jr., were keenly applauded. The pistol duel was, as usual the favorite piece de resistance. While the larger universities have their fencing clubs, as well as West Point and Annapolis, the Seventh Regiment is the first and only one in the National Guard. Eric L. Boetzel, who has been honored with the Presidency of the club, is responsible for this new departure in the regiment. Col. Daniel Appleton is the honorary President.

High School Football at Polo Grounds.

Football enthusiasts will have a chance to see one of the best high school football games of the year when De Witt Clinton and the High School of Commerce teams play at the Polo Grounds on Thanksgiving Day at 2 P. M. This game will decide the football championship of Greater New York.

Timney Wins Roller-Skating Race.

The two-mile handicap roller skating race for amateurs at the Metropolitan Roller Skating Rink last night was won by James Timney of the Belleville Athletic Club of Newark, N. J., with a handicap of 10 yards. William Ferguson of the Brighton Beach Athletic Club, 50 yards, finished second, and H. Wimmer of the Belleville Athletic Club of Newark, N. J., was third. Time of winner, 6:20 2-5. There were fourteen starters in the event.

CORNELL OFF FOR SEASHORE.

Ithacans Will Rest at Atlantic City Until Game with Pennsy.

Special to The New York Times.

ITHACA, N. Y., Nov. 21.—The Cornell football team finished its practice on the local gridiron this afternoon by a sharp scrimmage with the scrubs, in which the big team played dashing football and scored five touchdowns. Following a big mass meeting and parade of students, which was one of the biggest demonstrations of recent years, the eleven boarded a train for Atlantic City, where they will stay until the Pennsylvania game on Thursday. The men were in good condition, Coach Reed said, and he expected that they would put up a strong battle against the Quakers. They had improved a great deal in the last two weeks, and if they played the football they knew the game should prove interesting.

The undergraduates who are going to cheer for Cornell, about 1,200 in number, will leave in special trains Wednesday, and they will take a band with them. They are hopeful, but not confident.

The Varsity played a half-hour scrimmage with the scrubs for the purpose of testing the linemen and trying out some new plays. The Varsity gave one of the best exhibitions of the year. While some of the forward passes went awry and some onside kicking failed, a number of thrilling plays were pulled off by Butler, Nichols, Eyrich, and O'Connor that opened the eyes of the onlookers. The scrubs were dangerous once, when they got the ball to the 10-yard line on a trick play.

After that the Varsity scored five touchdowns, and three of them were the direct result of new football. Among the clever plays were a 25-yard run by Butler, an onside kick to Eyrich that gained 40 yards, another to Nichols that gained a like distance, several forward passes to O'Connor that gained 30 yards, and a 60-yard run by Whyte. Seagrave won glory by a 45-yard run after Butler's fumble. The line held well.

The coaches kept Capt. Simson and Wilson out of the scrimmage, Nichols playing full back, which he played well. Robb and Bates were also detained on the side lines. Eyrich, Seagrave, Pitcher, and Teagle played ends; Munk, Champaign, Weekes, and Austin, tackles; Delano, O'Rourke, Hale, and Goff, guards, and Whyte and Miller, centres.

Indians Getting Ready for Brown.

Special to The New York Times.

CARLISLE, Penn., Nov. 21.—The Carlisle Indians were in good shape this evening for their first practice especially designed for Brown University's benefit at Providence on Thanksgiving Day. Capt. Hauser was out of the hospital and practiced signals a while, and Newashe, who was badly bruised, was also out in togs. The preliminary work consisted of punting and catching punts, and this was followed by a signal practice, which was notable for the trying out of half a dozen new plays for the Brown game. Indian Coach Warner took occasion this evening to give his men a blackboard talk, criticising their work in the last two games against Johns Hopkins and Harvard Law School. Warner has, in the opinion of local observers, pulled a winning team out of what in midseason appeared to be an aggregation just going to pieces because of lack of substitutes. The Indians are hopeful of giving Brown the stiffest fight of the season.

Two More Days' Work for Army.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Nov. 21.—With a team composed of what will probably be the line-up for next Saturday the Army eleven went through a long signal practice and spent some time in the training quarters at a blackboard talk given by Head Coach Nelly to-day. With a holiday Thursday and the fact that the Cadets leave for Philadelphia on Friday there will be only Tuesday and Wednesday for the team to practice this week.

The work of the first string men for the short time they played against the Trinity eleven last Saturday gave evidence that they are close to their top-notch development and the aim of the coaches now will be to keep them at that point. It is not probable that there will be any hard scrimmaging this week, for the Army has had too much ill-luck with twisted ankles this year in practice to take any chances at this stage of the season. Walmsley, who injured his knee at the Trinity game, was about today, and there is no doubt but that he will be in good shape by Saturday. In to-day's practice Dean did some fine punting and should the game at Franklin Field be a punting duel, the Cadets feel confident that the Army will not be the losers on each exchange.

Boy Fractures Leg in Football.

BLOOMFIELD, N. J., Nov. 21.—Floyd Hummel, 18 years old, Captain and full back of the Bloomfield High School football team, is confined to his home with a compound fracture of the right leg, which he sustained in a scrimmage during a practice game to-day by being thrown violently to the ground.

Billiard and Pool Results.

In the opening game of the Harlem Class A amateur 18.2 balk line billiard tournament at the Morningside Billiard Academy, 125th Street and Lenox Avenue, last night, George Clark defeated Harry Hoffman by the score of 200 to 164 in forty innings. The high run, 85, was made by Clark. To-night Mr. Barnes will meet Mr. Isaacs.

Alfred De Oro, who is matched to play Jerome Keogh for the pool championship of the world, played two games yesterday at John Doyle's Academy, and won both matches. In the afternoon he defeated William Fraley by the score of 125 to 98, making a high run of 16. In the evening contest De Oro won from William Croll by the score of 125 to 81. De Oro's high run was 28. This afternoon De Oro will play Frank Payne, and in the evening his opponent will be "Broadway" Alec Smith.

In the first block of the handicap three-cushion billiard match at McGraw's last night Thomas A. Hueston (150) defeated George Moore (130) by a score of 50 to 37. The winner made a high run of 5, numerous breaks of 2 and 3 causing him to average 5—7. Moore's best work in an inning was 3. The match will be continued to-night and to-morrow. John J. McGraw acted as referee.

George Slosson and Calvin Demarest played two games of 18.1 balk-line billiards at Slosson's academy, Thirty-first Street and Broadway, yesterday. In the afternoon game Slosson won by the score of 300 to 216. Slosson made high runs of 48 and 34 and an average of 8 4-9-35. Demarest made a high run of 26 and an average of 6 12-34. In the evening contest Demarest defeated Slosson by the score of 300 to 296. Demarest's high runs for this game were 76 and 53 and his average 9 12-32. Slosson's high run was 35 and his average 9 17-31. The total score up to date now stands 1,696 to 1,188 in favor of Slosson.

In the pool game at the Union Billiard Academy, Forty-fifth Street and Broadway, last night, to decide the champion pool player of New York State, James McCauley of New York defeated James Ryan of Glens Falls by the score of 150 to 147. McCauley made a high run of 24, and Ryan's best efforts netted him a high run of 25. The contest lasted 76 innings.

Pittsburger Beaten at Billiards.

PITTSBURG, Penn., Nov. 21.—Pierce B. Maupome of St. Louis defeated Joseph F. Wireback of Pittsburg to-night in one of the intracity matches for the National amateur championship at three-cushion carrom billiards. Wireback had but 43 when Maupome scored the required 50 points. The high runs were 3 each, and the games required 95 innings. Pittsburg's score is now two games won and two lost. Eight cities are competing.

Murphy Beats Mason with Cue.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—Murphy of Philadelphia defeated Mason of Boston in a three-cushion billiard league game here to-night by the score of 50 to 44. Murphy's high run was 6 and Mason's 8.

KILLED AFTER A QUARREL.

Victim's Companion Says He Was Run Over by His Own Wagon.

Special to The New York Times.

WEST ORANGE, N. J., Nov. 21.—While the police of this town and the detectives of County Prosecutor Mott's office are investigating the death to-night of Wilhelm Stark, Frank Furgras, the last man seen with him, and with whom he was quarreling, it is said, is held in the local police station.

Furgras says that Stark was run over by his own wagon, from which he fell by accident as he leaned out to examine something about the running gear, and the police have as yet found nothing to contradict that story. Furgras himself gave the first information of the killing to the police, and showed no disposition to run away after it happened.

Furgras was discharged yesterday by Peter Schmidt, in the Pleasantdale section, because of drunkenness. He is alleged to have blamed Stark for the discharge, and quarreled with him before leaving the place.

OLCOTT COACHING NAVY.

Middies Planning to Spring New Plays on Army Eleven.

Special to The New York Times.

ANNAPOLIS, Md., Nov. 21.—The week of the final struggle between the football teams of the Naval and Military Academies was begun here to-day with much enthusiasm on the Naval Grounds. The sole purpose of the coaches during the season has been to bring the team along slowly and allow it to reach its highest form on the day when it encounters the Army team. A few rough places need to be smoothed out during the present week, but there is every reason to believe that this will be accomplished, and that a smooth working team will fight for the Navy next Saturday.

The loss of Capt. King on account of typhoid fever was a severe blow, but the local team has not been handicapped by such a series of serious injuries and mishaps as befell it last season. The preence of Hermann Olcott, the Yale lineman and successful coach, cheered the Navy crowd mightily this afternoon. He worked with the linemen, particularly Davis, the fourth class man, who will probably fill left tackle, the place vacated by King. Davis is strong and willing and has a good football head, but he has some serious faults, the worst being a tendency to allow the runner to get away after he has reached him. Douglass, the lacrosse player and oarsman, had an excellent chance of getting the place, but was put back by wrenching a knee Friday.

The practice was secret this afternoon, and the coaches drilled the players in the formations which are to be sprung on the Army team.

Clason Point M. A. Basketball.

The Clason Point Military Academy is preparing for a busy basketball season. Capt. A. V. Busby and the coaches are trying out a large number of candidates for positions on the quintet that will represent Clason Point this season. Manager W. A. Jacques has prepared an excellent schedule for the academy five, and in its carrying out it is the earnest purpose of the student body to support their team with unabating enthusiasm. The schedule follows: Dec. 3, Melrose Preparatory School at Clason; 7, Stuyvesant High in Manhattan; 10, Cathedral College at Clason; 15, Xavier High at Clason; 17, Hoboken High at Clason; Jan. 14, Flushing High at Clason; 18, Barringer High in Newark; 21, Hoboken High in Hoboken; 25, Richmond Hill High at Richmond Hill; 28, Yonkers High at Clason; Feb. 11, Barringer High at Clason; 15, Yonkers High in Yonkers. Manager Jacques has eight open dates, which he expects to have filled in before the close of the Thanksgiving recess.

COMMODITY MARKETS.

WHEAT.—There was but little animation, decided caution prevailing both among the bulls and bears. As it is generally admitted that prices will receive their next impetus, to a large extent, from Argentina, naturally these advices were closely watched. They were extremely conflicting, however, and as there were also fears of manipulation operations were restrained with a disposition to trade only for scalping profits. The opening was about ½@ higher in response to better cables than anticipated from Liverpool, it being reported that that market was favorably affected by speculative buying, induced by the nature of foreign crop prospects. The advance, however, was not maintained and values were inclined to sag, owing to relative easiness of outside markets. This, however, can be explained to a certain extent by the fact that Chicago at present is the cheapest market, from a buyer's standpoint, and then again the knowledge of a long line of wheat having been accumulated there prevents bear aggressiveness. The fact, however, that the cash demand at the Northwest was slower, and that flour conditions were rather discouraging, had a good deal of effect on sentiment. The visible supply also was influential toward the marking down of prices, an increase for the week being indicated of 1,430,000 bushels, against an increase last week of 1,523,000 bushels, a decrease of 957,000 bushels. There was, however, a large amount of bonded wheat included in this total, and consequently the report was regarded less bearishly. Under short covering, brought about by reports of large cash wheat sales at Chicago and further bullish Argentine crop advices, a better undertone developed, but just at the close of the session selling was again in larger volume and prices eased off to the low points of the day. Broomhall sent a bearish report from Argentina, and there was selling by scattered longs who did not like to take any displeasure by the bulls toward entering the market. No export sales were reported. Cash No. 2 red was quoted at 95¾c, elevator, and 95¼c, free on board, afloat, for export; No. 2 hard, Winter, $1.02¼; No. 1 Northern, Spring, $1.16¾, and No. 1 Northern, Manitoba, $1.04¾.

CORN.—It was a quiet, sagging market in corn during yesterday's session, with values touching their previous low prices. The steadiness in wheat for a time had a sympathetic effect and discouraged selling, but later in the day country advices were received which in the main were rather bearish. These were reflected to a large extent in cash corn, which was dull and easy in the absence of demand. Sentiment is generally against values, and would evidently be more so were it not for the fears of running into an oversold market with the best buying in the meantime by shorts. The visible for the week showed an increase of 48,000 bushels, against a decrease last week of 669,000 bushels, and an increase a year ago of 222,000 bushels. There were no export sales reported. Cash No. 2 was quoted at 61½c, forward shipment, free on board, afloat.

OATS.—The range of values was very small during the day, with the bulk of trade still composed of professional operations. Elevator interests were undoing hedges, and although there was quite a little liquidation, buying by shorts was sufficient to sustain values. The visible made a more favorable showing than expected, showing a decrease for the week in stocks of 450,000 bushels, against a decrease last week of 427,000 bushels and an increase last year of 216,000 bushels. Cash standards were quoted at 37c; No. 2 white, 37½c; No. 3 white, 36½c.

PROVISIONS.—The opening market was fairly steady in sympathy with grain, but offerings soon tended to increase. Hog receipts continue liberal and there was further weakness displayed at live hog centres. Spot options in hog products showed decided weakness, at times reflecting the bearish cash situation; and support rendered was inadequate to hold prices.

NEW YORK FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
December	97⅞	96⅞	97	97½
May	$1.04	$1.03	$1.03⅛	$1.03½
July	1.00⅞	1.00⅛	1.00⅛	1.00¼
Corn—				
December	..	..	53⅝	54⅛
May	..	..	54¼	55¼
Oats—				
November	..	..	37	36⅜
December	..	..	37	36¾
May	..	..	37½	39
July	..	..	30⅛	..
Lard—	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Spot	..	..	10.12@10.60	10.60
November	10.50	10.50	10.00@10.65	10.60
December	..	..	10.00@10.65	10.40
January	..	..	10.20@10.40	10.35
May	..	..	9.75@10.00	9.92

CHICAGO FUTURE MARKET.

	High.	Low.	Close.	Sat. Close.
Wheat—				
December	91½	90⅝	90⅝	90⅞
May	97¼	96¼	96⅜	96¾
July	93⅝	92¾	92¾	93⅛
Corn—				
December	44⅞	44½	44½	44⅞
May	46⅝	46⅜	46½	46⅝
July	47⅜	47⅛	47⅛	47⅜
Oats—				
December	30½	30¼	30⅜	30⅜
May	33⅞	33⅝	33⅞	33⅞
July	33⅞	33⅝	33¾	33⅞
Lard—				
November	10.40	10.20	10.20	10.50
January	10.00	9.82½	9.85	9.97½
May	9.62½	9.50	9.52½	9.57½
Ribs—				
January	9.17½	9.07½	9.07½	9.17½
May	8.95	8.80	8.82½	8.90
Pork—				
January	17.32½	17.15	17.15	17.32½
May	16.25	16.15	16.15	16.27½

COTTONSEED OIL.

An absence of demand for near months had a sympathetic effect on the rest of the list yesterday, resulting in a heavy undertone in the market, although price changes were not large. The opening was quite firm, reflecting the bullish ginners' report, but the fact that many operators who were bullish on cotton were selling oil, caused quite a little comment. Buying by cotton houses and shorts was in fair proportion for a time, but when the demand from these sources had been filled, bears were inclined to hammer values. Crude oil was easy in the South, and quoted at 45 cents asked, but it was evident that there was only a limited amount of future stuff for sale, and at the close a good undertone was prevailing. Sentiment, however, continues generally against values, with the actual demand rather quiet, and weakness in provisions having a good deal of effect, although the knowledge of a fair-sized short interest existing tends to increase the cautiousness on the part of speculative sellers.

	High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Asked.	Prev. Bid.
Spot	..	..	6.93	7.05	6.95
November	7.02	6.94	6.94	6.96	7.01
December	7.03	6.98	6.97	6.98	7.00
January	7.09	7.02	7.02	7.03	7.04
February	..	..	7.03	7.08	7.06
March	7.20	7.15	7.12	7.14	7.14
May	7.27	7.23	7.22	7.23	7.21
July	..	..	7.30	7.32	7.31

Futures closed at 6 points decline to 1 point advance.

COTTON.

The volume of trade was enormous during the greater part of the day, with the trend of values steadily upward. The market had intermittent reactionary periods, but there was a good demand throughout the session, with evidence of substantial buying orders having been placed on all small recessions. At one time prices showed an advance of nearly 1/6 per lb. for the distant options, with the greater part of this advance maintained until the close. The ginning report issued by the Census Bureau was the feature showing a total of 8,764,000 bales ginned to date, against 8,112,000 bales last year, when the crop was 10,462,000 bales, including linters, and against 9,596,000 bales two years ago, when the crop turned out to be 13,553,000 bales. While to-day's total showed a quantity ginned for the period of 1,424,000 bales, which compares with slightly over 1,000,000 bales last year and 1,404,000 bales two years ago, it seemed to be the only bearish feature in the report, and bulls were disposed to lay stress on the fact that weather conditions had been ideal, and that November engagements were also heavy, so that this large showing was more or less inevitable. To arrive at crop results, however, in this report is rather difficult, as a great deal would depend upon the percentage ginned to date. Advices from the South, however, were in the majority rather bullish toward this point, and as there were further crop estimates received, issued by experts of large Western commission houses and indicating a crop of under 11,000,000 bales, there was little disposition to antagonize the bulls. Heavy buying by the South, which in connection with buying by Wall Street and the West was sufficient to absorb heavy sales of spot interests and other longs. Outside buying was attracted in the afternoon, with the persistent advance of the market having a good effect on sentiment. Advices regarding foreign trade conditions continue very encouraging, with sentiment at Liverpool bullish, although our own trade accounts surely have lots of room for improvement. It was evident, however, that during the day large long lines were in progress of liquidation or else the short interests were being materially increased, as many operators thought that the amount of buying ought to have effected a still higher level of values. Southern spots were 1-16 decline to ¼ advance, with New York spot cotton quiet and 25 points advance from the previous close. Middling uplands, 14.80c; gulf, 15.05c.

COTTON PRICES.

	High.	Low.	—Closing— Bid.	Asked.	Prev. Close.
November	14.58	14.50	14.53	@14.58	14.24
December	14.62	14.50	14.60	@14.62	14.31
January	14.60	14.48	14.50	@14.60	14.26
February	..	..	14.66	@14.68	14.33
March	14.78	14.68	14.77	@14.78	14.42
April	14.83	14.83	14.83	@14.85	14.48
May	14.96	14.80	14.92	@14.94	14.55
June	..	..	14.88	@14.90	14.51
July	14.92	14.76	14.88	@14.90	14.51
August	..	..	14.60	@14.65	14.22

The market closed firm at 29 to 38 points advance.

COFFEE.

Coffee again established new high records for the season, as it did every day last week, closing at a net advance of 5 to 20 points, with sales of 87,000 bags. The foreign markets were all very firm. Havre closed at 1½@2f higher, Hamburg was ¾@1 pfennig advance, and in Brazil Rio was nominal and Santos was 100 reis higher. The fact that the prices of spot coffee continue to advance even more rapidly than futures was one of the principal bull features, as it was asserted that coffee can be sold directly to the country at a big premium, and this has caused active covering. Warehouse deliveries of Brazilian coffee at United States ports last week amounted to 129,495 bags, compared with 88,823 bags the previous week, and 149,726 bags last year. The visible supply of Brazilian coffee in and afloat for the United States is 2,829,527 bags, against 4,510,264 bags last year and 3,792,000 bags two years ago.

Spot coffee very firm; Rio No. 7, 13¼c. and Santos No. 4, 18¼c. Contract prices follow:

	High.	Lo.	Close.	Prev. Close.
November	..	..	10.35@10.40	10.15
December	10.40	10.35	10.35@10.40	10.15
January	10.30	10.30	10.32@10.35	10.15
February	10.30	10.30	10.31@10.32	10.16
March	10.32	10.25	10.31@10.32	10.18
April	..	..	10.31@10.34	10.19
May	10.34	10.29	10.32@10.34	10.21
June	..	..	10.30@10.32	10.21
July	10.30	10.27	10.29@10.30	10.21
August	..	..	10.27@10.29	10.21
September	10.28	10.22	10.26@10.27	10.21
October	10.21	10.21	10.20@10.21	10.15

RAILROAD EARNINGS.

ALABAMA GREAT SOUTHERN—

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
2d week Nov...	$89,508	$75,800	$13,708
July 1-Nov. 14.	1,685,158	1,436,695	248,463

CENTRAL OF GEORGIA—

2d week Nov...	273,500	279,600	*6,100
July 1-Nov. 14.	4,842,500	4,603,200	239,300

CHESAPEAKE & OHIO—

2d week Nov...	615,865	607,971	7,893
July 1-Nov. 14.	12,561,611	11,649,957	911,810

CHICAGO, INDIANAPOLIS & LOUISVILLE—

2d week Nov.	307,958	121,652	*13,694
July 1-Nov. 14.	2,480,590	2,317,698	162,901

CINCINNATI, NEW ORLEANS & TEXAS PACIFIC—

2d week Nov...	178,183	172,609	5,524
July 1-Nov. 14.	3,554,906	3,287,844	817,152

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE—

2d week Nov...	1,132,280	1,076,780	55,500
July 1-Nov. 14.	20,439,612	19,040,162	1,899,450

MOBILE & OHIO—

2d week Nov...	225,380	211,431	13,899
July 1-Nov. 14.	8,967,031	8,804,735	162,816

NEW ORLEANS, MOBILE & CHICAGO—

2d week Nov...	44,276	86,295	*2,819
July 1-Nov. 14.	637,268	563,446	73,822

SOUTHERN RAILWAY—

2d week Nov...	1,229,846	1,180,607	49,289
July 1-Nov. 14.	22,811,785	21,593,989	1,217,796

TOLEDO, PEORIA & WESTERN—

2d week Nov...	24,774	20,333	4,441
July 1-Nov. 14.	498,378	441,407	56,971

TWIN CITY LINES—

2d week Nov.	143,518	129,301	14,217
Jan. 1-Nov. 14.	6,487,405	5,978,277	509,127

*Decrease.

BOSTON & MAINE for the quarter ended Sept. 30—

	1910.	1909.	1908.
Gross	12,130,578	11,658,848	10,442,704
Operating exp..	8,601,383	7,662,408	7,209,095
Net	3,529,194	3,996,441	3,233,609
Other income..	162,288	164,412	159,042
Total net.....	3,691,482	4,160,854	3,392,651
Int., rent & tax.	2,318,019	2,400,120	2,354,691
Surplus	1,178,464	1,760,733	1,037,980

CHICAGO GREAT WESTERN SYSTEM for October (approximate.)

	1910.	1909.	Increase.
Mileage op.....	1,489	1,510	*21
Total op. rev..	1,245,453	1,115,170	130,283
Total op. exp..	866,392	714,330	152,062
Op. ratio.....	69.57	64.05	5.52
Net op. rev....	379,061	400,840	*21,779
Other income..	21,010	5,489	15,521
Total income...	400,071	406,329	*6,258
Taxes and other charges	222,467	214,437	8,030
Net income....	177,604	191,892	*14,288
For four months to Oct. 31:			
Total op. rev..	4,443,840	3,974,464	469,376
Total op. exp...	3,147,797	2,789,935	357,862
Op. ratio.....	70.83	70.20	0.63
Net op. rev....	1,296,043	1,184,529	111,514
Other income..	45,223	15,843	29,380
Total income...	1,841,266	1,200,372	140,894
Taxes and other charges	823,190	997,968	*174,778
Net income....	513,076	202,404	315,672

OREGON RAILROAD & NAVIGATION report, as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission, for the month of September—

Mileage	1,488.82	1,327.04	161.78
Freight rev....	950,732	893,794	56,983
Passenger rev..	404,853	475,239	*70,385
Other trans. rev.	69,714	63,294	6,420
Non-trans. rev.	16,566	12,149	4,417
Total op. rev...	1,441,868	1,444,482	*2,564
Maint. way and structure	224,553	132,528	90,025
Maint. of equip.	126,170	88,645	37,526
Traffic exp....	33,538	31,099	2,458
Transp. exp...	468,651	82,414	86,237
General exp....	33,515	28,883	4,627
Total op. exp..	886,444	663,568	222,875
Net op. rev....	555,423	780,868	*225,440
O'side op (deb.)	1,241	†1,501	*2,742
Total net rev..	554,182	782,364	*228,182
Taxes	59,227	45,387	13,839
Op. income....	494,955	736,977	*242,022
July 1 to Sept. 30:			
Freight rev....	2,087,861	2,339,704	348,157
Passenger rev..	1,227,487	1,408,837	*181,410
Other trans. rev.	190,694	185,550	5,114
Non-trans. rev..	44,425	34,478	9,947
Total op. rev...	4,150,439	3,968,630	181,808
Maint. way and structure	617,155	876,620	240,226
Maint. of equip.	880,645	267,622	122,023
Traffic exp....	85,115	96,828	*11,712
Transp. exp....	1,841,188	1,042,977	298,188
General exp....	98,244	92,111	6,132
Total op. exp..	2,531,328	1,876,470	654,858
Net op. rev....	1,619,110	2,002,160	*473,049
O'side op. net..	9,325	15,522	*6,197
Total net rev..	1,628,436	2,107,683	*479,246
Taxes	177,681	136,159	41,522
Op. income....	1,450,754	1,971,523	*520,769

*Decrease. †Credit.

PERE MARQUETTE report as filed with the Inter-State Commerce Commission for September—

Mileage	2,328.34	2,330.60	*2.26
Freight rev.....	915,532	970,340	*54,207
Passenger rev...	411,691	398,187	12

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FINANCIAL MARKETS

Stocks Dull and Lower—Call Money Rates, 2½@ 2¾ Per Cent.

MARKET LEADERS WEAK

Steel, Reading, and Union Pacific Slump Near Close—Abrupt Rise in Cotton on Ginning Report.

Any impetus toward higher prices derived from the very excellent bank statement published after the close of the market on Saturday was exhausted before the beginning of the afternoon session on the Stock Exchange yesterday. In the first hour transactions ran to about 115,000 shares; they slumped to a little more than 30,000 shares in the second hour, and between 2 o'clock and 3 o'clock fell to 15,000 shares, from which figures they rose to about 118,000 shares in the final hour, during which the activity was altogether at the expense of prices. In this closing period the minor gains of the morning were lost, and declines of 1⅛ points or more in the leading shares, including Union Pacific, Reading, and United States Steel were scored. In connection with the weakness which spread from these issues to other parts of the list there was more or less talk of the determined opposition which the shippers began in Washington yesterday against the railroad movement for higher rates, as well as of the possibility of trouble later on in the unsettled Mexican situation. But of more immediate influence was the practical elimination from the market of the short interest, harassed out of existence by the manipulative tactics of the speculators endeavoring to promote a rising market in the face of many unfavorable developments.

Two other matters may be mentioned as having more or less to do with the character of the day's market. The first of these was the recent notification of members by the Exchange authorities that the time-honored "pairing" manoeuvres of speculative operators would enter the properly enlarging list of acts "detrimental to the welfare of the Exchange," a distinctly discouraging proceeding to the operators in question, since it fixes a heavier charge upon transactions undertaken by them. The second happening bearing on stocks was the abrupt advance of $1.75 a bale or more in cotton futures upon the publication of the ginning report as of Nov. 14. This report, showing 8,764,000 bales ginned up to that time out of the present season's crop, was ruled unsatisfactory by that element on the Cotton Exchange working for higher prices presumably because it compared with a ginning estimate of 9,595,000 bales in the similar period of 1908. To those without interest in the cotton market proper the report, while not all that could be wished since our foreign trade relations make an exceptional crop unusually desirable this year, may be considered fairly favorable, the figures having been actually exceeded only three times in the last eight years, and promising in themselves a crop of not less than 11,000,000 bales, and perhaps considerably more.

As was to be expected, the strong cash showing of the banks in Saturday's return led to more liberal offerings of money both on time and call, and, in the case of time loans, to quotably lower rates for a number of maturities. The outlook is also made encouraging by the further gains by the banks on routine transactions with the Sub-Treasury—they have received from this source on balance $1,581,000 since Friday last. Demand sterling was forced down by free offerings of cotton bills accumulated over Sunday. The London money market continued firm, holding out little prospect of a nearby reduction in the bank rate in spite of the strength of the position of the English Bank and its continued intakings of gold, these having amounted to $2,000,000 of the South African arrivals yesterday, the balance of the weekly receipts going to India.

CALENDAR FOR TO-DAY.

BOOKS CLOSE.

American Smelters Securities Co. for dividend on preferred A and B.

Diamond Match Co. for dividend and special meeting.

ANNUAL MEETINGS.

American Brake Shoe and Foundry Co.
Texas Co.

MONEY AND EXCHANGE.

Call money loaned on the Stock Exchange at 2½@2¾ per cent., with the last loan at 2½ per cent. Most of the day's loans were made at 2¾ per cent.

Time money rates, 4¼@4½ per cent. for all dates from sixty days to six months.

Mercantile paper rates, 5½@6 per cent. for sixty to ninety days' indorsed bills receivable, 5½@6 per cent. for choice four to six months' single names, and 6@6½ per cent. for others.

Private discount rates abroad: London, 4 5-16 per cent., off ⅛ per cent.; Paris, 2⅞ per cent., unchanged; Berlin, 4½ per cent., off ¼ per cent.

New York Clearing House statement: Exchanges, $228,707,880; balances, $12,532,838; Sub-Treasury debit balance, $5,769.

The local banks have gained $1,581,000 on their Sub-Treasury operations since Friday.

Sterling exchange was steady, with demand quoted at $4.8580@$4.8590, sixty days at $4.8165, and cables at $4.8630@$4.8640.

Continental bills were quoted as follows: Francs, 5.20 less 1-64@5.20 plus 1-32 for cables and 5.20 less 5-64@5.20 less 3-64 for sight. Reichsmarks, 95 less 1-64@95 plus 3-64 for cables and 94 15-16 less 1-32@94 15-16 for sight.

Exchange on New York at domestic centres: Boston, par; Chicago, 10c discount; St. Louis, 25c premium; St. Paul, 60c premium; San Francisco, 20c premium; Savannah, buying, 3-16c discount; selling, par; Charleston, buying, par; selling, 1-10c premium; Montreal, 62½c discount.

SILVER QUOTATIONS.

Bar silver, ½d lower in London, at 25½d per ounce, and ¼c lower in New York, at 55¼c per ounce. Mexican dollars were quoted at 45c.

NEW YORK CITY BONDS.

	Yesterday. Bid.	Asked.	Saturday. Bid.	Asked.
4s, May, '59, f'chg	98⅝	99	98⅝	99
4s, Nov., '58, f'chg	98⅝	99	98⅝	99
4½s, May, '57, f'chg	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
4½s, Nov., '57, f'chg	103¾	103¾	103¾	103¾
4½s, May, '17, f'chg	102	103	102	103
4½s, Nov., '17, f'chg	102	103	102	103
4s, May, '57, f'chg	98⅝	99⅝	98⅝	99⅝
4s, Nov., '56, reg	97½	98¼	97¾	98⅝
4s, May, '19, f'chg	99	99⅞	99	99⅞
4½s, Mar., '60	100¼	100¾	100¼	100½
3½s, May, '54, coup	87	87⅜	87	87⅝
3½s, Nov., coup., f'chg	87	87⅜	87	87⅜
3½s, May, '54, reg	86¾	87¼	86¾	87¼
3½s, reg., Nov., '41	87	88	87	88

SHORT TERM NOTES.

Interest to be Added.

	Bid.	Asked.
Am. Cigar "A" 4s, March 15, 1911	99¼	100
Am. Cigar "B" 4s, March 15, 1912	98	98¼
Lal. & Ohio 4½s, June, 1913	98¾	99
Beth. Steel 5s, Nov., 1914	96¾	97½
Chi. & Alton 6s, March 15, 1913	96¼	96¼
C., C., C. & St. L. 5s, June, 1911	100	100⅛
Interborough 6s, May, 1911	100¼	100⅜
Kan. City Ry. & Lt. 6s, Sept., 1912	98	99
Lack. Steel conv. deb. 5s, Mar., 1915	91⅞	92¼
Minn. & St. L. 5s, February, 1911	99¼	99½
St. L. & S. F. 4½s, Feb., 1912	97½	98
St. L. & S. F. 5s, March 15, 1913	96¾	96¾
Southern Ry. 6s, February, 1912	96½	96¾
Tidewater Co. 6s, June, 1913	100⅞	101⅜
W. U. & T. 5s, Feb. 1, 1913	99¼	99⅝
West Shore 4s May 1, 2361	104⅝	105

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE—Monday.

Total sales Nov. 21, 1910 308,894
From Jan. 1, 1910 151,053,694
Corresponding period last year 189,262,997

Closing Bid.	Closing Ask.	Sales.		First.	High.	Low.	Last.	Net Change.
245	..	110	Adams Express	248	248	248	248	−3
32½	34	100	Allis-Chalmers pf	32	32	32	32	−2
69½	69⅝	9,600	Amalgamated Copper	69¾	70¼	69⅜	69½	−1¼
44⅜	45	200	Am. Agricul. Chem	45	45	45	45	− ¾
37½	38	400	Am. Beet Sugar	38½	38½	37½	37½	− ⅛
89	89¾	100	Am. Brake Shoe & Fy	89½	89½	89½	89½	+ ½
128	..	110	Am. Brake S. & Fy. pf	129⅞	129⅞	129⅞	129⅞	−1⅝
10	10¼	1,600	Am. Can	10¼	10¾	10¼	10⅜	+ ¼
77⅞	78	2,100	Am. Can pf	77½	78⅝	77⅞	77¾	− ¼
54⅜	54¾	1,400	Am. Car & Foundry	55½	55½	54¾	54⅝	− ¾
114¼	115	5	Am. Car & Fy. pf	115	115	115	115	...
64	65	150	Am. Cotton Oil	65	65	65	65	...
18½	19½	100	Am. Ice Securities	19	19	19	19	− ½
39	40	800	Am. Locomotive	40¼	40⅜	40	40	− ¼
3½	4¼	100	Am. Malt	4	4	4	4	− ¼
80¾	80⅜	6,400	Am. Smelt. & Ref	81	81½	80¼	80¼	−1½
106	106⅜	400	Am. Smelt. & Ref. pf	106	106	106	106	...
88	89	100	Am. Smelt. Sec. pf "B"	88½	88½	88½	88½	...
116½	117½	100	Am. Sugar Ref. pf	117	117	117	117	...
142¼	142¾	5,300	Am. Tel. & Tel	142	142⅞	142	142¼	+ ⅝
95	96	100	Am. Tobacco pf	96	96	96	96	+1⅝
35½	35¾	700	Am. Woolen	35¼	36	35¼	36	+ ⅞
93½	93¾	100	Am. Woolen pf	93¾	93¾	93⅝	93⅝	+ ⅝
41⅝	42	300	Anaconda Cop. Min	42	42	41⅜	41¾	− ¼
103¼	103½	1,700	Atch., Top. & S. F	104⅛	104¼	103½	103½	− ⅝
101	102⅛	100	Atch., Top. & S. F. pf	101⅛	101½	101½	101⅛	...
118½	119½	200	Atlantic Coast Line	118½	118½	118½	118½	− ½
107⅛	107⅝	330	Baltimore & Ohio	107¾	107⅞	107½	107½	− ⅜
2¼	*2½	900	Batopilas Mining	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	2⅝	+ ⅛
..	..	15	Bank of Commerce	200	200	200	200	...
60⅝	61¼	200	Bethlehem Steel pf	61	61	61	61	...
77¾	78¼	6,600	Brooklyn Rapid Tran	78¼	78⅞	77⅞	78	− ⅛
194⅞	195	1,500	Canadian Pacific	194⅞	195⅞	194⅞	195	−1
33⅞	34¼	800	Central Leather Co	34	34	33⅞	33⅞	−1
84⅛	84⅝	16,750	Chesapeake & Ohio	84¼	85¼	84⅛	84⅜	− ⅛
23⅝	24	200	Chicago Gt. Western	23⅝	23⅞	23⅝	23⅞	− ⅛
123¼	123⅝	1,500	Chi., Mil. & St. Paul	123¼	123⅞	123¼	123¼	− ⅝
147	148	100	Chi., Mil. & St. P. pf	147¼	147¼	147¼	147¼	− ¾
147	147½	200	Chi. & Northwestern	147⅝	147⅝	147⅝	147⅝	+ ¼
84⅝	85	1,500	Colorado Fuel & Iron	86	86	84½	84⅝	−1⅝
134½	135¼	400	Consolidated Gas	135¼	136¼	135	135	−1¼
16⅝	16⅞	25	Corn Products Ref	16¾	16¾	16⅝	16⅝	...
169	170	100	Delaware & Hudson	170	170	170	170	− ½
82½	83	100	Denver & Rio Grande	83	83	83	83	...
74½	75	161	Den. & Rio Grande pf	75¼	75¼	75¼	75¼	+1¼
4½	4¾	100	Des Moines & Fort D	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	4⅝	+ ⅛
35½	35⅝	700	Distillers' Securities	34⅝	34⅝	33¾	33⅞	+ ⅛
22⅜	23⅞	9,400	Duluth, S. S. & A. pf	23	23	23	23	+ ⅛
29⅜	30¼	800	Erie	30½	30½	30⅜	30⅜	− ⅛
48⅛	49	100	Erie 1st pf	48½	48½	48¼	48¼	−1¼
36	37¾	100	Erie 2d pf	37¼	37¼	37¼	37¼	− ¾
40	45	800	Federal M. & S. pf	58½	58½	58	58	....
..	..	43	Fourth Nat. Bank	196	196	196	196	...
155¼	156	8,100	General Electric	154¾	156½	154¼	156¼	+2¼
8	8½	1,500	Goldfield Consol	8	8	8	8	...
123¼	123⅝	2,000	Great Northern pf	124	124	123½	123½	− ⅛
59½	60	300	G. N. certs. Ore Prop	60	60	59½	59½	...
133¼	135	1,100	Illinois Central	134¼	135	134¼	135	+2
20¾	21	1,400	Interborough-Met.	21¼	21¼	20⅞	20⅞	− ⅛
56	56¼	400	Interborough-Met. pf	56½	56½	56	56	− ⅝
112	112⅝	100	Int. Harvester	112½	112½	112¼	112¼	...
55⅜	56⅛	700	Int. Paper pf	56¼	56⅜	55⅞	55⅞	− ⅝
44⅜	44⅞	9,400	Int. Steam Pump	44⅝	45	44⅜	44½	+ ⅛
19½	20¼	100	Iowa Central	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	20⅞	+ ⅛
35	36	100	Iowa Central pf	35¾	35¾	35¾	35¾	...
33¼	33⅝	850	Kansas City Southern	33⅞	33⅞	33⅝	33¾	− ⅝
40	45	50	Lackawanna Steel	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	39⅝	...
106½	106¾	600	Lack. Gas	106¼	106¾	106¼	106½	...
146	146½	1,300	Louisville & Nash	146	146½	146	146¾	+ ¼
140½	141¾	100	Manhattan Elevated	141¼	141¾	141¼	141½	+ ½
16⅜	17	500	Mercantile Marine pf	17	17	17	17	+ ⅛
134⅝	135⅝	125	Minn., St. P. & S.S.M.	135¼	135¼	135¼	135¼	+ ⅛
84½	84½	700	Mo., Kansas & Texas	84⅞	85¼	84½	84½	− ⅛
51⅞	52	1,030	Missouri Pacific	51⅞	52	51⅛	51¼	− ⅛
105½	107	100	Nat. Lead Co. pf	106¼	106¾	106¼	106¾	−1⅞
35¾	36	1,200	N. Rys. of Mex. 2d pf	36	36	35⅞	35⅞	− ⅛
20	20⅞	900	Nevada Con. Copper	20⅜	21	20⅜	20⅝	− ⅛
113	113⅛	1,100	N. Y. Central	114⅛	114⅜	113	113	−1⅛
98½	99¼	300	Norfolk & Western	99	99	99	99	+ ⅛
115¼	115¾	1,700	Northern Pacific	116	116	115¼	115¼	−1⅛
38½	39	100	No. Ohio Tr. & Light	38⅜	38⅝	38⅜	38⅝	+ ⅛
80	80¼	200	Pacific Mail	30⅝	30⅝	30¼	30½	− ⅛
45	45¼	500	Pacific Tel. & Tel	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	+ ⅛
120¼	120⅝	6,600	Pennsylvania R. R	120⅝	130⅛	120⅛	120⅝	+ ⅛
106	107	700	People's Gas, Chi	107	107	106	106	− ⅝
34½	35	1,000	Pressed Steel Car	35	35	34½	34½	− ⅝
96¼	97	100	Pressed Steel Car pf	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	96⅞	− ⅛
164½	163½	200	Pullman Company	165	165¼	165	165¼	+ ¼
35	36	200	R'way Steel Spring	36	36	35	35	−1
98	99	100	R'way Steel Sp. pf	97½	97⅞	97⅛	97⅞	+4½
152¾	152⅞	50,800	Reading	154	154½	152⅝	152⅞	−1⅝
96	98	400	Reading 2d pf	97½	97½	96	96	−1⅝
84½	84⅜	800	Rep. Iron & Steel	85¼	85¾	84⅝	84⅝	− ⅝
97½	98½	200	Rep. Iron & Steel pf	98	98	98	98	...
82⅜	82⅞	8,100	Rock Island Co.	83¼	83⅝	82¾	82⅝	− ⅛
66½	67¼	200	Rock Island Co. pf	67	67	67	67	−1
62	68½	100	St. L. & S. F. 1st pf	62¼	62¼	62¼	62¼	+ ⅛
42¼	42⅞	1,350	St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	41¼	42⅜	40½	42¼	+ ⅛
179	185	200	Sears-Roebuck	180½	180½	179	179	+2½
51	51½	100	Sloss-Shef. S. & Iron	51½	51½	51½	51½	− ⅛
117⅝	117⅞	5,800	Southern Pacific	118½	118⅝	117⅝	117⅞	−1¼
63⅜	64	40	South. R'way pf., ext.	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	63⅜	...
36⅞	37⅛	1,200	Tennessee Copper	37⅝	37⅝	37	37	− ⅜
138½	139	800	Texas Co.	139	139	139	139	...
23½	23¾	800	Tol., St. L. & West	23¼	23¼	23	23⅜	− ⅜
56⅜	57	500	Tol., St. L. & W. pf	57⅝	57⅝	56¼	56¾	− ⅝
177¼	177⅜	88,500	Union Pacific	178⅛	178⅛	177¼	177¼	−1⅜
92¼	93	600	Union Pacific pf	93¼	93¾	92⅝	92⅝	− ⅝
105	106	200	United Dry Goods pf	106¾	106¾	105¾	105¾	− ⅛
53½	58	100	United Rys. Inv. pf	57	57	57	57	+1⅝
95	100	210	U. S. Express	98	99½	98	99½	+3½
35	36	300	U. S. Rubber	36½	36⅞	36	36	...
110¼	111	200	U. S. Rubber 1st pf	111	111	111	111	+ ⅛
80	80¼	86,500	U. S. Steel	80⅞	81¼	79⅞	80	−1⅛
118¼	118⅜	2,300	U. S. Steel pf	118	118⅜	118	118¼	+ ⅛
50	50¼	2,100	Utah Copper	50⅜	50⅜	49¾	50¼	+ ⅛
63	63⅛	1,400	Va.-Caro. Chemical	63½	63½	63	63	− ⅝
17½	17⅞	100	Wabash	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾	− ⅛
37	37⅜	900	Wabash pf	37½	37½	37⅜	37⅜	− ⅛
45⅝	46¼	1,100	Western Maryland	47⅜	47⅜	46	46	−1
74½	75½	200	Western Md. pf	75	75	75	75	...
72½	72⅝	870	Western Union Tel	72	72⅝	72	72⅝	+ ⅜
71⅝	72⅝	2,000	Westinghouse E. & M	71⅝	73	71	71⅝	+ ⅜
59	61	200	Wisconsin Central	60	60	60	60	...

BID AND ASKED QUOTATIONS.

Closing quotations for Government bonds and stocks in which there were no transactions:

	Bid.	Asked.
2s, r., 1930	100¾	101
2s, c., 1930	100¾	101
4s, r., 1918	101¾	102⅜
4s, c., 1918	101¾	102⅛
4s, r., 1925	115	115¾
4s, c., 1925	115¼	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1936	100⅜	..
Pan. 2s, r., 1938	100⅜	..
Allis-Chalm. 5% pf	8	10
Am. Ag. C. pf	96	101
Am. B. S. pf	92	94
Am. Coal	60	150
Am. Cot. O. pf	100	101
Am. Exp.	230	250
Am. H. & L. pf	4½	4⅞
Am. L. & L. pf	22½	24
Am. Lin. Co. pf	12½	15
Am. Loc. pf.	82½	84
Am. M. pf.	106½	107
Am. Snuff.	83¾	86
Am. Sm. pf.	240	..
Am. St. Fd.	100	101½
A. Sug. R.	46⅛	48
A. T. & C. pf.	117	119
Ann Arbor	78	82
Ann Arbor pf	25	35
B. & O. pf.	90	91½
Beth. Steel.	82⅜	82¾
B. Un. G.	186	188
Bruns. Ter.	9½	..
B. R. & P.	102	108
B. R. & P. pf.	128	140
B. & S. pf.	..	19
But'k Co.	29¼	80
Canada So.	62	70½
Cent. L. pf.	106¼	106¾
C. R. F. of N. J. pf.	275	285
C. & S. A. Tel.	118	120
Chi. & Alt.	30	40
C. & A. pf.	200	66
C. B. & Q.	200	..
Chi. Gt. W. pf.	47	48
C., I. & L. pf.	60	80
C. & N. W. pf.	200	210
Chi., St. P., M. & Om.	140	150
Chi., St. P., M. & Om. pf.	160	170
Chi. Un. T. cfts. sta.	2¾	3¼
Chi. Un. T. pf. cts. st.	6	8
C., C., C. & St. L.	67	67¾
C., C., C. & St. L. pf.	98¾	105
Cleve. & P.	162½	..
Col. F. & I.	110¾	116
Col. & So.	59¾	60¼
Col. & So. 1st pf.	75	77
Col. & So. 2d pf.	78	77
Col. & H. C. & Iron	4½	5½
Corn P. R. pf.	78	80
Crex Carpet	63	67
Cub.-Am. S.	86	89
Cub.-Am. S. pf.	..	91½
D., L. & W.	500	575
Det & M.	80	85
Det. & M. pf.	95	100
Det. U. R.	51	61
D., S. S. & A.	11¾	13½
Du P. de N. Pow. pf.	83	85
Elec. St. B.	47½	..
Elec. Co.	55	60
Ev. & T. H. pf.	70	85
F. M. & S.	15	20
Fed. Sugar.	30	40
Fed. Sugar pf.	90	100
Gen. C.	91	100
Gen. C. Co. pf.	100	103¼
Granby Con.	80	90
Hav. E. R. pf.	98	94½
Hock. Val.	125	135
Homestake.	84½	88
Ill. C. l. l.	94	..
Inger.-Rand.	93	..
Inger.-Rand. pf.	100	..
Int. H. pf.	121	121¼
Int. Paper.	12¾	13¼
Int. St. P. pf.	85	85¼
Jol. & Chi.	163¼	..
Kan. C. Pt. & Mem. pf.	76	77½
So. R. M. & O. cfts.	70	85
Texas Pac.	27	28
T. P. L. Tr.	88	93
Third Av.	12¼	12⅝
T. St. L. & W.	14½	..
T. R. & L.	7⅝	..
T. C. R. T.	109	111
U. B. & P. pf.	7	8
U. B. & P. pf.	58	60
Un. Cig. M. pf.	100	105
Un. Dry G.	104	106¼
U. Rys. In.	26	29½
U. S. C. I. Pipe	17¾	18½
U. S. C. I. P. pf., ex div.	56	59
U. S. R. & Imp.	67	71

	Bid.	Asked.
U. S. R. & Ref.	4¼	7½
U. S. R. & Ref. pf.	15	17
U. S. R. 2d pf.	72¼	75
Vand. R. R.	88	..
Va.-Car. C. Co. pf.	120	126
Va. I., C. & Coke	..	55
W. F. Exp.	158	165
Westingh'se 1st pf.	120	124
W. & L. E.	5¼	6½
W. & L. E. 1st pf.	14	16
W. & L. E. 2d pf.	7	8½

CHICAGO STOCK MARKET.

Special to The New York Times.

CHICAGO, Nov. 21.—On the local Exchange there was an opportunity for both bulls and bears to make money provided they selected the right stocks. For instance, Western Stone advanced sharply, while Illinois Brick showed weakness in corresponding degree. Another strong stock was Sears-Roebuck, which jumped to 181. An effort to stir up interest in McCrum-Howell shares met with little success. There was moderate trading in Chicago Railways certificates. Bond dealings were light.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	American Can	10¼	10¼	10¼
225	American Can pf	78⅝	78⅝	78⅝
10	American Shipbuilding	78	78	78
63	Booth Fisheries	84	84	84
20	Booth Fisheries cfts.	33	33	33
100	Chicago Brewing	1	1	1
85	Chicago Pneu. Tool	40¼	40¼	40¼
5	Chicago Rys., Ser. 1	82½	82½	82½
580	Chicago Rys., Ser. 2	23¾	22½	22¾
205	Chicago Rys., Ser. 3	10¼	10	10¼
5	Chicago Title & Tr	154	154	154
70	Com. Edison	115¾	115½	115½
10	Diamond Match	91¾	91¾	91¾
876	Illinois Brick	72½	68	68¾
45	McCrum-Howell	63½	63	63
8	Met. Elevated pf	62	62	62
10	National Biscuit pf	120¾	120¾	120¾
85	People's Gas	107	106½	106½
1	Quaker Oats pf	103¼	103¼	103¼
975	Sears-Roebuck	181¼	179	181
50	South Side Elevated	63	63	63
10	Street's S. C.	11¼	11¼	11¼
170	Swift & Co.	103½	103¼	103¼
145	United Boxboard	5¾	5¾	5¾
400	U. S. Steel	81	81	81
510	Western Stone	25¾	24	24

BONDS.

$1,000	Armour & Co. 4½s	91¾	91¾	91¾
2,000	Chicago City Rys. 5s	102½	102½	102½
11,000	Chicago Telephone 5s	102¼	102¼	102¼
1,000	Com. Edison 5s	101¼	101¼	101¼
8,000	Consumers' Gas 5s	101½	101½	101½

PITTSBURG TRANSACTIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

PITTSBURG, Nov. 21.—Following were the transactions on the local Exchange to-day:

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
100	Citizens' Traction	69½	69¼	69¼
100	Crucible Steel	184	181	181½
200	Crucible Steel pf	79½

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Earnings and Progress 1905 to 1910 are analyzed and discussed in Special Letter of November 16. Limited number for free distribution.
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Kan. City, Ft. Scott & Memphis 4s, 1936
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TOPICS IN WALL STREET.

Bonds Easily Absorbed.

There are indications of better conditions in the bond market. It was learned yesterday that the interest aroused here and abroad in the announcement of Kuhn, Loeb & Co.'s purchase of the fifteen-million-dollar issue of Chicago & Northwestern general mortgage 4 per cents has been so satisfactory that it is now probable that there will be no public offering of the bonds. It has already been announced that the $7,500,000 issue of Kansas City Terminal Railway 4 per cents offered last week by J. P. Morgan & Co., Lee, Higginson & Co., and the Illinois Trust and Savings Bank and their associates in London was oversubscribed both here and abroad, and similar announcement came from Speyer & Co. in connection with their purchase of $7,000,000 Pittsburg Steel 7 per cent. cumulative preferred stock.

***

Morgan and the Subway Bidders.

J. P. Morgan & Co., according to stories in Wall Street yesterday, will finance the McAdoo subway proposals should they go through. It is known that the banking house has definite plans worked out for financing the Interborough's triborough plans. Definite confirmation of yesterday's report of its participation in the McAdoo plans could not be obtained, but it was recollected that the Hudson Tunnels were financed by Harvey Fisk & Sons, known as a Morgan house.

***

Corn Belt Prosperity.

Wall Street is beginning to hear from agricultural bankers and railroad men in the corn belt the first effects of the prosperity the bumper corn crop has assured the farmers. Yesterday President Miller of the Burlington, the one Hill road which is a real corn carrier, that October had been a good month. Bankers were heard from in a Kansas City dispatch which gave opinions from interior bankers who have been most concerned in land and crop financing of the prairie section. The tenor of the interviews is the did declaration that the West is increasingly independent of the Eastern money centres.

***

Railroads Get More Time.

The news from Washington that the Inter-State Commerce Commission had granted additional time to the railroads in which to answer the questions propounded for reply by Dec. 5 was not surprising to those who were familiar with the comprehensiveness of the demands, more particularly those on the subject of financing. When it is recollected that some of the Eastern roads, such as the Delaware & Hudson, Lehigh Valley, Pennsylvania, Hudson River, and various New England roads go back a couple of generations, one, at least, as far back as 1821, the difficulty of reporting on all of their financing in the detail required by the Inter-State Commerce Commission becomes at once apparent. It is answers to these questions which have been deferred to Jan. 5. Even with the month's respite it will be no easy task to furnish records covering nearly a century, giving in detail all resolutions of stockholders and Directors in relation to new security issues, verifications of all mortgages, and all compensations and commissions paid for financing, whether to individuals, bankers, brokers, or syndicates.

***

Pairing Orders.

It has been a time-honored custom on the Exchange, although unrecognized by the authorities, for brokers on the floor in dull times, when expected profits have not materialized on a trade, to cancel the necessity for accepting the stock by "pairing" the order. By this process the trader who has been unable to sell at a profit what he has contracted to buy avoids charges and gets out whole by getting the man who sold to him to accept as buyer another, who may then be bidding for the same stock at the same price. In the old days before the stock transfer tax existed the pecuniary advantage of "pairing" represented no more than the fifty-cent clearing charge which the buyer would have had to pay if he were a floor trader clearing through some other member's office. The practice in the last few years has had the extra economy of saving transfer stamps, but brokers have always defended that practice on the ground that the sale was never really completed, and that the position taken by a man pairing was exactly that of a real estate buyer who got out of a contract by providing another buyer satisfactory to the original seller.

FINANCIAL NOTES.

Application has been made to the Stock Exchange to list $60,501,500 common stock of the Lehigh Valley Railroad Company.

Lewis B. Franklin, Vice President of the Guaranty Trust Company of New York, has gone on a trip to the State of Washington.

At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad Company, held in Baltimore yesterday, the retiring Directors were re-elected. The board will meet to organize Dec. 8. Secretary Woolford said that 78½ per cent. of the stock was represented.

METAL MARKET REPORTS.

At the Metal Exchange yesterday a stronger tone was shown. Copper was slightly higher for all deliveries to January, tin rose ⅛c and lead improved 5 points in the asking price.

The closing bid and asked prices follow:

Standard copper—	Monday. Bid.	Asked.	Friday. Bid.	Asked.
Spot	12.50	12.65	12.45	12.60
November	12.50	12.70	12.50	12.65
December	12.55	12.75	12.55	12.65
January	12.60	12.80	12.60	12.70
Lead	4.45	4.55	4.45	4.50
Spelter	5.85	5.95	5.85	5.95
Tin	36.80	36.95	36.25	36.35

On the Metal Exchange in London yesterday, the transactions there in spot and future deliveries of copper and pig tin are here noted in the following summary. These prices are the final figures for the day and compare with the close on Friday:

	Monday. £ s. d.	Friday. £ s. d.
Copper, spot	57 17 6	57 12 6
Copper, futures	58 16 3	58 11 3
Pig tin, spot	167 17 6	166 0 0
Pig tin, futures	167 17 6	166 0 0

The market ended firm. Spanish pig lead was steady and unchanged at £13 3s 9d. Spelter was steady at £24 2s 6d. Cleveland warrants were quoted at 49s 6d.

TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE KANSAS AND COLORADO PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY AND TO THE BONDHOLDERS OF THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, AND TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN:

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that The Missouri Pacific Railway Company, as successor to The Kansas and Colorado Pacific Railway Company, has this day appointed The Equitable Trust Company of New York to be Trustee under the First Refunding Mortgage, dated February 1, 1908, made by said The Kansas and Colorado Pacific Railway Company to Guaranty Trust Company of New York to secure the First Refunding Mortgage Thirty-Year Six Per Cent. Gold Bonds of said The Kansas and Colorado Pacific Railway Company, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of said Guaranty Trust Company of New York from the trusteeship thereunder.

New York, October 28th, 1910.

THE MISSOURI PACIFIC RAILWAY COMPANY, by GEO. J. GOULD, President.
A. H. CALEF, Secretary.

PROPOSALS.

POCAHONTAS CONSOLIDATED COLLIERIES COMPANY INCORPORATED FIFTY-YEAR FIVE PER CENT. GOLD BONDS.

Notice is hereby given, pursuant to the terms of the Mortgage dated July 1st, 1907, that the undersigned as Trustee will receive sealed proposals up to 3:00 P. M. on the 6th day of December, 1910, for the sale to it of bonds as above described, sufficient to use the sum of $28,222.80. The undersigned reserves the right to reject any or all tenders.

THE NEW YORK TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
By H. W. MORSE, Secretary.
New York, October 31st, 1910.

THE EUROPEAN MARKETS.

Happenings of a Day in London, Paris, and Berlin.

LONDON, Nov. 21.—Money was in fair supply and demand and discount rates were easy to-day.

The Bank of England bought most of the $3,000,000 South African gold available.

The stock market continued quietly firm, with good investment buying in home rails and gilt-edged securities at hardening rates. Paris bought foreign bonds, but Kaffirs and copper shares closed easier.

American securities opened a fraction higher and advanced during the early trading on the good New York bank statement. In the afternoon profit-taking and Wall Street offerings caused a reaction and made the closing dull.

Bar silver steady, 25⅛d per ounce.

Money, 4%@5 per cent.

The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 4 11-16@4¾ per cent.; for three months' bills 4 5-16@4⅜ per cent.

Gold premium at Madrid, 7.40; at Lisbon, 7.

PARIS, Nov. 21.—Prices were generally firm on the Bourse to-day.

The private rate of discount was reduced ⅛, to 2¾ per cent.

Three per cent. rentes, 97f 87½c for the account.

Exchange on London, 25f 30c for checks.

BERLIN, Nov. 21.—Prices were quiet and steady on the Boerse to-day.

Exchange on London, 20 marks 48½ pfennigs for checks.

Money, 3½ per cent.

Private rate of discount, 4½ per cent.

LONDON CLOSING QUOTATIONS.

	London.	N. Y. Equiv.	N Y. Close.	Net Ch'ge.
Consols, account	79 9-16	..	..	+ ⅛
Consols, money	79 5-16	..	..	+ ⅛
Anaconda	8⅝	41⅞	..	..
Atchison	107½	104⅛	104⅛	..
Canadian Pacific	201¼	195⅝	196	— ⅝
St. Paul	128	124½	124	+ ½
Erie	31¼	30⅝	30⅝	— ⅝
Erie 1st pf.	50¾	49⅝	49⅝	..
Illinois Cent.	150	135¼	..	..
Louis. & Nash.	150½	146¼	146	+ ¼
N. Y. Cent.	117½	114	114¼	— ¼
Pennsylvania	66¾	129⅜	130	— ¼
Reading	79¼	154	154½	— ½
Southern Pacific	122⅛	118⅞	118⅞	..
Union Pacific	183⅝	178¼	178⅞	— ⅝
U. S. Steel	83¼	80⅞	81⅝	— ⅛
U. S. Steel pf.	121¾	118½	117¾	+ ¾

Exchange, $4.86.

American Mining Stocks in London.

	£ s. d.		£ s. d.
Camp Bird	1 10 3	Esperanza	2 1 3
Tombo	0 18 1½	Dolores	1 16 0
El Oro	1 6 0	Stratton's Ind.	0 3 3

MINING STOCK QUOTATIONS.

Special to The New York Times.

SAN FRANCISCO, Nov. 21.—The official closing quotations for mining stocks to-day were as follows:

Alta	.05	Julia	.07
Alpha Con.	.02	Mexican	.92
Andes	.05	Occidental Con.	.42
Belcher	.40	Ophir	1.07
Best & Belcher	.25	Overman	.30
Caledonia	.17	Potosi	.30
Challenge Con.	.15	Savage	.09
Chollar	.05	Sag Belcher	.07
Con. Cal. & Va.	.90	Sierra Nevada	.15
Con. Imperial	.02	Union Con.	.16
Crown Point	.48	Utah Con.	.04
Gould & Curry	.05	Yellow Jacket	.39
Hale & Norcros	.17		

Silver bars, 55¾; Mexican dollars, 48@50; drafts, sight, 2@2½ per cent. premium; telegraph, 4@5 per cent. premium.

TONOPAH.		Combination Fract.	.20
Belmont	4.45	Crackerjack	.91
Jim Butler	.29	Goldfield Con. M.	8.05
McNamara	.23	Great Bend	.02
Midway	.18	Jumbo Extension	.22
Montana	1.00	Lone Star	.02
North Star	.05	Red Hills	.03
Tonopah Extension	1.05	St. Ives	.14
West End	.50	Silver Pick	.06
GOLDFIELD.		BULLFROG.	
Adams	.01	Bullfrog Nat. B.	.01
Atlanta	.13	Tramps Cons.	.02
Blue Bell	.02		

COLORADO MINING STOCKS.

Special to The New York Times.

COLORADO SPRINGS, Nov. 21.—Following were the closing quotations on the local Exchange to-day:

	Bid.	Asked.		Bid.	Asked.
Dr. Jackpot	9¼	10	Jackpot	9½	10½
Elkton	75½	76	McKinney	49	51
El Paso	89	89⅞	Old Gold	4	4½
Findlay	7	10	Portland	114	120
Gold Dollar	13	14	Vindicator	89¼	92
Isabella	14⅞	18½	Jen. Sample	10½	11½

PHILADELPHIA PRICES.

Special to The New York Times.

PHILADELPHIA, Nov. 21.—Substantial gains were recorded in a number of pure local issues, including United Gas Improvement, the tractions, Lehigh Valley, and Lehigh Navigation. The latter was conspicuous with a rise of several points. The traders' attention was concentrated chiefly on United Gas Improvement and Lehigh Valley. Bids for the former fractionally above the market failed to find any stock, and it was an easy matter to push the price up. This, too, was true of Lehigh Navigation, Lake Superior, Storage Battery, and Cambria Steel.

Sales.		High.	Low.	Last.
40	American Railway	43	43	43
285	Cambria Steel	44⅛	43⅜	43⅜
50	Con. Trac. of N. J.	73	73	73
10	Ches. & Ohio	84⅞	84¾	84¾
2,372	Electric Storage	48	47¼	48
298	General Asphalt	33⅜	32½	33
325	General Asphalt pf.	79	79	79
50	H. & B. T. pf.	21	21	21
100	Ins. Co. of N. A.	20	20	20
565	Lake Superior Corp.	27⅜	27⅛	27½
609	Lehigh Navigation	97½	94⅞	97
751	Lehigh Nav. t. c.	97⅜	95	97⅜
16,485	Lehigh Valley	95⅝	94½	95⅛
2,677	Phila. Rapid Tran.	18¼	17⅝	17⅝
810	Pennsylvania	65	64⅞	64⅞
210	Phila. Co.	25¼	25	25⅛
3,561	Phila. Electric	15⅞	15⅝	15⅞
940	Reading	77⅛	76⅜	76⅝
210	Tonopah Belmont	4⅝	4⅜	4⅝
5,471	United Gas Imp.	86¾	84¾	85¾
5,330	U. S. Steel	81⅛	79¼	80
787	Union Traction	41½	40⅜	41⅛
100	Union Pacific	178⅜	178⅜	178⅜
100	U. Ry. Tr. t. c.	72	72	72

B. & O. Directors Re-elected.

BALTIMORE, Nov. 21.—At the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Baltimore & Ohio Railroad here to-day the present Board of Directors was re-elected, namely: Edward R. Bacon, Joseph R. Foard, John P. Green, R. Brent Keyser, L. F. Loree, Robert S. Lovett, Oscar G. Murray, Samuel Rea, Norman B. Ream, James Speyer, James Stillman, and Joseph Wood.

PENNSYLVANIA COMPANY 40 YEAR GUARANTEED 3½ PER CENT. GOLD TRUST CERTIFICATES, SERIES "D."

Pursuant to the terms of an agreement dated December 1st, 1904, the undersigned invites tenders of the above certificates for sale and delivery as of December 1st, 1910, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $100,000, the sum now payable to the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders stating specific numbers of certificates offered should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund, Pennsylvania Company 40 Year Guaranteed 3½ per cent. Gold Trust Certificates, Series "D," and will be received until 3 P. M., November 30, 1910. Said certificates must be delivered on December 1st, or security furnished that day, if required, that delivery will be made within ten days.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
C. J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, November 16, 1910.

THE SPANISH-AMERICAN IRON COMPANY FIRST MORTGAGE 6 PER CENT. BONDS, DUE JULY 1ST, 1927.

Pursuant to the terms of the mortgage dated August 7, 1907, the undersigned invites tenders of the above bonds for sale and delivery as of January 1st, 1911, at a price not exceeding par and interest, to the extent of $132,047.67, the sum now available in the Sinking Fund.

Sealed tenders, stating the numbers of bonds offered, should be addressed to GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee, Sinking Fund, Spanish-American Iron Company First Mortgage 6 Per Cent. Bonds, and will be received until 3 P. M. November 25th, 1910.

GIRARD TRUST COMPANY, Trustee.
C. J. RHOADS, Treasurer.
Philadelphia, Pa., November 15th, 1910.

A NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE REQUIRES COMPETENT MANAGER FOR BRANCH OFFICE IN 42D ST. DISTRICT; MUST FURNISH BEST OF REFERENCES AND BE THOROUGHLY EXPERIENCED. P 230 TIMES DOWNTOWN.

Placos or Colon Iron Mines. The only legal negotiation of these mines will be on dealing directly with the undersigned owner of same. ELBANO SPINETTI, Caracas, Venezuela.

Executor Trustee
Chartered 1822

The Farmers' Loan and Trust Company,
Nos. 16, 18, 20 & 22 William Street.
Branch Office, 475 Fifth Avenue,
New York.
LONDON 15 Cockspur St. 18 Bishopsgate St. Within. PARIS, 41 Boulevard Haussmann
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UNION N. BETHELL	HENRY R. MALLORY	RALPH PETERS
JOSEPH E. BROWN	EDWIN S. MARSTON	HENRY E. PIERREPONT
WM. ALLEN BUTLER,	ALBRO J. NEWTON	JAMES H. POST
CHARLES B. DENNY	GEORGE M. OLCOTT	GEORGE H. PRENTISS
CROWELL HADDEN	EDWIN PACKARD	MOSES TAYLOR PYNE
HENRY HENTZ	LOWELL M. PALMER	WILLIAM H. WALLACE
HENRY C. HULBERT	STEPHEN S. PALMER	ROBERT B. WOODWARD
WILLIAM B. LANE, M. D.	CHARLES A. PEABODY	ARTHUR KING WOOD

President

Chicago Consolidated Traction

TO THE HOLDERS OF THE SMALL PERCENTAGE OF THE FOLLOWING SECURITIES WHO HAVE NOT ALREADY DEPOSITED THEIR BONDS WITH THE UNDERSIGNED:

Cicero & Proviso Street Railway Company Bonds;
Ogden Street Railway Company Bonds;
Chicago Electric Transit Company Bonds;
North Chicago Electric Railway Company Bonds;
The North Side Electric Street Railway Company Bonds;
Evanston Electric Railway Company Bonds;
Chicago North Shore Street Railway Company Bonds:

Over ninety-five per cent of the above mentioned bonds having been deposited with the undersigned under the Deposit Agreement of November 1, 1910, notice is hereby given that the undersigned has been authorized to extend the time for deposit up to and including Monday, November 28, 1910.

Copies of said Deposit Agreement under which the above mentioned securities may be exchanged for new bonds of the CHICAGO RAILWAYS COMPANY will be furnished upon application, and, as stated in a previous advertisement, the time for deposit of securities is necessarily limited by the fact that the Consolidated Traction properties have been ordered to be sold at foreclosure sale on November 30, 1910, by a decree of the Federal Court.

The purchaser mentioned in the Deposit Agreement has authorized us to state that he has acquired for cash all but a small percentage of the

Chicago Consolidated Traction Company 4½ Per Cent. Bonds

and that the same cash offer will be made to the holders of the balance of the issue. This offer is $300 per $1,000 bond with all coupons due on and after June 1, 1908, attached, and holders desiring to accept this offer should present their bonds to the undersigned on or before

Monday, November 28, 1910

Harris Trust & Savings Bank, Depositary
204 DEARBORN STREET, CHICAGO

New York, November 19, 1910.

TO THE HOLDERS OF

Consolidated (First) Mortgage Bonds Amounting to $2,728,000 of the DAYTON AND MICHIGAN RAILROAD COMPANY, dated January 1st, 1881, maturing January 1st, 1911.

Pursuant to arrangement with the Dayton and Michigan Railroad Company and J. P. Morgan & Co., the undersigned, the lessee of the Dayton and Michigan Railroad Company, under lease dated May 1st, 1863, amended June 23, 1870, hereby gives notice that by complying with the terms stated below, the holders of said bonds may have the same extended so that they shall mature January 1st, 1931, with interest at the rate of 4½% per annum, payable semi-annually on the first days of January and July in each year, at the office or agency of the undersigned in the City of New York, the Railway Company reserving the right at its option to redeem on January 1, 1917, or on any interest date thereafter, by payment of a premium of two and one-half per cent. and accrued interest, provided notice of the election so to redeem be published as in the Extension Supplement provided.

THE PRESENT MORTGAGE SECURITY, CONSISTING OF A FIRST LIEN ON THE ENTIRE RAILROAD OF THE DAYTON AND MICHIGAN RAILROAD COMPANY, EXTENDING FROM DAYTON, OHIO, TO TOLEDO, OHIO, WILL REMAIN UNIMPAIRED.

The holders of such bonds are referred to the announcement of J. P. Morgan & Co., hereto appended, as to the terms of the extension offer.

The Cincinnati, Hamilton and Dayton Railway Company.
By WILLIAM COTTER, President.

23 Wall Street, New York,
November 19, 1910.

Referring to the above notice, the extension privilege applies only to the holders of such bonds who deposit the same with the undersigned at their office, 23 Wall Street, New York, on or before December 15, 1910. A CASH PAYMENT OF $5 PER $1,000 BOND WILL BE MADE TO SUCH DEPOSITORS; AND THE JANUARY 1, 1911, COUPONS, IF PRESENTED, WILL BE CASHED AT THE TIME OF SUCH DEPOSIT.

Upon such deposit, temporary receipts will be issued, exchangeable for bonds with the Extension Supplement and new coupon sheet attached thereto when prepared.

Copies of the Extension Supplement may be had on application at the office of the undersigned.

At any time on or prior to January 3, 1911, at their office, the undersigned will buy, at par and interest, the bonds of such holders as do not desire to avail themselves of the above privilege of extension.

J. P. MORGAN & CO.

REDEMPTION NOTICE.

To the Holders of First Mortgage Bonds, Detroit and Chicago Extension Wabash Railroad Company, dated July 7, 1891:

Notice is hereby given that thirty-two (32) of the above-described bonds were this day drawn for redemption, as provided in the Sinking Fund clause of the above-described mortgage securing same, numbered as follows, viz.:

370	883	1598	1838	2027	2479	3128
207	1071	1399	1881	2100	2480	8251
500	1072	1600	1882	2238	2720	
511	1591	1694	1886	2267	2758	
612	1594	1728	2011	2281	2766	

All future interest on any of the bonds so designated ceases with the coupon due January 1, 1911, in accordance with the provisions of the mortgage.

New York, November 7th, 1910.

We, the undersigned, hereby certify that the thirty-two (32) bonds above mentioned were designated by lot in our presence.

E. P. HYDE,
Vice President Central Trust Co. of N. Y.
J. C. OTTESON,
Secretary Wabash Railroad Company.
WILLIAM H. SMIDT,
Notary Public, Rockland Co.
Certf. filed in New York County.

In accordance with the foregoing certificate, said mentioned bonds will be paid at this office on and after the 1st day of January, 1911, at 110% ($1,100 per bond.)

CENTRAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW YORK, Trustee,
By E. P. HYDE, Vice President.
New York, November 7th, 1910.

DIVIDENDS.

DIVIDEND NO. 4.
COLORADO GOLD DREDGING COMPANY.
42 BROADWAY, N. Y.
November 21, 1910.

The Board of Directors of Colorado Gold Dredging Company have this day declared a dividend (Dividend No. 4) of 25c. per share, being equivalent to 2½% on the outstanding capital stock of the Company, payable November 29th, 1910, to stockholders of record at the close of business on November 25th, 1910.

J. H. SUSMANN, Treasurer.

Brooklyn Rapid Transit Company.
New York, November 18th, 1910.

The Board of Directors has this day declared a quarterly dividend of one and one-quarter per centum on the capital stock of this Company, payable January 1st, 1911, to stockholders of record at the close of business on Saturday, December 10th, 1910.

C. D. MENEELY,
Secretary and Treasurer.

OFFICE OF INTERNATIONAL SILVER COMPANY.
Meriden, Conn., Nov. 15, 1910.

Coupons No. 27 of the First Mortgage Bonds of this company, due December 1, 1910, will be paid on and after that date on presentation at the American Exchange National Bank, 128 Broadway, New York City.
GEORGE M. CURTIS, Treasurer.

MEETINGS AND ELECTIONS.

STOCK QUOTATION TELEGRAPH CO.

Notice is hereby given that the annual meeting of the stockholders of the Stock Quotation Telegraph Company will be held on Wednesday, December 7, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon, at the office of the company, 26 and 28 Beaver Street, 7th floor, Borough of Manhattan, New York, for the election of Directors for the ensuing year, and for such other business connected with the affairs of the corporation as may be presented for consideration.

The transfer books will be closed at 12 M., November 26, 1910, and open December 8, 1910.

WILLIAM H. HURST, President.
LYTTLETON FOX, Secretary.
New York, November 21, 1910.

OFFICE OF THE
New Central Coal Company of Maryland,
Room 306, No. 17 Battery Place,
New York, Nov. 9th, 1910.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Company for the election of Directors to serve for the ensuing year will be held on Tuesday, Dec. 13th, 1910. Polls open from 12 M. to 2 P. M. The transfer books will be closed Dec. 9th at 3 P. M. and reopened Dec. 14th at 10 A. M.

M. BAXTER, JR., Secretary.

CHARTERED 1799.
BANK OF THE MANHATTAN COMPANY.
New York, November 1st, 1910.

Notice is hereby given that an election for twelve Directors of the Manhattan Company will be held at their banking house, No. 40 Wall Street, in the City of New York, on Tuesday, the sixth day of December next, between the hours of 12 M. and 1 P. M.

By order of the Directors.
D. H. PIERSON, Cashier.

A meeting of the Lot Owners of the Greenwood Cemetery will be held at its office, No. 170 Broadway, New York, on Monday, the 5th day of December, at 12 o'clock, noon, at which time an election will be held for five Trustees in place of those whose term of office will expire on that day.

T. HOOD MUIR, Secretary.

THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE CHILDREN'S Aid Society will be held at the Chase National Bank, No. 83 Cedar St., Tuesday, Nov. 22, 1910, at 2 P. M.

DISSOLUTION NOTICES.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT MR. M. GREENFIELD, formerly of the firm of GOLDBERG BROS. & CO., 249 West Broadway, has this day, (Nov. 21, 1910,) terminated his relationship with that firm and is no longer a partner. The firm shall continue the business at the same address under the firm name of Goldberg Bros.

PLEASE TAKE NOTICE THAT THE PARTnership of LENCHITZSKY & ROSE, 58 West 125th Street, has this day been dissolved.
—New York, Nov. 19th, 1910.

Investments

RAILROAD BONDS — Yielding about

Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul Debenture 4s, due 1934 ..... 4.45%
Interborough Rapid Transit Mortgage 5s, due 1962 ..... 4.90

SHORT TERM NOTES

Baltimore & Ohio Secured 4½s, due 1913 ..... 4.80
Southern Railway Three-Year 5s, due 1913 ..... 5.10

RAILROAD EQUIPMENT BONDS

Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Equipment 4½s, Various maturities .. 4.80
Seaboard Air Line Equipment 5s, Various maturities 4.90

INDUSTRIAL BONDS

California Gas & Electric Unif. & Ref. 5s, due 1937 ..... 5.50
General Rubber Company Gtd. Debenture 4½s, due 1913 ..... 5.90

Average income over 5%.

Send for circular No. R-3, descriptive of the above securities.

Guaranty Trust Company
of New York
28 Nassau Street, New York
Branch Offices
5th Ave. & 43d St., New York *33 Lombard St., London, E. C.*

GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY COMPANY
The St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba Railway Company
Consolidated Mortgage Four Per Cent. Gold Bonds.
DUE JULY 1ST, 1933. INTEREST PAYABLE JANUARY 1ST AND JULY 1ST.
Secured by a closed first mortgage on 2549 miles of road at less than $17,000 per mile.
Legal investments for Savings Banks in New York, Massachusetts and Connecticut.
PRICE ON APPLICATION.
CLARK, DODGE & CO.,
31 Wall Street BANKERS New York.

COMMERCIAL TRUST COMPANY OF NEW JERSEY.
Opposite Penna. R. R. Ferry and McAdoo Tunnel Terminals, Jersey City, N. J.
Capital, Surplus and Profits over - $3,000,000.00

To those contemplating personal trusts for any purpose we would consider it a favor to be permitted to explain how a net income of 5% may be obtained with absolute security.

JOHN W. HARDENBERGH, President.
ROB'T S. ROSS, Vice President. WM. J. FIELD, Secretary and Treasurer.
JAY S. PERKINS, Assistant Treasurer. J. RICHARD TENNANT, Assistant Secretary.

The U.S. Census of 1910 shows the population of New York City to be
4,766,883
the second largest city in the world, and at the present rate of growth the largest city in the world in about twenty-five years.
The GUARANTEED MORTGAGES of the Lawyers Mortgage Company based on New York City real estate are the safest investment in the world.
LAWYERS MORTGAGE COMPANY
RICHARD M. HURD, President
CAPITAL & SURPLUS - $6,000,000
59 Liberty St., Manhattan. 184 Montague St., Brooklyn

Report of the Condition of the
MUTUAL ALLIANCE TRUST COMPANY
OF NEW YORK,
at the close of business on the 10th day of November 1910.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
Bonds and mortgages	$79,075.00	Capital stock	$700,000.00
Stock and bond investments, viz.:		Surplus, including all undivided profits	408,686.99
Public securities, market value	700,000.00	Reserved for taxes	3,887.41
Loans	5,931,445.76	Preferred deposits	826,593.75
Overdrafts	1,848.31	Deposits not preferred	7,892,370.29
Real estate	224,567.69	Due trust companies, banks, and bankers	1,015,489.96
Due from trust companies, banks, and bankers	1,438,545.57	Total deposits	8,429,703.00
Specie	756,971.75	Accrued interest not entered	9,696.84
Legal-tender notes and notes of National banks	387,038.00	Total	$9,546,943.74
Cash items	18,719.29		
Accrued interest not entered	8,732.40		
Total	$9,546,943.74		

State of New York, County of New York, ss.:

J. H. PARKER, President, and F. V. BALDWIN, Secy and Treas. of The Mutual Alliance Trust Company of New York, N. Y., located and doing business at No. 66 Beaver Street, 266-268 Grand Street, and 116th Street and Lenox Avenue, in the City of New York, in said county, being duly sworn, each for himself, says the foregoing report is true and correct in all respects, to the best of his knowledge and belief, and they further say that the usual business of said trust company has been transacted at the location required by the Banking Law (Chap. 2 of the Consolidated Laws as amended) and not elsewhere; and that the above report is in the form prescribed by the Superintendent of Banks, and is made in compliance with an official notice received from him, designating the 10th day of November, 1910, as the day of which such report shall be made.

J. H. PARKER, President.
F. V. BALDWIN, Secy and Treas.

Severally subscribed and sworn to by both deponents the 21st day of November, 1910, before me.
CHAS. J

IN THE REAL ESTATE FIELD

Investors Favor East Side Tenement House Property—Another Fifth Avenue Dwelling Claimed by Business—Barber Asphalt Co. to Erect $5,000,000 Plant in New Jersey

Only a fair amount of business was transacted in the realty market yesterday. There was a rumor of a big purchase in the Pennsylvania Station loft zone by an investment syndicate, but it failed to materialize.

The demand for tenement house property for investment still continues, two sales of east side parcels being reported yesterday. Several important leases were recorded and plans were filed for the remodeling of the old residence of John W. Harper of the Harper publishing house, at 234 Fifth Avenue, for business purposes.

Estate Buys Harlem Apartment.

The six-story apartment house at 2,085 and 2,087 Seventh Avenue has been purchased from Lewis Bernstein by the Whitlock estate, represented by Col. Robert T. Emmet, Alexander Simmonds, and Mrs. Emily Whitlock. The property adjoins the southeast corner of 122d Street, on plot 37.6 by 100 feet. Jacob Neadle was the broker negotiating the sale.

Tenements for Investment.

The Golden Rule Realty Company has purchased from Eliza E. Gelhard 210, 212, and 214 East Seventy-fourth Street, two four-story tenements, on a plot 50 by 100.5. The property is located between Second and Third Avenues.

In East Harlem an investor purchased from Theresa Suchy 332 and 334 East 119th Street, two six-story tenements, with stores, on a plot 35 by 100. S. A. Israel negotiated the sale.

Lexington Avenue Dwelling Sold.

The three-story dwelling 1,320 Madison Avenue has been sold by Nellie Shulman. The building occupies a lot 16 by 87, between Ninety-third and Ninety-fourth Streets, and adjoins the Fairfax Apartments.

Builders Buy Bronx Corner.

Another important East Bronx sale was announced yesterday by the Freehold Construction Company, composed of Nevins and Perelman, which purchased the southwest corner of 181st Street and Prospect Avenue.

The parcel has a frontage of 60 feet and a depth of 100. There has been considerable development in this particular vicinity of late and the buyers will erect a two-story taxpayer with seven stores.

Suburban Sales.

John D. Maxwell has sold to George W. McAdam his residence on North Broadway, Tarrytown.

The Lewis H. May Company has sold for the Lancaster Sea Beach Improvement Company four lots on the west side of Rochester Avenue, Edgemere, L. I., to J. L. Blum, who will improve with a cottage for investment.

Jersey City Sales.

The Climax Boiler Company of Brooklyn has purchased from Gerhardt W. I. Landau the plant, formerly of the West Pulverizing Machine Company, on the northerly side of Pollock Avenue, between the West Side Connecting Railroad and Mallory Avenue. The property has a frontage of 440 feet on Mallory Avenue and a depth of 240 feet.

Dr. Herman A. Lohman has purchased from Mrs. Gertrude A. Milke the two-story and attic private residence 88 Summit Avenue, opposite Astor Place. The property has a frontage of 100 feet on Summit Avenue and extends back to Cornelison Avenue, for a distance of 400 feet. The price paid is reported at $18,000.

George Duncanson has sold to George A. Foye a plot of seven lots in the Claremont section of Jersey City. One of the lots is located on the northeast corner of Randolph and Claremont Avenues and the other six are on the north side of Claremont Avenue, between Randolph and Garfield Avenues. As soon as the necessary plans are completed seven two-family houses will be erected on the property.

New $25,000 Plant for Jersey City.

Contracts for the erection of a power house, which will be built by L. O. Koven & Brothers of 59 Cliff Street, Jersey City, have been awarded to William Whyte for mason and Robert Cook for carpenter work. The building will be of brick and steel, one story in height, and measure 50 by 75. The estimated cost of the building is $25,000.

$5,000,000 Plant for Perth Amboy.

The Barber Asphalt Company is reported to have closed a contract for the purchase of a large tract of land in the northern portion of Perth Amboy, N. J.

The property borders on Woodbridge Creek, and a large refinery, to cost about $5,000,000, will be erected on the site. At its present plant in Perth Amboy the company now employs about 1,500 men. The new factory will double this force.

Holyrood Church to Move.

L. J. Phillips & Co. were the brokers in the sale of the Holyrood Episcopal Church property, on the southwest corner of Broadway and 181st Street, as stated in THE NEW YORK TIMES yesterday. All the remainder of the large block is occupied by apartment houses, and the church purchased a new site at Fort Washington Avenue and 179th Street, a short time ago, to use for a new edifice when deemed necessary to move. About $200,000 was paid for the Holyrood Church's present quarters, the plot consisting of 1 0½ lots, fronting 133 feet on Broadway and 243 feet on 181st Street.

Fifth Avenue Alterations.

Plans are being prepared for remodeling the buildings at 234 Fifth Avenue, on the northwest corner of Twenty-seventh Street, and 11 West Twenty-seventh Street, adjoining, owned by Charles E. Johnson. They have been vacant for some time.

Assessment Commissioners Report.

The Estimate and Assessment Commissioners who were appointed in the matter of the Montauk Avenue opening and extension from New Lots Road to Vandalia Street will present their final report for confirmation in the Supreme Court in this county at 10 o'clock on the morning of Nov. 28.

Leases.

Louis Schrag has leased for William H. Smith the first loft in the building 513 West Twenty-first Street, to the Chelsea Pattern Company; for Elmer A. Darling the third loft in the building 180 to 184 West Twenty-fourth Street, to Charles Greenberger, for a term of years.

Denzer Brothers have leased for the Twenty-fifth Street Realty Company to a cloak and suit concern the tenth loft, containing 9,000 square feet, in the building 138 to 144 West Twenty-fifth Street; also, for Fleischmann Brothers, to a cloak and suit concern, the fifth loft at 126 to 130 West Twenty-second Street.

William H. Whiting & Co. negotiated the lease for the Grunert Realty Corporation to the Mutual Bank of the entire ground floor (excepting the hotel lobby) in the Pierrepont Hotel property, 43, 45, and 47 West Thirty-second Street.

The old brownstone house at 35 West Twentieth Street has been leased for a long term for the Theological Seminary of Princeton by Elliot W. Bush to B. Rosenberg. The house will be extensively altered for business.

Frederick Fox & Co. have leased for the Braender Construction Company space in the new building at the southeast corner of Fourth Avenue and Twenty-fourth Street, to Joseph New Mercantile Association, Inc., for a long term of years.

Hackett Theatre Alterations.

Plans have been filed by Herts & Tallant, architects, for alterations costing $15,000, to the Hackett Theatre, on the south side of Forty-second Street, 133 feet east of Eighth Avenue. The plans call for an extension of three feet to enlarge the lobby and vestibule, removing the old boxes on either side of the stage and replacing with others at the balcony level only, and entirely redecorating the interior. In front of the theatre will be a new marquee extending to the curb, from each end of which will be suspended two large Moorish lanterns. Henry B. Harris is the owner of record.

Notes.

R. E. Wilcox of the firm of Wilcox & Shelton, will address the real estate classes of the West Side Young Men's Christian Association, 318 West Fifty-seventh Street, this evening, on "The Management of Apartment and Tenement Property."

William L. Sutphin is the buyer of the dwelling 483 West End Avenue, sold recently by the estate of Louis Haas.

Pierre M. Clear has secured for Louis Minsky a first mortgage of $75,000 on premises 139 and 141 East Houston Street.

Results at Auction.

Yesterday's offerings in the Real Estate Salesroom, 14 and 16 Vesey Street, resulted as follows:

By Samuel Marx.

89th St, 350, s s, 100 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.9, four and six story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale to the H. M. Weill Co., for a client, $27,233.

89th St, 348, s s, 125 ft e of 9th Av, 25x98.9, four and six story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale to the H. M. Weill Co., for a client, $27,265.

By Hugh D. Smyth.

28th St, 146 and 148, s s, 201.8 ft e of 7th Av, 46.6x98.9, seven-story loft and store building; foreclosure sale, adjourned to Nov. 28.

153d St, s s, 675 ft w of Broadway, 25x99.11, except part for Riverside Drive, vacant; foreclosure sale, to F. X. Wazeter, $11,100.

By Joseph P. Day.

1st Av, 2,042, e s, 75.7 ft n of 105th St, 25.4x118x irregular; six-story tenement and stores; foreclosure sale, to the plaintiff, Emma Hyams, $30,322.

By Daniel Greenwald.

2d Av, 2,208, w s, 25.7 ft n of 118th St, 25x100, five-story tenement; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c, which D. Gluck had on April 1, 1910, or since; adjourned to Dec. 5.

10th St, 272, s s, 800 ft e of 1st Av, 25x90.7, four-story tenement; Sheriff's sale of all right, title, &c., which Harry Secherny had on April 1, 1910, or since; adjourned to Dec. 5.

THE BUILDING DEPARTMENT.

List of Plans Filed for New Structures in Manhattan and the Bronx.

8d Av, w s, 88 ft 7 in s of 185th St, for a two-story brick stable, 23.9x33.6; Mrs. Caroline K. Wager, 711 East 220th St, owner; William E. Frinzle, architect; cost.....$2,700

Davidson Av, w s, 60 ft n of 177th St, for a one-story brick garage, 16.6x43; W. Mugler, 1,905 Davidson Av, owner and architect; cost.....$750

Alterations.

Items involving less than $5,000 omitted.

42d St, s s, 133 ft e of 8th Av, to a one-story theatre; H. B. Harris, owner; Hertz & Tallant, 113 East 19th St, architects; cost $15,000

Washington Av, 1,575, to a six-story brick store and tenement, 45x89.6; Abraham Siegel, 89 Maiden Lane, owner; Charles B. Meyers, architect; cost.....$7,500

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

MONDAY, NOV. 21.

With name and address of purchaser and attorney.

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 181st St, 430.11x 158.11x582.8x50; Augusta Weller to Samuel Campbell, 55 West 118th St, all title, Nov. 1; Title Insurance Co., 135 Broadway.....$1

CRESTON AV, n e corner of 181st St, 45.5x50; Samuel Campbell to John H. and Francis W. Wallace, 1,230 South Broad St, Philadelphia, Penn., all title, Nov. 12; same attorney.....$1

93D ST, 805 East, n s, 25x100.8; Charles A. Oberwager to Rosa Jackle, 469 55th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $8,500,) Nov. 17; attorney, Robert C. Birkhahn, 149 Broadway.....$2,500

FORSYTH ST, 67 and 69, w s, 50.10x100; Isaac Feinberg and others to Pinebrook Realty Co. 150 Nassau St, (mtg $67,150,) Nov. 15; attorney, Abraham S. Weltfisch, 150 Nassau St.....$100

76TH ST, 244 East, s s, 25x76.8; Henry Messenger to Jacob Dieter, 862 West 120th St, (mtg $18,000,) release mortgage Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

BEDFORD ST, 68 and 70, e s, 49.6x126.5; Jacob Dieter to Henry Messenger, 164 Woodward Av, Rutherford, N. J., (mtg $16,000, Nov. 17; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

108TH ST, 166 and 168 East, s s, 50x100.11; Henry Moskowitz to Pauline Moskowitz, 101 West 115th St, all title, Nov. 7; attorney, Samuel W. Moskowitz, 26 West 17th St.$100

184TH ST, 31 West, n s, 25x99.11; William E. Jackson to the Revenue Realty Co., 820 Broadway, (mtg $27,000,) Nov. 17; attorney, Edward A. Isaacs, 27 William St.....$100

WASHINGTON AV, 1,062, e s, 25x100; Bella Lewis to Henry Ford, 1,477 East 15th St, Brooklyn, (mtg $5,100,) Nov. 16; attorney, M. & H. Block, 99 Nassau St.....$1

LOTS 66 to 69, map of Crane estate, Bronx; Myer Cohen to Morris B. Evens, 196 Vernon Av, Brooklyn, ½ part, all title, Nov. 10; attorney, D. Siegelman, 271 Havemeyer St, Brooklyn.....$1

119TH ST, 135 East, n s, 18.8x100.11; Tiffany Real Est. Co. to Minnehaha A. Junker, 32 Morse Av, East Orange, N. J., (mtg $6,500, Nov. 19; attorney, Joseph G. Abramson, 30 Church St.....$100

SIMPSON ST, e s, 175 ft n of 167th St, 40x 100; Paul C. Uhlig to Esther A. Wheaton, 328 Whaley Av, New Haven, Conn., Nov. 12; attorney, W. R. Adams, 26 Broad St.....$100

FRANKLIN AV, e s, 88 ft n of Jefferson Pl, 37.6x100; Paul C. Uhlig to Esther A. Wheaton, 328 Whaley Av, New Haven, Conn., Nov. 12; attorney, W. R. Adams, 26 Broadway.$100

LOT 97, Man Coster Estate, Bronx; Hudson P. Rose Co. to Angelo Siva, 340 East 84th St, et al., Nov. 19; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

5TH ST, 224 East, s s, 21x96.2; Joseph E. Dutey to Marvin Lorde, 284 East 5th St, Nov. 18, (mtg $10,000,) attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

MANHATTAN AV, s e corner 119th St, 84.8x 85; Jas. D. McClelland to David E. Oppenheimer, 58 East 66th St, Nov. 19; attorneys, A. L. & S. F. Jacobs, 30 Broad St. ...$48,000

66TH ST, 228 West, n s, 25x100.5; A. S. Gilbert, referee, to the Northeastern Dispensary, 222 East 19th St, Nov. 19; attorney, B. W. B. Brown, 52 Wall St.....$14,000

LOTS 1, 2 and 8, Block 42, Map Bruce-Brown Land Co.; William C. Spalding to Louis Voiron, 262 5th Av, (mtg $1,437,) Nov. 10; attorneys, Sproull, Fish & S. 1 Madison Av..$1

137TH ST, 257 e, 256 ft s of Alexander Av, 73.6x100; Peter Grein to Melchior Stiefler, 314 East 86th St, Nov. 15; attorney, F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av.....$100

ONEIDA AV, s e corner 236th St, 100x75; Cushing Realty Co. to Woodbury Estates, 71 Nassau St, (mtg $15,500,) July 25; attorney, A. W. Brown, 71 Nassau St.....$100

125 ST, e s, 300 ft e of 11th Av, 25x100.8x irregular, with machinery; Travers Securities Co. to John P. Butler, 575 West 161st St, and John E. Dordan, 343 West 47th St, B. & S., (mtg $105,000,) Nov. 9; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1

CANAL ST, West, (Canal Av,) e s, 250 ft n of 135th St, old line, 200x107.10 to n s Mott Haven Canal; Harry W. Bell to H. W. Bell Co., Park Av and 139th St, (mtg $20,000, and all liens,) Jan. 18.....$100

PARK AV, e s, 302.5 ft n of 138th St, 25x224.7 to w s Canal Pl; Harry W. Bell to H. W. Bell Co., Park Av and 139th St, all liens, Nov. 21.....$100

174TH ST, n s, 95.7 ft e of Bathgate Av, 2½x 100; Thomas Callahan to Lena Callahan, 511 East 174th St, ½ part, all liens, Nov. 16; E. V. Polak, 4,030 3d Av.....$100

FERRIS AV, w s, 816.3 ft s from east end of stone wall at s e of lands of St. Joseph's Institute, runs 473.3± n w 823.4 to Westchester Creek x n w 28.6, 19.8, 16± s e 60.11± n w 245.6± n e 892.10 to beginning, with lands under water of said creek, Throg's Neck; Joseph A. Bennett to Ferris Lands Co., 31 Nassau St, Nov. 16; attorneys, White & Case, 31 Nassau St.....$1

69TH ST, 202 West, s s, 27x100.5, (foreclosure Oct. 24, 1910;) Francis S. McAvoy, referee, to Michael Tyne, 109 West 62d St, (mtg $26,000,) Nov. 21; attorney, Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway.....$6,000

1ST AV, s s, Lot 104, map of new village of Jerome, 25x125; 1st Av, s s, the east 2 ft of Lot 103, same map, 2x125; Ralph W. Home to Frank W. Patterson, 27 William St, Aug. 18, 1909.....$1

168TH ST, s s, 145 ft e of Audubon Av, 25x 95, (foreclosure Oct. 6, 1910;) Collin W. MacLennan, referee, to Leo Levinson, 1,135 Clay Av, and August Schroder, 159 Meserole Av, Brooklyn, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$19,000

168TH ST, 510, s s, 120 ft e of Audubon Av, 25x95, (foreclosure Oct. 19, 1910;) William J. A. Caffrey, referee, to Leo Levinson, 1,135 Clay Av, and August Schroder, 159 Meserole Av, Brooklyn, Nov. 21; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$17,000

51ST ST, 145 West, n s, 25x100.5, (partition Oct. 20, 1910;) Peter B. Olney, referee, to Henry Korn, 35 East 60th St, Nov. 16; attorney, same.....$35,000

51ST ST, 149 West, n s, 25x100, (partition Oct. 20, 1910;) same to same, Nov. 16; attorney, same.....$40,100

BRIGGS AV, n s, Lot 214 and west part of Lot 215, map of J. S. Wood at Williamsbridge, 35.11x95.5; William H. Brazee to Simeon E. Barber, 137 East 55th St, quitclaim, all title, all liens, Nov. 18; attorneys, Beardsley & Hemmens, 4 Wall St. $1

BRIGGS AV, n s, Lots 214 and 215, same map, 50x95.5; Mariantonia V., wife of, and James Garofano, to same, quitclaim, all title, Nov. 18; attorneys, same.....$1

LEWIS ST, s e corner of Broome St, 125.6x 150x irregular; Hecker-Jones-Jewell Milling Co. to the Minsker Realty Co., 236 Eldridge St, B. & S., Nov. 21; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$100

SAME PROPERTY, (release mortgage;) Franklin Trust Co., as trustee to same, quitclaim, Nov. 21; attorneys, same.....$80,867

PLIMPTON AV, 1,323, w s, 22x100x irregular; James C. Picken to Matthew P. Boland, 228 West 147th St, (mtgs $7,500,) Nov. 15; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$100

33D ST, 49 and 51 West, n s, 44.6x98.9; Kineo Realty Co. to The Mutual Bank, 1,282 Broadway, (mtg $190,000,) Nov. 17; attorney, same.....$1

IRVING PLACE, 47, w s, 19x60; Mark Fiebel to Ekko Solimann, 1,006 Bloomfield St, Brooklyn, (mtg $14,000,) Nov. 16, attorney, same.$1

LIND AV, n w s, 200 ft n of Devoe St, 60x202, to e s, Sedgwick Av x61.1x200; Theresa Distler to Minnie Smith, 315 West 97th St, (mtg $4,000,) March 7, 1907; attorney, E. Osborne Smith, 5 Beekman St.....$1

BRIGGS AV, n s, part of Lot 215, map of J. S. Wood at Williamsbridge, 94.5x18.8x irregular; 6th St, s s, 72 ft w of 4th Av, 85x 100, Mt. Vernon; Empire State Surety Co. to Mariantonia Garofano, 452 South 5th Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., B. & S., all title, Nov. 8; attorney, Beardsley C. Hemmens, 54 Wall St.....$1

132D ST, 33 West, n s, 17.7x99.11; Constantia Wright to Margaret C. Barker, 314 South 3d Av, Mt. Vernon, N. Y., Nov. 19; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$100

Recorded Mortgages.

With name and address of lender and lender's attorney. Interest is at 5 per cent. unless otherwise specified:

DILTER, Jacob, to Henry Messenger, 164 Woodward Av, Rutherford, N. J.; 75th St, 244 East, s s, 28x76.8, prior mtg $18,000, Nov. 19, due as per bond; attorneys, Title Guarantee and Trust Company, 176 Broadway.$5,000

BAUSCHAT, Charles W., to American Mtg. Company, 31 Nassau St, Grand st, 155, s e corner of Elm St, 5.3x96.2x6.11x55.3; 120th St, s s, 110.10 ft e of Park Av, 41.8x100.10, prior mtg $22,000, Nov. 19, 1 year, 5½%; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.$500

BAUSCHAT, Charles W., to John M. Bowers, 7 West 21st St, et al, executors; Grand st, 155, s e corner of Elm St, 5.9x55.2x6.11x35.3, Nov. 9, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$7,000

STURGES, Thomas T., to Eugene Underhill, Caldwell, N. J., and another, executors; 42d St, 216, s w s, 25x98.9, Nov. 21, 1 year, 6%; attorneys, Norwood & Marden, 68 William St.....$3,500

COWAN, Elizabeth A., to Harlem Savings Bank, 124 East 125th St; Newbold Av, 2,148, s s, 25x108, Nov. 19, 3 years; attorneys, S. K. & F. B. Wightman, 229 Broadway.$3,000

SCHWICARDI, Henry A., to Margaret T. Becker, Stamford, Conn., Bathgate Av, 2,272, e s, 80x120, Nov. 21, 3 years; attorney, A. Crook, 98 Nassau St.....$7,000

JONES, Isabella B., to Alice S. Baldwin, 96 Crafts Road, Chestnut Hill, Mass.; University Place, 72, n w s, 25x93.2x28x91.5, Nov. 21, 5 years; attorneys, Lyon & S., 128 Broadway.....$2,000

SIEDLER, Melchior, to Redemptorists, a corporation, 114 Saratoga St, Baltimore, Md.; 137th St, n s, 256 ft e of Alexander Av, 25.6x 100, Nov. 15, due Dec. 1, 1920, 25.6x100, 4½%; attorney, F. P. Hummel, 1,511 3d Av..$20,000

SAME to same; 137th St, n s, 281.6 ft e of Alexander Av, 2 lots, each 25x100, 2 mtgs, each $20,000, Nov. 1, due Dec. 1, 1920, 4½%; attorneys, same.....$40,000

BURLANDO, Adelaide, to James F. Waldron, 344 West 48th St; White Plains Road, e s, 140.2 ft n of 213th St, 50x81x—x81, prior mtg $27,500, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorney, J. F. Macabe, 71 Wall St.....$1,000

RELIABLE CONSTRUCTION CO. to John Ryan, 17 Bond Av, Rockaway Park, N. Y.; Fox St, w s, 154 ft s of 167th St, 50x100, Nov. 15, due as per bond; attorneys, Sayers, Kay & S., 31 Nassau St.....$5,000

LORDE, Marvin, to Joseph E. Dutey, 284 East 5th St.; 5th St, 284 E, s s, 21x96.2, prior mtg $10,000, Nov. 18, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$6,600

VOLPATO, Luigi, to Land Co. C of Edenwald, 10 East 42d St; Randall Av, n s, 50 ft w of Hill Av, 25x100, Nov. 15, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorney, R. B. Ailling, 149 Broadway..$300

VON SKAL, Johanna, wife of George, to New Yorker Staats-Zeitung; Prospect Av, 1,817, w s, 25x100, May 15, 1906, installments; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St.

TYNE, Michael, to Clausen-Flanagan Brewery, 441 West 25th St.; 69th St, s s, 80 ft w of Amsterdam Av, 27x100.5, Nov. 21, demand; 6 p. c.; attorneys, Guggenheimer, U. & M., 87 Wall St.....$2,000

FRIEND, Theodore H., to Emigrant Industrial Savings Bank, 51 Chambers St.; Lot 47, map of Tremont, Nov. 21, 3 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, R. & E. J. O'German, 51 Chambers St.....$5,000

BOLAND, Matthew P., to Hyman Sonn, 40 West 86th St., and others; Plimpton Av, 1,823, w s, 22x100, prior mtg $6,500, Nov. 15, due as per bond; attorney, Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.....$1,000

LEVY, Fanny L., to Abraham L. Newman, 44 East 86th St., and another; 104th St, 114 and 116 East, s s, 40.1x100.11, Nov. 21, 3 years; attorneys, Bandler & Haas, 42 Broadway.....$35,000

PLATT, Waring S., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 165th St, 532 West, s s, 10x104.10, Nov. 21, due as per bond.....$3,500

HUNTINGTON, Alice K., to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; 86th St, 130 East, s s, 16.6x74, Nov. 21, due as per bond.

RHODES, Katie, to German Savings Bank, 157 4th Av.; 44th St, 304 East, s s, 25x100.5, Nov. 21, 1 year; attorney, Meyer Auerbach, 42 Broadway.....$2,000

STAR BOHEMIAN REAL ESTATE ASSOCIATION to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; 20th St, 403 East, n s, 25x100.5, Nov. 17, 5 years; address, 160 Broadway.....$10,000

WEISS, Fred M., Henry A., and Henry Belmont, trustees, to Edith R. Lewis, 215 West 101st St; road leading from Westchester Landing to Bouton Post Road, w s, 290.11 ft s of Silver St, 50x142.1x50.6x150, Nov. 11, 5 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Alexander & G., 120 Broadway.....$13,000

HALLEY, Mary E., wife of Charles V., to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co. 160 Broadway; 176th St, s s, 97 ft e of Crotona Av, 24.5x120x irregular, Nov. 21, 5 years; address, 160 Broadway.....$14,500

WILLIAMS, Edw. G., to Florence C. Speranza, Bedford, N. Y.; Freeman St, n e corner of Prospect Av, 21.8x irregular, Nov. 17, 5 years; attorneys, Jolline, L & R., 54 Wall St.....$4,500

LOUIS BERNSTEIN CO. to Lawyers Title Insurance and Trust Co., 160 Broadway; Simpson St, e s, 241.11 ft s of Westchester Av, 40x100, Nov. 21, 5 years.....$30,000

BARKER, Margaret A., to American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St; 132d St, 43 West, n s, 17.7x99.11, Nov. 21, 5 years; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$4,000

LEVINSON, Leo, and another to Julia E. Cameron, 31 East 38th St; 168th St, s s, 145 ft e of Audubon Av, 25x95, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorney, S. Riker, Jr., 45 Cedar St.....$15,000

SAME to Louisa Braun, 952 Grant Av; same property, prior mtg $15,000, Nov. 21, due May 21, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Amend & Amend, 119 Nassau St.....$2,100

SAME to Julia E. Cameron, 31 East 38th St; 168th St, 516 West, s s, 25x95, Nov. 21, due as per bond; attorney, S. Riker, Jr., 43 Cedar St.....$15,000

SAME to Eva K. Muller, 628 Courtlandt Av; same property, prior mtg $15,000, Nov. 21, due May 21, 1911, 6 p. c.; attorneys, Dutton & K., 203 Broadway.....$3,000

MISKEIN REALTY CO. to Corn Exchange Bank; 13 William St; Broome St, s e corner of Lewis St, 150x126, Nov. 21, 2 years, 5½ p. c.; attorneys, Bowers & S., 31 Nassau St.....$70,000

HERRMAN REALTY CO. to Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway; Amsterdam Av, 1,491 and 1,493, e s, 2 lots, each 25x100; 2 mtgs, each $20,000, Nov. 19, due as per bond; addrers, 176 Broadway.....$40,000

Satisfied Mortgages.

With name and address of lender's attorney.

BOWERY, 161, e s, 23.5x114.10x23.4x113.0, Aug. 15, 1900; William T. Comstock to Albert C. Hall, trustee of Alvah Hall, 151 Fairfield Av, Stamford, Conn; owners, William G. Willmann, 846 Putnam Av, and William R. Golding, 376 East 28th St; Woodford, Bovee & Butcher, 1 Madison Av.....$45,000

RIVERSIDE DRIVE, 147, s e corner of West 87th St, 25x100, Oct. 25, 1906; Helen S., wife of William J. White, owner, on premises, to Whitney Lyon; Theron L. Carman, 120 Broadway.....$42,500

ROSE ST, 53, s s, 23x92.6x26.3x92.6, Oct. 4, 1905; George W. Munro and Bessie G., his wife, to Pauline Altrocchi, Florence, Italy; owner, Lillian B. Leavitt, 129 West 88th St; Max D. Steuer, 115 Broadway.....$10,000

124TH ST, 239 West, n s, 25x100, Feb. 19, 1906; Herbert J. Cochran to Jared W. Bell, 248 Lexington Av, American Mortgage Co., 31 Nassau St., and Samuel Hirsh, 2,347 Broadway, (discharged of record without production of mortgage by order of Supreme Court, Special Term, Part I., Henry Bischoff, J.;) attorneys for Petitioner, Bowers and Sands, 31 Nassau St.....$12,000

94TH ST, 31 West, n s, 100.8x12.5, Nov. 19, 1907; Edward A. Acker, widower, to Benjamin J. Cohen, trustee; owners, David and Minnie F. Goldberg, 31 West 94th St; Maurice Marks, 41 Park Row.....$11,000

30TH ST, 137 East, n s, 20x98.9, Nov. 15, 1909; Esther B. Goldman, owner, 1,200 Madison Av, to Fleischmann Brothers Co. (Julius, Gustav, and Leon Fleischmann;) Strock & Strock, 30 Broad St.....$4,800

45TH ST, s s, 100 ft w of 2d Av, 25x100, April 28, 1909; Margaret Cummiskey to Alfred T. Davidson; owner, Monaton Realty Investing Corporation, Times Building; Hirsh & Rasquin, 391 Fulton St.....$8,700

LOTS 144 and 145, Map 1,105, of Bruner estate, Gun Hill Road; Lots 240, 241, 242, and 243, Map 1,110A of Sisters of Charity, Eastern Boulevard, opposite Country Club, April 15, 1910; J. Frederick Scheffer, 229 President St, Brooklyn, to John P. Broomell, trustee; James B. Kilsheimer, Jr., 203 Broadway.....$2,800

GREENWICH AV, 33, w s, 107.4 ft n of West 10th St, 40x49.2x21.2x44.8x40x21.8, Feb. 18, 1888; Minna Cohen to George W. Cohen, owner, cn premises; Faskus, Cohen & Gordon, 2 Rector St.....$8,000

ST. ANN'S AV, w s, 75 ft s of 158th St, 25x100, March 30, 1910; Josephine Klar to Max Baron of Brooklyn; owner, Katie Stenger, 322 East 144th St; Salter & Steinkamp, 140 Nassau St.....$2,000

WOODLAWN ROAD, e s, 25.6 ft s of 207th St, 25.5x100, July 26, 1910; Rudolph J. Helbing to William W. Niles, administrator; owner, party first part, Perry Av, Bedford Park; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1,200

DAVIDSON AV, s w corner of Buchanan Place, 100x100, being Lots 219, 220, 221, and 222, map of lots of Thomas M. Patridge, May 2, 1907; S. Elizabeth Moss, owner, 2,246 Andrews Av, to Charles Weill, 104 West 129th St; Charles J. Kroehle, 159 East 71st St, and Frederick W. Kroehle, 104 East 57th St; Arnstein & Levy, 128 Broadway.....$1,300

AVENUE B, e s, 98.9 ft s of 14th St, 22x80, Oct. 11, 1910; Morris Pillip to Ada Gluck; Engel Brothers, 182 Nassau St.....$1,000

GREENWICH ST, 33, w s, 40x21.8x irregular; Minna Cohen to Sarah Cohen, 52 West 117th St, and Max Cohen, 43 Leonard St, executrix and executor of Louis Cohen, deceased; Faskus, Cohen & Gordon, 2 Rector St.....$1,000

LOTS 830 and 831, map of Leconia Park, 50x 100, Dec. 24, 1909; Peter Farrara to Melrose Realty Co; E. V. C. Pescia, 200 Broadway. $400

11TH AV, 562, e s, 82x16.8, Nov. 17, 1908; Margaret Knight to Maria White and Morton Bond and Mortgage Co; Title Guarantee and Trust Co, 176 Broadway.....$1,000

LOT 214, map of Central Morrisania, together with all R., T. and I., parties first part in following: 3d Av, w s, 201.9 ft from n w corner of 173d St, 131.3x50x131.8x50.1, Aug. 2, 1909; Worcester Construction Co. to David F. Butcher; Edward A. Brown, 50 Church St.

LOTS 759, 760, and 761, map of Section C Vyse estate, Oct. 29, 1907; Marcus Nathan and Rosa, his wife, to Mary J. Cloughen, 518 Westchester Av; owner, Octoba Realty and Construction Co., 1,509 Bryant Av; Title Guarantee and Trust Co., 176 Broadway.$5,000

WEBSTER AV, e s, 217.3 ft s of 187th St, 104.10x36.11x108.10x86, Sept. 1, 1908; John Rendall and Georgina, his wife, to Cosmopolitan Bank, 803 Prospect Av; James Kearney, 220 Broadway.....$3,500

WEBSTER AV, e s, 258.8 ft s of 187th St, 108.11x35.11x108x86, Sept. 1, 1908; same to Fannie A. Dodge, Hill Av, Williamsbridge; owner, Albert Becker, Bleecker St, Williamsbridge; attorney, same.....$3,500

LOT 24, Block 3,289, map of Kingsbridge Real Estate Co.'s sale May 28, 1907, Aug. 25, 1909; Fordham Realty Co. to Kingsbridge Real Estate Co., 27 Pine St; owner, party of first part, 2,685 Sedgwick Av; Henry Di Parton, 55 Liberty St.....$1,000

Recorded Leases.

With the name and address of lessee.

44TH ST, 152 and 154 West, store and basement; Hannah Freud to Fisher-Thompson Co, 12 years from Oct. 1, 1910; attorney, L. L. Parker, 110 West 84th St.$9,000 to $16,000

CHRYSTIE ST, 115, store, &c.; Samuel Wilder to Salvatore Calabresa and another, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1910; address, Staaten Island Brewing Co, 205 Bushwick Av, Brooklyn..$660 and $720

147TH ST, 402 East, all; Elizabeth C. Doherty to James F. Ennis, 3,160 8d Av, 5 years from Oct. 1, 1910; address, party second part.$2,400

84TH ST, 206 East, double store; Charlotta M. Dressler to Philip Johnson, 2 2-12 years from July 16, 1910; attorney, A. Karlson, 215 East 51st St.....$1,200

7TH AV, n w corner of 52d St, 75.5x74.4, two-story brick building; Joseph Cronin and George Rieger to the Eldorado Cafe Co, 14 5-12 years from April 1, 1910; attorneys, Paskus, Cohen & Gordon, 2 Rector St.

CANAL ST, 119, all; Ernst Plath to Moritz Smerling and Louis Borowitz, 3 years from May 1, 1910; attorney, M. S. Levine, 277 Broadway.....$1,050

LEXINGTON AV, 95, n e corner of 27th St, store and basement; Thompson J. S. Flint and another to Hjalmar Beckman, 128 East 57th St, 3 11-12 years from Nov. 1, 1911; attorney, Alfred Karlson, 218 East 57th St.....$2,000

OAK ST, 44, n w corner of Oliver St, fourth story; Frank Tammaro to Salvatore Bosso, 53 Oliver St, 4 11-12 years from Oct. 1, 1910; attorney, John Lottie, 302 Broadway.....$744

13TH ST, 8 and 10 West, fourth floor; Lordi & De Respiris Construction Co to Joseph and Samuel Rosenbaum, 520 West 139th St, 2 years from Feb. 1, 1911; attorney, M. Wolff, 299 Broadway.....$1,700

Mechanics' Liens.

REISS PLACE, n e corner of Bronx Boulevard, 102.8x102.8; Emil Nikolal against George Reiss, owner; Henry Jaeger, contractor.....$600

AUDUBON AV, n e corner of 176th St, 100x 100; John J. Kelly against Granite Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$1,200

80TH ST, 173 East; Davis & Co. against Tracy Hoppin, owner; Potter & Faubistor, contractors.....$200

WILLOW AV, s s, 468 ft e of 168th St, 200x225; Klenert & Rosenbluth, Inc., against Third Avenue R. R. Co., owner; Mitchell Brothers, contractors.....$41

123D ST, 238 East; Roof Maintenance Co. against Sara R. Cohen, owner; Joseph Cohen, contractor.....$202

MONROE ST, 274; Morris Goldberg and others against Annie Levine and Annie Green, owners; Morris Beer and Sam Katz, contractors.....$45

MONROE ST, 274; Max Marts and others against same.....$45

ROBBINS AV, 449; United Metal Covered Door and Sash Co against Poldow Construction Co., owner and contractor.....$250

ELSMERE PLACE, s s, 300 ft w of Marmion Av, 100x100; H. W. Bell Co. against Home Street Realty Co., owner and contractor..$161

217TH ST, n s, 83 ft e of White Plains Road, 61x114x irregular; John H. Sturk against James Butler, Inc., owner; Gustave Schmidt, Jr., contractor.....$736

BAXTER ST, 20; Romaldo Palmieri against L. G. Bozzo, owner; Nicola Cristiano, contractor; Vincense Palmieri, subcontractor.....$270

TELLER AV, s w corner of 166d St, —; Abraham Rosenbaum and others against William Simpson Construction Co., owner and contractor; Joseph M. Singer, contractor$190

8D AV, s e corner of

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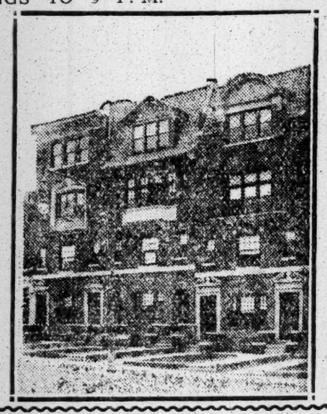

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Apply on premises, or
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2 Rooms and Bath. Every convenience.
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5 rooms, $28-$32.
6 rooms, $34-$36.
Healthful location, pleasant surroundings. Near park, athletic grounds, etc.; convenient to West Side "L" lines.
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982 Prospect Avenue
NEW BUILDINGS, 5, 6 ROOMS; STEAM HEAT, ELECTRIC LIGHT; ALL MODERN IMPROVEMENTS; TELEPHONE IN EVERY APARTMENT; NEAR SUBWAY STATION.
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Superintendent on premises

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LEGAL NOTICES.

REAL ESTATE
AT PUBLIC AUCTION.

The undersigned, administrator upon the estate of John E. Whittlesey, late of Washington, Conn., pursuant to an order from the Court of Probate, will sell at public auction at the late residence of the said Whittlesey, near the southeast corner of Washington Green, on Saturday, Nov. 26, 1910, at about the hour of eleven o'clock, A. M., the following real estate: The residential property, containing about one-half acre of land, with the ten-room dwelling house and barn thereon standing. This can easily be made a very desirable property for a Summer home or continuous residence. Is centrally located in one of the most beautiful locations in Connecticut, convenient to schools, church, Post Office, depot, etc. Also one other certain piece of real estate, containing about one-half acre of land, a short distance from Washington Depot; this latter piece would provide a good building site.

A miscellaneous lot of personal property will be sold at the same time and place. Any interested parties desiring further information are requested to communicate by mail or phone to GEO. H. JOHNSON, Adm'r, East Morris, Conn.

REFEREES' NOTICES.

SUPREME COURT, NEW YORK COUNTY.—GEORGE J. GOULD, Plaintiff, against EDWIN GOULD and SARAH C. GOULD his wife; HELEN M. GOULD et al., Defendants.

In pursuance of an interlocutory judgment for the partition of real property by the sale thereof, dated and duly entered in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 12th day of April, 1910, which said judgment was thereafter unanimously affirmed by the Appellate Division of the Supreme Court, First Department, by an order duly filed in the office of the Clerk of said Court on the 28th day of October, 1910, and by a judgment of affirmance duly entered upon the remittitur of the said Appellate Division in the office of the Clerk of the County of New York on the 31st day of October, 1910, I, the undersigned, the referee in said judgment named, will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Exchange Salesrooms, Nos. 14 and 16 Vesey Street, in the Borough of Manhattan, City of New York, on the 14th day of December, 1910, at 12 o'clock noon on that day, by Joseph P. Day, auctioneer, the premises directed by said judgment to be sold, and therein described as follows:

PARCEL NO. 1, NO. 46 EAST 78TH ST.

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of East Seventy-eighth Street one hundred (100) feet easterly from the corner formed by the intersection of the easterly line of Madison Avenue and the southerly line of East Seventy-eighth Street, and running thence southerly parallel with Madison Avenue one hundred and two (102) feet two (2) inches; thence easterly parallel with East Seventy-eighth Street twenty-three (23) feet six (6) inches; thence northerly again parallel with Madison Avenue one hundred and two (102) feet two (2) inches to the southerly line of East Seventy-eighth Street, and thence westerly along the southerly line of said last-named street twenty-three (23) feet six (6) inches, to the place or point of beginning, be the said distances and dimensions more or less.

PARCEL NO. 2, NO. 67 EAST 59TH ST.

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of East Fifty-ninth Street, distant sixty (60) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Park Avenue and the northerly line of East Fifty-ninth Street, and running thence northerly parallel with Park Avenue one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches; thence westerly parallel with said street twenty (20) feet; thence southerly again parallel with said avenue one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches to the northerly side of said street, and thence easterly along the northerly line of said street twenty (20) feet, to the point or place of beginning, be the said distances and dimensions more or less.

PARCEL NO. 3, NO. 69 EAST 59TH ST.

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the northerly side of East Fifty-ninth Street distant forty (40) feet westerly from the corner formed by the intersection of the westerly line of Park Avenue and the northerly line of East Fifty-ninth Street, and running thence northerly parallel with Park Avenue one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches; thence westerly parallel with said street twenty (20) feet; thence southerly again parallel with said avenue one hundred (100) feet five (5) inches, to the northerly side of said street, and thence easterly along the northerly line of said street twenty (20) feet to the point or place of beginning, be the said distances and dimensions more or less.

PARCEL NO. 4, NO. 5 WALKER ST.

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Beginning at a point on the southerly side of Walker Street distant sixty (60) feet easterly from the southeasterly corner of West Broadway and Walker Street; running thence southerly parallel with West Broadway fifty-six (56) feet; thence easterly parallel with Walker Street twenty (20) feet; thence northerly parallel with West Broadway fifty-six (56) feet to Walker Street aforesaid, and thence westerly along Walker Street twenty (20) feet to the place of beginning, be the said dimensions more or less.

PARCEL NO. 5, NO. 7 WALKER ST.

All that certain lot, piece, or parcel of land, together with the building and improvements thereon erected, situate, lying, and being in the Borough of Manhattan, City, County, and State of New York, bounded and described as follows: Northerly in front by Walker Street, southerly in the rear and easterly by ground now or late of Anthony Lispenard, deceased, and westerly by ground of Benjamin Bartram, containing in breadth in front and rear twenty (20) feet, and in length on each side fifty-six (56) feet, being part of Lots Numbers 109 and 110 as distinguished on a certain map or chart of the lands of Anthony Lispenard, deceased, made by Charles Loss, City Surveyor, and as the same premises have a dwelling house thereon known as Number 7 Walker Street, aforesaid.

Dated New York, November 14th, 1910.
ABRAHAM STERN, Referee.

DAVID H. TAYLOR, Esq., Attorney for Plaintiff, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

OTTO A. HACK, Esq., Attorney for Edwin Gould and others, 31 Nassau Street, New York City.

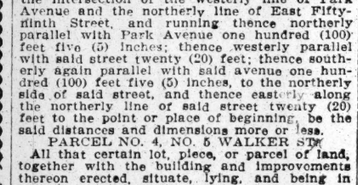
CLARENCE J. SHEARN, Esq., Attorney for Katherine Gould, 140 Nassau Street, New York City.

GEORGE H. TAYLOR, Esq., Attorney for Frank J. Gould, 43 Cedar Street, New York City

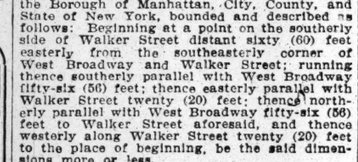
Messrs. COUDERT BROTHERS, Attorneys for Anna Gould, &c., and Charles B. Samuels, 2 Rector Street, New York City.

The following are diagrams of the property to be sold:

PARCEL NUMBER ONE.
NO. 46 EAST 78TH STREET.

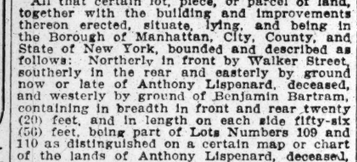


PARCEL NUMBER TWO.
NO. 67 EAST 59TH STREET.



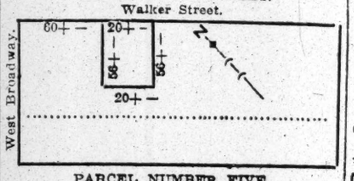
East Fifty-ninth Street.

PARCEL NUMBER THREE.
NO. 69 EAST 59TH STREET.

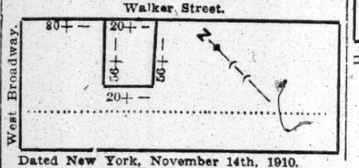


East Fifty-ninth Street.

PARCEL NUMBER FOUR.
NO. 5 WALKER STREET.
Walker Street.



PARCEL NUMBER FIVE.
NO. 7 WALKER STREET.
Walker Street.



Dated New York, November 14th, 1910.
ABRAHAM STERN, Referee.

SURROGATE NOTICES.

NOTICE TO CREDITORS OF APPLICATION for Letters of Administration with Modified Security:

Pursuant to an order of the Surrogate's Court of Cortland County, notice is hereby given to all creditors and persons having claims against the estate of CHESTER F. WICKWIRE, late of the City and County of Cortland, New York, deceased, that the undersigned intend to apply to the Surrogate's Court of Cortland County on Tuesday, the 13th day of December, 1910, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, or as soon thereafter as counsel can be heard, for letters of administration to be issued to the undersigned Charles C. Wickwire and Fred R. Wickwire, upon the estate of the said Chester F. Wickwire, deceased, with modified security under Section 2,664 of the Code of Civil Procedure, and you are requested to present your claims against the estate of said Chester F. Wickwire to Hon. J. E. Eggleston, Surrogate of Cortland County, at his chambers in the City of Cortland, N. Y., on or before the 12th day of December, 1910.

Dated November 10th, 1910.
ARDELL L. WICKWIRE,
87 Tompkins St.;
CHARLES C. WICKWIRE,
29 Tompkins St.;
FRED R. WICKWIRE,
87 Tompkins St.;
Cortland, N. Y.

The New York Times welcomes and treats confidentially any information that will aid in excluding fraudulent and objectionable advertising.—Adv.

SCHOOLS.

NEW YORK—Manhattan.

EARN MORE MORSE *Learn Telegraphy* and WIRELESS at home with OMNIGRAPH AUTOMATIC TEACHER in half usual time—trifling cost—$2.00. Sends you messages without limit automatically—easily become expert. Great demand.

Good pay. OMNIGRAPH MFG. CO. Catalog. free. Dept. 24. 39 Cortlandt St., N. Y.

THE Y. M. C. A. can train you for better work and better pay in spare time. 23d St. Branch, 215 West 23d St. East Side Branch, 153 E. 86th St. Harlem Branch, 5 W. 125th St. West Side Branch, 318 W. 57th St.

The Brown School of Tutoring.

FIFTH YEAR.
One student at a time with each teacher accomplishes 2 or 3 years' regular school work in one. Lessons at home or at the school. 168 West 72d St. Telephone, Columbus—8257.

HAMILTON INSTITUTE FOR GIRLS, 8 WEST 81ST ST., (CENTRAL PARK WEST.)
Kindergarten to College. College Certificates. Voice. Piano. Art. Modern Languages. Students received for two or more subjects. Gymnasium. Luncheon and study hour.

LOOKING FOR A SCHOOL OR CAMP? YOU CAN FIND THE SCHOOL WANTED by writing School Agency, M.-41 Park Row, N. Y.

Coaching in grammar and primary grades by experienced teacher. A. M., 263 West 125th.

French, German, Spanish, Italian—The Language Phone Method. 867 Metropolis Bldg., B'way & 16th St., N. Y.

INSTRUCTION—Musical.

VAN BAAR'S OLD GUARD ORCHESTRA and MILITARY BAND.

Charles L. Van Baar, Musical Director and Bandmaster, 102 West 57th St. Tel. 4200 Col. From Pianist to Orchestra or Military Band of 100 Men.

THE INSTITUTE OF MUSICAL ART OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK, 53 5th Av., New York.

Inst. of Mus. Art, City of New York, Box 135, 120 Claremont Av., Frank Damrosch, Dir.

Dressmaking and Millinery.

Learn Dressmaking and Millinery. School established 1876. $5 starts you. Day and evening classes. Hats trimmed and patterns cut. McDowell Dressmaking and Millinery School, 310 6th Ave.

Instruction—Dancing.

THE CHALIF

PRIVATE SCHOOL OF DANCING,
7 WEST 42D ST.
Private Classes for ladies, gentlemen, adults and children, in "Body-Building" and "Hygiene," by means of dancing; also classical, aesthetic, national, folk and fine ballroom dancing.
LOUIS H. CHALIF, Instructor,
Graduate Imperial Ballet School, Russia.

WINTER RESORTS.

1 time per line 20c. 7 times, consecutively, $1.26. 30 times, consecutively or every other day, $5.00.

NEW JERSEY—Atlantic City.

THE WILTSHIRE Virginia Ave. and beach. Ocean view. Greatly improved and refurnished. Cap. 350. Private baths, running water in rooms; elevator; porches, &c. Music. Special—$12.50 up weekly. $2.50 up daily. Booklet.
SAMUEL H. ELLIS.

HOTEL WESTMONT

ocean end of Rhode Island Av.; splendid table and service; special Winter rate $10 per week; ocean front rooms, without bath, $12.50; with bath, $15; sea water baths, booklet.
W. H. MOORE, Manager.

HOTEL RUDOLF.

Directly on the ocean front. Capacity 1,000. Open all year. American or European plan. Sea and fresh water in all baths; no extra charge for use of baths.
A. S. RUKEYSER, Mgr.
JOEL HILLMAN, Pres.

NEW HOTEL MERION,

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J.
VERMONT AVE.
Charming place for particular people. Homelike atmosphere. Opens Dec. 20. Reservations now for Holidays.
MACK LATZ & CO.

Marlborough-Blenheim

ATLANTIC'S NEW FALL SEASON.
JOSIAH WHITE & SONS COMPANY.

LAMBORN Maryland Av. and Beach. Elevator. Private baths. Special Winter rates $10, $12.50 and up weekly. J. A. MILLER.

ATLANTIC CITY'S FALL EASTER THANKSGIVING an ideal period for an outing.

Ask Mr. Foster—Free Information. Flatiron Building Arcade.

NEW JERSEY—Lakewood.

BARTLETT INN

THE ONLY EUROPEAN PLAN HOTEL IN LAKEWOOD, N. J.
Write for illustrated booklet and rates.

OAK COURT HOTEL,

LAKEWOOD, N. J.
A family hotel notable for a quiet air of domesticity and a homelike atmosphere.
ARNHOLT & SPANGENBERG, Props.

THE FLEISHMAN HOUSE

European and American Plan,
317 CLIFTON AVE.,
Modern Improvements. Lakewood, N. J.

EXCURSIONS AND TOURS.

COOK'S NILE STEAMERS

Cairo to Luxor and the First Cataract.
Egypt.....Dec. 6 | Egypt.....Dec. 27
Rameses.....Dec. 15 | Rameses.....Jan. 3
Rameses the Gt. Dec. 20 | Rameses the Gt. Jan. 10
and weekly thereafter, connecting with service for the Second Cataract, Khartoum, Uganda, &c. In addition, Cook's Express Steamers sail every Monday and Friday. Luxurious dahabeahs and special steamers for charter to families and private parties.
TOURS AND TICKETS EVERYWHERE.
Booklets Free.

THOS. COOK & SON

245 Broadway, 264 and 563 Fifth Av., 649 Madison Av., New York.
Cook's Travellers' Cheques Are Good All Over the World.

California Tours

December, January and February.
Booklets Ready. Parties Limited.
Raymond & Whitcomb Co., 225 Fifth Ave., N. Y.

The Keynote.

Trained observation goes Into the preparation of The New York Times down to its minutest details, no less in the Want columns than in the editorial and news sections. Authenticity is the keynote.

Want advertisements in The Times receive the skillful insight and critical analysis that in newspaper making is usually reserved for weightier matters, but the aim of The Times is to give the Wants of workers and employers every advantage possible.

You may reach the honest worker or the reliable employer by reading the Situations or Help Wanted advertisements in The New York Times.

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMSHIPS.

†S. S. AMERIKA (22,500 Tons) Leav'g New York Nov. 24, 12 Noon

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE

SAFETY COMFORT SERVICE

LONDON—PARIS—HAMBURG

†AMERIKA.....Nov. 24, 12 noon
‡*BATAVIA.....Dec. 3, 10 A. M.
†KAISERIN AUG. VIC. Dec. 10, 12 noon
‡PRESIDENT GRANT, Dec. 17, 10 A.M.

†Unexcelled Ritz-Carlton a la Carte Restaurant, Gymnasium, Electric Baths, Elevator, Palm Garden. *Second cabin only. ‡Hamburg direct.

BOOKINGS FOR NILE SERVICE.

EUROPE

Gibraltar, Algiers, Naples, Genoa

By new 17,000 ton steamers, equipped with all modern safety appliances. Electric Baths, Gymnasium, Elevator, etc.

S. S. CLEVELAND....Dec. 6, 10 A. M.
S. S. CINCINNATI....Jan. 5, Feb. 14
S. S. CLEVELAND.....Jan. 28

Tourist Department for Trips Everywhere.

PLEASURE CRUISES

THE ORIENT, WEST INDIES, SOUTH AMERICA, AROUND THE WORLD, Etc.

TWO GRAND CRUISES
AROUND THE WORLD

These cruises will be made by the large new transatlantic steamship "CLEVELAND," about three and one-half months duration each, the first to leave New York on November 1, 1911, and the second from San Francisco on February 17, 1912. Rates $650.00 and up, including all necessary expenses aboard and ashore.

Write for Detailed Itineraries of All Cruises.

HAMBURG-AMERICAN LINE, 41-45 Broadway, N. Y.

INTERNATIONAL MERCANTILE MARINE LINES

NEARBY SAILINGS

All our steamers have Wireless Telegraph and Submarine Signals.

Finland	Nov. 23,	10:00 A. M.	RED STAR LINE. Dover—Antwerp—Paris.
Teutonic	Nov. 23,	3 P. M.	WHITE STAR LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
St. Louis	Nov. 26,	10:00 A. M.	AMERICAN LINE. Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton.
Baltic	Nov. 26,	2:00 P. M.	WHITE STAR LINE. Queenstown—Liverpool.
Minnewaska	Dec. 3,	10:30 A. M.	ATLANTIC TRANSPORT LINE. London Direct.

CRUISES WEST INDIES SPANISH MAIN PANAMA CANAL S. S. New York Jan. 28 Mar. 4 1911 Send for Particulars.

American Line Pier 62 N. R.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
St. Louis...Nov. 26, 10 AM|St. Paul...Dec. 10
New York...Dec. 3, 10 AM|Phil'a.Fri., Dec. 16

Atlantic Transport Line

New York—London Direct Pier 58 N. R.
Min'w'ka..Dec. 3, 10:30 AM|Min'haha.Dec. 17
Minneapolis..Dec. 10, noon|Min't'ka.Dec. 24

Red Star Line Pier 59 N. R.

New York—*Cherbourg—Dover—Antwerp.
Finland....Nov. 23, 10 AM|*Lapl'd(nw)Dc10
Kroonland.Nov. 30, 10 AM|*Vaderl'd.Dec. 21

PASSENGER OFFICES, 9 B'WAY. (TEL. 2100 RECTOR.) AND PIER 62, N. R. (WEST 23D ST.) N. Y.

White Star Line Piers 60 & 61 N. R.

Plymouth—Cherbourg—Southampton
Teutonic....Nov. 23, 3 PM|Majestic..Dec. 7
Oceanic.....Nov. 30, 3 PM|Adriatic..Dec. 14

New York—Queenstown—Liverpool
Baltic .....Nov. 26, 2 PM|Cedric...Dec. 10
Celtic.....Dec. 3, noon|Arabic...Dec. 17

New York and Boston to
RIVIERA—ITALY—EGYPT

The Azores, Madeira, Gibraltar, Algiers, Villefranche, Genoa, Naples, Alexandria
* CEDRIC (21,035 tons)....Jan. 11, Feb. 22
* CELTIC (20,904 tons)...Jan. 25, Mar. 8
* Largest Steamers to the Mediterranean.
Romanic.Nov.30,12 n'n | Romanic.....Mar. 18
Canopic.Dec.7,2:30 PM | Cretic.....Mar. 29
Romanic.....Feb. 4 | Canopic.....April 8

North German Lloyd

Algiers, the Levant, Egypt, India, and the Far East are Ideal Winter Resorts.

Especially Low Rates to Australia, Tasmania and New Zealand via Europe and the Suez Canal.
Write for Booklets.

LONDON——PARIS——BREMEN
TUESDAYS 10 A. M.
Express Sailings.
G. Washington, Nov. 22
K'prinz Wm. Nov. 29
Kaiser W. D. G. Dec. 13
G. Washing'n Jan. 3

THURSDAYS 10 A. M.
Twin-Screw and Fast Mail Sailings.
*Roon.....Nov. 24
*Cassel.....Dec. 1
Fried'h d. Gr. Dec. 8
K. Luise. Sat., Dec. 17
*Bremen Direct.

GIBRALTAR—ALGIERS—NAPLES—GENOA
SATURDAYS 11 A. M.
K. Albert.....Dec. 3 | †Berlin (New)....Jan. 7
P. Irene.....Dec. 10 | K. Luise..Wed., Jan. 25
†Omits Gibraltar.

Connections made for all Mediterranean, Black Sea and Far Eastern Ports. Wireless and Submarine Signals. Travelers' Checks Good All Over the world. Independent Around the World Trips. OELRICHS & CO., Gen. Agts., 5 B'way, N. Y.

THREE WEEKS IN THE TROPICS
JAMAICA
PANAMA
COLOMBIA

Just 22 perfect days amid scenes as romantic, historic and beautiful as on any European trip—nearer home and less expensive to visit—and a 20th century steamer built expressly for the service to provide every luxury during the outing. $125 covers everything except what you may choose to spend in sight-seeing while ashore. One of our new 5,000 ton steamers leaves every Thursday at 12 noon. Write for booklet.

United Fruit Company
STEAMSHIP SERVICE
17 Battery Pl. Tel. 1025 Rector. NEW YORK
Or Any Authorized Tourist Agency.

BUENOS AYRES

"Show Place of South America"
BAHIA, RIO DE JANEIRO, SANTOS, MONTEVIDEO, AND ROSARIO
by the Large, New and Fast Passenger Steamers of the
LAMPORT & HOLT LINE
Sailing from New York, 5th & 20th of each month.
For rates etc., apply local ticket Agents, or
BUSK & DANIELS, General Agents
301 Produce Exchange, New York

TRAVELERS' GUIDE—STEAMBOATS.

FALL RIVER LINE

(Splendid Steamers—Splendid Service)

Better see about a stateroom now—

If you're going down in New England for Thanksgiving.

Fall River Line steamers leave New York, Pier 19, North River foot of Warren Street, at 5:00 P. M. Get you to Boston as early as 7 o'clock next morning—later if you like Fare to Boston..... $3

Telephone 5121 Cortlandt for information
City Ticket Office—171 Broadway

HUDSON RIVER NIGHT LINES

PEOPLES LINE To Albany
CITIZENS LINE To Troy

Cuisine and Service Unexcelled. Very Best Accommodations.

Str. C. W. Morse or Adirondack daily (Sunday excepted), Pier 32, N. R., 6 P. M.

New Str. TROJAN or RENSSELAER, Pier 46, N. R., 6 P. M. daily (Saturday excepted). Sunday steamer stops at Albany in either direction.

Direct rail connections at Albany and Troy for points North, East and West. Horses and automobiles carried at reasonable rates.

JOY LINE $2.40 TO BOSTON VIA BOAT & RAIL

Providence Direct, $1.50 | Worcester, $2.40
Every week day, 5:30 P. M., from Pier 19, East River.
NEW MANAGEMENT. IMPROVED SERVICE.
City Ticket Office, 290 Broadway, N. Y.

CENTRAL-HUDSON LINES,

Daily steamers for Newburgh, Poughkeepsie & Kingston, Pier 24, N. R., foot Franklin St.

CUNARD

Piers foot West 14th St., N. R. Offices, 24 State Street, opposite Battery.

Largest, Fastest, Finest Ships afloat. Wireless Telegraph, Submarine Signal.
MOST EXPEDITIOUS ROUTE.
LONDON PARIS BERLIN VIENNA
DIRECT via FISHGUARD
Fishguard and Liverpool.
Mauretania..Nov. 30, 9 AM|Lusitania..Dec. 28

SPECIAL CHRISTMAS SAILING
S. S. MAURETANIA, DEC. 17, 6 P. M.
Queenstown—Fishguard—Liverpool.
Campania...Dec. 7, 10 AM|Caronia...Dec. 14

GIBRALTAR GENOA NAPLES TRIESTE FIUME
Carpathia.Dec. 3, noon | Ultonia.....Mar. 23
Pannonia.Feb. 23, noon | Saxonia.....Mar. 30

SPECIAL CRUISES
RIVIERA ITALY EGYPT
Madeira Gibraltar Algiers Villefranche Genoa Naples Alexandria Piume. *Omits Alexandria Carmania. 10,000 tons. *Nov. 26, Jan. 7, Feb. 18
Caronia 20,000 tons.....Jan. 21....
Franconia 18,000 tons. new steamer. March 11

FABRE LINE

The French Mediterranean Line.
Azores—Naples—Villefranche—Marseilles.
*Sant'Anna. Nv. 22, 1PM | Roma..Dec. 10, 3 PM
Madonna. Dec. 3, 3 PM | Venezia. Dec. 28, 3 PM
*SAILS FROM BOSTON Nov. 23, 4 P. M.
ITALY—RIVIERA—FRANCE.
Special Winter Voyages, S. S. "SANT' ANNA, Jan. 18, March 4, Apr. 15. Making all calls. All steamers equipped with wireless.
JAS. W. ELWELL & CO., G. A., 17 State St.

FRENCH LINE

Compagnie Générale Transatlantique
Direct Line to Havre—Paris (France).
Sailing every Thursday, 10 A. M.
From Pier 57, North River, foot West 15th St.
*La Touraine..Nov. 24 | *La Lorraine..Dec. 15
La Bretagne..Dec. 1 | *La Touraine..Dec. 22
*La Savoie....Dec. 8 | La Bretagne..Dec. 29
*Twin screw steamers.
SPECIAL SATURDAY SAILING.
One class (II) Cabin Passengers only.
*Chicago.....Nov. 26
GENERAL AGENCY, 19 State Street, N. Y.

The Royal Mail Steam Packet Co.

Winter Cruises West Indies

3 Cruises de Luxe by New Twin Screw R.M.S.P. "AVON." 11,073 tons, from New York. Jan. 21, 28 days; Feb. 18, 32 days; March 25, 19 days, visiting West Indies, Spanish Main, and Panama Canal.
Rates $5 Per Day and Up.
Sanderson & Son, Agts., 22 State St., N. Y.

ITALIAN LINES

*NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA.
†LA VELOCE, (Fast Italian Line.)
‡ITALIA Societa di Navigazione a Vapore.
TO NAPLES AND GENOA DIRECT.
*D. D. Aosta..Nov. 26, 1 P.M. | †Europa .....Dec. 6
Lazio.....Nov. 29, 1 PM | ‡Taormina .....Dec. 7
All large, new Twin Screw Steamers.
HARTFIELD, SOLARI & CO., 21 State St., N. Y.

ANCHOR LINE

GLASGOW via LONDONDERRY
California..Nov. 26, 2 P.M. | Columbia..Dec. 10, 1 P.M.
Furnessia. Dec. 3, 10 A. M. | Caledonia. Dec. 17, 10 A.M.
FIRST CABIN, $67.50 AND $72.50.
SECOND CABIN, $45 AND $47.50.
THIRD CLASS, $30 AND $31.25.
HENDERSON BROTHERS, 17-19 Broadway.

RUSSIAN AMERICAN LINE 27 B'way, N. Y.

8½ days to Rotterdam, 11½ days to Libau.
S. S. LITUANIA...Dec. 10
S. S. RUSSIA.....Dec. 24
First Class to Rotterdam, $50; Libau, $60.
Second Class to Rotterdam, $43; Libau, $50.
All outside rooms, wireless telegraph.
A. E. Johnson & Co., Gen'l Pass. Agts.

CLARK'S "ARABIC" ORIENT CRUISE

FEB. 4, $400 up for 71 days. Shore trips ALL INCLUDED. Round World Tour Jan. 25; Trans-Siberian Tour, Mar. 14; Riviera-Italy, Jan. & Feb.; 30 Tours to Europe. Specify program desired.
FRANK C. CLARK, Times Bldg., New York.

OLD DOMINION LINE.

DAILY SERVICE.
For Old Point Comfort, Norfolk, Portsmouth, Pinner's Point, and Newport News, Va., connecting for Petersburg, Richmond, Washington, D. C., and the entire South and West.
Freight and Passenger Steamers sail from Pier 25, N. R., foot of North Moore St., every week day at 3 P. M.
W. L. WOODROW, Traffic Manager.

BERMUDA TOURS

9 days, covering all expen

STOCK "PAIRING" FORBIDDEN

Practice of Exchange Traders to Save Stamp Tax Is Prohibited.

Periods of extreme dullness in recent markets on the Stock Exchange have led to conjecture among brokers as to the extent of the discouragement placed upon the operations of floor traders by the ruling of the Exchange two weeks ago that neglect to conform to the provisions of the stock transfer tax law would be classed as "conduct detrimental to the best interests of the Exchange." That particular offense may be punished by one year's suspension, and the penalty has been meted out so frequently in the last two years that brokers need no more than a hint.

When the Exchange made the new ruling compelling attention to the transfer tax no mention was made of ways in which it may have been evaded, but floor traders who have for years made a practice of "pairing" orders immediately accepted it as prohibiting that practice. Pairing of orders was a safety device, and there is no doubt that its prohibition has made speculative trading to catch quick profits on the floor more risky, and has consequently cut down that class of trading to some extent.

Old-timers on the Exchange were not willing to admit yesterday, however, that the absence of pairing in recent weeks was responsible for the diminution of activity. Pairing was done on the Exchange long before the stock transfer tax law went into effect, but where in the old days a floor trader saved by this means only the charge of 50 cents a hundred for having his transactions cleared, he now saves an additional $2 a hundred represented by the stock transfer tax. The brokers have always defended this way of saving the transfer tax on the ground that when an order is "paired" it is really canceled, and therefore should not be taxable. The State and the Exchange authorities take the view that once a transaction is made it is a sale or a purchase, as the case may be, and what disposition is made of the contract afterward does not alter the obligation to pay the tax.

Traders approached on the subject yesterday were inclined to resent the imputation that they were breaking the law. "The process is just like withdrawing from a real estate contract by satisfying the party of the second part," one trader explained. "Say I buy 100 shares of Steel at 80 in the morning, hoping to sell at a profit. The price goes up strongly to 80½, and I hold on, hoping to get better. Then it sags quickly, and I miss my chance to place my 100 shares on the way down. At 80 there is a bid for 100. If I should sell I not only would make no profit, but would lose 50 cents clearance charges and $2 stock transfer tax. Since there is no profit in the trade, I go to the bidder and offer to give him my contract for 100 shares. He accepts, and gets his Steel from the man I agreed to buy from instead of from me. The sale has never been completed, as far as I am concerned. Why should I pay a tax?"

The close observers on the floor believe, notwithstanding the assertions of professional traders to the contrary, that pairing in a dull market used often to amount to 5 or 10 per cent. of the business.

LATEST CUSTOMS RULINGS.

Metal Powder Boxes for Women's Hand Bags Pay 50 Per Cent.

The H. B. Claflin Company has been successful before the Board of Appraisers in securing a reduction in duty on metal powder boxes carried in women's hand bags. Collector Loeb assessed the articles at the rate of 85 per cent. under the provision in the present Tariff act for "articles of gun metal to be carried by the person."

Appraiser Wanmaker made a report to the Collector in which he upholds the contention of the importers for an assessment of only 50 per cent. under the tariff provision for fitted leather bags as specified in Paragraph 452, act of 1909. The local Appraiser's report, which appears to have influenced the decision of General Appraiser McClelland, says:

"This protest refers to items marked X, consisting of gun metal powder boxes to be carried in ladies' hand bags. Return for duty was made at 85 per cent. ad valorem, under the provision in Paragraph 448, Tariff act of 1909, for articles of gun metal to be carried by the person. These boxes, together with the mirrors, are, in fact, fittings for the leather bags covered by this invoice, and it is now the opinion of this office that return should have been made at 50 per cent. ad valorem, under the provision for fitted leather bags in Paragraph 452."

The board sustains the claim for duty at the rate of 50 per cent. The Collector is directed to make a reliquidation of the duties on this basis.

JAIL FOR SLICING MAN'S EAR.

Member of Gang Which Mutilated a Non-Union Sailor Gets Long Term.

BUFFALO, N. Y., Nov. 21.—Joseph Meyers, alias Mike Armstrong, was to-day sentenced to not less than six nor more than thirteen and a half years in Auburn Prison for complicity in cutting off the right ear of Edward A. Frazer, a non-union sailor, in this city on June 27.

Following the assault upon Frazer by a gang of men, the severed ear was sent by mail to an officer of the Lake Carriers' Association in Cleveland with a threat of death, unless a strike, then on, was settled.

BUSINESS TROUBLES

HYMAN SCHECTER, who had 8, 9, and 10 cent stores at 335 Grand Street and 2,177 and 2,387 Third Avenue, has settled with creditors at 25 cents on the dollar. Liabilities were $21,250.

JOSEPH C. SMITH, 156 West Sixty-fifth Street, has filed a petition in bankruptcy, with liabilities $1,486. Among the creditors are Maxim's Hotel and Restaurant Company and Arthur Grant, Chicago.

COLUMBIA LADIES' WAIST CO.—Judge Hough has dismissed a petition filed Oct. 24 against Rubin Miller, trading as the Columbia Ladies' Waist Co., 747 Broadway, on consent of creditors. Liabilities were said to be $7,500.

PATRICK FALLON of 481 West Fifty-sixth Street, formerly an iron dealer, has filed a petition in bankruptcy. Liabilities $4,057 and no assets. The largest creditors are the David Mayer Brewing Company and Henry Elias Brewing Company.

ISIDOR J. LATZ.—A petition has been filed against Isidor J. Latz, doing business as I. J. Latz & Co., manufacturer of skirts and waists, 14 East Seventeenth Street, by D. H. Szerlip, Freydberg Brothers, Max Asch, and Bachman, Emmerich & Co. Liabilities $15,000, and assets $5,000.

BENJAMIN NATHANSON, manufacturer of bathing suits and sweaters, 1,554 Third Avenue, has made a settlement with creditors at 60 cents on the dollar, payable 50 cents cash and 10 cents on a note at one year. The petition filed against him on Nov. 4 has been dismissed. Liabilities were reported to be $30,000.

STEEL ELECTROTYPE CO.—Schedules of the Steel Electrotype Co., 304 East 23d Street, show liabilities $48,084, assets $5,000. The accounts have been assigned to the Royal Bank. Among the creditors are Gertrude Hyman, Ostrander Seymour & Co., Wessel Manufacturing Co., Brooklyn, Bliss & Co., Roth Brothers & Co.

WHITMAN BROTHERS.—Schedules of Whitman Brothers, (corporation,) wholesale cottonseed oil, Produce Exchange Building, show liabilities $92,367, nominal assets $49,679. Among the creditors are the American Cotton Oil Co., Aspegren & Co., Edward Plash & Co., Kuh Valk & Co., T. Bergament & Co., Williams Commission Co.

MORRIS SCHAEM, tailor, 419 Sixth Avenue, has filed a petition, liabilities $7,558 and assets $2,126. The principal creditors are Leo L. Doblin and Henry Doblin. He has been in business fifteen years and this is his third time in bankruptcy. He made settlements in the other cases, it is said, at 25 cents on the dollar. Judge Hough appointed C. Burlingham receiver; bond, $1,000.

FICHEL BROTHERS.—A petition has been filed against Alexander L. and Joseph Fichel, who compose the firm of Fichel Brothers, manufacturers of cloaks and suits, 35 East Twelfth Street, by Aaron Cohen, J. Abrahams, and H. Baum. Judge Hough appointed Henry H. Kaufman receiver, bond $4,000, and authorized him to continue the business ten days. Liabilities, $20,000; assets, $12,000.

JONAS LIPPMANN, 516 West 143d Street, formerly of Lippmann & Herschman, dealers in hops at 78 Broad Street, which dissolved on Aug. 20, 1906, has filed a petition. Liabilities as a partner are $9,612 and no assets. Among the creditors are the Mechanics' National Bank and the Maritime Association. Individual liabilities $8,817 and no assets. The largest creditor is Walter R. Herschman, the other partner, who went through bankruptcy in May, 1907.

ABRAHAM SELWITZ.—A petition has been filed against Abraham Selwitz, manufacturer of cloaks and suits, 124 Wooster Street, by S. M. Hexter & Co., Harry Brumberg, and Henry Hersog. Judge Hough appointed E. N. Robinson receiver, bond $3,000 [illegible] authorized him to continue business ten days. Isaac R. Hexter estimated the liabilities at $30,000 and stock $8,000 to $10,000. Other creditors who have looked into his affairs believe he is solvent and that the assets are much larger than the liabilities.

Shepard Discharged from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough granted yesterday a discharge from bankruptcy to Edward D. Shepard, senior partner in the firm of E. D. Shepard & Co., bankers and brokers, of 31 Nassau Street, against whom a petition in bankruptcy was filed on April 19, 1909. Liabilities of the firm were $9,758,348, and nominal assets $8,411,427. Mr. Shepard had individual debts of $1,000.

Discharges from Bankruptcy.

Judge Hough in the United States District Court granted yesterday discharges to these bankrupts:

AUGUSTINE CONSTANTIAN, renovator, 117 East Thirty-fourth Street; liabilities, $25,-620.

EDUARD S. DEVEREUX, salesman, 1,823 Toppin Avenue; liabilities, $6,120.

GOTTLIEB FEIL, butcher, 404 Ninth Avenue; liabilities, $783.

ZACHARY T. FEINBERG, collector, 52 Lenox Avenue; liabilities, $6,445.

FRANK P. HILTON, stock broker, 581 West 161st Street; liabilities, $4,666.

FRANCIS M. MADDEN, foreman, Yonkers; liabilities, $8,097.

ADOLPH PALEIAS of Nedell & Paleias, wholesale silks, 415 Broadway; liabilities, $8,915.

ALEXANDER & BENJAMIN PITEGOFF, 125 East Fourth Street; liabilities, $5,752.

Dr. ISAAC STIEFEL, 691 First Avenue; liabilities, $21,258, of which $20,000 is a suit for breach of promise of marriage by Kate D. Auerbach.

LOUIS WEIL, manufacturer of brass novelties, 1,133 Broadway; liabilities, $6,891.

WOHLSTADTER & GOLDMAN, liquors, 304 Stanton Street; liabilities, $4,924.

Judgments.

These judgments for amounts more than $100 were filed yesterday, the first name being that of the debtor:

Adams, Henry C.—J. Grossman, $141.
Abukalil, Gabriel, or Kalil—G. A. Dowden, $913.
Abraham, Morris—Michaelis & Rohman, $856.
Brehm, Eugene A., et al.—Bernheim Distilling Co., $219.
Bernheim, Alice—S. F. Mead, $870.
Buck, Maurice—J. D. Quinby, $400.
Cantine, Frank, (not summoned,) et al.—F. Tocci, $122.
Dorf, Max, et al.—N. Strauss et al., $193.
Dobson, George F., Jr.—A. G. Stone et al., $195.
De Lima, David A.—System Co., $108.
Dumont, Pierre D.—S. E. Ewing, $10,715.
Same—same, $22,192.
Fleischman, Morris L.—C. Nassberg, $201.
Friedrich, Arthur—Frederick Pearce Co., $276.
Fox, Thomas—Central Brewing Co. of New York, $117.
Frawley, Patrick J., et al.—F. K. Middlebrook, $119.
Same—R. H. Davis, $447.
Same—same, $450.
Fanshawe, Henry E.—William H. Jackson Co., $121.
Fort, William L.—H. N. Reeves, $122.
Greenberg, Joseph—M. W. Solomon $328.
Gelles, Morris, et al.—Edwin B. Stimpson Co., $141.
Gerken, George H., and Henry L.—Interborough Rapid Transit Co. et al., costs, $119.
Glaser, George G. J., et al.—G. W. Cook et al., $117.
Granadio, George, et al.—F. Tocci, $122.
Hart, Milton—T. W. Seele, $369.
Herrick, Julius—N. Y. Edison Co., $123.
Hulse, Howard O.—W. W. Freystedt, $364.
Hallsberg, Herbert J., et al.—E. W. Cookmetal, $117.
Huber, Rudolph M.—Manhattan Collecting Co., $144.
Hemstreet, Frank—Gainsborough Studios, $248.
Hooker, Horace B. and Horace M.—G. Numeyer et al., costs, $108.
Hipkins, John C.—W. G. Brown, $9,048.
Hawks, Wells—L. M. Woodworth, $113.
Haines, Samuel B.—De La Vergne Machine Co., $5,639.
Jacques, John, et al.—H. W. Fairfax, $107.
Jordan, John Reuff, (not summoned,) et al.—H. W. Fairfax, $107.
John, Davis W.—Gray Realty and Development Co., $815.
Kriger, Moses, et al.—Same, $403.
Katz, Charles—W. J. Sands, $329.
Kennedy, David T.—H. J. McEvoy, $530.
Kelll, ot Abukalil, Gabriel—G. A. Dowden, $913.
Koster, Charles—Inlet Hotel and Cigar Co., $1,101.
Long, Louis N.—E. T. Burrowes Co., $132.
Langton, Carrie—H. A. Schwarz et al., $166.
Lithauer, Louis—J. R. Hasbrouck, $178.
Lefkowitz, Charles, et al.—H. I. Felberbaum, $170.
Lana, Fedele, (not summoned,) et al.—Bianchetti Construction Co., $438.
Martin, Joseph L.—C. B. Rents, $179.
Mayer, Hafrik, et al.—N. Strauss et al., $193.
Miltenberger, Mary G.—Bernard A. Buege, Inc., $888.
Mullans, Frank A.—Equitable Trust Co. of N. Y., $124.
Manfrini, Massimo, et al.—Bianchetti Construction Co., $438.
Peters, Catherine A.—D. Marvin, costs, $178.
Paladino, Joseph—Robinson Clay Product Co. of New York, $938.
Pepper, Kalman—T. Goldenthal et al., costs, $105.
Pirolo, Michele—E. E. Hinkle et al., costs, $368.
Strianese, Edward—M. Litowich, $161.
Springer, John H.—G. J. Gould et al., costs, $217.
Schmidt, Gustav A., et al.—H. P. Read Lead Works, $753.
Stephan, Fred A., et al.—Same $753.
Siegel, Louis, et al.—Edwin B. Stimpson Co., $141.
Simon, Harry, et al.—H. F. Gundrim Co., $306.
Sugarman, Jacob and Harry, et al.—Same, $306.
Sick, Joseph—First National Bank of Middletown, N. Y., $574.
Scher, Barnet—Rice & Hutchins New York Co., $859.
Spiezer, Arthur—H. E. Isaacs, $247.
Stetter, Max, et al.—H. I. Felberbaum, $170.
Stiles, Charles A.—V. D. Morse, $188.
Thode, William, et al.—Bernheim Distilling Co., $219.
Timpson, Mary B.—F. Van Patten, $177.
Walker, Albert H.—W. W. Munn et al., $157.
Williams, Henry and Harriet—Same, $328.
Weller, Barnett J.—J. Gensler, $368.
White, James W.—E. A. Heyland, $396.
Model Home Land Co.—T. M. Lee, $279.
Metropolitan Granite and Supply Co.—R. M. Clark, $179.
Betts, Inc.—E. H. Freeman Electric Co., $267.
Louis Meyer Realty Co.—New York Edison Co., $124.
Frawley Taxi Co. et al.—F. K. Middlebrook, $119.
Same—R. H. Davis, $447.
Same—Same, $450.
Jacobs & Co.—F. C. Page, $125.
Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Ry. Co.—H. C. Bradley, $2,915.
City of New York—T. F. Delaney, $250.
Metropolitan Bank—J. Potechin, $1,200.
Home Life Insurance Co.—A. Stewart, $6,164.
Lexington Laundry, Inc.—J. T. Stanley, $161.
Metropolitan Sewing Machine Co.—W. H. Boyer, costs.
Gillette Ice Machine Co.—P. Ohl, $1,569.
National Standard Brewing Co.—E. J. Hutter, $3,265.

Satisfied Judgments.

The first name is that of the debtor, the second that of the creditor, and the date that when judgment was filed.

Marcus, Louis—G. R. Dioguardi, Oct. 22, 1910, $171.
Hyman, Isaac, and Tillie Goldinger—People, &c., June 22, 1909, (vacated,) $500.
United States Grand Lodge Independent Order Free Sons of Israel—S. Augenblick et al., Feb. 18, 1910, $771.
Fairview Construction Co.—R. Periman, Nov. 1, 1910, $405.
Moto Bloc Import Co.—B. F. Goodrich Co. of New York, Oct. 31, 1910, $1,011.
Atkins, Joseph—M. Zimmerman, Dec. 17, 1908, $202.
White, Abraham—Y. Murai, May 11, 1910, (vacated,) $64,164.
Quackenbush, Abraham—G. A. Hampton, June 22, 1909, $1,880.
Bauch, Frederick, Christian Bauch, Charles Betzler, Stephen Merritt Embalming Institute, Oct. 28, 1910, $167.
Cunnihgham, Thomas J.—N. W. Ryan, Aug. 26, 1910, $126.
Vail, Elizabeth A.—R. N. Cleverdon et al., Oct. 19, 1909, $608.

THE UNITED SERVICE.

Special to The New York Times.

The Army.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—Capt. L. T. Hillman, Ordnance Department, will make one visit during November and three visits during December, 1910, to Newport News, Va., on official business pertaining to the inspection of material being procured by the Ordnance Department.

Capt. J. F. Diller and Capt. W. R. Davis, Medical Corps, will proceed to West Point, N. Y., and report May 1 to the Superintendent United States Military Academy for duty.

Capt. H. N. Coates, Thirteenth Cavalry, will proceed to Hot Springs, Ark., Army and Navy General Hospital, for observation and treatment.

First Lieut. G. B. Foster, Jr., Medical Corps, will proceed to Philadelphia, Penn., on official business pertaining to the Medical Department of the Army and upon the completion of this duty will return to his proper station in this city.

Major W. E. Horton, Quartermaster, will proceed to Three Rivers and Lowell, Mass., for the purpose of inspecting mills manufacturing olive drab cotton cloth under contract with the Quartermaster's Department, thence to Boston, Mass., for consultation with the Depot Quartermaster at that place and upon the completion of this duty will return to his proper station.

Col. B. S. Taylor, Medical Corps, upon his own application, is retired, effective April 30, 1911.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

Arrived—Potomac at Guantanamo, Stringham at Annapolis, Tennessee and Montana at Guantanamo, Tallahassee at Washington, Caesar at Sewell Point, Supply at Yokohama.

Sailed—Princeton, from Panama for Corinto; Tennessee and Montana, from Guantanamo for Hampton Roads; Birmingham, from Hampton Roads for Savannah; Drayton, from Portsmouth, N. H., for Newport; West Virginia, Maryland, South Dakota, California, Colorado, and Pennsylvania, from Yokohama; Coronado; California, for San Francisco; Mayflower, from Hampton Roads for Washington; Marietta, from Cristobal for Bluefields.

COURT CALENDARS FOR TO-DAY.

FEDERAL.

UNITED STATES CIRCUIT COURT—Hand, J. Jury calendar. 20—Kress v. Prounot. 79—Mann v. Otis Elevator. 99—Pinches v. Kennedy. 89—Clark v. Penn R R. 124—Sparrow v. Woodhull. 126—Sparrow v. Mack. 127—Sparrow v. Irwin. 129—Merck v. Treat. 282—James v. Minnesota M & M Co. 137—Alexander v. C R R of N J. 140—Landau v. L V R R. 148—Grindrod v. Southern Ry. 156—Williams v. Pullman Co.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT.—Hough, J. Admiralty. 51—Constant & Peck S S Co v. Lind.

STATE.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part I.—Seabury, J.—Litigated motions. 1—Page v. Lighstone. 2—Wesmore v. Villard. 6—Robinson v. Merida Realty Co. 4 to 6—Madison Trust Co v. Axt. 7 and 8—Wing v. Say. 9—Rosen v. Rosen. 10—Gendon v. Gendon. 11—Raesfeld v. Barrett. 12—Band v. Band. 13—Glason v. Merchants' Refrigerating Co. 14—Farmers' L & T Co v. Bowne. 15—Tropenas v. Powell. 16—City of N Y v. Isman. Same—Hayes v. Parker. 18—Powitz v. Kronrat. 19—N Y Protestant Episcopal School v. Miller. 20—Fulford v. Fulford. 21—City of N Y v. Isman. 22—Dacey v. Fogel. 23—Fosnacht v. Fosnacht. 24—O'Neill v. Fowler. 25—City of N Y v. McOlum. 26—In re Pentz. 27—In re U S Restaurant & R Co. 28—People v. Murphy. 29—Keltz v. Sommer. 30—Olson v. Fraser. 31—Olney v. City of N Y. 32—Shuldner v. Braender. 33—Eisf v. Supreme Tribe Ben Hur. 34—Reilly v. Fleischmann Vienna Bakery. 35—Braul v. Curtis-Blaisdell Co. 36—Vanderlip v. Carpenter. 37—Brower v. Jones. 38—Kuber v. Home Fruit Co. 39—Thiers v. Ring. 40—Dobrowolsky v. Schwartz. 41—In re Brady. 42—Blumenthal v. London Realty Co. 43—Teutonia Ins Co v. Ross. 44—Reis v. Reis. 45—Sherry v. Sherry. 46—Teutonia Ins Co v. Ross. 47—Hahn v. Hahn. 48—Fulton v. Fulton. 49—Mascall v. Mascall. 50—Foss v. McGauley. 51—Sams v. Masterson. 52—Greenwald v. Met Leather Paving Co. 53—Pontaky v. Moses. 54—Ebeling v. Ebeling. 55—In re Cropsey. 56—Hansen v. Hansen. 57—Simons v. Levine. 58—Norton v. Metzer. 59—Tuska v. Heller, Hirsch & Co. 60—Osk v. Levins. 61—Weber v. Rothenberg. 62—Macauley v. Evarts. 63—Hayes v. Parker. 64—In re Planett Lumber Co. 65—Micolino v. Quinn. 66—White v. White. 67—Mittelman v. Todd. 68—Tighe v. Christie Iron Works. 69—Klosner v. Klosner. 70—Fruendlich v. Rosen. 71—People v. Lee. 72—Scales v. Scales. 73—McCullough v. Guerriere.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part II.—Davis, J.—Ex parte business.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part III.—O'Gorman, J.—Motions. Preferred cause. 1457—Huitfeldt v. Smith. General calendar. 845—Hooper v. Stachelberg. 1070—Overheiser v. Lackey. 884—Flint v. Flint. 901—Jaffe v. Jaffe. 781—Marshall v. Marshall.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I.—Blanchard, J.—(Criminal Term.)—1—Jacob Rauss. 2—Walter R McDonald. 3—John H Tyson. 4—Joseph Montague.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part II.—Greenbaum, J.—1573—Richards v. Ernst Weiner Co. 2140—People ex rel Reed v. Prendergast. 2006—Vogel v. Kuster. 2381—Thorn v. Markoe. 2158—H P Read Lead Co v. Hurwitz. 2236—Iroquois Door Co v. Mountain Const Co. 1959—Glucksmann v. Knierlem. 1832—Miller v. Douglas. 1833—Cooke v. Browne. 2482—Dover Trust Co v. Jarvis. 2483—Same v. Lynn. 2470—Amos v. Lehman. 2553—Von Bayer v. N Y Central Realty Co. 2118—People ex rel Loughran v. Prendergast. 2402—North Am Distilling Co v. Heiselman. 587—Mercantile Nat Bank v. Silverman. 2215—Gibb v. MacDonald. 1611—Am Mineral Water Mach Co v. Diamond Soda Water, &c, Co. 2225—Alfred Post Co v. Post. 2231—Bernheimer v. Breuning. 1755—Neiman v. Gerdine. 2041—Bloch v. Entermark. 2126—Same v. Freudigman. 2145—Same v. Deffert. 2339—Same v. Spiegel. 2366—Same v. Dillenbeck.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part III.—Hendrick, J.—70—Silken v. Jolina. 22—Rothenberg v. B H R R. 86—Wilson v. B U El R R. 79—Levine v. B H R R. 29—Anderson v. Nassau Elec R R. 59—Vogel v. same. 61—Tomasey v. Joline. 13—Velthusen v. Union Ry. 80—Johnson v. Inter R T Co. 81—Edwards v N J & H R Ry. 604—Magro v. N Y C & H R R R. 74—Halloran v. Long Island R R.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part VIII.—McCall, J.—646—Schoenfelder v. N Y Transp Co. 529—Lennox v. Zimmern. 2643—Prisco v. City of New York. 607—Zarembowitz v. Steiner. 608—Knipe v. Smith. 609—Parsan v. Johnson. 630—Ronen v. Freydberg. 104—Backer v. Wolf. 54—Same v. same. 547—Williams v. Platzek. 556—McLernon v. Terry & Tench Co. 580—Bence v. Eisler. 597—Drago v. Jas Dempsey Co. 606—Vick v. Vick. 560—Trisdorfer v. Jackson. 619—Bov v. Crawford Bradley Co. 633—Knapp v. Schlesinger. 593—Bell v. Marie Dermatological Inst. 594—Shi—Fry, Friedenberg. 532—Kuna v. George F. Quigley Co. 194—N Y & Penn Co v. Atwater. 543—Keating v. Matthews. 557—Childs v. Carnegie Trust Co. 540—Finley v. Fifth Avenue Coach Co. 8568, 8567—Maroney v. N Y Transp Co. 617—Mangin v. Maurer. 620—Saltman v. City of New York. 8477—Veale v. Maine. 8845—Stearns v. Titus. 163—Gismano v. City of New York. 8669—D'Alessandro v. Louis Burghardt Mills Co. 604—Blomquist v. United Eng and Cons Co. 491—Fischer v. Weidenfeldt. 2858—Gilday v. Young Realty and Const Co. 592—Gulli v. McKenna.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Part IV.—Newburger, J.—409—Royal Weaving Co v. Prince. 164—Goldberg v. Koslon. 1015—Robson v. Wendell. 782—Verrone v. Richard. 781—Quinlan v. Met Mercantile & Realty Co. 226—Sax v. Fargo. 907—Lee v. Lee. Same v. same. 329—Sax v. Myers. 1869—Wildman v. Jones. 727—Smith v. Delafield. 913—Griffin v. Edelman. 792—Cassi v. Jannuzzi. 120—Murtagh v. Wein. 140—Murphy v. Orpheum Co. 1075—Western Elec Co v. McDonald. 288—Perley v. Williams. 280—Lippner v. Einhorn. 1087—Macey Co v. City of N Y. 88—Nathan v. Maryland Cas Co. 826—Loeb v. Hoffman. 865—People v. Rochford. 891—same v. Fischer. 942—Reedy Elev Co v. Freed. 993—Ritchie v. F. W. Woolworth Co. 1055—Duffy v. Hutton. 1091—Leslie v. Tojetti 744—Am Exch Nat Bank v. Stanley. 592—Farrell v. Canalizo. 612—Clarke v. Green. 820—Miller v. Jones. 2387—Smith Cont Co v. City of N Y. 866—City of N Y v. Pallidino. 877—McCall Co v. Owens. 878—Applebaum v. Busch. 881—Waltuch v. Levy. 882—Akers v. Mutual Life Ins Co. 887—Eder v. Heinze. 890—Huber v. Rogers. 896—Canavan Bros Co v. Hedden Const Co. 897—Am Malting Co v. A. Hupfels Sons. 898—Hart v. Adelstein. 899—Stanley & Ady Agy v. Beehm. 900—Oliver v. Stanley Gollick Co. 901—Alhambra Cigar Co v. Wagner. 902—Turner v. Rothestein.

SURROGATES' COURT—Chambers—Cohalan, S.—Motion calendar. Catherine E Brady, Mary A Robertson, Thomas E Chapman, Henry Schondorff, Julia Farrenhopf, Edward Troskin, Ivan Zatko, Lawrence Van Dyck, Robert Meyer, Caroline Stoll, Alfred E O'Reilly, Karl Goessler, Sophia Fulton or Searing, John V Dailey, Sabina Thompson, Caroline Kaluscha, Antonia Perroglie, Maria Lally, Florence R Stoops, Edna M Stoops, Thomas T Eckert, William Speth Clark, W Dunlop, Riley M Gilbert, Mathilde Daniels, Franziska Mersch, James Harper, Fannie E Lawrence or Ella Hutchinson, Frederick C Winchester, Henry Jacobs, Jacob Roth, Herman Oppenheim, Emma Brandt, Thomas Cassidy, Tillie O'Toole, George Chesterman, George Whelan, Jane Brennan, Matthias Pope, Michael J Foran, Frederick W Moeller, Adolph Flashon, James Thielmann, Wesley H Tilford, John I Snyder, John W Steinebach, Christiana Roome, Kate Garry, John Garry, Jennie A Wager, David Delafontaine, Frances C Beatty, Barbara Trumpler, Emma M Brandt, Samuel M Phillips, Benjamin Daniels, Freda Solomon, Cecelia Chateauneuf, Anna M Peters, Frances McKernan, Clark W Dunlop, Rose M. Loughman, Mary Buckley, William H C Greene, Lina Van Praag, Oscar Livingston. Wills for probate. John C Duer, Irene Deverell, William C Gardner, Eleanor Elgar, Necha E Emanstein, Cora Murray, Suna Wasserman, Edward P Woods, Margaret Allen, Mary Dean, James H Morehead, Martha Kramer, Frederick Schmals.

SURROGATES' COURT—Trial Term—Thomas, S.—Contested wills. John Downey, Charles S Cook, Mary T Sprawl, Jennie N Ubert, Pauline Dostler.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part I., O'Dwyer, C. J.; Part II., Lynch, J.; Part III., Green, J.; Part V., Finelite, J.; Part VI., La Petra, J.; Part VII., Delehanty, J.; Part VIII., Smith, J.—Calendar called at 9:45 A. M. in Part III. 1232½—Bagley v. Int R T Co. 1411—Hull v. Scarratt. 1421—Brown v. Broadway Taxicab Co. 1422—Seraphim v. Smith. 1429—Shenhelm v. Furman. 1144—Buchsdorf v. Schmidt. 1188—Pollack v. Solomon's Ind Con Ice Co. 1192—Krenes v. Foster-Scott Ice Co. 1219—Rosenberg v. Freidus. 1816—Mahoney v. Joline. 1331—Wiener v. same. 1311—Brandt v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1388—Buckspein v. Smith, Gray. 1396—Waldman v. Lyons. 1404—Guttman v. Starch. 1407—Ryan v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1227—Becker v. Lust. 1410—Jaffe v. Star Fire Ins Co. 1415—Anthony v. N Y Taxicab Co. 1416—Egan v. Snare & Triest Co. 1424—Lanbardi v. Entenman. 1425—Russo v. same. 573—Baumann & Co v. Roth. 2874½—Fritz v. Int R T Co. 1198—Reid v Gill. 1073—Enright v. Murphy. 678—Lesser v. Rosenblum. 1406—Molofsky v. same. 915—Channing Miller Co v. Dalley. 1145—Bromroff v. Richardson. 1431—Englander v. Ziegfeld. 1433—Gluckman v. Lyman. 1435—Gertler v. Bivhn, &c, R R. 1436—Mantle v. Rhino. 1435—La Guardia v. Hurd. 1439—Kimball v. Upperca. 1440—Riesenfeld v. Field. 1442—Popoff v. Brinn. 1443—Linder v. Feler. 1444—Seltzerman v. Held. 1445—Wilder v. Newman. 691—Rosenstein v. Casene Mfg Co. 1215—Sinsermann v. Kramer. 786—Silverstein v. Kay. 1224—Lang v. Merchants' Exp Co. 1228—Korozynski v. Pelham Oper Co. 1250—Phillips v. Lederer. 1259—David v. Cooper. 1261—Becker v. Herbert. 1274—Schacher v. Puritan Underwear Mfg Co. 1150—Eltman v. Blumenthal. 1275—Garman v. Lowden. 1276—Well v. Int R T Co. 1308—Mareo v. Belle Terra Estates. 5004½—Brewster v. Int R T Co. 1157, 1158—Rosenblum v. Nadler.

CITY COURT—Trial Term—Part IV., Mc-Avoy, J. 2541—Deuel v. Greenwood Cemetery. 2632—Strianese v. Cretsky Realty Co. 2487—Enis v. Barkowitz. 2396—Davidson v. Met Life Ins Co. 2498—Cohen v. Goldstein. 2538—Elson v. Elsohn. 2540—Bernstein v. Walser Mfg Co. 2557—Wilson v. Burton. 2563—Kantor v. Rogers Terra Cotta Co. 2564—Feldman v. Kershaw. 2506—Sokolski v. Bleisteift. 2562—Borelli v. Picone. 2579—Schwerter v. Wadofsky. 2492—Weiss v. Stanley. 2517—Jarman v. N Y Auto Lamp Co. 2556—Ireland v. Sardi. 2569—Epstein v. Pasternak. 2330—Abrams v. Altenberg. 2582—Onward Const Co v. Fanshawe. 2584—K L and W Const Co v. Albertson. 2448—Kyle v. Ball. 2472—Evans v. Felts. 2462—Equitable Trust Co v. Pollard. 2578—Priestly v. Riccadonna Hotel Co. 2580—Schapiro v. Zechnowitz, 2581—Geiss v. Bishop. 2586—Mevog-Ilori v. Savoy Trust Co. 2588—Gutzelt v. Hirshman. 2591—Stack v. Dollar Sav Bank. 2519—Byrne v. Lake. 2589—Marcus v. Bauer. 2592—Perlstein v. Meisel. 2594—Schwed v. Hemming. 2218—Wainwright v. Hermann. 2488—Wormser v. Jacob. 2310—Baley v. Finch. 2543—Abramson v. Potts. 2365—Praskin v. Anexstein. 2366—Shatter v. Anexstein. 2370—Appleby v. Olsen. 2525—Gottesfeld v. Weinstein. 2531—Fein v. Haas. 2567—Dugro v. Andrews. 2510—Brocher v. Schneider. 2598—Brokaw v. Watt. 2552—Tudisco v. De Nobile. 2553—De Rosa v. De Nobile. 2601—Talcott v. Mulhall. 2602—Kriskal v. Rosenberg. 2604—Silverstein v. Shapiro. 2603—Schwartz v. Mills. 1885—Baker v. Trench. 2587—Grimaldi v. Defeo Realty Co. 2551—Burnstein v. U O I. 2599—Wynkoop, Hallenbeck & Crawford Co v. Art Color Printing Co. 603—Gutierrez v. Garcia. 2605—Brooks v. Discount Securities Co. 2606—Corcoran v. same. 2609—Bloom v. Polacesck.

Referee Appointed—New York.

SUPREME COURT—Davis, J.—Farmers' L & T Co v. Bischoffsheim (2)—John F McIntyre.

Receivers Appointed—New York.

CITY COURT—Donnelly, J.—Benj Swarts v. Annie Stanko—Nathan Greenbaum. Herman Forman, Charles I. Berdin—Albert J. Rifkind. Cooper-Griffin Co v. John Wiegand—Lawrence H Saunders.

Brooklyn Calendars.

SUPREME COURT—Special Term—Putnam, J.—192—Kohn v. Gewitz. 319—Gately v. Stepulat. 254—Jaffin v. Jaffin. Highest number reached on the regular calendar, 823.

SUPREME COURT—Trial Term—Part I., Marean, J.; Part II., Kelly, J.; Part III., Kapper, J.; Part IV., Crane, J.; Part V., Stapleton, J.; Part VI., Scudder, J.—9485—Endler v. Parker, Stearns & Co. 8581—Hosg v. Vanden Hoaten. 8587—Vanderberg v. City of New York. 8590—Keenan v. B H R R. 8594—Doe v. Whitaker. 8596, 8597—Murphy v. B H R R. 8488—Phillips v. Hackett. 9897—Petersen v. Darling. 8599—Teale v. N J Terminal Co. 8600—Korber v. Dime Savings Bank et al. 8601—Sterns v. B H R R. 8604—Kenney v. B H R R. 8607—Owen v. Coney I & B R R. 8621—Kramer v. Sandberg. 8288—Conner v. B H R R. 8619—Edlin v. B H R R. 8622—Bonner v. Gordon Heitzner Co. 8623—Nelson v. Kings Co Lighting Co. 8627, 8628—Berger v. Ross. 8630—Baife v. Frank Brewery. 8636, 8637—Thompson v. City of New York. 8638—Wallisser v. Nassau R R. 8640, 8641—Carney & Fogelstrom v. Brooklyn El R R. 8824—Webb v. Brooklyn El R R. 8642—Cohen v. Coney I & B R R. 8643—Galewitz v. Coney I & B R R et al. 8644—Canone v. Hastings Pavement Co. 8646—Klund v. Wright. 9611—Union Bank v. Reynolds. 9682—Union Bank v. Harlam. 9861—Pulis v. Duryea. 8201—O'Brien v. Force et al. 1465 to 1467—Cahill & Gormley v. Excelsior Brick Co. 8661—Mischel v. B H R R. 8662—Lutz v. B, Q Co & Sub R R. 8664—Lybolk v. Carlin Constn Co. 8665—David v. Brooklyn El R R. 8666—Kammerer v. Nassau R R. 8668—Schultheis v. Nassau R R. 8669—Smith v. Guardino. 8670—Kelly v. B H R R.

The following causes, if marked ready, will be passed for the day. No cause will be set down for a day upon this call: 8673—Nitchman v. B H R R. 8675—Knott v. same. 8690—Kendall v. Schulze. 9924—Union Bank v. Reiss et al. 9024—Borough Bank v. Cresco Realty Co. 9884—Marino v. Cannon. 9124—Davenport v. Dalton. 9891—Pearson v. Liberty Av Theatre. 9440—Gentry v. Concrete Steel Co. 9228—Baragiola v. Driscoll. 8693—Le Mare v. Madden. 8831, 8832—Ulrich v. Nassau R R. 8536—Freeborn v. B H R R. 8648 to 8651—Durkin v. City of N Y. 8603—Rubin v. Brooklyn Rapid Transit. 8174—Mc-Cabe v. B H R R. 8296—Goldstein v. Topp. 8290—Mooney v. Carlin et al. 8456—Nadler v. Moore. 9621—Union Bank v. Am Steel Barrel Co. 9779—Busch Bott

Fitness.

Every issue of The New York Times is prepared with the idea of fitness. To that end all Help Wanted advertisements offered to The Times for publication are examined in detail, and all that are not up to standard of The Times are ruled out.

Since there is danger to the public from unscrupulous advertisers, The New York Times exercises great vigilance to protect its readers.

Read the Help Wanted advertisements in The New York Times. They are reliable.

HELP WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

ADDRESSERS; must be experienced; piece work; no home work given. Butterick Publishing Co., Spring and Macdougal Sts.

BEST & CO.,

FIFTH AV. & 35TH ST.,

REQUIRE NUMBER OF BRIGHT, ACTIVE GIRLS, 16 YEARS OF AGE, AS MESSENGERS.

GIRLS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require several bright girls for permanent positions as parcel wrappers; excellent opportunity to learn the dry goods business. Apply at office of General Manager.

LADIES—Reliable home work applying transfers; $1.50 dozen guaranteed. 71 West 23d, Room 814.

PHARMACIST.

R. H. MACY & CO. have a vacancy for a licensed drug clerk. Apply at office of General Manager.

PICTURES.

R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced, competent saleswomen for their Picture Department; also experienced saleswomen for various other departments. Apply at office of General Manager.

REFINED lady, over 25, who is in touch with modern methods of education; permanent position; good pay to right party. G 17 Times.

RIBBONS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require experienced, competent saleswomen for their Ribbon Department. Apply at office of General Manager.

TYPEWRITER.—Young woman in engineer's office; beginner on typewriter; $5 to start; good chance of advancement. Address, stating age, training, G 160 Times.

WANTED—Girl for general housework; English-speaking girl in family two adults, one child; must have good references and disposition; salary $25, without laundry work; $30 including laundry work. Address 1,218 Martine Av., Plainfield, N. J.

WANTED—Chambermaid, also act as waitress, in small private family; experienced; first-class references necessary. Mrs. A. Benedict, 218 West 100th St. Call between 9 and 10 A. M.

WANTED—General houseworker in apartment; three adults; references required. Apply Monday. Ward, 254 West 85th St.

HELP WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A SALARY and commission to young man or woman thoroughly capable of acting as subscription representative in New York City and Brooklyn for a well-known National church weekly; must be experienced in subscription work and able to give reference from Episcopal clergy; the field is not covered in any way, and the right man or woman will be successful. Address Subscription Department, 484 Lafayette St., New York, giving references and qualifications.

A PLANING AND TRIM MILL MACHINE hand wanted in metropolitan district. Address, giving age, experience, and references, Industry, P. O. Box 1,451 New York.

A COMPETENT MAN to solicit business for firm of general contractors; experience essential; good position for right man; state age, experience, references; hustlers only. Box H 32 Times.

A NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE HOUSE requires competent manager for branch office in 42d St. district; must furnish best of references and be thoroughly experienced. P 230 Times Downtown.

BAND RESAWING AND PLANING MILL working foreman wanted in metropolitan district. Address, giving age, experience, references, and ideas of wages, Reliable, P. O. Box 1,451 New York.

BOY; neat appearance; reliable; for general office work; good handwriting and references required. Apply P 224 Times Downtown.

BOY WANTED in furniture house; opportunity to learn the business. Budd & Co., 73 Spring St.

EXPERIENCED ribbon salesman to sell the manufacturing trade; references required. R 225 Times Downtown.

PACKERS.

R. H. MACY & CO. require several experienced packers for China and Glassware. Apply at Supt. Del'y, 34th St. entrance driveway.

SALESMEN wanted to handle as a side line a popular-priced line of skirts for a well-known firm to cover the following territories: North, South, East, West, and the coast; will only entertain communication from business getters. Apply stating full particulars, G 56 Times.

SALESMEN to sell Waltham watches on installments; $1 down, $1 weekly; big money; experience unnecessary. United Watch Co., 154 Nassau St.

SALESMEN wanted for retail cigar business; must be experienced; state references. N 288 Times Downtown.

WANTED—Superintendents or foremen who are experienced in driving tunnels through hard bastard granite and who have sufficient knowledge and executive ability to take entire charge of shaft with two headings. Shaft about 140 feet in depth, headings 9 feet high by 20 feet wide. No water in tunnels or shaft and equipped with the highest class tunnel appliances. Compressor capacity 6,000 cubic feet per minute at 100 pounds pressure. Useless to apply unless have had two years' experience in driving tunnels through a hard rock granite deposit and who can superintend the excavation of hard rock in granite at a cost not to exceed $1.60 per cubic yard in the solid for labor. Highest salary, with bonus, will be paid to any one who is able to meet the above requirements. In answering state where now employed or previously employed and present salary. Useless to apply unless you have had experience as stated above. All answers will be treated confidentially. F. 164 Times.

WANTED.—Bright, intelligent boy, over 16, to answer telephone; references required. Apply box office, New Amsterdam Theatre, today, 10:30 A. M.

YOUNG MAN, about 21 years, of good appearance, to learn typewriter construction; one with mechanical experience preferred; good recommendations required; salary and unusual opportunity. Address P 207 Times Downtown.

HELP WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

EPISCOPAL ORGANIST for Southern church; with extras, $1,000. Webster's Choir Agency, 136 5th Av.

Domestic.

A. A. HOFMAYER, 320 5th Av. Telephone 4527 Madison Square. Agency for superior domestic help.

MISS ANNA LACY,
Century Employment Agency, 15 West 38th St. Telephone 919 Murray Hill. Supplies matrons, housekeepers, governesses, attendants; also reliable class of domestic servants.

PIANOS AND ORGANS

35c. a line 1 time; 3 times 23c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Piano, 88-note Player, standard make; will sell at great sacrifice. 318 West 42d St.

SITUATIONS WANTED, FEMALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

DRESSMAKER wishes customers to sew, out by the day or steady. J. Callaghan, 30 Charlton St.

FRENCH USEFUL MAID wants situation in small family; first-class references. Henriette, 325 West 30th St.

HOUSEKEEPER.—Woman wishes to secure a position as a working housekeeper with one or two gentlemen; five years' city reference. H 13 Times.

LAUNDRESS.—Fine laundress wants high-class family washing, home; sunny yard; private house; reference. 184 East 79th. Tel. 4560 Lenox.

MAID and SEAMSTRESS.—By competent Swedish girl; reference; $25. C. L., 132 Lexington Av.

POSITION as housekeeper where maid is kept, companion to semi-invalid, or mother's help; mail. Address Kirk, 465 Amsterdam Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young lady, 3 years' practical experience typewriting, office details, some stenography, desires position where ability, honesty, neatness, and conscientiousness will be appreciated; $7-$9. Industrious, H 14 Times.

STENOGRAPHER.—Capable business woman; several years' experience; competent to hold difficult position; understands office routine, office duties; unquestionable references; $15. P 220 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Five years' experience; can take rapid dictation accurately, transcribe quickly and intelligently; references from former employers. Capable, P 218 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, office assistant; American; $6; neat, bright girl, beginner; rapid, accurate, good speller; no agency. Ella K., P 213 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Year's experience; willing, obliging; accustomed to hard work; neat, accurate, rapid; excellent References; $8. American, P 219 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, typewriter, 18, somewhat experienced, conscientious, neat, accurate, references. Competent, 595 Flushing Av., Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER, 4 years' experience; high school graduate; understands office routine; best references; $10. Address Steno, 1,418 5th Av.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; can handle large correspondence quickly, intelligently; references; $15. Executive, 249 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent young woman; rapid, neat, accurate worker; references. Thorough, 286 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Ambitious beginner will accept low salary with advancement opportunities. Executive, 261 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, experienced engineering, commercial; capable, energetic, desires position; $12. Miss B., 1,024 Singer Building.

STENOGRAPHER.—Good worker; excellent education; references furnished; salary desired, $8. Prompt, 251 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Expert; six years' experience commercial; A1 references. Margaret Phillips, General Delivery, Brooklyn.

STENOGRAPHER.—Experienced; neat typist; familiar with office work; references; $10. Competent, 250 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER, thoroughly competent, neat, accurate; references; operate any machine; $12. Kessler, 241 East 118th.

STENOGRAPHER. — Thoroughly competent, neat, rapid worker; 9 years' experience; $15. B. J., 316 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Bright, quick, anxious gain experience; fairly speedy, very accurate. M. M., 817 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER. — Office assistant; five years experience; $12. Johns, 1,272 Jefferson Av., Brooklyn.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 8 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

A—A—A—ACCOUNTANT EXPERT.—Periodical audits, investigations; books opened, closed, written up, balanced, systematized; reliable work moderate. Address Accountant, 55 Wall St., Room 212. Telephone 4837 Broad.

A.—A.—ACCOUNTANT.—Expert, opens, writes up, disentangles, balances, supervises, closes, audits books, $5 monthly upward; financial statements rendered; references. Accountant, 320 Broadway, Room 1,817. 'Phone 2903 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Audits, investigations, periodical financial statements rendered for any business; cost systems installed; executorship accounts prepared; reasonable terms. J. T. Brierley, West Av., Kensington, Brooklyn.

ACCOUNTANT. AUDITOR.
HERMANN E. GOLDSCHMIDT.
High grade. Moderate. References.
150 Nassau St. Phone Beekman 4317.

ACCOUNTANT, BOOKKEEPER.—Books opened, audited, systems installed; firms not employing bookkeepers, $2.50 weekly. Accountant, Room 184, 280 Broadway. Tel. 2825 Worth.

ACCOUNTANT.—Expert; books opened, closed, balanced, systematized, audited, written up; kept part time; reasonable. Accountant, 52 Union Square. 'Phone 2259 Stuyvesant.

ASSISTANT BOOKKEEPER.—By young man, 19, at present employed, as assisting bookkeeper. G Box 28 Times.

BOOKKEEPER and office assistant, (22,) desires clerical position with advancement; recommendations furnished. P 225 Times Downtown.

BOOKKEEPER.—Young man, 22, with selling ability, desires position; good references. P 232 Times Downtown.

BOY, 15 years old, educated, ambitious, desires position as errand or office boy in lawyer's office. Address (D. R.) P. B. Educational Alliance, 197 East Broadway.

BOY, 17, honest, reliable, wishes position in office; reference. M. Mendelsohn, 299 South 2d St., Brooklyn.

BUTLER.—Experienced Southern colored man; knows duties thoroughly; five years in present family. Nathan Wright, 448 Riverside Drive. Phone 6570 Morningside.

BUTLER, &c.—Japanese educated young man wants position butler or housework. H 16 Times.

CHAUFFEUR.—First-class driver; good mechanic; will go South or anywhere out of town; Packard car preferred; married; age 35 years. J. O. C., 248 West 60th St.

CHAUFFEUR, mechanic, desires position; understands mechanism of any car; careful driver. Krocse, 117 West 114th.

CLERK, &c.—Shipping, receiving, invoice checker, packer; 15 years' experience; references. Abraham, 442 East 78th St.

COLLECTOR.—Ambitious young man, experienced, for collector in real estate office; reference and security if necessary. M. Kamarstein, 524 Graham Av., Brooklyn.

COMPETENT YOUNG BUSINESS MAN, energetic, desires to connect with reliable mercantile house for future; best references. G 136 Times.

DETECTIVE, licensed, seeks work by day or week, shadowing, tracing. Wagner, 162 East 86th St.

EVENING POSITION wanted by man with thorough business training; moderate salary. P 227 Times Downtown.

FRENCH COUPLE, man as butler and valet, wife maid and chambermaid; best references. A. E., 325 West 30th St.

GEMS AND PRECIOUS STONES.—Young man, 25, graduate in mining, engineering, and metallurgy; good knowledge of mineralogy and chemistry, now employed by large smelter and refinery near New York, desires position with house making specialty of gems and precious stones with view of learning business; references exchanged. Box H 12 Times.

GERMAN desires office position with import or export house; has ten years' experience with Vienna export firm; thoroughly acquainted with office work. W. Frankl, 215 West 109th St.

JANITOR.—First-class, sober man, out of employment because we have moved to building where service is furnished; wish to secure position for him. Actors' Society of America.

MANAGER.—By man of 40, position of manager of high-class apartment building, or apartment hotel; very highest references. C 110 Times.

MASSEUR, graduated in Sweden, with thorough knowledge of massage, open for engagement. G 168 Times.

SALESMAN, selling large department stores, Omaha to Coast and Northwest, for 5 years and commanding large following, desires representative line to carry with present one. H 20 Times.

SALESMAN.—Road and city experience, desires position with reliable mercantile concern. H 19 Times.

SEXTON desires position with Protestant church; experienced; references; any location. Sexton, 229 Times Downtown.

STENOGRAPHER.—Hard worker; very anxious for position where he can advance; moderate salary. Thomas McEnelly, 605 Madison Av. Phone 2903 Plaza.

STENOGRAPHER.—Fine education, seeks secretarial work; part time; experienced; rapid; accurate. H 5 Times.

SITUATIONS WANTED, MALE

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

STENOGRAPHER.—Young man, employed, desires evening work; Christian; references. Box 11, 54 West 18th St.

STENOGRAPHY, typewriting, any nature; expert; work home or out evenings. N 815 Times Downtown.

VALET for hotel or club; nine years' references from present employer; out of town no objection; bond furnished if wanted. Address H 17 Times.

WANTED—By gentleman with 15 years of experience in manufacturing jewelry business, position to travel Cuba, Mexico, West Indies, or Argentina, any line; good knowledge of Spanish; A1 reference and personal security can be given; will be at liberty after Jan. 1. Address Travel, 794 Broad St., Newark, N. J.

YOUNG MAN, age 19, bright, quick, ambitious, seeks a situation in an active mercantile house; good school education; some experience. Address G. H. Snyder, 177 Duane St., N. Y. C.

YOUNG MAN, 25 years old, of good education, desires position of any kind that will keep him employed in New York for year or longer. H 23 Times.

YOUNG MAN, 19, two years' office experience, high school graduate, desires position; can furnish best references. Box 16, 29 Avenue D.

YOUNG MAN, 20, stenographer, typist, office assistant; excellent references; moderate salary. P 226 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 23, desires position; advancement; furnish highest references. P 222 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 22, desires position at anything with advancement. P 221 Times Downtown.

YOUNG MAN, 21, desires any position. Chas. Meyerson, 447 East 146th St.

SITUATIONS WANTED

Employment Bureaus.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Commercial.

ACCOUNTANTS, BOOKKEEPERS, STENOGRAPHERS. High Grade Office Helpers Office Service Co. (Agency) 50 Pine St. Tel. 3167 John

JUPP AGENCY.—Stenographers, bookkeepers, clerks furnished free; expert fac simile, duplicating. 87 Nassau St. 4,221 Cort.

Domestic.

HOUSEWORK.—Several neat colored girls, experienced, with good references, want places in small families; other good Southern help furnished. Lincoln Industrial Exchange, 314 West 59th St. 'Phone 4786—Columbus.

HOUSEWORKERS, cooks, chambermaids, firemen; city, country. Henderson's, 110 West 134th St. Telephone 486 Morningside.

JAPANESE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 896 6th Av.—Strictly reliable domestic help furnished. Telephone 3089 Bryant.

JAPANESE Young Men's Association Employment Agency furnishes reliable help. 726 Lexington Av. 6580—Plaza.

OLD DOMINION EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 88 West 134th.—Bond, $1,000; guaranteed colored help. 1119—Harlem.

BUSINESS OPPORTUNITIES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

TO PERSON WITH ABILITY TO GRASP AN OPPORTUNITY, THE INVESTMENT OF $2,000 IN A PRACTICAL MONOPOLY WILL YIELD LARGE RETURN; SERVICES NOT REQUIRED. ADDRESS ONLY
COTTELL, 92 6TH AV.

A prominent Western automobile manufacturer desires to meet and negotiate with an experienced and responsible business man with object of a partnership deal for sale of his product in metropolitan and Eastern territory; an unusual opportunity. H 15 Times.

A well-known spring of high therapeutic value, self-supporting, and a large output used by well-known physicians and families of this city, is looking for new capital for greatly increased business. Any one interested may address Mineral Spring, H 26 Times.

Public Stenographic and Multigraphing business for sale; established; high-class clientele; exclusive privilege large downtown building; moderate terms to responsible party. Address Stenographers, Box P 231 Times Downtown.

An established manufacturing company wants thoroughly competent man to fill office Treasurer and General Manager; must invest $5,000; salary, $50 weekly and attractive profits. Eastern Clock and Specialty Co., 26-28 Downing St.

For Sale—An old established business with all new, latest style machinery; require about $10,000 cash; good opportunity for business man. G 138 Times.

Owing to a dissolution will sell a long-established, good-paying tile and mantel business. Address C. A. H., 228 Times Downtown.

BUSINESS NOTICES

30c. a line 1 time; 3 times 25c. a line a day; 7 times 20c. a line a day.

Wanted—Fifty men each to own one of our little peach, vegetable, and poultry farms at Hillsboro N. J.; price $95 each; easy terms; let me send you free tickets to look them over. Lester L. Brooks, 45 West 34th St.

FOUND

25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

FOUND.—Gold watch, Monday morning, Broadway, between 24th and 30th Sts.; hunting case; initials and date inner back case; monogram in front. Owner may have same by identifying and paying cost. H 11 Times.

FOUND—Lady's gold watch, Friday, Nov. 18; give identification marks. Thomas Mortland, Fulton Club.

FOUND, Nov. 20.—INTERBOROUGH R. T. CO. Apply Lost Property Room, 9 Morris St.; SECOND AVENUE ELEVATED.—Umbrella, hand bag, purse, book, gloves, odd gloves, shoes, overalls, tablecloth, piece silk, market bag, velvet bag, mineral water. THIRD AVENUE ELEVATED—Umbrella, wrist bag, satchel, 2 purses, 4 books, package photos, gloves, odd gloves, photo, badge, slippers, shoes, piece cloth, shirt, &c.; corsets, cotton goods, apron, &c.; 2 aprons, handkerchief, shirt, skate, muff, cigarettes, ink, plush bag, spectacles, shovel. SIXTH AVENUE ELEVATED—Coat, &c.; pocketbook, purse, 6 pairs gloves, odd glove, 2 books, music, muff, papers, hat, photos, thermometer, shoes. NINTH AVENUE ELEVATED—Umbrella, eyeglasses, 4 pairs gloves, clothes, waist, cover, package, package paper, can stain, overalls, &c. SUBWAY—Muff, 2 portfolios, cigars, 3 hand bags, cigar case, 2 pocketbooks, 2 purses, eyeglasses, check, necklace, book, law book, license, sweater and book, 2 keys, bill, 2 pairs gloves, 2 odd gloves, 2 pairs shoes, overalls, collar, handkerchief, veil, sweater, box mats, &c., 2 neckpieces, 2 muffs.

FOUND, Nov. 19, 20—BROOKLYN R. T. CO. Apply 167 Montague St., Brooklyn; Surface and Elevated—Toothbrushes, atomizers, muff, shoes, apron and towel, hat box and hat, lady's comb, eyeglasses and case, guard's cap and badge, (Interborough,) kid gloves, order book, cardboard, child's muff, ex. book, black bag, frame and other articles, rosary beads, satchel, jacket, brace, box shoes, shoes and hat, photos, trousers, account book, watch, pencil box, fob, rasp, insurance book, sign, block of wood, shoes, comb, pocketbooks, umbrellas.

FOUND, Nov. 20.—NEW ENGLAND NAVIGATION CO. Apply foot of Warren St.: S. S. PROVIDENCE, Fall River Line—Belt, pin, gloves, papers, watch key, nightshirt, toothbrush, eyeglasses, gloves, slippers, two bags, cuffs and buttons. S. S. PLYMOUTH, Fall River Line—Box, tablets, razor strop and gloves, clock, baby pad, pipe, bottle medicine, pajamas, nightshirt, book, scapular.

FOUND, Nov. 20—JERSEY CENTRAL R. R. Apply Station Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Book.

FOUND, Nov. 20—NEW YORK CENTRAL R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Grand Central Station: Muffler, sweater, railroad ticket, muff, handbag, package.

FOUND, Nov. 20—LONG ISLAND R. R. Apply Lost Property Bureau, Long Island City: Two bags, two packages.

FOUND, Nov. 20—LACKAWANNA R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Hoboken, N. J.: Five packages, box, dress case, 3 umbrellas.

FOUND, Nov. 20—PENNSYLVANIA R. R. Apply Baggage Master, Jersey City, N. J.: Overcoat, envelope, umbrella, pocketbook, toilet case, safety razor, soapdish, 2 pairs of pajamas, book, railroad map.

FOUND, Nov. 20—ERIE R. R. Apply Information Bureau, Jersey City, N. J.: Package, watch.

FOUND, Nov. 20—NEW PENNSYLVANIA STATION, 33d St. and 7th Av. Apply Baggage Room: Two packages, book, cap, package of flowers, earring.

FOUND, Nov. 20—WEST SHORE R. R. Apply Station Master, Weehawken, N. J.: Package.

FOUND, Nov. 19 and 20—HUDSON & MANHATTAN R. R. CO.—Hudson Tubes. Apply 137 Christopher St.: Muff, umbrella, three packages, toy, gloves, purses, handbags, suitcase, roll of music.

APARTMENTS TO LET
Furnished.

20c. a line 1 time; 3 times 18c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

Six-room corner apartment overlooking Hudson; references. Sheridan, Riverside Drive, corner 127th St.

LOST

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Nov. 16, 18-inch black bag, worn, containing gentleman's toilet articles, other valuable articles, private memorandums, showing owner's name and address. Reward, no questions asked, if returned to Frank A. Scranton, 50 Morningside Av. East.

LOST—If chauffeur who took party to Cathedral Plaza, 100 West 110th St., late Saturday night and neglected to leave traveling bag, will return same to above address, Apartment 60S, a liberal reward will be paid and no questions asked.

LOST—Bank book 1,089,442 of the Bowery Savings Bank, 130 Bowery, New York. The finder is requested to return it to the bank. If not restored before the 21st day of December application will be made to the bank for a new book.

LOST—On Saturday, 6th Av., 45th to 107th Sts., Riverside Drive, lady's ring; three large stones of two diamonds and sapphire; liberal reward offered. W. A. Wheelock, 343 Riverside Drive.

LOST—On Thursday, Nov. 17, a diamond bar pin at Metropolitan Opera House or between there and 54th St., liberal reward paid and no questions asked. 32 West 54th St.

LOST—Sunday morning, a bunch of keys on or near Amsterdam Av., between 113th and 122d Sts. Reward will be paid for return to Mr. Goodrich, 522 West 122d St.

LOST—Friday, Nov. 18, diamond pendant and platinum neck chain; liberal reward. Return to Grace Heitman, 52 West 38th St. Phone 406 Murray Hill.

LOST—Lady's watch, with three-leaf clover of diamonds; case, 5,057,880; movement, 14,674,189; liberal reward. Agnes Powers, 107 East 85th St.

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LOST.—A handsome beaver muff, probably between 26th and 27th Sts., Lenox Av.; liberal reward. 1 East 128th St. 'Phone 314 Harlem.

LOST.—Saturday afternoon, Metropolitan Opera House, three-piece mink scarf. Suitable reward if returned to M. B. Hellner, 1 Broadway.

LOST—Bank book No. 18217, Yorkville Bank Special Deposit Department, issued to Feni Venetianer. Payment stopped. Return to bank.

LOST—Saturday night, between 26th St. and 119 West 78th St., or in taxi, sable scarf; $75 reward for return. Telephone 7852—Schuyler.

LOST—Gold ring with three large opals and four small pearls; suitable reward for return to Box 49 Whittier Hall, Amsterdam Av.

LOST—On 4th Av., by Wanamaker's store, a short mink stole. Finder return to Woolston, 431 West 121st St., and receive reward.

LOST—Muff, (skunk); lost in Broadway car at 127th St., Saturday, 3 P. M. Reward if left at Hotel Schuyler, 57 West 45th St.

LOST—Platinum and gold watch chain, locket, gold pencil, gold cigar cutter; reward and no questions asked. 356 Lexington Av.

LOST—Messenger boy, finding hat, 110th St., kindly return; reward. Mrs. E. D. Moran, 54 Cathedral Parkway, Apartment 11.

LOST—Saturday, a lady's gold watch; monogram M. H. S.; reward. Miss M. H. Smith, 320 West 82d St.

LOST—Thursday, bar pin, diamond crescent star in centre; liberal reward. Mitchell, 114 Liberty St.

LOST—Stamp catalogue at Allaire's restaurant. Will pay $5 for return to August Purper, 12 John St.

LOST—Fur collar, 79th St., Riverside Drive; liberal reward. John Miller, 67 Riverside Drive.

LOST—Diamond ring, 174th St., Bathgate Av.; liberal reward. Clark, 1,704 Bathgate Av.

LOST—On 75th St., rattlesnake skin bag. If found return to 37 West 75th St.

LOST—Black muff, Saturday evening. 824 West 86th St.

LIBERAL REWARD FOR RETURN OF 4-STONE DIAMOND LAVALLIERE, lost between Globe Theatre and Knickerbocker Hotel, Thursday, Nov. 17. Adeline Genee, Knickerbocker hotel.

LIBERAL REWARD offered for return of large sable collarette, lost Tuesday from taxicab leaving Waldorf midnight; no questions asked. L. E. Baird, Hotel Patterson, West 46th St.

$100 REWARD will be paid for return of diamond horseshoe shaped pin; lost between Waldorf-Astoria and Altman's, or in Altman's store, on Nov. 18; pin contains about forty small diamonds. Address H 9 Times.

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25c. a line 1 time; 3 times 20c. a line a day; 7 times 15c. a line a day.

LOST—Russian wolfhound dog; color white, black spots; reward. Capt. Henry, 16th Precinct.

BOARDERS WANTED

15c. a line 1 time; 3 times 12c. a line a day; 7 times 10c. a line a day.

West Side.

5TH AV., 46.—Well-furnished large, small rooms with board; all conveniences; table guests.

11TH ST., 29 WEST.—Clean, sunny room, comfortably furnished; running water, telephone; good table.

48TH ST., 115 WEST.—A private family offer with board large room, to a gentleman.

47TH ST., 63 WEST.—Rooms, large and small, private baths; 'phone; exclusive; with board.

58TH ST., 336 WEST.—Rooms tastefully furnished; superior accommodations; try our table board; home cooking.

70TH ST., 32 WEST.—Nicely furnished, desirable, large, medium rooms; parlor dining; excellent table; references.

70TH ST., 151 WEST.—Third-story room; private bathroom; hot water supply; telephone; references.

72D ST., 159 WEST.—Two large, handsomely furnished rooms; southern exposure; parlor dining room; references.

72D ST., 166 WEST.—Unusually large, handsome room, bath; desirable single rooms; superior cuisine; references.

74TH ST., 123 WEST.—Desirable physician's office, with extension; suitable two; rooms; table guests; references.

74TH ST., 102 WEST.—Clean, bright suite; private bath; single rooms; quiet, refined; table guests.

76TH ST., 237 WEST.—Newly furnished, decorated, with bath, large closets; parlor dining room; excellent table; table board; telephones; Christians; references.

76TH ST., 114 WEST.—Single room, suitable for student; private house; telephone; table guests accommodated.

76TH ST., 243 WEST.—With board, attractive large room; private bath; references.

76TH ST., 249 WEST.—Newly furnished rooms; attractive front basement; references required.

79TH ST., 121 WEST.—Rooms and board; high-grade.

80TH ST., 163 WEST.—Alcove front room, small room, steam heat; parlor dining room. Davidson.

80TH ST., 156 WEST.—Desirable rooms; parlor dining room; telephone; references exchanged; terms moderate.

80TH ST., 184 WEST.—Handsomely furnished rooms; first-class board; reasonable.

82D ST., 74 WEST.—Table guests accommodated; select parlor dining room; excellent cuisine.

91ST ST., 54 WEST.—Elegant, large, warm rooms; handsomely furnished; every convenience; superior board; telephone.

93D ST., 21 WEST.—Cheerful, sunny rooms; double and single; first-class French cooking; near Park and "L" station.

93D ST., 161 WEST.—Large, comfortable room; other rooms; running water; gentlemen preferred; board optional.

96TH ST., 57 WEST.—Newly decorated; large closets; every comfort; private house; board optional.

96TH ST., 61 WEST.—Large front room, sunny dressing room; parlor dining room.

113TH ST., 560 WEST.—Large room, newly furnished; southern exposure; private bathroom; medium, single rooms.

117TH, 417 WEST.—Modern residence; beautiful room, private bath; smaller room also; Subway and elevated; best possible location. 4680 Morningside.

125TH ST., CORNER (2,018) 5TH AV.—Large well furnished front rooms, conveniences, $2.50 up. Deisinger.

127TH ST., 216 WEST.—Nicely furnished, large rooms, with board; references.

129TH ST., 143 WEST.—Elegantly furnished second-story front room; southern exposure; hot water; new; piano, telephone; parlor; private house; American family; excellent table, references.

129TH ST., 106 WEST.—Gentlemen find excellent home and board; refined Jewish surroundings; references; moderate.

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West Side.

157TH, 237 WEST.—Families desiring good, comfortable home, good, liberal table, will find same at very low terms; use laundry, telephone. Croner.

141ST ST., 527 WEST.—Desirable rooms, connecting; private house; steam heat, telephone; references; table guests.

142D, 512 WEST.—Large and small cheerful rooms; connecting or otherwise; attractive house, steam-heated; unusually good table; phone Audubon, 5075 W.

149TH ST., 540 TO 546 WEST.
Main entrance, 544, near Broadway Subway. A few vacancies; large room, $14; another, $18 weekly for two; house well heated; every comfort; excellent meals. Telephone 2757—Audubon.

152D ST., 502 WEST.—Nicely furnished rooms, first-class board; large private house; $14 up for two; convenient to Subway and L.

ALLIANCE HOUSE, 258-260 West 44th St.—Small family hotel, centrally located; elevator and telephone service, baths and writing rooms on each floor; excellent cuisine; moderate rates, quiet place for quiet people. Telephone 793 Bryant.

IN REFINED HOUSE near 79th St. Subway; a handsomely furnished room, adjoining bath, suitable lady or gentleman; price, $10 per week; tray breakfast optional. G 132 Times.

ST. NICHOLAS AV., 761.—Exceptionally nice rooms for gentlemen or couples; excellent table; private.

WAVERLY PLACE, 101, Washington Square N. W.—Desirable rooms, suite or single; private baths; steam; excellent table; service good.

1.—WEST END AV., 879, (corner 103d.)—Block from Riverside Park; Subway express station, surface cars, and Riverside buses; finest location in New York; handsomely furnished rooms; superior table.

East Side.

15TH ST., 218 EAST.—Boarders wanted; most desirable rooms; view of Stuyvesant Park; excellent table; references; telephone.

21ST ST., 145 EAST, Gramercy Park.—Desirable rooms; reasonable; excellent table; reference; telephone.

34TH, 117-119 EAST,
THE NAYLOR.
Large and small rooms; telephone; table board.

80TH ST., 40 EAST.—Large and single rooms, select house; steam heat, elevator; fine table.

IRVING PLACE, 71.—Desirable large, small rooms; private baths; excellent board. Telephone 1978 Gramercy.

MADISON AV., 604-606.—Single and double rooms, second floor; excellent board; parlor dining.

Brooklyn.

MONTAGUE TERRACE HEIGHTS, 5.—Most accessible locality Greater New York; Subway; trolley, bridge; ferry to Wall St., Broadway; neighborhood aristocratic; home atmosphere, elegant home; table choicest products New York markets; rooms; parlor floor. 905 Main.

MONTA

SEEK BUTCHER GONE FROM WARD'S ISLAND

Testimony of Supt. Mabon and Others Lays Blame for Meat Thefts on Him.

MISSING SINCE SATURDAY

Within a Few Minutes of Katzenstein's Arrest a Telephone Message Caused Him to Hurry from the Island.

From a search for evidence concerning the system by which the 4,600 poor and infirm charges of the State on Ward's Island were forced to eat thin soup and scant rations of meat while the food intended for them found its way into the hands of the grease and bone dealer, Simon Katzenstein, the investigation of Commissioner of Accounts Fosdick turned yesterday to a police hunt for Abraham Martin, a State employe for whom a warrant has been sworn out. Martin, by deserting Ward's Island when the arrest of Katzenstein for hauling away six barrels of food and one of bones on an order calling for seven barrels of bones, became known Saturday, gave the authorities a clue on which to work in unearthing Katzenstein's allies among the State's employes.

The missing man was the head meat cutter on Ward's Island. He received the meats from the contractors, cut them up for kitchen use, and distributed them to four stewards representing four branches of the Manhattan State Hospital for the Insane, the only institution so far involved. How he received his information of Katzenstein's arrest is one of the things Commissioner Fosdick will try to unravel this morning in a continuation of yesterday's hearing.

Martin Gone Since Saturday.

All that is known now is that at 10:30 o'clock Saturday, just after Katzenstein's capture had been made and the barrels he received from the State's boat Wanderer had been unloaded in his Bronx yards, disclosing their food contents, Martin was called from his butcher's block to the telephone. He was pale when he turned away from it, according to his assistant, and he said his girl wanted to see him in Manhattan and he would have to hurry away. He left aboard the Wanderer, without a pass, which he had never done before in all the five years he had been a State employe. It was an hour before any one else on Ward's Island learned of the arrest of Katzenstein or the theft of meat, and no one thought to detain the butcher.

Martin came to the island in 1905, and in February, 1908, became chief meat cutter. Katzenstein, who, it is estimated, got away with nearly a ton and a half of meat every week, began his operations as a contractor on the island in 1904, and had come there steadily ever since. He paid the State $13 a ton for the bones he removed under his contract, though the contractor for the city institutions pays $36 a ton for the same products.

This bit of information, together with much more that illuminated the State's methods of accounting, and the system through which the leakage of food in bulk was made possible, came out in the examination of State employes, the crew of the Wanderer, and the Katzensteins, father and son, by Commissioner Fosdick yesterday.

The examination disclosed an apparent disposition on the part of the State Insane Asylum employes to throw the whole blame on the missing butcher and Simon Katzenstein.

The figures given to Commissioner Fosdick by Chief Clerk Riordan of the State institution ran counter at once to the evidence gathered by his detectives. The figures indicated that on last Saturday morning Katzenstein's shipment left Ward's Island in the form of four barrels of bones. The load, as discovered by Mr. Fosdick's examiners, consisted of seven barrels instead of four. Mr. Fosdick is anxious to know why the chief clerk's records should have shown the shipment of four barrels of bones only. There is a conflict also, he has found, between the clerk's records and the records of the Wanderer on which all goods leave and arrive at Ward's Island from the pier at the foot of East 116th Street.

The testimony of Supt. William Mabon brought out the manner in which he believes the thefts occurred, without involving any official on the island other than the missing butcher. The butcher shop, he testified, is located in a three-compartment warehouse adjoining the pier, the other buildings of the State hospital being 500 yards or more further back, where nothing would be observed of what was going on between the butcher shop and the Wanderer's pier.

The custom was for the butcher to ship to Manhattan his accumulation of bones twice a week, sending no fat with the bones, as that was to be retained for use in the institution's soap factory. The bones, moreover, were to be boiled, but Commissioner Fosdick found that those in Katzenstein's wagon were fresh trimmings, and not at all the product described by Dr. Mabon as being called for under the State's contract with Katzenstein.

$15,000 Loss a Year.

Dr. Mabon was asked by Commissioner Fosdick to estimate the amount of meat stolen each year, and he said that he did not believe the losses affected seriously the rations of the hospital's patients. He said that the total meat purchases amounted to 10½ ounces per patient per day, making 3,000 pounds per day. The subtraction of 1,400 pounds per week would affect each patient's allowance, he said, only one-half ounce per day. He was very sure that he had received no complaints from patients about the thinness of the rations, and was confident that they were satisfied, since he himself had visited every dining room at least once a week, and had observed abundant portions on every visit.

Commissioner Fosdick's figures did not tally with Dr. Mabon's. He placed the probable weekly thefts at 2,800 pounds, and the loss through theft per year at from 140,000 to 150,000 pounds, making a total loss of from 12 to 14 per cent. of all the meat allowed to the inmates and a money loss, at 10 cents a pound, of $15,000.

No evidence was obtained yesterday affecting city institutions, and Mr. Fosdick announced that as soon as he was assured none would be affected, he would drop the investigation, leaving it to Harry W. Mack, counsel for the State asylum, who was present yesterday listening to the evidence brought out.

An effort was made to learn from Katzenstein if he had ever had any dealings with city institutions, but he refused to answer. He had sent his books to Mr. Fosdick before he retained Charles E. F. McCann as counsel, and the latter's first act was to demand that the books be returned. Mr. Fosdick refused to deliver them, and was threatened with a legal proceeding to force their return. Lawyer McCann afterward stated his client was anxious to make a full confession, and would appear before the Commissioner of Accounts this afternoon prepared to do so. His hearing on the two charges of grand larceny, which may be changed to receiving stolen goods, and on a charge of attempting to bribe a policeman, will be held in Morrisania Court in the morning.

FREE TURKEY FOR THE POLICE

Anonymous Friend of the Manhattan Force Donates 5,309 Birds.

Every policeman in Manhattan, not to mention every clerk, elevator operator, laborer, and bootblack in the Police Department of the borough, will return from his station to-day carrying home a turkey, one of 5,309 of its kind, the gift of some anonymous friend of the force.

The name of the donor of the turkeys is withheld by Commissioner Cropsey, who merely gave out the fact that some man had called at his office a week ago and offered to present a turkey for Thanksgiving to every member of the force in Manhattan if the rules of the department did not prohibit it. Commissioner Cropsey agreed to permit the gift, thereby suspending the provision of the rule against acceptance of gifts by policemen. It will be the first time in the history of the department that a present of the sort has been made to the police.

BEWARE STORAGE TURKEYS.

And Forget the Microbes in the Thanksgiving Menu, Says Dr. Wiley.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 21.—"Eat thy fill on Thanksgiving Day and forget Wiley and the microbe, but do not eat cold storage turkey."

This is the message to the American people from Dr. Harvey W. Wiley, the Government's food expert, who has been waging vigorous war against germs of all kinds. It will be a day of truce for Dr. Wiley, too, as he will not slay a single microbe.

"I believe," said Dr. Wiley to-day, "that the eating public is entitled to one day in the year upon which the inner man may be satisfied without thought of germs."

PRICE OF TURKEY GOES UP.

Plenty to be Had at 30@32c. a Pound —Chickens and Geese 20@22c.

Thanksgiving turkey will cost 30 to 32 cents a pound, marketmen said yesterday, despite the fact that there is no particular scarcity of the fowls. Prices are due to take a jump to-day, they said, increasing demand making it impossible to obtain stock under 28 or 30 cents.

Turkeys were selling last week at 25 cents a pound, but heavy advance orders sent prices to 28 and 30 cents. Prices for chickens and geese also went up yesterday to 20 and 22 cents, respectively.

SAXE STARTS ROW IN CLUB.

Republicans Protest When He Proposes a Diagnosis of Party Ailment.

There was a post-mortem discussion on the causes of the recent Republican disaster at the polls at the monthly meeting of the Republican Club last night. It came near ending in a row, notwithstanding that much oil was poured on the troubled waters.

It was started by ex-Senator Martin Saxe, who is a resident of the Fifteenth Assembly District. He offered a resolution calling on the Committees of State and City Affairs of the club to find out what was the matter with the Grand Old Party in the State and in New York County that it could not gain the victory in the last election.

In speaking to his resolution Mr. Saxe hurled a few verbal bricks at Congressman Herbert Parsons, who was not re-elected, and Lloyd C. Griscom, Chairman of the Republican County Committee. Mr. Saxe attributed the defeat of the Republican candidates for Congress, Senate, and Assembly to the leadership of Mr. Parsons and Mr. Griscom, and intimated that he wanted to find out if the time had not come for a thorough reorganization for 1912.

Joseph Levenson, Republican leader of the Second Assembly District and a strong Parsons man, took exception to what Mr. Saxe said about Mr. Parsons.

Ex-Senator Nathaniel A. Elsberg spoke in the same vein. Finally Mr. Saxe said that the discussion had convinced him that, perhaps, the action he proposed would hurt rather than help, and acquiesced in the tabling of the resolution.

Ex-Mayor Seth Low, President of the club, presided. He made a speech after the agreement had been reached to let the thing drop. He saw that was a course to follow.

Attempts were afterward made to make little of what had occurred. Although the angry voices of the speakers at the meeting penetrated to the reception room, where the reporters awaited the announcement of what had occurred, it was said after adjournment that everything was perfectly harmonious.

END BRINCKERHOFF CONTEST

Disappointed Heirs Will Go to Courts for a Ruling as to Will's Validity.

Special to The New York Times.

WHITE PLAINS, N. Y., Nov. 21.—It is believed generally that the contest over the will of the late Mrs. Mary E. Brinckerhoff of Hastings, who left an estate valued at about $7,000,000, will be dropped and that the document will be admitted. Counsel for one of the principal contestants said to-night that the fight probably would result in an appeal to the Supreme Court for a ruling as to the validity of the will. For this reason no evidence as to the alleged incompetency of the decedent will be introduced in the Surrogates' Court.

Efforts to-day to prove that Mrs. Brinckerhoff had done an irrational act failed. S. B. Robinson, a lawyer, and Dr. Edwin P. Swift, both of New York, witnesses to the will, testified, but few of the contestants were in court.

Robinson said that when called to Mrs. Brinckerhoff's home in West Eightieth Street, New York City, on Feb. 3, 1906, to witness the will, he found that her mental condition was good. He said she impressed him as being free from restraint and influence. Dr. Swift found Mrs. Brinckerhoff perfectly clear in her mind, and said his opinion was she fully understood what she was doing.

Counsel for several contestants tried to show that Edward S. Avery, Theodore Avery, and Miss Helen Avery, the principal legatees, tried to prevent others from seeing Mrs. Brinckerhoff. Dr. Swift never had heard that relatives had been excluded.

YESTERDAY'S FIRES.

A. M.	Loss.
12:50—83 E. 91st St.; Adolph Aronstein	$1,000
3:55—46 W. 134th St.; Caroline Rothschild	Trifling
6:14—1,464 to 1,478 Southern Boulevard; Thomas Waters and others	$15,000
6:15—147 Bleecker St.; William Reed	$20
7:20—434 E. 10th St.; Wm. P. Yanra	$25
8:05—58 West 3d St.; White Goldleaf Co.	Trifling
8:20—11 West 118th St.; unknown	Trifling
9:15—1,318 Washington Av.; P. Glasschrik.	Trifling
10:50—750 Cauldwell Av.; Sam Prince	$25
11:30—220 W. 141st St.; M. Harrigan	Trifling
11:30—615 E. 15th St.; Mr. Goldstein	Trifling
P. M.	
12:45—2,115 8th Av.; M. Debask	Slight
1:10—120 W. 56th St.; M. Mittenders	$500
2:55—409 E. 29th St.; unknown	$10
3:30—224 E. 103d St.; David Rubin	Trifling
4:00—205 Grand St.; Mary Jellen	$25
5:15—290 E. 99th St.; E. Rosenbaum	Trifling
5:20—145th St. and Convent Av.; Interborough Railway Company	Unknown
5:45—243 Eldridge St.; Max Rosen	Trifling
7:00—451 Washington St.; Mr. Gabel	Trifling
7:50—Central Park West and 99th St.; unknown	Trifling
8:45—422 W. 125th St.; Van Beuren & Co.	Trifling
9:00—244 to 250 W. 49th St.; Twentieth Century Auto Co.	Unknown
9:50—72 E. 113th St.; Mr. Hirschfield	Trifling
10:05—218 E. 116th St.; Louis Leipalsky	$3,000
10:15—12 Washington Place; Brown Waist Co.	$1,000
10:30—57 E. 98th St.; Abraham Levite	$200
10:40—1,738 Lexington Av.; Henry Bleier	$300

SAYS BACTERIOLOGY WILL BANISH DISEASE

But Not Until We Get More Powerful Microscopes, Says Dr. Flexner.

PRAISES KOCH AND PASTEUR

Little Advance Since the Latter's Time Owing to Scientific Handicaps, He Asserts at Columbia.

Dr. Simon Flexner, director of the Rockefeller Institute, spoke at Columbia University last night on "The Rise of Bacteriology." He told of the achievements of Pasteur and Koch, reviewing the progress of the science in late years, and predicted a great future for this "most practical form of scientific endeavor."

The great check that has been encountered in the attempt to solve the problems of bacteriology, Dr. Flexner declared, is the impossibility, even with our most powerful microscopes, to bring into the human vision some very minute parasitic infection carriers. These minute germs are living organisms, asserted the lecturer, which is established beyond question, for only living matter could behave in the way they act.

"Our present microscopes," said Dr. Flexner, resolve into vision only the relatively coarser particles of matter."

An auditor questioned Dr. Flexner as to whether in view of this, Metchnikoff's prophecy of a diseaseless world would come ever to pass.

"Yes," replied Dr. Flexner, "I think that that may some day be, but you and I will never see it."

Dr. Flexner divided disease infection into two classes, spontaneous and experimental. Natural diseases, he said, are the result of spontaneous infection. Experimental infection is the attempt to duplicate spontaneous infection for scientific investigation. But it is not always possible, Dr. Flexner declared, to reproduce spontaneous infections experimentally, and our failure to discover the cause of many diseases is due to our inability successfully to transmit these spontaneous infections into the lower animals.

While it is impossible even by segregation of the human being from all sources of disease to rid the world of bacterial infection, we may reduce the extent of germ ravages. In addition to the scientific means which have been found to check disease, nature provides many mechanisms as a defense against bacteria. This, said Dr. Flexner, is a marvelous example of so-called animal adaptation.

Dr. Flexner told how Pasteur discovered the character of the pest which was destroying the silkworm, and causing an annual loss to France of 100,000 francs. This work, said the lecturer, was the foundation of Pasteur's later fruitful studies in bacteriological science.

As showing how complete were Pasteur's investigations in many fields of science, Dr. Flexner stated that in the twenty-five years since Pasteur's time practically nothing new has been discovered with reference, for instance, to the origin and treatment of hydrophobia. Dr. Flexner also reviewed the work of Koch in tuberculosis, and discussed the accomplishments of other scientists.

"In no other natural science," declared Dr. Flexner in conclusion, "has practical achievement followed more quickly and surely upon what was in the beginning thought to be abstract knowledge, than in bacteriology."

AIMS TO SAVE HUMAN LIFE.

Many Devices Shown in the Exposition Opened in the Engineering Building.

The permanent exposition of safety devices of the American Museum of Safety was opened formally last night in the Engineering Societies Building, in West Thirty-ninth Street, near Fifth Avenue. The museum, which will be a fixture, is formed to conserve human life, and the hope of the founders, among whom are some of the better-known citizens of this city, is eventually to make it equal to the similar museum in Berlin, where on view are thousands of devices to conserve the lives of the workers.

The opening of the museum was attended by several hundred men well known in the scientific and industrial life of this city. During the evening two gold medals, the first to be awarded by the museum, were presented. One, the gift of the Scientific American, was given to the Patent Scaffolding Company, and the other to the United States Steel Corporation. The first was for the invention and development of a scaffold that has greatly reduced the mortality due to workmen falling from scaffolds used in the construction of skyscrapers, and the other for the system of appliances by which the steel trust protects its employes in its steel and iron foundries.

Not only will the new museum encourage the development of safety appliances, but it will aim to develop sanitary and other appliances or remedies that will reduce the death rate in diseases contracted as a result of the work in which the workman is engaged.

The charter members of the American Museum of Safety are Cleveland H. Dodge, Norman E. Ditman, Philip T. Dodge, Irving Fisher, Robert A. Franks, Elbert H. Gary, George Gilmour, A. A. Hopkins, Frederick R. Hutton, Charles Kirchoff, Thomas Lynch, V. Everit Macy, T. Commerford Martin, William J. Moran, Frederick E. Rogers, Louis L. Seaman, Edwin R. A. Seligman, Albert R. Shattuck, William H. Tolman, Franklin Webster, Henry D. Whitfield, and Arthur Williams.

Among the industries affected are the electrical, steel, building, vehicle, railways, aviation, hand implements, tools, elevators, steam boilers, explosives, fire, loading and unloading, and a hundred others in which many workers have been killed and maimed.

Each of the scores of safety devices or models on view has something to recommend it. For instance, the model of the safety scaffolds, through use of which loss of life in the construction of high buildings has been minimized, is shown in detail. Another device supplies fresh air, minimizing the danger due to close or impure air; others show means of saving life at fires. There are respirators to protect the gasmaker, appliances to protect men in steel and iron foundries, others to safeguard passenger and freight elevators, to make railroading safer, and scores of others in every branch of industry.

Perjurer Goes to Prison.

Walter L. Phyfe, a butcher, living at 201 West 145th Street, who recently confessed that he had perjured himself during the trial of William Heineman, convicted of manslaughter before Judge Swann last October, was sentenced to Sing Sing for not less than five nor more than nine years and six months by Judge Mulqueen in General Sessions yesterday.

STABBED IN STORE BY NEGRO ROBBER

Thief Attacks a Third Avenue Delicatessen Dealer After Seizing His Money.

ESCAPES BY THE REAR YARD

Supposed Accomplice Also Flees After Heinbach's Assailant Gets Away—Victim's Condition Is Serious.

Simon Heinbach, a delicatessen dealer at 850 Third Avenue, is in Flower Hospital, suffering from two stab wounds in the side, inflicted early yesterday morning by a negro who entered his store and attacked him while he was cutting a slice of pork for which the negro had asked. The negro then seized a roll of bills from the cash register and fled.

Shortlyt after 6 o'clock Heinbach, who lives at 324 East Fifty-second Street, opened the store and took from a drawer $135 he had placed there on Saturday night. He was counting the money when a man who is supposed to have been the negro's accomplice entered, bought a cheese sandwich, and departed. It is believed he went by the back door. At the same moment the negro entered, and asked for 10 cents worth of pork.

Heinbach was slicing the meat when the negro grabbed the bills, which Heinbach had placed in the cash register, and started for the door. Heinbach jumped over the counter and hurled two bottles of catsup at the man, and as they smashed on the wall, the negro turned on Heinbach. Driving him against the counter, he thief picked up the knife with which the meat had been cut and twice stabbed Heinbach. The negro then fled through the rear yard, climbed the fence, and disappeared.

Heinbach crawled to the front door and called Henry Fisher, a neighbor, who was passing, and who lifted him to a chair. The East Fifty-first Street Police Station is around the corner, and Fisher dispatched a boy there for aid. An ambulance from Flower Hospital brought Dr. Botsford, and by the time he arrived Heinbach had collapsed.

Mrs. Meta Petersen, janitor of the tenement in which the store is situated, said she saw a man running from the rear hall, and when she spoke to him he brushed her aside and fled out of the front door, and she saw him mount the steps of the elevated station at Fifty-third Street. No one else could be found who saw the negro. The knife was found stuck in the counter.

Plan a Monument to Maternity.

The Maternity Monument Association applied yesterday in the Supreme Court for a certificate of incorporation. Its object generally is the cultivation and dissemination of various branches of art, with special emphasis on sculpture, and it purposes to erect a statue depicting the subject of maternity, in Central Park or some other suitable location. Among those signing the application are Albert Baumann and C. D. Randall.

MRS. MARTIN UPSETS COURT.

Interrupts Insanity Hearing When Reference Is Made to Murder Charge.

Mrs. Caroline B. Martin, who is undergoing judicial examination as to her sanity in the Essex County Court House in Newark, again interrupted the proceedings yesterday by declaring that she was a victim of a conspiracy entered into by Judge Ten Eyck, Prosecutor Mott, his assistant, Louis Hood, and the lawyers interested in her case. The court was compelled to call a recess and threatened to exclude Mrs. Martin from the hearing.

Mrs. Martin became excited while Dr. Walter S. Washington, one of the experts, was reading a long statement telling of an examination he made of Mrs. Martin in the Essex County Jail.

Dr. Washington mentioned that he had been asked to make the examination by Chandler W. Riker, counsel for Mrs. Martin. When he referred to the charge of murder Mrs. Martin became visibly excited.

"Murder! Murder!" shouted Mrs. Martin. "I never committed murder—never, never any more than the Judge."

She arose from her chair, crying and wringing her hands.

"Why, I never even murdered a fly," she said.

"He didn't accuse you of murder," said Judge Ten Eyck, as efforts were made to quiet her. But she continued to weep.

Several times during the doctor's recital of his jail interviews Mrs. Martin interrupted, once declaring the physician's summary a concoction of the prosecution.

NEW YORK'S LEADING THEATRES.

EMPIRE B'way & 40 St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Thanks. & Sat. 2:15. 3 Mats. This Week—To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. JOHN DREW in his greatest success, Smith

MONDAY, DEC. 5, SEAT SALE THUR., DEC. 1. CHARLES FROHMAN Presents WILLIAM GILLETTE IN HIS FAREWELL APPEARANCE IN HIS FAMOUS SUCCESSES OPENING PLAY—WEEK OF DEC. 5 SHERLOCK HOLMES

LYCEUM 45th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. "Distinctly successful."—Eve. Sun. THE IMPORTANCE OF BEING EARNEST with A. E. MATTHEWS. By OSCAR WILDE.

GARRICK 35th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:20. Mat. To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. The Speckled Band An Adventure of Sherlock Holmes By A. Conan Doyle. 3 Mats. This Week—To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat.

KNICKERBOCKER. B'way & 38th St. Evs. 8 sharp. Mats. Sat. & Thanksgiving Day. 2. JULIA NEILSON FRED TERRY LAST WEEK. THE SCARLET PIMPERNEL NEXT MON., 3 Weeks Only. Seats Now. MISS NEILSON and MR. TERRY in HENRY OF NAVARRE.

HUDSON 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mat. To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. 3 Mats. This Week—To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. David Belasco presents Blanche Bates in NOBODY'S WIDOW.

CRITERION B'way, 44th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. 3 Mats. This Week—To-m'w, Thurs. & Sat. 112TH TIME THE COMMUTERS By JAMES FORBES

BIJOU B'way & 30th St., at 8:20. Matinees Thurs. & Sat. 2:20. TO-NIGHT AT 8:20. ZELDA SEARS in THE NEST EGG. A NEW COMEDY

NEW AMSTERDAM W. 42 St. Evs. 8:15. Mat. To-m'w, $1.50. 3 Mats. This Week. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. Lina Abarbanell with Ralph Herz. MADAME SHERRY!

NEW YORK B'way & 45th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thanks. & Sat. 2:15. MLLE. EMMA TRENTINI in NAUGHTY MARIETTA With ORVILLE HARROLD.

GAIETY B'WAY & 46TH ST. EVES. 8:15 MATS. WED. & SAT. 2:15. COHAN'S BIGGEST HIT GET-RICH-QUICK WALLINGFORD

LIBERTY West 42d St. Ev. 8:15. Mats. To-m'w, Thanks. & Sat. 2:15. Best Comedy in Town THE COUNTRY BOY By Edgar Selwyn.

JOE WEBER'S B'y 29th St. Mats. Thanks. & Sat. KITTY GORDON in ALMA WHERE DO YOU LIVE? with JOHN McCLOSKEY.

GRAND 23d St., 8th Av. 25-50-75c., 1.00. Spec'l Mat. Thurs. THE ARCADIANS

CHARLES DILLINGHAM'S GLOBE Broadway 46th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Thurs & Sat. 2:15. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING. Adeline Genee in THE BACHELOR BELLES

HAMMERSTEIN'S Evs. 25-50-75-1.00. Daily Mat. 25-50. Della Fox, Odiva, Rooney & Bent, Flo Irwin & Co., "Motoring" and 10 others

OLYMPIC East 14th St. Matinee To-day. NEW RENTZ-SANTLEY CO.

COLUMBIA B'way & 47th. Burlesque. Pop. Mat. To-day, 15c, 25c, 50c. Evs. & Sat. Mat. 25c. to $1. Smoking.

MURRAY HILL. Mat. To-day. Smoking. Eve. 8:15. Burlesque—THE GINGER GIRLS.

Kennedy 12 Cortlandt St. Men's Department Store.

Hats—Every fashionable novelty direct to you from the factory.

Fuzzy Soft Hats, $1.90 and $2.75

Flexible Derby, $1.90

Cloth Alpine, $1.90

Every fashionable color, great savings.

A new Derby, narrow, flat brim, very smart, $1.90

Arch prop shoe, $3.98

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For "Flat Foot" Bunions & weak ankle.

Our High Russets $3.98, worth $6.00. The smartest styles you ever saw.

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THE NEW THEATRE Cent. Pk. W. & 62d-63d Sts. 'Phone 8800 Col. To-night & Fri. Evgs. 8:15 & Wed. Mat. at 2 Maeterlinck's Miracle Play SISTER BEATRICE | & Besier's Comedy (DOUBLE BILL). DON

Wed. & Thurs. Evs. 8:30 & Sat. Mat. 2 PINERO'S POWERFUL DRAMA THE THUNDERBOLT

Thurs. Mat. 2 (Thanksgiving Day) & Sat. Evs. 8:30 SHAKESPEARE'S ROLLICKING COMEDY THE MERRY WIVES OF WINDSOR

NEXT WEEK: Mon. & Fri. Evgs. & Sat. Mat., Sister Beatrice and Don (Double Bill); Tues., Wed. & Thurs. Evs. & Wed. Mat., The Merry Wives of Windsor; Sat. Eve., The Thunderbolt.

MAJESTIC B'way & 59th St. Evgs. 8:30. Rez. Mats. Wed. & Thurs. at 2. Sat. 2:15. Mat. Thanksgiving. Extra Mat. Fri. at 3. Maurice Maeterlinck's THE BLUE BIRD "The Blue Bird For Happiness." New Theatre's Management. Original Cast.

Tickets for Shubert Theatres, in this group, Not Sold through Tyson's or McBride's.

HIPPODROME Entire Block, 6th Av., 43-44th Sts. Evs. at 8. Daily Matinees at 2. Best Seats $1.00. The Intern'l Cup | Ballet of 1 | The 12 Nez. | Circus Acts | Niagara | Earthquake

Lew Fields' HERALD SQ. & 35th TO-NIGHT at 8:15 LULU GLASER The Girl and the Kaiser HARRY Matinees Thanksgiving Day & Sat. CONOR.

BROADWAY B'way and 41st St. Evgs. 8:15. Mats Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST TWO WEEKS. MARIE CAHILL in a new musical comedy, JUDY FORGOT.

DALY'S B'way & 30th St. Evs. 8:30. "Best farce in ten years."—Eve. Mail. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30. BABY MINE

CASINO B'way and 39th. Evenings, 8:15. Mats Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. Sam Bernard in He Came from Milwaukee

Maxine Elliott's Thea., 39th, bet. B'y & 6th. Evgs. 8:30. Mat. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30. Charles Klein's New Play THE GAMBLERS with George Nash.

Comedy 41st, E. of B'way. Evgs., 8:30. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:30. Last Week Here. Next Week, Circle Theatre DOUGLAS FAIRBANKS in THE CUB

Nazimova's 39th St. Thea., 39th, nr. B'y. Evs. 8:30. Mats Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK WEEDON GROSSMITH in MR. PREEDY AND THE COUNTESS. MON., NOV. 28 MME. TROUBADOUR Will Move Here From the Lyric Theatre. Seats Selling Now.

HACKETT 42d, West of B'way. Evs., 8:20. Mats. Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST 2 WEEKS. MOTHER

LYRIC 42d St., West of B'way. Evgs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. 2:15. LAST WEEK AT THIS THEATRE. Next Monday at Nazimova's 39th St. Theatre. Georgia Cayvan | Ida Rengesalaer | Van Wheeler | Calhoun MME. TROUBADOUR TOES., NOV. 29 MRS. LESLIE CARTER IN TWO WOMEN By Rupert Hughes. SEATS ON SALE THURSDAY.

CIRCLE B'way & 60th St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Tom'w, Thanksg. & Sat. Thos. A. Wise in A Gentleman from Mississippi

WEST END 125th, W. of 8th Av. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Tom'w, Thanksgiving & Sat. H. B. WARNER in As-is JIMMY VALENTINE

MANHATTAN OPERA. West 34th St. Extr. Mat. Thursday. Evs. 8:15. Mat. Sat. 2:15. LAST 7 TIMES. THE FLUTE PLAYER. Prices, 25c. to $2. NEXT SUNDAY, 2D VAUDEVILLE CONCERT. NEXT MONDAY INAUGURATION VAUDEVILLE 23 Acts Ev., 15-25-35-50-75-1.00. Daily Mat., 15-25-35-50. HANS

METROPOLITAN OPERA HOUSE

Wed. Evg., LA GIOCONDA. Mmes. Destinn, Homer, Claessens (debut); MM. Caruso, Amato, de Segurola, Audisio. Conductor, Toscanini.

Thursday, Thanksgiving Day. Mat. at 1 o'clock, PARSIFAL. Mme. Fremstad; MM. Burrian, Amato, Witherspoon, Goritz, Reiss, Hinshaw. Cond., Hertz.

Thurs. Eve., at 8:15, RIGOLETTO. Mmes. Melba, Flahaut, Mattfeld; MM. Constantino, Renaud, Didur, Rossi, Bada. Conductor, Podesti.

Fri. Evg., Double Bill. CAVALLERIA RUSTICANA and PAGLIACCI. Mmes. Destinn, Alten, Wickham, Mattfeld; MM. Caruso, Martin, Amato, Gilly, Bada. Conductor, Podesti.

Sat. Aft., at 1:30, DIE WALKUERE. Mmes. Weidt, Morena, Flahaut; MM. Burrian, Soomer, Hinckley. Conductor, Hertz.

Next Week: Mon. Evg., LOHENGRIN. Mmes. Morena, Homer; MM. Jadlowker, Soomer, Hinckley, Hinshaw. Conductor, Hertz.

Tues. Evg., Special Perf'ce at 8:15, LA TRAVIATA. Mmes. Melba, Maubourg, Mattfeld; MM. Constantino, Galeffi (debut), Rossi, Reschiglian. Cond., Podesti.

Wed. Evg., ARMIDE. Mmes. Fremstad, Homer, Gluck, Rappold, Sparkes, Maubourg; MM. Caruso, Amato, Gilly, de Segurola, Bada. Cond., Toscanini.

BROOKLYN ACADEMY OF MUSIC. Sat. Evg., Nov. 26, at 8:15, ORFEO. Mmes. Homer, Rappold, Gluck, Sparkes. Conductor, Toscanini. WEBER PIANO USED.

MENDELSSOHN HALL Next Sat. Eve. at 8:15, NOV. 26 2nd SONG RECITAL Heinemann

The Eminent German Liedersaenger. HERR MANDELBROD AT THE PIANO. Prices, 75c. to $2. Now on sale at Box Office. Management R. E. JOHNSTON.

PHILHARMONIC —SOCIETY OF NEW YORK— GUSTAV MAHLER, Conductor. Carnegie Hall, TO-NIGHT, at 8:15. Soloist, Mme. ALMA GLUCK SCHUMANN 2ND SYMPHONY. CHERUBINI-DVORAK-SMETANA. 50c. to $2. Management Loudon Charlton.

CARNEGIE HALL, THIS AFTERNOON at 3 SONG RECITAL. ALESSANDRO BONCI

Tickets 75 cts. to $2, at Box Office, Carnegie Hall. Direction Haensel & Jones. Knabe Piano.

Mendelssohn Hall, To-day (Tues.), 2:30 P.M. Adolphe BORCHARD. Second Piano Recital. Seats $2 to 50c., at Hall. Management M. H. Hanson. Knabe Piano.

WALLACK'S B'way & 30th. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Thanksgiving at 3; Sat. at 2:15. MAY IRWIN ALWAYS A SUCCESS! In the Best Vehicle She Ever Had GETTING A POLISH

ASTOR B'way, 45th St. Evs. 8:20. Mats. Wed. & Sat. 2:30. Wed. Mat., 50c.-$1.50. EXTRA MAT. THANKSGIVING. THE GIRL IN THE TAXI with CARTER DE HAVEN.

COLONIAL Daily Mat. 25c. CHRISTY MATHEWSON & CHIEF MEYERS, Roland West & Co., M. P. Wilder.

ALHAMBRA Daily Mat. 25c. BALDINA & KOSLOFF, THE GOVERNOR'S SON, FRANK FOGERTY, others

BRONX 149th St. 3d Ave. Daily Mat. 25c. JULIUS STEGER & CO., MASON, KEELER & CO., MORTON & MOORE, others

BELASCO 44th St., nr. B'way. Evs. 8:30. Mats. Thursday & Sat. 2:30. THE NEW COMEDY "THE CONCERT"

REPUBLIC W. 42d St. Evs. 8:15. Mats. Wed., Thurs. & Sat. 2:15. REBECCA OF SUNNYBROOK FARM

AMERICAN DAILY MATINEE, 25c. 42d St., nr. B'way. 22 ALL STAR ACTS NOT ONLY QUANTITY, BUT QUALITY Arnold Daly, Star Bout, Rice & Cohen, Geo. Primrose, Willa Holt Wakefield, others.

MERLE ST. CROIX WRIGHT announces the Plaza annual lecture, "THE PHILOSOPHY OF LIFE," ten Thursdays at 11, January 19 to March 23. Course tickets $10. Mrs. Morris Manges, Treas., 72 E. 79th St., N.Y.

CITY THEATRE, E. 14 St. Ev. & Sat. Mat. 25c, 50c, 75c, $1. Wed. Mat. 25c to 75c. EXTRA MATINEE THURS. (Thanksg.) BESSIE McCOY in The Echo

IRVING PLACE THEATRE Every Eve., 8:15, and Thanksg. Matinee, 2:15, "Das Musikantenmaedel" ("The Musician's Girl,") operetta by G. Jarno. Sat. Mat., "Die Journalisten."

GRAND CENTRAL PALACE. Lex. Av. 43d St. POULTRY & CAT SHOW OPEN FROM 9 A.M. to 10 P.M. CLOSES NOV. 24. ADM. 50c.

Keith & Proctor's 5TH AVE. 28th St., B'way. Daily Mat. 25&50c. MACLYN ARBUCKLE, Chip & Marble, Nonette, Chas. Ahearn Troupe, Barry & Wolford, Patsy Doyle, oth.

ACADEMY OF MUSIC. 10, 20 & 30c. Daily Matinees. SIBERIA

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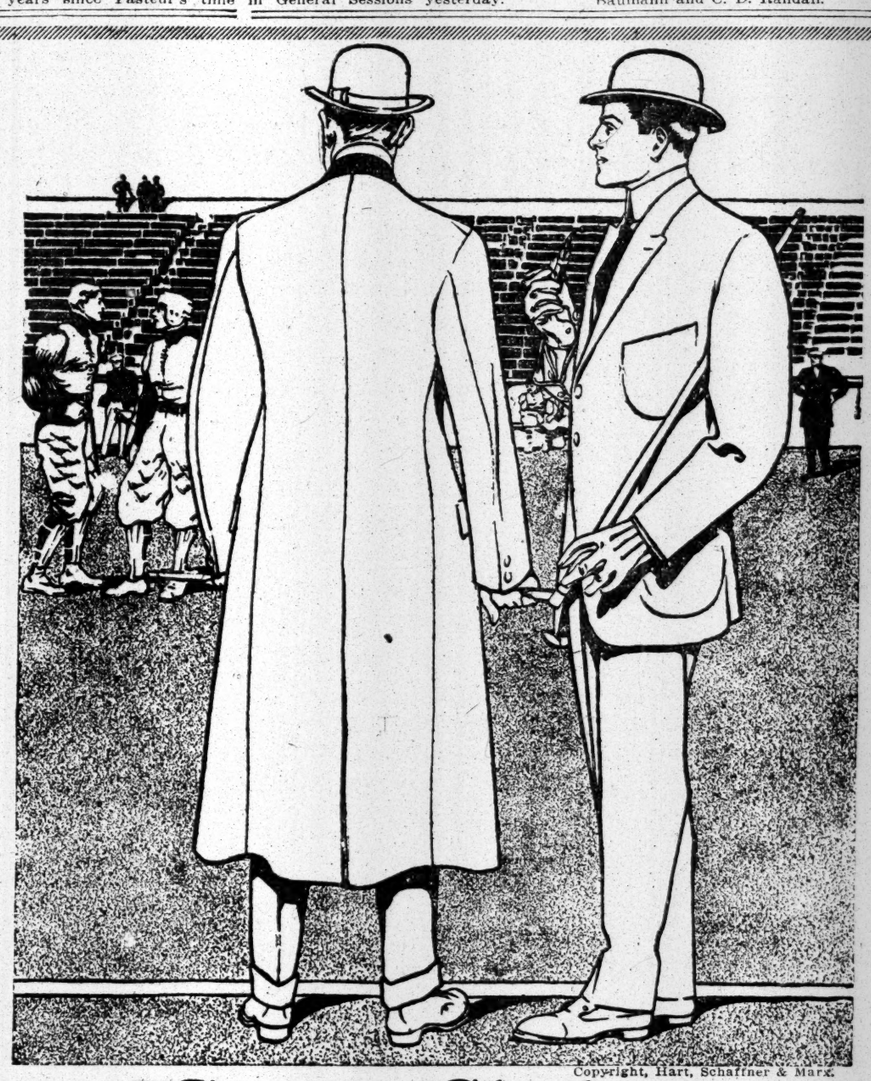

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